"All the News That's Fit to Print."

# The New York Times.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,297. • • • NEW YORK, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1919. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 300 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

THE WEATHER

Cloudy today; Tuesday, fair; fresh northwest winds.

☞ For weather report see Page 20.

# 54 FOREIGN REDS ON THE WAY EAST TO BE DEPORTED

## Train Passes Through Chicago with Two Carloads of Alien Prisoners.

## ROUNDED UP IN FAR WEST

## Some Are from Seattle, Where Bolsheviki and I. W. W. Started Big Strike.

## ARRESTS MADE QUIETLY

### Immigration Officials Determined to Rid the Country of European Anarchists.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, Monday, Feb. 10.—The Chicago Tribune this morning prints the following:

Deportation is the answer of the United States Government to the challenge of I. W. W. and Bolshevist agitators who come to this country with the avowed purpose of stirring up trouble in industry and social life.

The first Federal blow against the wave of Anarchism already launched on the Pacific Coast came to light yesterday when fifty-four labor agitators passed through Chicago in two heavily-guarded tourist sleepers bound for immediate deportation from an Atlantic port.

A motley company of I. W. W. troublemakers, bearded labor fanatics, and red flag supporters were huddled in crowded berths and propaganda-strewed compartments of the prison train, which slipped in and out of the city so quietly that few Federal officials were aware of its existence. As far as is known, no movement of the kind has ever before been attempted by the Government and the train blazed a trail which, immigration authorities agree, will entirely solve the greatest danger of an industrial unrest during the reconstruction period.

Three leaders of the Seattle uprising, one prominent Spokane agitator, a dangerous I. W. W. leader from Denver and five alien convicts arrested in Chicago, were among the prisoners gathered into the Federal net and now well on their way toward the land of their birth, after trial and conviction as undesirable citizens.

The remainder were alien labor agitators picked up by officers of the United States Immigration Service during a year of quiet campaigning in industrial centres of the Pacific coast.

They were guarded by fourteen heavily armed immigration officers, who paced up and down the length of the train from the time it reached the Chicago yards until it pulled from the city with clearance orders over all traffic. A. D. H. Jackson, chief of the Seattle office of the Immigration Service, was in command.

**Dragnet Set Two Years Ago.**

"The proceeding against enemies of this type is simple," declared an official with the train. "Just two hours before the Seattle strike was called we had gathered forty agitators into these cars with everything cleared away between them and the middle of the Atlantic Ocean. For more than a year the Immigration Service has been working quietly in all industrial centres, checking up on the strange aliens who appeared during war months and gathering evidence against I. W. W. leaders and trouble makers who call themselves Bolsheviki.

"When the evidence was compiled against this particular crew each case was brought to a Federal hearing, and all court findings sent to Washington, where they were reviewed by Secretary of Labor Wilson. The Secretary has the power to order this type of prisoner deported or released, and so far there has been little trouble in getting quick action.

"While labor circles were seething with trouble along the coast, our prison train slipped out for the Atlantic long before strike leaders were aware that some cherished members of thir organization had left their midst. We picked up additions to the party in Spokane and one joined us from Denver.

**Habeas Corpus Failed.**

"The surprise seemed to take the wind from the sails of the agitators. Only one man rebelled when told of Uncle Sam's decision to rid the country of his presence. He got out a writ of habeas corpus against deportation, which was promptly quashed by a Federal Judge in Spokane. The courts have opened every facility and given every co-operation in this work."

When the prison train reached Chicago, red flags that waved from the cars on the first day's run, I. W. W. banners, and strike placards were piled on the littered tourist berths which held all of the earthly goods of the prisoners. One I. W. W. songbook, with its flaring red cover, was propped in a car window, but it was hastily removed when a big guard passed by and tapped on the glass. The prisoners seemed thoroughly cowed and convinced at last that Uncle Sam means business in dealing with their class.

"We let 'em howl and wave the red flag as much as they wanted to after we left Seattle," said a train guard, "and when they found that they could do it without causing anybody trouble, they quit and have been quiet ever since.

"Before we reached the State of Mon-

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*Train Wreck in France Due to a German Plot*

PARIS, Feb. 9.—A dozen American soldiers were injured, eight of them seriously, in a collision yesterday of a troop train with a loose locomotive on the Bordeaux troop line. The seriously injured men were taken to a hospital in Valence.

The Eastern Railway management has announced that in the débris of the wreck near the Auteuil tunnel, in which a coach recently handed over by the Germans broke into flames, a clockwork mechanism was found which, in the language of the statement, "appeared to give an explanation of the accident."

# SEATTLE CARS RUN; STRIKE NEAR END

## Labor Leaders Themselves Predict It Will Be Called Off in 24 Hours.

## UNIONS FALLING AWAY

## Newspapers Reappear—Mayor Declares That Decent Workers Have Quit I. W. W.

SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 9.—The street cars of this city moved today on almost normal schedule, and the general sympathy strike, regarded here as an attempt at Bolshevism, is believed to be near its end.

"The general strike has failed," Mayor Ole Hanson said today. "This means a split between decent labor and the Industrial Workers of the World.

"Seattle, a loyal city has responded nobly in this emergency. The revolution has failed. The attempt to establish a Soviet Government and control and operate all enterprises and industries has collapsed. The Government should arrest, try, and punish all leaders in this conspiracy. No skim milk policy should be adopted. The city authorities have quelled this rebellion. It is now the Government's duty to punish. The whitewash brush must not be used."

Conservative labor leaders asserted tonight that when the General Strike Conference Committee of union delegates reassembles tomorrow morning they would renew the fight to have the sympathetic strike called off and a definite time fixed for its expiration. They were said to believe the strike would come to an end within twenty-four hours.

Voting independently the street car employes' union severed connection with the revolutionary element at 4:30 o'clock this morning.

**Dock Men to Resume Work.**

The Waterfront Employers' Association decided today to resume activities on an open shop basis unless the union men returned to work tomorrow. Meetings were being held tonight by the longshoremen's and musicians' unions, who are expected to vote on whether or not they would stay out longer on the sympathetic strike.

The next meeting of the General Strike Committee was set for 9:30 A. M. tomorrow.

Several of the theatres were prepared to open today, but refrained from doing so at the request of employes that the theatrical federation have an opportunity to take a final vote on quitting the general strike. There was every indication the theatres would open tomorrow.

Although the union labor newspaper announced the vote of the General Strike Committee early today to continue the sympathy strike was unanimous, it was learned from delegates at the meeting that a lively discussion was indulged in by members who deemed it wise to call off the strike. It was not until after more radical elements gained the upper hand and a crowd of strikers outside the doors and on the stairs shouted disapproval of any action to end the walkout, that the General Strike Committee finally voted to continue the strike. It was stated unofficially that the vote was not unanimous, but was 76 against and 14 for the motion to go back to work.

**Piez Under Attack.**

Delegates said that animosity toward Director General Charles Piez of the United States Emergency Fleet Corporation was expressed freely during the meeting, and that he was blamed by radical speakers for much of the controversy that brought about the original strike of the shipyard metal trades workers and which led to the sympathetic strike.

One report from the general strike meeting was to the effect that the resolution to declare off the strike was defeated because it was feared a number of the weaker unions would not be able to have men reinstated in their former jobs who had walked out.

All schools in Seattle are to open tomorrow, engineers and janitors having voted yesterday to return to work. The majority of the barber shops also will open regardless of whether the men resume their chairs or not.

All Sunday morning papers appeared as usual today. There was no interference, although the plants were strongly guarded inside and outside with special officers.

Most restaurants had not opened today, being unable to obtain supplies.

City officials declared that Seattle would operate its industries without union men and, if necessary, would advertise in the East and pay the fares of men to take the places of those who are out.

"The first man to apply is the one who gets the job" is the agreed dictum of employers, and it is believed that one by one the crafts will return to work. Even now the Seattle public is put to little inconvenience by the strike.

Mayor Hanson and the Citizen's Committee insist that the strike is an attempt at the overthrow of Government and is the foundation of Bolshevism and Russian Soviet rule. On the part of the city authorities and the business men generally, there is no weakening in the determination not to compromise with the leaders of the movement. The sen-

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# NATION HONORS THE LIFE WORK OF COL. ROOSEVELT

## Countless Assemblages Hear Him Praised as a Sterling American.

## GLOWING SPEECH BY HUGHES

## "Our Greatest Hero of the War," He Says at Republican Club.

## GEN. WOOD WRITES EULOGY

### Senator Lodge Overcome in Address at Services Held by Congress.

Hundreds of thousands of men and women in New York and millions throughout the country attended services yesterday in honor of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, at which eulogies were delivered by hundreds who had been his close associates in politics, war, literature, exploration, natural science, social reform, big game hunting, and other branches of human activity with which his name is inseparably linked.

His favorite hymn, "How Firm a Foundation," was sung in nearly every church of the city, and from practically every pulpit his great career was eulogized. Draped with American flags, his picture hung in churches, clubrooms, halls, Y. M. C. A. buildings, centres of the War Camp Community Service, schools, and public buildings where his character and deeds were celebrated.

Memorial services were held by Congress in the Chamber of the House in the presence of a distinguished gathering. Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, who was an intimate friend of Colonel Roosevelt, was the only speaker. He eulogized Colonel Roosevelt in an address notable for eloquence. Roosevelt memorial services were held as well in London and Paris and by the American Army of Occupation.

At the end of his eulogy in the House Senator Lodge's voice faltered as he told of the late President's last hours in the home so dear to him, and the Senator was obliged to steady himself as he sank into his chair.

Libraries could be filled with the personal reminiscences of Colonel Roosevelt which were told yesterday by men and women who had been closely associated with him and were moved by profound personal affection for him. The thousands in every walk of life who could speak of the former President from vivid personal contact gave the tribute a character which has probably never marked national ceremonies in honor of the memory of any other public man in any country.

Men of national fame, whose eulogies were careful studies of his life and estimates of his work, generally agreed that his greatest service to the nation had been contributed since the European war started in the Summer of 1914, in awakening and pointing the way to the nation; that, his next greatest service had been the quickening of the national conscience to demand clean politics and clean government, and in the rank with these was his contribution to the nation of the example of his high and irreproachable private character.

**Tribute by Charles E. Hughes.**

Charles Evans Hughes, who made the address at the Republican Club yesterday afternoon, standing by a full-length portrait of Colonel Roosevelt, gave an eloquent and careful analysis of Colonel Roosevelt's career from childhood to his last days, and pronounced his last four and a half years the most useful and valuable of his life.

"He was one of the first," said Mr. Hughes, "to appreciate the significance of the great war and our duty. His soul revolted at the wrongs of Belgium and he poured out the vials of his scorn upon the neutrality which ignored the calls of humanity and sacrificed the self-respect of the American Republic.

"When the Lusitania was sunk, in May, 1915, he demanded action with 'immediate decision and vigor.' 'Centuries have passed,' said he, 'since any war vessel of a civilized power has shown such ruthless brutality toward non-combatants and especially toward women and children.' None of the 'old time pirates' had 'committed murder on so vast a scale.' 'We earn, as a nation,' he cried, 'measureless scorn and contempt if we follow the lead of those who exalt peace above righteousness, if we heed the voices of those feeble folk who bleat to high heaven that there is peace, when there is no peace.

"'For many months our Government has preserved between right and wrong a neutrality which would have excited the tremulous admiration of Pontius Pilate—the arch-typical neutral of all times.'

"Theodore Roosevelt, to his lasting honor be it said, was right, and had his voice prevailed and had the country earlier shaken off its lethargy, millions of lives and countless treasure might have been spared. Better late than never, but it is costly to be late.

"Of inestimable value to his country had been his service in office, but now—a private citizen—he was to perform an even greater service. To a hesitant administration, and to a people lulled into a false security and lending ear to an unworthy pacificism, he preached the gospel of preparedness. Throughout the country journeyed this courageous apostle of right thinking, having no credentials but those of his own conscience

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*French Censorship Deletes Item on Our Berlin Mission.*

PARIS, Feb. 9.—The censorship was applied to Le Temps in today's edition. The newspaper publishes a paragraph under the caption "American Investigation at Berlin," saying that the American commission, which has arrived in that city, occupies the building of the American Embassy, which has hitherto been intrusted to the Spanish Embassy.

The three lines which followed this announcement were suppressed by the censorship.

# START AT WEIMAR TO ASSUME POWER

## Provisional Constitution for Germany Passes First Reading by Acclamation.

## TO CHOOSE PRESIDENT SOON

## Soviet Congress Summoned for Feb. 20 by Gathering of Soldiers' Councils.

WEIMAR, Feb. 8, (Associated Press.)—The German National Assembly today passed the first reading of the provisional constitution by acclamation. The second and third readings are set for Monday, to which the session was adjourned.

The main portion of the Assembly's time today was devoted to a speech by Hugo Preuss, the Secretary of the Interior, who had been engaged in drafting the constitution. The Minister explained the character of the provisions of the instrument, from which the Assembly is to derive its powers as a law-making body.

The provisional constitution empowers the Assembly to adopt a permanent constitution and to enact "such national laws as are urgently necessary." It provides for the choosing of a national President by a majority vote, and for the creation of a "committee of State," which shall occupy the position of a quasi-second chamber.

The instrument makes no attempt to anticipate or limit the future permanent constitution, except as to one vital detail. This is a provision that the territory of the German States shall not be altered without their consent, which is obviously the Government's method of meeting the opposition evoked by the earlier reports that a division of Prussia was contemplated.

Efforts will be made to include in the document a paragraph definitely forbidding the separation of Church and State. This plan is supported by the Centrists.

**Expect Transfer to Berlin.**

Sentiment is fairly crystallized after various party caucuses in favor of transferring the National Assembly to Berlin after the Easter holiday. It is probable that there will be an adjournment on April 11, after which the President will call upon the Assembly to reconvene at Berlin.

The Independent Socialists favor an immediate transfer, but stand alone in this demand.

Members of all parties, except the Majority Socialists, express disappointment over Premier Ebert's opening address, which is considered weak and inadequate and which has evidently lowered Herr Ebert's stock very greatly.

BASEL, Feb. 9.—The German Majority Socialists, the German Democrats and the Centrists have reached a complete understanding on the question of participation in the new government, according to the Berlin Lokal-Anzeiger.

**Soviet Congress Called for Feb. 20.**

BERLIN, Feb. 7, (Associated Press.)—The Congress of Soldiers' Councils attached to various German army corps concluded its sessions here today with the adoption of a resolution calling upon the Central Council of the Soldiers' and Workmen's Councils to summon a general congress of all the German Soviets by Feb. 20.

If the Central Council of twenty-seven members refuses to comply, the Executive Committee of the Berlin local council is given the authority to summon such a national congress. As the Berlin organization is wholly dominated by radical elements, it is expected that it will lose no time in making use of the opportunity, especially as the Central Council of twenty-seven has already returned its mandate to the National Assembly at Weimar, on the principle that its functions will cease with the installation of the new coalition democratic Government.

There seems to be no doubt that the Workmen's Councils all over Germany are in full accord with the action of the soldiers, and thus the prospective fight of the Soviets for the retention of their authority undiminished promises to supply a lively counteraction to that of the Constituent Assembly.

The concluding session of the Soldiers' Congress was marked by further sharp criticism of the military policies of the Government and of its present attitude toward the Soviets.

One Hamburg soldier delegate said that 40,000 workingmen in Hamburg were under arms, and that if the Gerstenberg Division, now occupying Bremen, attempted to enter Hamburg the first shot fired would be a signal for the blowing up of bridges and of food cargo vessels. The workingmen, he said, were well organized into companies, and the Hamburg Soviet had at its disposal in addition 100,000 troops within the precincts of he 19th Army Corps.

The congress adopted a resolution declaring that the ordinance of the Minister of War on Jan. 19, affecting the authority of the Soviets, was illegal.

# SUFFRAGISTS BURN WILSON IN EFFIGY; MANY LOCKED UP

## Police Stop Demonstration Before White House on Eve of Amendment Vote.

## VIOLENT SPEECHES MADE

## President Denounced for Not Forcing Senate to Favor Votes for Women.

## MRS. HAVEMEYER ARRESTED

### She and Seven Other New York Women Among Those Refusing to Give Bail.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The militant National Woman's Party had a stormy time today, on the eve of the vote in the Senate on the woman suffrage amendment to the Constitution. President Wilson was burned in effigy in front of the White House, after a demonstration by women who charge that the President is to blame because he has not swayed the recalcitrant Senators to his will and thus assured victory for the cause. At least forty, and according to one report sixty-five, of the suffragists who participated were bundled into patrol wagons, and later, refusing to give bail, were sent to the House of Detention.

The leaders of the militants who were permitted to retain their liberty said late tonight that the police of the First Precinct had refused to tell how many women were held by them or to give out a list of the names. Those known to be in durance, however, include these from New York: Mrs. H. O. Havemeyer, who led the New York delegation; Miss Cora Weeks, Miss Wallerstein, Miss Louise Bryant, Miss Edith Ainge, Miss Amy Jungling, Mrs. Palys Chevrier, and Miss Lucy Burns.

The scenes in front of the White House were exciting. An official militant description of the episode contained this paragraph:

"Through the smoke of the flames, from the stone rail of the White House fence and from the steps of the patrols in which they were carried off, the women denounced the President, declaring him to blame for the threatened defeat of the suffrage amendment in the Senate tomorrow."

**Effigy About Two Feet High.**

The effigy of President Wilson, which looked like a huge doll stuffed with straw and was slightly over two feet in height, was dropped into the flames by Miss Sue White of Nashville, Tenn., Chairman in that State of the National Woman's Party, assisted by Miss Gabriel Harris of Columbia, S. C., State Vice Chairman. There was a good deal of a mixup at the time, as the district police, the military police, and the Boy Scouts, who assisted in the roundup of the women, were getting busy, but, according to the official militant branch statement, Miss White made these remarks before she was pushed into the patrol wagon:

"We burn not the effigy of the President of a free people, but the leader of an autocratic party organization whose tyrannical power holds millions of women in political slavery. I have long been what is known as a 'Southern Democrat,' and the traditions of the democracy of Jefferson and Jackson are still strong in my heart; the stronger because I feel that it is what we are fighting for now.

"Mr. Wilson, as the leader of his party, has forgotten, or else he never knew, the spirit of true democracy. We feel that there is need of a determined protest of this sort; a protest which will shock Mr. Wilson and his followers into putting into action the principle that those who submit to authority shall have a voice in their government."

Mrs. Havemeyer was standing arm in arm with a policeman. She was headed for the patrol wagon, but refused to go until she had said:

"Every Anglo-Saxon Government in the world has enfranchised its women. In Russia, in Hungary, in Austria, in Germany, itself, the women are completely enfranchised, and thirty-four are now sitting in the new Reichstag. We women of America are assembled here today to voice our deep indignation that, while such efforts are being made to establish democracy for Europe, American women are still deprived of a voice in their Government here at home."

**Parade by 75 Suffragists.**

This little uprising was preceded by a parade from headquarters in Jackson Place, in which, to quote the official statement, "seventy-five women, flaunting the purple, white and gold banners of the Woman's Party, marched, led by Miss Edith Ainge of Jamestown, N. Y., carrying the American flag and Miss Ella Riegel of Bryn Mawr, carrying the first suffrage banner. The urn of fire was carried by Miss Nell Mercer of Buell, Va., and Miss Elizabeth McShane of Uniontown, Penn."

One of the banners bore this inscription: "The President is responsible for the betrayal of American women." Another: "He preaches democracy abroad and thwarts democracy here."

The vote will be taken in the Senate tomorrow afternoon upon motion of Senator Jones of New Mexico, and the prospects are that the resolution will be defeated by a single vote. The wo-

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# WILSON PUSHING ECONOMIC ISSUE; CIVILIAN COUNCIL A CURB ON FOCH; CLEMENCEAU FOR LEAGUE WITH FORCE

## *Haase Warns Allies Against New Hindenburg Army; Fears Junkers Will Use Eastern Force of 600,000*

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By Wireless to The New York Times.

BERNE, Feb. 7.—Before leaving the Socialist congress in Berne to take part in the Weimar National Assembly, Hugo Haase, the German Independent Socialist leader, made some remarkable revelations concerning the great army which Field Marshal von Hindenburg is concentrating in Eastern Germany.

"Under the pretense of defending the Prussian border against the Bolsheviki and the Poles," said Haase, "a volunteer army of 600,000 is being organized by Hindenburg in Pomerania and Eastern Prussia. In reality there is no menace of invasion by the Bolsheviki or the Poles which warrants the concentration of so large a force. Hindenburg's headquarters are at Tolberg, on the Baltic coast, one of the chief strongholds of Junkerism, militarism, and Pan Prussianism."

All over Germany, according to Haase, calls for volunteers to swell this eastern army are posted in public places and published in the newspapers. These posters and advertisements attempt to revive the patriotic and military instincts of the Germans by reminding them of the great deeds of their ancestors, such as their release from Napoleonic rule over 100 years ago.

Thus men are invited to join Lützow's "Wild Jägers" or Köner's "Francs-tireurs Corps," whose legendary exploits are celebrated in German story and song, so that every schoolboy knows that nearly all the corps of Hindenburg's new army bear names recalling the heroes of 1813.

Apart from this appeal to their sentimentality, the volunteers received a promise of 5 marks a day, good food, and new uniforms. Since similarly favorable conditions of existence are scarcely obtainable in civil life today, it is natural that thousands of men should enlist.

After a few skirmishes with the Poles or the Bolsheviki, it is suspected, this new army will be a willing instrument in the hands of the German reactionaries, and at the word of command it may march on Berlin or even against the allied army of occupation. Ebert and Scheidemann are far too dependent on the Prussian military party to protest against the creation of this army, although it may ultimately be directed against them.

"In any case," said Haase, "the associated great powers should watch the movements of Hindenburg's army closely, and, if necessary, should insist upon its strength being limited strictly to the needs of frontier defence. There has been no real revolution in Berlin, although there is disorganization, corruption, and anarchy, but the spirit of militarism is still dominant.

"Prussian officers and Junkers are as arrogant as ever in Berlin. The crowds make way and salute obsequiously when members of the Hohenzollern family pass—members of that family whom Scheidemann does not dare expel because he fears the revelations they may make about his secret relations with the Kaiser's Government during the war."

## *Clemenceau Sees "Lull in Storm," But Chaotic Russia Still a Peril*

### *Safeguard Against a Possible Resumption of Hostilities by Germany in Wilson's Pledge to France—Praises America's Part in the War—Can't Believe Our Men Regret Fighting in Aid of France.*

PARIS, Feb. 9, (Associated Press.)—"While I have said that the war has been won, it would perhaps be more accurate to say that there is a lull in the storm," said Georges Clemenceau, the French Premier, in the course of an interview with The Associated Press today. "At least," he added, "it is as well to face squarely all the possibilities."

Although Germany has been beaten militarily and had been largely disarmed, there still remained, the Premier said, "a chaotic but fruitful Russia, from which great help may be drawn by the Teutons." There would be danger, he thought, of a "reopening of the military debate," if it were not for the assurance President Wilson had voiced recently that whenever France or any other free people was menaced the whole world would be ready to vindicate its liberty.

In the Society of Nations, said the Premier, each nation must be willing to renounce its traditional aloofness and be willing to employ the national strength outside its own country, both in wartime and in peace.

Premier Clemenceau warmly praised the help the American troops had given in winning the war for democracy, and expressed disbelief that there was a man in the American Army of Occupation who regretted that he had "fought on the side of freedom" because he had more creature comforts in Germany than in France.

**Knows the American People.**

"I lived in the United States in my young and formative days," said the Premier. "Perhaps, therefore, I may be indulged to say a few words to our allies on the other side of the Atlantic. Not by way of advice or propaganda, but frankly as friend to friend.

"The friendship between our peoples which has subsisted for a century and a half is a very beautiful thing. The like of it has never existed for the same length of time between any other two peoples. This cordiality, cemented by our contact during the war, must endure in closer measure hereafter. To this end our minds must meet.

"The entrance of America into the great war was full of dramatic interest. The application of nation-wide conscription without the slightest disturbance, the universal self-denial to supply us with food and all other requirements, the unity of purpose, and the amazing energy of 110,000,000 of people of so varying and complex a character, challenged our admiration and gratitude in such fashion as no one but ourselves can know.

"And the way the American soldiers fought! Nothing could have been finer. Inspired by the holiest ideals, I may say transfigured, they entered upon their task with all the determination, all the fervor, all the spiritual purpose of the old-time Crusaders. They did work! France might have died. She would not have surrendered. But do not mistake me. I do not mean to minimize the importance of the American military aid, nor of the American Red Cross, nor the Salvation Army, nor any of the helpful agencies. There never has been in all the world's history so perfect a co-ordination of the holy purpose of the righteous-minded inhabitants of the earth.

"And now the war is won. The world is made safe for democracy, for life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness, as Jefferson said in the American Declaration of Independence. And the future is before us. What has it in store?

"I am told that some of these gallant American soldiers, who lived in trenches, slept in dugouts, and burrowed in the mud in devastated and war-torn France, when they crossed the Rhine and in an undevastated land found clean beds and baths, rather regret that they fought on the side of freedom and would rather have fought on the side of the murdering Germans. I do not believe it. I am sure there is no American soldier who does not recognize that France, the battlefield of the war, could not give him the comforts that Germany, undevastated, was able to. I do not and will not believe so meanly of a single one of the brilliant warriors who came from the States to our aid in the great struggle for civilization against savagery. It is incredible. It is the tragedy of the war that devastated France could not give them the comforts that unbroken Germany could.

"I believe there is some criticism that there have been overcharges by the French for food and other things. Well, there are things to be said about that. First, for many years the Americans have been coming to Europe and with abundant means and great generosity have been spoiling our people. They have paid for everything with a bounteous hand. As a result, they have taught our people, who were willing pupils, that they were very rich and very, very generous. It was but human that our people should expect much from the Americans.

"It is only fair to say that in every case where the attention of the French Government has been brought to a case of extortion an earnest and, I think, effective, effort has been made to stop it. Compared with the United States France is a small country and limited in her resources. Necessarily she is provident, perhaps unpleasantly careful, I would say; not miserly nor certainly intentionally extortion-

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## MILITARY RULE HAMPERS

## Treves Negotiations Impeded by Foch's Orders Governing Meeting.

## WILSON'S ARMISTICE VIEWS

## Influenced by Desire to Hasten Return to Normal Conditions.

## WOULD MODIFY BLOCKADE

### British and American Delegates Back His Project for Importations to Germany.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

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Special Cable to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—President Wilson's resolution, approved by the Supreme War Council yesterday, creating a Supreme Economic Council to consider certain matters arising under the armistice and also appointing civilian economic experts to the Armistice Commission, who shall report directly to the new Economic Council, is the direct outgrowth of the American delegates' increasing feeling that there had been too much militarism in the methods of the Allies in the work of ending the war.

This feeling dates back at least to Jan. 17, when civilian representatives of the Allies, the United States, and Germany met at Treves to determine upon the disposition of German merchant shipping. That was the conference which, under the Chairmanship of Edward N. Hurley, took over all the German passenger and freight tonnage, to be used for the transport of food to Europe and to carry home American and Australian soldiers.

But the relevant point now is that the Treves conference was held entirely under the auspices of Marshal Foch, who dictated every detail as to the time, place of meeting, and the exact number of hours the delegations should be allowed to remain together. The main purposes of the conferences were accomplished, but there was a feeling at the time on the part of the civilians present that they could have accomplished still more if, figuratively speaking, there had not been a man with a sword standing at the door of the conference chamber to insist that they adjourn at a certain minute.

This feature of the Treves conference, not hitherto disclosed, may be taken as a sample of various incidents which led up to a determination on the part of some delegates to the Peace Conference and in the Supreme War Council to substitute civilian for military methods whenever they think such a substitution will add to progress in the work of adjusting things with Germany.

Although there is nothing of the sort in the official communiqué, there is a report that the French members of the Supreme War Council did not give their approval to this apparent curtailing of the supreme power of Marshal Foch in the armistice dealings with Germany without a protest.

Nevertheless, at his weekly Sunday conference with the correspondents today M. Pichon declared himself as satisfied with the new arrangement, and expressed the opinion that it would strengthen Marshal Foch by giving him the advice of civilian experts. But what M. Pichon says of what the French Government thinks of it is not entirely in accord with the expressions of others supposed to voice Government opinion. Perhaps it is another case of France yielding in the preliminaries, as I cabled Thursday, in preparation for her declared intention of being absolutely inflexible when the time comes to determine what sums Germany shall be made to pay in reparation.

In contrast with this apparent hedging as to supreme military power of Foch, great stress is laid on the importance of the Marshal's warning that Germany is not living up to the armistice terms, and that she can put 3,000,000 troops in the field by April 1,' whereas the Allies will have only 1,800,000 available at that date if the present rate of demobilization is kept up.

Foch desires no real or apparent diminution of his authority. On the contrary, he wants his power greatly increased, and the armistice terms, when the present period expires on Feb. 17, will be made more rigid by the occupation of Essen, the taking over of more

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artillery, and by compelling Germany to comply with all the terms of the original armistice agreement, which so far she has evaded.

The French people are very largely in sympathy with Foch. They have never for a moment considered the war as over. There is constant dread of its being renewed under conditions that will reverse the victory of last November. Hence their lack of patience with all nonmilitary methods to bring about the desired final result.

Forming a part of the same situation is the conviction in France that Germany is not yet defeated, and that Germany herself is rapidly waking up to the realization of that fact. As the latest pieces of prime evidence of that fact, there is cited the speech of Dr. David, the President of the German National Assembly at Weimar, in which he declared: "The life of Alsace-Lorraine belongs to that of the German nation, and we will never cease to demand that its inhabitants shall have the power of self-determination, according to the Wilson principles."

## ECONOMIC ISSUES NOW OCCUPY WILSON

### *Armistice Views Influenced by Desire to Hasten Return to Normal Conditions.*

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—The week which remains of President Wilson's visit will be more important in many respects than any similar period since his arrival in Europe. He will return to America with the draft of the Constitution of the League of Nations approved and needing only its inclusion in the formal peace treaty to become effective—that is, of course, if the Senate authorizes the ratification of the treaty. But other matters of considerable moment remain to be disposed of before the President leaves, and everything goes to show that he will have one of the busiest periods in his career before he starts for Brest, where the George Washington is waiting to take him homeward.

While the League of Nations is the President's own particular favorite among several things he has sought to accomplish in the course of his stay in Paris, his interest and that of most of the American official contingent is very deep in the arrangements for the renewal of the armistice terms. Incidental to this extension is the matter of economic conditions in Germany, which Americans regard as of the utmost consequence in the effort to bring the world back to normal.

**French Oppose Lenity to Germans.**

Their view differs from that of certain other peace representatives, notably the French, whose desire is that Germany receive little if any consideration until her delegates appear at Versailles to sign the peace treaty. Then, according to the French view, the Germans should be informed that the concessions for which they are now importunate will be granted if they accept all the conditions of peace upon which the Interallied Peace Conference has previously agreed. The American view, which is shared wholly or in part by the British, is that something should be done in Germany's behalf. The first thing necessary, in the opinion of the American and British plenipotentiaries, is a modification of the blockade so as to permit the importation into Germany of commodities from Hollaand, including supplies imported into Holland from other countries.

A dispute over this proposal in the Interallied Blockade Commission, of which Vance McCormick is Chairman, caused the commission to lay the case before the Supreme War Council. Out of this situation grew Saturday's action of the War Council in adopting the resolution of President Wilson creating a Supreme Economic Council to consider the nonmilitary matters heretofore adjusted by the permanent Armistice Commission, of which Marshal Foch is President. The Economic Council is virtually superior to the Armistice Commission, whose powers are still further curtailed by adding civilians to its membership, with the right given to report directly to the Supreme Economic Council.

These and other indications show that the President is anxious to take steps before he sails for bringing the world back to its normal state as quickly as possible. It may be said that, while the American representatives appreciate the apprehension in France and elsewhere on the Continent of the danger of a revival of the German menace, they believe that this danger is not acute, and that the best method that the victors can pursue is to get the whole world at work without delay.

During the President's absence these questions will be under consideration by special bodies, and it is expected that much progress will be made toward bringing actual peace while he is in America.

Feb. 8—Bernard Baruch, Vance McCormick, Norman Davis, Oscar S. Straus, and Thomas W. Lamont will be the American members of the new Economic Council.

There is a possibility that the President may remain in Washington only a week or so after Congress adjourns, and may then return to France. His desire for completing the work of the Peace Conference as soon as possible is responsible for this suggestion, which, it is understood, has been considered.

The request of the League of Nations for the United States to become the mandatory for the administration of Constantinople or other enemy territory will not be determined by President Wilson, but will be referred by him to the Senate or possibly the entire Congress.

This course has been decided on, and it is believed will meet the condition that the American people be allowed a chance to express themselves on the question of the United States assuming a share of the responsibility in the management of European affairs.

## "CLARIFYING" LEAGUE DRAFT.

### Two Sections Under Special Scrutiny —Importance of Economic Council.

PARIS, Feb. 9, (Associated Press.)—The week begins with the business of the Peace Conference well advanced. Dozens of commissions are at work with an energy never seen in former international conferences.

First in interest and importance, because of the fundamental nature of its task, the Commission on the Society of Nations is now awaiting what is termed "clarification" of two sections of the great project which appear to have been adopted without a really clear and unanimous understanding of their scope. While this statement is regarded in some quarters as a rather peculiar confession on the part of trained diplomats, it is cited as justification for the declination by the commission to make public the text of any of the articles it has approved until all the work is completed and beyond the necessity of revision in the light of subsequent action on the other sections. A sub-committee is unraveling the tangled skein of diplomatic verbiage, and it is hoped will clear it up at a meeting tomorrow by the substitution of phraseology that will enable the commission to resume its work very soon.

In view of frequent official assurances that the work was being done with complete unanimity, no doubt can be entertained that the plan will be ready for action by a plenary meeting of the conference before the end of the week. Nearly all the nations are now being represented on the special commission framing it, and from this it is assumed that they have already practically committed their Governments to support of the measure when it comes up for final approval by the conference.

As the American delegates have explained, the fate of the measure does not depend upon a majority vote. The powers accepting the plan, whatever may be their number, will go ahead with the organization of the society. If there should be dissenters, they will be left out until they find it expedient to come in.

The newly created "Supreme Economic Council" has taken rank next in importance to the Society of Nations Commission. Its complete membership will be announced very soon, and it will get to work immediately thereafter. It will have charge of food supply, shipping, blockade, and possibly financial questions. It has been suggested that this council may become permanent and assume an immense authority, though it probably would be necessary for the Congress of the United States to sanction such function if continued after the signing of a definite peace treaty.

Even if limited in existence to the transitory period between war and peace, the American delegates expect that the Council will be a great aid during the uncertain armistice period in the solution of economic problems for which the military men who have been in control are unfitted by training and tradition, and with which they are unable to cope. The American delegates think it will exercise a wholesome restraining influence over those making excessive demands and will facilitate and hasten an agreement upon the terms for an extension of the armistice, expiring soon.

## COMPLETING LEAGUE PLANS.

### Larnaude Predicts End of Preliminary Discussions Early This Week.

PARIS, Feb. 8, (Associated Pres.)—"The most important part of the preliminary work of establishing a Society of Nations has been concluded," said Professor Ferdinand Larnaude, dean of the Law Faculty of the University of Paris, and, with Léon Bourgeois, a French delegate on the Commission on a Society of Nations, in discussing the work of the commission yesterday.

"We have reached the fourteenth article," he continued, "and we expect to conclude preliminary discussions early next week. The articles which have been adopted deal with the desire of the society to prevent future wars. What remains to be investigated concerns international transportation, commerce, and financial affairs, and we expect the delegates to agree promptly."

Asked if the departure of President Wilson, Premier Lloyd George, and Premier Orlando would affect the continuance of the commission's work, Professor Larnaude replied:

"No, the work will go on. Colonel House will represent America on the commission, Lord Robert Cecil will appear for Great Britain, and Professor Uhilloga will take the place of Premier Orlando of Italy."

Later in the conversation he said:

"Newspaper men should not give the masses the impression that we will succeed in immediately eradicating the germ of war. This will have to be done gradually. My idea is that when disputes arise between two nations they should be referred to an executive assembly to be formed by the delegates from all States which are members of the Society of Nations. This assembly would, after investigation, decide which of the nations is right, and international forces would, if created, be placed at the disposition of the country in the right, should such a step be necessary. In some cases the Executive Assembly might not act beyond giving a decision and would allow the disputants to settle matters between themselves by force, if so inclined."

Professor Larnaude alluded to the "calm, perfectly natural and agreeable manner" in which President Wilson has presided over the discussions of the commission.

"Had we at times been impatient," he said, "I am sure the dignified attitude of the American President would have been sufficient to quiet us."

Referring to the probable capital of the Society of Nations, he said that he preferred Versailles, but added that this was merely his personal choice, for the reason that Versailles is so close to the great telegraphic, postal, railroad, and diplomatic centre of Paris.

## AMERICAN MANIFESTO REBUKES SOCIALISTS

### *Berne Conference Agitated by Charge of Deception—Hearing Refused to Bohn.*

GENEVA, Feb. 9.—The International Socialist Conference at Berne held a session today and a sensation was caused when a manifesto, said to have come from American sources, was under discussion. The manifesto stated that the conference was a deception, as the working class was not really represented.

Frank Bohn, who was described as the "unofficial American delegate," was refused permission to address the conference.

With the arrival of the Irish representatives the delegates now number 123.

BERNE, Feb. 9.—Legislation looking to international protection for the working classes was discussed at a long session of the Socialist Conference last night.

Arthur Henderson, one of the British delegates, declared that the Peace Conference at Paris was now offering an extraordinary opportunity for decisive progress. Heretofore the principal obstacle to the protection of labor had been the economic competition between countries, he said, but now the Peace Conference had the power to remove the obstacle by international agreements with respect to legislation.

The Hungarian Minister of Public Instruction, M. Kanffy, said that the protection of the working classes had only importance so far as the working classes were in possession of the real might, and if the Paris conference abused the victory the working people in the defeated countries would fall into the deepest misery.

The Hungarian people, he asserted, would be in danger of becoming beggars and adventurers, a continual source of disorders similar to those prevailing prior to the war in the Balkan countries. Such disorders would irresistibly flow westward, he said, eventually inundating the victorious countries themselves.

The conference will appoint a commission to negotiate with the Paris Peace Conference.

Ramsey Macdonald of the British delegation yesterday told the International Trade Union Conference, which is also meeting here, that the British Trade Unions favored the autonomy movements for India and Egypt and the Irish home rule movement.

Delegate Tomaso of Argentina urged that the conference provide in its constitution measures which would remedy as far as possible what he characterized as the flagrant inequalities which workmen have to suffer because of the variations in the exchange value of money.

## GREEK TRIBUTE TO WILSON.

### Olive Wood of Civic Service Incloses His LL.D. Diploma from Athens.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—The delegation from the University of Athens which called on President Wilson last night and delivered on behalf of the University a diploma bestowing upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws was headed by Professor Andreadis of the Faculty of the University and a member of the American Academy of Political Science.

"May it be allowed us members of the profession from whose ranks you were called to your high office," said Professor Andreadis, in presenting the diploma, "to add this wish: The box which contains this diploma came from one of those ancient olive trees of which Sophocles sang. The olive tree has always been a symbol of peace. In the olden days its branches were prizes for the peaceful victors of the Olympic Games. May a similar wreath of olive, Mr. President, crown the work you have undertaken in the interest of humanity."

President Wilson, in accepting the diploma, asserted his belief in the value of classical studies. He alluded to the conferences he had had with Premier Venizelos and remarked that the ideals of Greece, the oldest nation in Europe, were very like the ideals of America and the New World. Although these ideals and theories were derided by some men, he added, the fact was that the ideals of the Entente had enabled it to overcome the might of Germany.

## CLEMENCEAU SEES "LULL IN STORM"

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

ate. But also you must know that all the time our own French people have paid the same prices for what they bought that our American friends have.

"Throughout the war our relations with the American Army have been most cordial, and your Treasury officials will assure you, I am sure, that there has always been a spirit of generosity on both sides. Any suggestion that we have asked payment for trenches or the burial places of your brave soldiers is atrocious. For all future ages the graves of American soldiers will be in the tender and sacred keeping of our grateful people.

"I have said that the war is won. It would perhaps be more accurate to say that there is a lull in the storm. At least it is as well to face squarely all of the possibilities.

**Meant to Exterminate France.**

"Recent disclosures have enabled us to look deeper into the purposes of the enemy than we could heretofore. It was not purely a dream of military domination on the part of Prussia. It was a definite, calculated conspiracy to exterminate France, as well industrially and commercially as in a military sense. In this effort the German bankers and manufacturers joined their General Staff. The exposures of Dr. Mühlon of the Krupp Works and of Kurt Eisner at the Berne Socialist Conference make this clear.

"And this fact explains many of the activities of the German Army which we were not able to understand. We can now see why they stole the machinery from our factories, why they destroyed the coal mines of Lens, why there was all the wanton devastation of French territory, even when they were in retreat. It was thought to be a part of their tactics of military frightfulness. Instead, we can see now that it was a part of their deliberate commercial design.

"And in this phase of their warmaking effort they have not been altogether unsuccessful. The industrial life of France has been so wrecked that its resuscitation is most difficult, while by reason of her military surrender Germany has been able to save her factories, intact and ready for immediate efficient operation. Industrially and commercially, as between France and Prussia, for the present the victory is with the Hun.

"And financially, by reason of the blockade, (the value of which as a military factor no one will question,) the German war debt is almost wholly a debt to her own people, easily repudiated, while the debt of France is one which must be paid. Here again the war has proved something like a Pyrrhic victory for France.

"The French fortune invested abroad before the war was large—some fifty or sixty billions (francs) of French stock. What has become of that fortune? The best that we can hope for is that payments on about two-thirds of it may be considered as simply deferred; that the immense sum accumulated by French thrift and loaned abroad will be collectible eventually.

**Big Investment in Russia.**

"France has something like twenty billion francs invested in Russia, two-thirds of that sum in Russian Government securities and the remainder in industrial enterprises. The French people have other billions in Balkan and Turkish obligations. Then, just before the war, the disorders in Mexico deprived us of any revenue from about two and a half billions of francs invested there, and we are having the same experience with several other billions in South America, notably the immense French investments in railways.

"I mention some of these financial details to show how the French fortune has shrunk, so that our people can no longer derive a large income from abroad. The paying investments abroad are relatively inconsiderable compared to the debts that France has contracted abroad during the war, particularly in America and in England. The French Government has also loaned considerable sums to her small allies, just as America has done with her associates.

"We look forward, therefore, to an immediate future in which we must regularly meet great interest charges in America and elsewhere abroad, to provide which we will have only the resources at home.

"If our national debts were due only to our own people the problem would not be so difficult, because we would not then have to consider the sending out of the country of great sums at disadvantageous rates of exchange. The money collected from the French people for interest on the national loans would be distributed among the French people, unequally perhaps, but nevertheless the interest payments would remain in the country, to be used partly for reconstruction and as capital for the development of our industrial life.

"Even as to the military triumphs over Germany there is a situation not altogether without disquieting features for France. It is quite true that the Allies have taken the German Navy, and in large measure have disarmed the enemy. But there remains a chaotic yet fruitful Russia from which great help may be drawn by the Teutons.

"With the British Army demobilized, the American Army back home, and France isolated, there might be a danger of a reopening of the military debate by Germany which might embarrass us were it not for the assurance which President Wilson gave us in the Chamber of Deputies the other day that under the operation of the League of Nations, 'whenever France or any other free people is threatened the whole world will be ready to vindicate its liberty,' so that 'there never shall be any doubt or waiting or surmise.' This has given us great solace. And so we bid the departing American soldiers godspeed and a happy return to their peaceful firesides.

**All Based on Wilson's Promise.**

"Of course, a Society of Nations in which America and France enter must be supported profoundly by the conviction of their peoples and by a determination of each nation entering into the agreement to be willing to renounce its traditional aloofness from other peoples and willing to employ the national strength outside its own country, in time of peace as well as under the pressure of war.

"We shall have problems, but France will face them, as she has done, with courage and with an abiding faith in the triumph of right and justice. As was said of Chevalier Bayard, so must it be said of France—she will continue 'sans peur et sans reproche.'

"All of our plans are based upon the splendid platform laid down by President Wilson. In perfect harmony with the principles which he has enunciated, we are striving for higher and holier idealism in the conduct of the affairs of the world. Divested of all mercenary aspirations, we join heartily and unreservedly in the effort to make a better world and one of simple justice to all mankind."

## SOLDIERS OVERSEAS FEAR LOSS OF GOLD V

### Hear Congress Is Preparing to Abolish the Use of Service Chevrons.

### NEWS STIRS INDIGNATION

### House Committee to Recommend That All Troops Wear Same Service Insignia.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, Feb. 9.—Yesterday afternoon a military wireless was picked up with the news that the pending Army Appropriation bill carries a clause abolishing the service chevron, and this morning this news was on the army corps, division, regimental, and company bulletin boards.

It is impossible to exaggerate the wave of indignation and resentment which is sweeping through the ranks of the American fighters. For nine out of every ten the service stripe is what they have to show that they were in the big war. Some few have medals, others have wounds, but to the great majority their gold V on the left forearm is their most precious possession. As the months have passed each soldier has looked forward to the day when he could have one more service stripe. And with what pride he tacked it on his sleeve! It is his badge of honor, and he who wears three is envied by the lad who has but two, and the soldier who has but one longs for the second.

**Regarded as Their Reward.**

The last who came into the fray feel some satisfaction at waiting for their passage back because that day will give them a service stripe. That service stripe means something to our fighting doughboys. They regard it as their reward for having won the war.

The wireless dispatch said the clause was put in the bill because it was thought that to allow the men who did the fighting to wear the service chevrons would be a discrimination against those who served at home.

I am not going into that argument. I am telling what the soldiers here are saying today. They are saying they distrust that reason. They are asking what became of the silver service chevrons the army men who did not come to Europe were to wear. They are angry about the thing, and there's no denying it.

They are using strong language. They are charging it to politics. They remark sarcastically that there are more votes among the soldiers who didn't come over than among those who did. They recall having read that more officers remained at home than came to France.

**Now They'll Never Take It Off.**

I hear them say that no matter what Congress does they will never take off their service stripes until they take off the uniform. They are proud of their service stripes and they mean to keep them. The soldiers hereabouts say they feel sorry for their comrades who didn't get a chance to fight. They say that they had friends who didn't get over who could have done as well as they. But they say that does not alter the fact that they are the lads who fought, therefore, they are lads entitled to be recognized as those who fought.

They point out that the French and British and Belgians have their service stripes. They are asking why Congressmen should not be willing for them to be pointed out as the lads who met the Hun in combat and beat him.

**What About the Maimed?**

They are asking, if Congress would make them hide the fact that they have been overseas, what Congress will do about the doughboys who lost a leg in the Argonne. How can the evidence of his fighting be hid? They ask how about the boy who lost an arm at Château-Thierry. They ask if he will be forbidden to go on the street for fear it will be learned that he was in the fight.

They are asking if those who have the Distinguished Service Cross, won only in combat, will have them stripped from their breasts because the piece of metal shows its wearer fought the boche. They are asking these and many more questions along the Rhine today. They are asking if the homecoming parades up Main Street may be banned because they might be discriminating against the fighters who didn't get a chance.

Perhaps these fighting soldiers of ours overestimate the importance of the little stripes of braid they had counted on to show their part in the big war. But whether they do or whether they don't, there isn't one of them who would not rather lose any earthly possession he has than the light gold V, or maybe two, or sometimes three, he wears upon the left sleeve of his khaki uniform.

**Silver Stripe Caused Protest.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The Army Appropriation bill will be reported in the House tomorrow afternoon or Tuesday morning, with a provision forbidding the making of any distinction in the kind of chevrons, or other insignia worn by men in the United States Army. The text of this provision has not been drafted, but Chairman Dent of the committee was instructed by the committee to frame such a provision and expects to have its language drafted tomorrow.

If this amendment is finally approved by the committee and passes muster in Congress it will wipe out the present distinction between soldiers in this country who wear silver service chevrons for each six months of service and soldiers on overseas duty who wear gold service chevrons for each six months of duty. The committee has received many protests against the use of silver chevrons as used to mark the service of men who have not gone overseas, and there is strong sentiment in the committee against having any distinction made between men who went abroad and those who stayed at home so far as service insignia is concerned. For that reason Chairman Dent was instructed to draft a provision to prohibit any distinction being made.

Such an amendment, however, would be subject to a point of order in the House that it would be "new legislation" on an appropriation bill.

## SUMMONS AMERICA TO EUROPEAN DUTIES

### *London Observer Says She Must Choose Selfish Aloofness or Altruistic Service.*

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—Asserting that America is faced now with "the choice of Achilles," The Observer makes a strong appeal to her to take her full share in the work of the League of Nations, even if it involves intervention in European affairs. It says Germany is straining every nerve to prevent her complete co-operation with her European allies by trying to rouse her distrust of England.

"The German cry is still the same: 'England's selfishness, England's lust of domination.' Why? Because the Germans know that if they can once divide the English-speaking countries there is still hope that German ambitions, which have by no means died with the downfall of Kaiserism, may be realized.

"We have given such proofs as no other power has given of our sincerity and earnestness in forwarding the League of Nations idea. We have risked the discontent of Britons overseas. We have shown our willingness to pool what our arms have won in the interest of the world's peace and security. We don no halo of saintship on that account, but we appeal to all that is noble and worthy in the American character to stand by us to the uttermost in bringing to full effect the design which has chiefly emanated from the brain and conscience of the President of the United States."

The Observer goes on to say it knows that the brilliant prospect of material gain looms before the American people if they make the "great refusal."

"They are far less strained by the war than any of the other great nations of the world except Japan. They can apply their vast resources to building up a prosperity and leadership in the world's commerce which has never been approached by any nation in history. They have an immense army trained, and, as regards a large part of it, inured to war. So far as shipbuilding and armaments go, they can create a fleet which even Britain could not match.

"To some Americans it may seem that the world lies at their feet if they refrain from involving themselves too deeply in international concerns; but the picture is a mirage. America is great by reason of her greatness of soul, by force of ideas, and not by reason of material wealth or power. If she loses her pride of place in the world of ideas she loses all that makes of her people a nation, and the time has come, in the overthrow of the political systems of two-thirds of the civilized world, when the value of ideas is to be found only in their application."

So The Observer hopes the President, on his return home, will make America see that the Monroe Doctrine must be extended to embrace the whole world, and that she must do her full part to enforce it.

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## TEUTON INTRIGUERS BUSY AT THE HAGUE

### Kuehlmann's Mission Reported to be in Connection with Colonies' Future.

### AIM TO DIVIDE THE ALLIES

### Hungary and the Ukraine Also Have Emissaries at the Dutch Capital.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 8.—After two months' of comparative calm, The Hague has again become a veritable hotbed of intrigue. It is crowded with delegates, Government emissaries and commissions of various countries, especially enemy countries and would-be countries, striving to get in touch with allied official circles in the hope of getting a hearing at the Paris Peace Conference.

Not least important of these visitors at present is Dr. von Kühlmann, former German Foreign Minister, who up to the present time has refused to see any press representatives. THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent learns that von Kühlmann, who has many old friends in Holland dating from his diplomatic intermezzo, has come to The Hague on a private mission which rumor says is connected with the question of colonies.

One of the latest diplomatic commissions is from the Ukraine. Hungary also has a Government emmissary in Dr. Imberg, who was headquarters press censor during the war and is now here on work connected with the question of self determination of nations.

There is no doubt that the prospect of the disposal of the German colonies has awakened a storm of indignation and disappointment in Germany and the question was one of the first to be discussed by the Weimar National Assembly. From all over the country comes news of protests from Chambers of Commerce, Colonial Leagues, etc.

Herr Reblich, in the Vossische Zeitung, follows the cue of Foreign Minister von Brockdorff-Rantzau, who has tried the old time German diplomatic game of playing off one opponent against another, thereby arousing jealousy. The paper says that two groups have been formed at the Paris Conference. On one side, it asserts, are America and England, while on the other side are the European Continental Powers and Japan, both groups being unfavorable to Germany. It remarks that Rantzau lacks logic for his argument.

Recognition of a world league as the highest power and control, the paper says, must depend on the character of the league, but that league under which England and America wish to place the former German colonies is not one which Germany is striving for and the colonies would be practically delivered over to those two powers.

"The neutralizing of the South Sea Islands and their delivery to the league," the paper proceeds, "would be to America's interest. The grouping here involved is easily recognized by the fact that Japan sharply opposes the Anglo-American project. The fight for the control of the South Sea Islands is a struggle for supremacy in the Pacific."

The paper says that if the "Anglo-American League" succeeds, then colonial products, especially all tropical raw materials, will be under the entire control of these two powers, which can arbitrarily grant or refuse them. France must understand, it asserts, that this is only a provisional arrangement, as otherwise it would be a danger not only to Germany but to the Continental Powers.

## READY TO RESUME TRADE WITH GERMANY

### *American and Japanese Business Men Said to be Preparing in Holland.*

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 6.—The Nieuwe Rotterdamsche Courant publishes a long article on the Netherlands overseas trust, criticizing the maintenance of commercial restrictions and the blacklist by the associated Governments. This cannot exist much longer, the paper says, as pressure for more commercial freedom is noticeable in the allied countries, especially America and Japan.

The paper argues that as soon as one allied country commences unrestricted trading others will have to follow in order to compete and not lose their place in the world market. Already several American and Japanese who are important business men in their respective countries, the paper continues, are putting out feelers in order to form new connections in Holland and thus come into touch with the commercial world of the central powers. The paper argues that this attitude will force other powers who imbibed ideas of boycotting the central powers to modify their tactics.

"Should America and Japan have an advantage as regards future commerce communication with the central powers then England will be obliged to change her policy in her own interests," it concluded.

An influential financier, speaking to The New York Times correspondent, also arrested that several influential American and Japanese business men were in Holland especially for the formation of relations with Dutch banks and to be ready for commerce when peace comes.

"Germany," he said, "needs fresh capital worse than anything else, and America is the country to supply it. Americans are clever and mean to have a group prepared ready to spring in as soon as peace is signed, but Japan will be an active competitor."

The Weser Zeitung says many Germans are too depressed at the outcome of the war to believe that there is anything more to hope for from abroad. This depression, it argues, is exaggerated. In Japan German prestige and influence are increasing and more German is taught and spoken than ever before, especially among the bourgeois classes, who intend to become merchants, and a German missionary writes that he never had so many Japanese pupils. The paper pretends that German influence is equally puissant in China.

According to The Maasbode, negotiations are about to be opened between delegates of German industry and the Netherlands Government for export of iron to Germany.

GENEVA, Feb. 9, (Associated Press.)—The economic invasion of Switzerland by the Central Powers, who through this portal hope to reopen their former commercial relations with the Allies, continues on a large scale.

The New Zurich Gazette says that from the first of May to the end of July, 1918, 203 new foreign industrial and commercial enterprises were founded in Zurich alone, while during the first half of the same year the number of foreign firms in Zurich, the majority of them German, Austrian, and Hungarian, amounted to 387. There were no English or American firms, and only five French.

It is easy for the Austro-Germans to evade the Swiss commercial laws by choosing dummies from among their 300,000 compatriots residing in Switzerland before the war as heads of the firms. The German newspapers continue to publish advertisements seeking orders for allied countries through Switzerland.

## STRICTER ARMISTICE RULES?

### War Council Expected to Adopt Them at Today's Meeting.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—The Supreme War Council is reported to have reached a decision at yesterday's meeting that it was necessary to impose more severe conditions upon Germany for the renewal of the armistice, because of her attitude toward the fulfillment of her obligations. Decisions are also said to have been reached for the control of German demobilization and of the production of plants formerly engaged in producing war material.

It is expected that the means for securing the execution of the conditions laid down will be reached at Monday's session of the Council.

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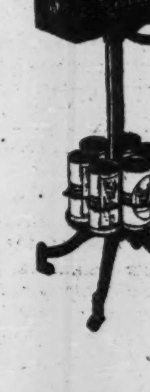

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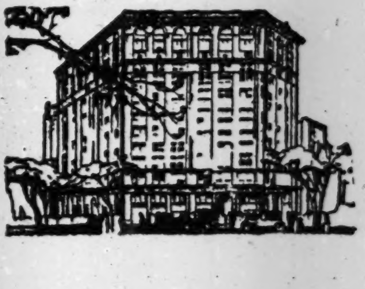

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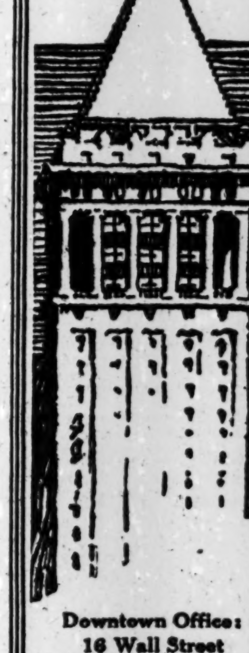

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# OUTLINES JAPAN'S IDEALS OF PEACE

### Baron Makino, Spokesman in Paris, Pleads His Country's Right to Expansion.

### ISOLATED IN THE EAST

### Takes No Morbid View of Her Situation, but is Mindful of Her Dignity.

### LOOKS TO CHINA FOR OUTLET

### Her Ambitions Mutually Beneficial—"Resolved to Work with Her Allies."

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company. Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—The members of the Japanese delegation in the Peace Conference have so far taken little part in the discussions and there has been much speculation regarding their aims. Baron Makino, acting head of the delegation, today gave me for THE NEW YORK TIMES a statement of the general attitude of his country.

"All Japan," he said, "is geographically isolated from the rest of the civilized world, remote from the continents of Europe and America, but her sympathies are entirely with the cause of humanity and civilization for which the Allies have been fighting. Japan has many and difficult problems before her that await solution—problems which in some instances are more complicated than those which any of the Allies is called on to solve.

"For instance, Japan has a large and rapidly growing population—70,000,000 people, who are increasing at the rate of more than half a million every year—against which she has a small island territory. And her people are spirited, energetic, and progressive, possessing in a high degree constructive and organizing abilities and eager to use all her moral and material resources in performing such duties as are devolved upon them by their peculiar position and circumstances.

"When, however, in obedience to these progressive impulses, they turn their attention overseas they seem to find the door closed against them everywhere—east, west, south, and north. But they have not so far allowed themselves to take a morbid view of the situation, nor will they in the future. They have imagination and understanding enough to take a sympathetic view of the attitude of their friendly neighbors, although at the same time they are not unmindful of the maintenance of the dignity and pride proper to the people of a world power.

**Japan's Ambitions in China.**

With these limitations imposed upon her, Japan has naturally turned toward China as an outlet for her necessary expansion, where, on account of the conditions prevailing, her activities are bound to be no less beneficial to native interests than to her own. She has always maintained this standard of mutuality, believing that one could not permanently enjoy without conferring benefit. Japan knows that self-centred egotism is not the best policy, and that in the nature of things her welfare and prosperity are bound up with those of her great neighbor, whose enormous resources await development.

"When Japan was called upon to make her decision between the two combatants in the war she could have obtained from Germany any conditions she might have cared to impose. But she unhesitatingly threw in her lot with the Allies. Japan chose the path of duty, righteousness, and humanity, and of loyalty to treaty and helpfulness to friends in need rather than the path of mercenary calculation.

**Says Japanese Are Idealists.**

"We are not a trading people. We are far less worldly-wise than we are supposed to be by some people. On the contrary, we are on the visionary side. Our people are idealists. It is broader considerations which appeal to them. There was never a temptation to treat with the forces which stood for gain and spoils, regardless of right. Every instinct in us drew us to the side of the Entente. There never was a moment when we regretted our decision, and never a time when we were not loyal to the core, far removed from the centre of the conflict as we were.

"Therefore, trusting in the just and upright decisions of the conference, we shall never regret our decision of 1914. We were fighting for ourselves in the sense that we were fighting for our own principles, our own convictions, against the brutality of force. We could not have done otherwise. Japan may, indeed, be ambitious, but hers is an ambition of right thinking and right doing, of advancing and expanding along the lines of civilization and high moral principles. She believes that the great forces—the ultimately dominating forces—are the moral forces. In any and all circumstances she will shape her effort for national greatness along the lines of higher civilization. She is resolved to walk and work shoulder to shoulder with her Allies of the Occident and to give her fullest aid for the advancement of the world."

# POLAND'S PRESIDENT MAY BE PADEREWSKI

### *His Election by National Assembly Expected—Pilsudski Slated for Ministry.*

WARSAW, Feb. 9, (Associated Press.)—With the meeting of New Poland's first Constitutional Assembly today at the Marius Institute, the work of creating a permanent Government will be well under way. It is expected that after the first gathering, with the picturesque features furnished by many members wearing the garb of ancient Poland, the Assembly will quickly get down to business, adopt the constitution, which has already been, for the greater part, drafted, and elect a President of the Republic, who will probably be Ignace Jan Paderewski. General Joseph Pilsudski is slated for a prominent post in the new Ministry which is to be formed.

The majority of the members of the Assembly comprises National Democrats and representatives of the Peasant Party, with the Jewish representatives and the Socialists in the minority. There will be about 200 members for the present, including delegates from the provinces where it was impossible to hold elections. The National Democrats claim 91 members, the Polish Peasants 51, the Peasants' Union 19, the Socialists 14, the Workmen's Unions 7, the Jewish Party 8, the United Polish Peasants 6, and the German Colonists 2.

One of the big questions to come up is the division of the land. It is expected that any one person will be limited to the holding of 1,000 acres, but proper payment is to be made whenever big properties are sub-divided. It seems improbable, however, that action along this line will be taken immediately, as all the parties fear to precipitate worse financial conditions by hurried action. Representatives of the propertied classes, among which the peasants are largely represented, declare they were frightened by the taste of Socialistic Government, they obtained in November and December last.

One of the moves planned is the prevention of the emigration of peasants to America, the desire being to encourage them to remain at home, and also to induce those in America to return and work the land.

The great part which the women seem likely to take in the future of Poland was emphasized in the election, which went strongly Conservative with the help of their votes. They elected to the Assembly Mme. Barlicka, head of the Teachers' Institute, and they were also strong in support of the Paderewski ticket.

# LICHNOWSKY PLAINT DERIDED BY POLE

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—John F. Smulski, Polish Commissioner in the United States, tonight issued a statement in reply to Prince Lichnowsky's authorized interview of protest against the inclusion of Prussian Poland and the port of Danzig in the new Polish State, which has just been recognized by President Wilson. Commissioner Smulski asserts that Prince Lichnowsky's interview is part of a German propagandist move and adds that he, Smulski, was warned less than a month ago by the Polish authorities in Paris and by Paderewski that a "new German propaganda drive aiming at upsetting the confidence of the American people in a United Polish State was under way."

"The German princeling," said Mr. Smulski, "has not only insulted the Polish people by intimating that they are incapable of self-government, but has reflected on the judgment of President Wilson and his advisers, who less than ten days ago recognized the new Polish State under the Premiership of Mr. Paderewski.

"He has also insulted the American people by attempting to palm on them as original rehashes of German propaganda efforts first printed in the Berliner Tageblatt by Dr. Bernhard Dernburg and in the Preussische Jahrbucker by that well-known lachrymose altruist, Dr. Hans Delbrück.

"In short, Prince Lichnowsy and his German associates, who in Germany have caught a reflection of the feeling of uneasiness in the United States over the possibility that the generous action of the American people in recognizing new States may create complications which will call for the retention of American soldier boys for an indefinite period, have started to capitalize this condition for German ends. They hope to create an anxious disposition to accept any sort of peace conclusion which will allow an easy retreat.

# 54 FOREIGN REDS TO BE DEPORTED

**Continued from Page 1, Column 1.**

tana Mr. Jackson went through and told the prisoners that for their own good they had better remain quiet and not allow red stuff to show from the windows.

"'The cowboys of this State don't like I. W. W.'s,' he told them. 'If they see you coming through with a lot of racket and find out who you are, they might let loose with some fireworks. These cowboys are mighty quick on the trigger hereabouts.'

"That was enough. The Bolshevist Army pulled in its banners and faded from sight as we passed through Montana towns."

**Avoided Mob at Butte.**

The one and only attempt at a mob delivery of the prisoners was frustrated by the foresight of the Federal officers. Before the prison train reached Butte, Mont., officers were warned that I. W. W. leaders in that city and Helena had learned of the deportations and were massing to deliver their comrades. The two cars, then attached to a regular train, were cut off at a junction and put into another train which made a wide detour, missing both Butte and Helena and striking the main line well to the east of the danger point, while the I. W. W. mob spread over Montana in a futile attempt at rescue.

One thousand men in a typical I. W. W. mob stormed the Butte station when the original train reached that point, according to reports received here by the guards. Three hundred members of the mob swept gatemen and police officers aside and insisted on searching the train. They were allowed to do so and left without causing further trouble when they found what had happened up the line.

Throughout the trip railroad men and Federal officers are co-operating to keep the route and running schedule secret. Chief Jackson has no fear of running into any additional trouble on the remainder of his journey. While in Chicago, his fourteen guards were placed in complete command of the train and although Federal officers and railroad men were notified of the movement, the immigration guards did not require assistance of any kind.

Only one woman, the wife of a Finnish agitator arrested in Spokane, was among the prisoners.

**Handcuffs for All.**

She hugged a car window and gloomily watched the guards as they paced their beats. In a forward compartment a blanket concealed fifty-four pairs of business-like handcuffs to be used in emergencies or when the prisoners leave their cars.

"The handcuffs helped convince these birds that they are not appreciated in America," remarked a stocky little guard who wore a civilian overcoat over his infantry uniform. He received his discharge just in time to serve in the first active campaign of Uncle Sam's war against the reds.

"We don't need the cuffs now," said the guard. "What we need is a number of good gags. This is a musical gang. They sing foreign songs for hours. Some of 'em wake up in the night to do it."

The majority of the prisoners will be sent back to Russian provinces. Some are Norwegians, some Scandinavians, and some Finns, according to their guards.

The five prisoners who were added to the party here are alien convicts who have been sentenced to deportation under the 1917 act for some time past. They are not connected with the I. W. W. or Bolshevist movement, as far as could be learned. One of the Chicago prisoners served a sentence in the House of Correction for failrure to register.

Practically all of the prisoners have been in the United States more than a year, according to the Finn leader and spokesman of the party, who has been a Bolshevist representative in every city west of the Mississippi. He led a half-hearted cheer from his barred window yesterday and exhibited the tattered end of a red flag when he was sure no "quick trigger" cowboy lurked in the vicinity.

The immigration service bases its new policy of deportation on the immigration act passed by Congress in October, 1917.

# ASSAILS COMMAND IN NORTH RUSSIA

### Chicago Observer Calls Expedition Under Present Leadership "a Pitiful Failure."

### OUR TROOPS 'MANHANDLED'

### Says the Allies Distrust One Another and the Russians Distrust All of Them.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—The Chicago Tribune this morning publishes the following from its correspondent who has been in North Russia, dated Vard, Norway, Feb. 1, (by cable from Norvik, Feb. 8):

"After two months spent in investigating the conditions in North Russia, where American troops are serving under allied directorship, I can state the following facts:

"First—The North Russia allied expedition has developed into a pitiful failure. It has failed to inspire confidence and loyalty and give real assistance to Russia. It has become a cesspool of jealousy, hatreds, mistakes, and shattered illusions. The different allies distrust one another and the Russians distrust the entire expedition.

"Second—The American troops were put under an absolute imperialistic command, being handled in a way that was against every tradition of the army and country. They were put to doing a King's business and to do whatever task was assigned to them by the British. American men and their ideals of right and fairness were entirely submerged through the un-American leadership.

"Third—The entire expedition suffered from a complete lack of spiritual leadership. Instead of being an ordinary soldier's job, this expedition required sympathetic understanding. It always has been more political than military. The original leaders thought themselves to be great soldiers and great diplomats, but they proved to be neither.

"Fourth—The expedition has lacked spiritual significance. Europe's war tired men, sent here from the French battlefields, failed to appreciate the great revolution or sympathize with the unrest and the new birth that Russia is going through. Most of the allied soldiers, especially since the signing of the armistice, hated the job, despite the Russians, and have no concern with the future of the country. The expedition, lacking this spiritual significance in men's minds, has become a mere fighting job to collect Russia's debt to Europe.

"Fifth—There is no enthusiasm even among the intelligent Russians in the north to assist the Allies and fight the Bolsheviki. Everywhere there is a growing disgust against the expedition, especially against the British.

"Sixth—The beautiful faith of the Russians for America is breaking under the manhandling by our forces under the foreign command. The American forces have been led by an American colonel when they should have had a major general. Within our own forces we lacked the right leadership, permitting the Americans to be placed under the limited control of foreigners.

"I have come out of Russia to write this. The censorship that has crawled back into its hole in most of the world still wears the iron heel of war days in the north. The American public has been fed pretty stories of the gentle glories of this 'help-Russia' expedition, but the facts are that a mess has been stewed and has been kept for the cooks themselves.

"America, whose ideals of honor are at stake and whose sons are being sacrificed, has the right to know the facts. In North Russia the expedition has become a dismal comic opera. Here in the north, in a district that never was violently Bolshevist, where the Allies had many friends at the start, and where, since the first days there have been unlimited opportunities to advance confidence and gain respect, here with everything their own way, the Allies have failed utterly.

"Today, in Archangel, Murmansk, and the other cities of the district, there is growing dissatisfaction against the way the expedition has interfered in local Russian affairs. Every phase of life within the district is controlled by the Allies and dominated by them.

"The Russians frankly resent this. They will tell you openly that they, and not the outsiders, should determine the exact form of government and pick the leaders. Today if a Russian fails to follow the ideas and opinions of the allied leaders he is classed as a Bolshevik, with the possibilities of jail to keep him silent. Only such men as conform with the foreigners' ideas last in the local government.

"The foreign military are actually and undeniably interfering in local affairs. They are dominating every department, forcing their own ideas and judgments against the wishes of the North Russian Provisional Government. Martial law has been established, placing the foreign military above the local authorities. All this reflected against the avowed motives of the Allies.

"'Are the Allies coming in to help Russia or themselves?' the people ask. 'Are they going to force their ideas of government upon us, or merely to help us put down the Moscow Government, so we can have our own fair, elective Government? If that great allied force comes into Russia, would they insist on us accepting their ideas of policies as they have done in Archangel?'

"This is the real test of the whole idea of interventions, and the people of North Russia have the right to ask it. As far as they are able to tell by experience, military intervention means interference with their internal affairs. Practically all of the Russians resent this. They reserve the right to let their political development take its own course.

"It is difficult to understand the question until the facts are grasped that the whole country is seething with unrest. In this land there are a hundred and one pet theories, ideas, and beliefs, all of the adherents striving to put forward their remedies. Then, into this boiling mess, is stuck a bayonet instead of a spoon, and this new outside foreign cook, whose receipts are not wanted, whose ability is questioned, whose sincerity is doubted, shouts 'Try my brand of cooking, you need it. Try it, or I'll stick you with a bayonet.'

"This is exactly what has happened in North Russia. One particular outside nation forced their ideas of life, liberty, happiness, government justice, censorship, and everything, on the Russians and they have been imperialistic, old-fashioned, old-world ideas.

"Recently one of the sincerest Russian Revolutionists in Archangel, who gave years of his life to bring about the original Revolution, said:

"'The thousands of honest anti-Bolshevist radicals throughout Russia are fearing the course that the intervention may take more than they fear the Bolsheviki. We prefer the present Moscow Government to the return of terrible reaction. As far as we can judge certain of the Allies now are working toward breaking the heart of the whole spirit of advancement in Russia and want a heavy handed dictatorship established, so that life and business can go on under the old imperialistic conditions.

"'If the Allies really want to help us, why don't they help us in a straight military way and with food, but let us decide our own political future within ourselves?'

"The American troops are being used by a foreign high command for internal interference. For instance, on Sept. 3, on the night before the American troops landed in Archangel in force, the Provisional Government was kidnapped by certain Russian Militia people and spirited to an island in the White Sea. This bore, without question, the silent approval of certain elements of the Allied High Command, and, in many circles, is said to have been instigated entirely by them.

"The American Ambassador forced the return of this Government, but the workmen of Archangel went on strike as a protest. It was a pure political strike, but the first job the American troops were assigned to was the undignified, unwarranted, and unAmerican job of manning the street cars, breaking the political strike.

"At every minute of the time since then the Americans have been under the complete and absolute control of the British High Command. The American officers have been submerged and overshadowed.

"In the early days of the intervention it had been expected that the Russians would flock to the Allies' colors by the thousands, and several hundred extra British officers, most or all of whom bore service and wound stripes, resulting from long and honorable service in France, were sent out with the idea of training and officering the unborn Russian Army. But the army failed to spring up, and the officers were left high and dry without work.

"The 5,000 American troops came as a godsend to them. The vast forest front, covering some 50,000 square miles, was divided up in a number of districts and over each always was a British officer. Every order of any kind had to come through the British command, the rations were British, the equipment was British, and the expedition was British.

"The Americans were doing their fighting in small groups with, at the most their own platoon or company commanders over them. in certain instances, the tiny groups of Americans actually were under the British sergeants. It simply didn't go. The hard feeling popped up and grew. The same conditions prevailed with all the other members of the expedition and before long hatreds, jealousies, and distrusts were engendered which it was impossible to correct.

"All the time the Americans felt they were doing a job for certain nations, helping to collect their debts and reestablish their commercial supremacy. Part of this trying condition was brought about through the lack of proper spiritual leadership in the high allied command and part through the lack of proper leadership within the American forces themselves. This put the whole expedition on a false basis and it was reflected through the leaders down to the lowliest private.

"Hand in hand with this lack of spiritual leadership goes the expedition's lack of spiritual significance to the officers and soldiers. In the first place, most of the British, French, Italian, and Serbian soldiers making up the expedition were war weary. They were sent to the north district, understanding it was to be an easy, safe work of guarding ports. Instead, they found themselves fighting hundreds of miles away from the ports, down some railroad line or up some river.

"Vague rumors came to them of a great British-Russian deal at stake. Other rumors told of tremendous debts which Russia owed to Europe that must be collected. The avowed reason for the original entrance at Murmansk was the threat of the white Finns, under German leadership, to turn the ice free ports of Murmansk and Petchinga, on the Murman coast, into German submarine bases.

"This was outlived when the expedition started to Archangel under the slogan of guarding the great war supplies about to fall into the German hands. Reaching Archangel, the foreign soldiers found no supplies. This old, hard ridden theory of guarding the supplies at Archangel lasted through hundreds of columns of propaganda, even long after the American troops had landed a month later.

"From the start, the expedition lacked the thrill of the drive that a great, honest, stated purpose would have given. The majority hated the job and transferred their hate to the Russians. They had no concern for them and did not try to understand the tremendous question the country was facing to discover the solution. They carried on in a half-hearted way, riding rough-shod over the feelings of the natives, and acting much more like conquerors than invited guests."

### Restore Paris-Vienna Service.

BASLE, Switzerland, Feb. 9.—The French and the German-Austrian Governments, through their representatives, have reached an agreement for the resumption of fast train service between Paris and Vienna and Bucharest, according to the Vienna Neue Freie Presse.

# SEATTLE CARS RUN; STRIKE NEAR END

**Continued from Page 1, Column 2.**

timent of the city has been overwhelmingly behind the staunch stand of Mayor Hanson.

"Upon Seattle rests the responsibility for coping with an issue that may run through the land like wildfire, unless it is halted and beaten here," was the expression of one of the committee today. "Call it what they may, disguise it as they will, this is the first American skirmish with Bolshevism. If we stand firm the peril dies here.

"It is useless to present again the evidences upon which Seattle based its analysis of the most radical attempt at civic overthrow ever staged in an American municipality. The Central Labor Council admitted the unnaturalized Russian extremeist and revolutionary firebrand, Rikowsky to its inner circles and intimate councils, and a score of his ilk were with him in actively fomenting the general sympathy strike. Still other evidences of the real issue were the posters and publications, violently red, that flooded the streets and that were in every hand at the Labor Temple. Seattle labor reckoned without its public, and failed."

**Called Off at Tacoma.**

TACOMA, Feb. 9.—The general strike in Tacoma was officially called off this afternoon by the general strike committee, effective at 8 A. M. tomorrow.

The collapse of the general strike here was not unexpected becaus the movement lacked public support and sympathy, officials said. At no time was any important business or industry seriously crippled and there was not a unanimous response of labor organizations to the plan of strike leaders to completely tie up all private and municipal enterprises.

Resolutions adopted by the Strike Committee setting forth the reasons for suspending the strike asserted that "the general strike had fulfilled its mission in showing the solidarity of labor," and further showed the "employer of labor that the worker will, if necessary, use the general strike."

### MILL STRIKE NOT ENDED.

### Textile Workers at Lawrence to Reinforce Picket Lines.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Feb. 9.—Ike Kaplan, leader of the striking textile workers in this city, said tonight that through a misunderstanding one of the delegates who attended a conference with members of the State Board of Conciliation yesterday gave to the press an erroneous statement that Charles G. Wood, a member of the board, had offered the strikers fifty-one hours' pay for forty-eight hours' work. The delegate said that this offer was understood to have come from the manufacturers.

Kaplan said that at the conference Mr. Wood suggested that the strikers go back to work pending a settlement, but did not transmit any wage offer from the manufacturers. The strikers' delegates were unwilling to accept the suggestion. It is expected that further conference will be held this week.

At various nationality meetings of strikers held today it was voted to adhere to the demand for a forty-eight-hour week with fifty-four hours' pay. Kaplan addressed several of the meetings and predicted that the demand would soon be granted. He said that funds in support of the strike were coming from all parts of the country, and that the picket lines about all the mills would be re-enforced tomorrow.

Salvator Rugieri was arrested today on a charge of being an accessory to the murder of Biaggio Ventino, a striker, last Friday morning. The police allege that he and several other men were with Ventino just before he was shot.

A mass meeting was held in the City Hall tonight under the direction of the Citizens' Committee appointed by the Mayor to supervise the maintenance of order during the strike.

# SAYS ALLIES WON'T 'CONFER' WITH REDS

### Delegates to Prinkipo Only to Listen to Discussions of Russians, Pichon Explains.

### ANTI FACTIONS OBDURATE

### Sazonoff Says Kaiser Has Cause for Grievance in President Wilson's Offer to Bolsheviki.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company. Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—M. Pichon, who never forgets his absolute refusal for France to have anything to do with the Bolseviki and who has been sceptical about the results of such a conference ever since it was decided upon, indulged today in what almost might be called hair splitting.

With reference to the meeting at Prinkipo and the appointment of allied delegates to go there to meet the Soviet representatives, the French Foreign Minister said there had been a misunderstanding by the Bolsheviki of what the invitation to them really meant. They had never been asked, he declared, to confer with the Allies, but merely to go to the Princes Islands, there to talk things over among themselves but in the presence of allied delegates, who might thereby have an opportunity to listen and learn what the Bolsheviki were striving for.

M. Pichon does not think the meeting can be held till the Bolsheviki thoroughly understand this point and realize that the Allied representatives have no authority to do anything but listen and report back to Paris.

M. Sazonoff reiterated yesterday his declaration that no Russians other than the Bolsheviki would go to Prinkipo.

"I have no love for the Kaiser," said the Russian statesman, "but it seems to me he is insulted by President Wilson's offer to treat with the Bolsheviki after Mr. Wilson's refusal to have anything to do with the Kaiser on the ground that he could not be trusted. The Kaiser is surely not so bad as the Bolsheviki. He is not an assassin."

PARIS, Feb. 9, (Associated Press.)—Stephen Pichon, the French Foreign Minister, commenting on the situation resulting from the Moscow Soviet Government's acceptance of the invitation to the Princes' Islands Conference, said there was no purpose of entering into negotiations with the Bolsheviki. To do so would be to encourage them to declare triumphantly to their people that the Allies were completely beaten and at their mercy. Any attempt to secure an agreement to recognize the outstanding Russian foreign debt, M. Pichon contended, would be heralded as establishing the truth of the Soviet claim that the Allies were moved only by capitalistic influences.

As to the possibility that the Soviet Government might agree to pay this debt, it was of all the governments the least able to undertake this task, which would require the entire energy and strength of an organized Russian Government operating in peace time.

The anti-Bolshevist governments of Russia are apparently firm in declining to participate in the Princes Islands conference. Nicholas Tschaikovsky, President of the Provisional Government of Northern Russia, told The Associated Press today that he and his Government had decided not to go, and were in full accord with the position taken by the Russian committee in Paris, headed by Prince Georges E. Lvov.

Sergius Sazonoff, representing the Denikine, Kolchak, and Don Governments, reiterated his refusal to participate in the conference. He declared that General Denikine and other experienced officers were eager that the Allies should permit the organization of a volunteer army of 100,000 to 150,000 men from the Allies as the nucleus of a force for the protection of the Black Sea ports and the formation of an enlarged Russian army, which could only be made possible at an early date through foreign aid.

The former Foreign Minister said that the Russian part of the force would do the fighting against the Bolsheviki, but desired foreign support at the bases, as well as ammunition and funds, for which ample security was available.

M. Sazonoff's plan for an anti-Bolshevist campaign does not include the occupation of the Baltic ports, but takes in Archangel.

President Tschaikovsky is in agreement with M. Sazonoff as to the plan, but insists that the effort must be coordinated by the Allies and the operation placed under a single command to avoid the misunderstandings which would result from assigning zones of influence to various powers and not harmonizing all the operations.

The Ukrainian Soviet Government has announced that it is willing to accept the invitation of the Allies to the conference, according to Le Temps, but it considers the date fixed, Feb. 15, too near at hand. The Government also expresses a preference for holding the conference at Paris instead of on the Princes Islands.

# CAUTIONS BRITISH STRIKERS

### Labor M. P. Preaches Patriotism—Lloyd George Begins Discussions.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—Premier Lloyd George, who returned from Paris last night, was engaged early this morning in discussing the labor troubles in the United Kingdom with the Cabinet Ministers and Board of Trade officials. Many meetings of railway workers were in progress during the day for the discussion of labor questions from the national standpoint.

Immediately upon the return of Arthur Henderson from the Continent a joint meeting will be held of the Labor Party and Trades Union Parliamentary Committee and other interested bodies to discuss the entire situation.

At a big meeting of the railway men held in the Euston Theatre today, James Henry Thomas, Labor member of Parliament and Secretary of the National Union of Railway Men, made a strong appeal to the workers to keep the labor movement on constitutional lines.

It was within the union's power, he said, to say at any time to the State: "Unless you do this we will paralyze commerce." The workmen, however, Mr. Thomas added, had to consider that their duty as citizens had a stronger claim than sectional interests. If they achieved their object at the expense of the State, then they would be destroying their claim to citizenship.

Full application of the agreement for an eight-hour day, Mr. Thomas continued, made necessary the release of at least 128,000 railway men from the army; but demobilization of the army now depended upon the Railway Operating Corps. If that corps were demobilized, as was demanded, the troops would be left stranded in France, Belgium, and Germany. It would be absurd to say that the other soldiers who had been fighting as the railway men had did not matter and could be left stranded.

The speaker added that a new system was about to be introduced for feeding the troops rather by water than rail routes. This, he said, would facilitate demobilization of the railway men.

Mr. Thomas said that negotiations on the whole national program would be begun Feb. 12. He appealed to all railway men to await the outcome of these negotiations and action by Parliament.

# *ITALIAN SEA DEFENSE BETRAYED TO TEUTONS*

### *Court-martial on Sinking of the Leonardo da Vinci Shows Work of Zurich Bureau.*

By AUSTIN WEST.

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MILAN, Feb. 9.—The Genoa court-martial proceeding concerning the sinking of the dreadnought Leonardo da Vinci has dispelled much of what had been a mystery to the public.

It turns out that Vincenzi, a fruit merchant from Modena, and accomplices in the Italian naval and police departments were regularly engaged by the home Government in counterspy service, which accounts for their easy, continual movements in Italy and Switzerland. Once in direct contact with the notorious Dr. Mayer and his Austro-German spy bureau at Zurich, they were speedily won over by the offer of munificent bribes to supply minute information regarding the movements of Italian, French, and British warships in the Mediterranean and regarding the coastal defenses of every one of the Adriatic ports.

In this way the enemy knew that Brindisi harbor was defended by an extensive mine field at a specified distance off the coast, that there were notable and ever increasing French and British forces in that part of the sea and at Taranto, while there were no war vessels at all at Bari. The enemy even learned that the Adriatic shore railway was patrolled by five armored trains mounted exclusively with six-inch guns.

Asked to explain why he failed to return to his headquarters in Italy after receiving from Austria £10,000 as his personal share in the plot for blowing up the Leonardo da Vinci, Vincenzi said that he was ordered into internment camps, first at Innsbruck and later at Trent, where Italians subsequently arrested him. Curious facts leaked out at the trial respecting Cavalier, alias Battistella, another archconspirator in the Leonardo affair. A Neapolitan by birth he was the son of the head porter at the Austrian consulate at Naples. Being of studious turn of mind, his father sent him to a high school, after which he was taken on the consulate staff as Secretary and thence rose to be Austrian Consul.

When Italy declared war the Imperial Government summoned him to Vienna, where he was transformed into an Austrian citizen and dispatched to Zurich to superintend the Italian traitor gang and in particular to devise the destruction of the famous battleship.

High hopes are now entertained of refloating the sunken vessel. Ten enormous cylinders, each capable of raising 4,000 tons, have been constructed in the Royal Navy Dockyards and sent to the spot for that purpose.

### DUSSELDORF STRIKE WINS.

### Spartacides Concede Most of Their Opponents' Demands.

COLOGNE, Feb. 7.—The strike of the official and professional classes at Düsseldorf is ended, the Spartacides having conceded most of the points demanded.

Bourgeois delegates who had been imprisoned as hostages have been liberated.

According to a Berlin dispatch on Feb. 5 the whole city of Düsseldorf had "walked out." The strikers included officials and employes in the public services, bankers, lawyers, physicians, and teachers. This protest was declared to be the first of its kind to be applied as a retaliation against Spartacide terrorism.

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*Or,*

you may plan to send your boy to college. The boy may not know the value of money. By putting insurance or other money into a Columbia Trust Fund, the sound financing of the boy is assured. No one can touch a cent of the money except at the time you wish and in the amount you wish. Your wishes are binding.

OUR charges for handling each Columbia Trust Fund are very moderate. The commission we receive depends on the amounts we receive and pay out.

We recommend that you look into this matter of Columbia Trust Funds without delay. Our recommendations and service will be based on years of experience. We suggest that you have an informal talk with a Vice-President at any one of our offices. He will be glad to explain the form of Columbia Trust Fund which will meet your individual need.

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# THINK LEON TROTZKY ASPIRES TO BE CZAR

## Bolshevist War Minister Changes from Flashy Clothes and Red Ties to a Uniform.

## USES THE IMPERIAL TRAIN

## Mourning Demonstrations for Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg at Petrograd and Moscow.

WARSAW, Feb. 7, (Associated Press.)—That Bolshevism is in its critical stage, either turning to imperialism, with perhaps Leon Trotzky, Minister of War and Marine, as the new Emperor, or slipping back to the idea of the old Nihilism, with a sort of orderly disorder, is the impression given by many refugees of all nationalities who have arrived here from Russia.

The correspondent has talked to a number of these people as to what might happen in Russia if there is no outside interference. One of them was a Bolshevist soldier who deserted while his contingent was engaged in raiding the country west of Minsk.

"Our chief characteristic," he said, "is that we are tired—tired of fooling, tired of killing, tired of fighting and tired of wandering from pillar to post. There is no doubt that Leon Trotzky is attempting to obtain order and to whip the troops into shape. He is known to be terribly ambitious, and possibly he is dreaming of becoming Czar, knowing that Bolshevism has failed."

Recent rumors that the Soviet Government troops have evacuated Petrograd are unconfirmed. There was a general belief in Petrograd during January that the Allies were about to occupy the city. It was even stated that the Entente Powers had issued a proclamation to that effect, and many persons claimed to be able to cite quotations from the document. Bolshevist chiefs have been so alarmed that a trainload of supplies was recently turned back while on the road from Moscow to Petrograd in the belief that the Allies were in the latter city.

Trotzky is reported to have changed from his flashy clothes and red neckties to a uniform. He is said to be riding here and there on the train formerly at the disposal of the Emperor and he is said to be using the former imperial automobile.

The deaths at Berlin of Dr. Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg, the German Spartacan leaders, apparently made a deep impression on the Bolshevist chieftains. Trotzky ordered public mourning at Petrograd, and street car traffic was stopped, but when officers tried to close the theatres, the sailors, who seem to do as they please in Petrograd, are reported to have declared they were going to dance and enjoy themselves as usual.

Great demonstrations were held before the Winter Palace and the red flag was everywhere at half staff. There were violent speeches in which Philip Scheidemann, a member of the Ebert Cabinet in Berlin, was bitterly attacked. His effigy, made of cotton wool, was hanged and solemnly burned. The "Nardovni Dom," or "People's House," was rechristened "the House of Rosa and Liebknecht."

There was also organized a mourning demonstration at Moscow, it being said that it was for "the oppressed nations." Among those who participated were a few Chinese coolies and some Bengalese, who were wrapped in furs alleged to have been confiscated by the Bolsheviki. One speaker said: "We Bolsheviki are the legendary Titans who will break from our shoulders all the chains of the world."

It is said that Feodor Chaliapine, a favorite opera singer during the later days of the imperial regimé, is singing at the opera at Moscow at an enormous salary. Reports have been received that executions are being hurried so that jailors may have a holiday during celebrations, there being an average of from six to eight persons put to death each day at Petrograd and Moscow.

Arrivals from Petrograd are now very rare. One lad came to the Polish frontier recently and said that he had traveled in a sleeping car the curtains of which had been cut, the windows broken, and the walls plastered with Bolshevist placards. In his compartment was a woman who journeyed nearly 300 miles to buy some sugar near the frontier. The car was so crowded, he said, that men slept in the baggage racks, which were roomy and strong.

# SUFFRAGE DISPLACES NEW REVENUE BILL

## Votes for Women Amendment to be Taken Up in the Senate Today.

## EARLY ACTION IS EXPECTED

## Tax Measure to be Passed Soon and Probably Held for Wilson's Return.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Action upon the War Revenue bill, which was adopted in the House yesterday by a vote of 310 to 11, will be moved in the Senate immediately upon the disposal by the latter body of the resolution to submit to the States the question of an amendment to the Constitution granting nation-wide suffrage to women.

Announcement has been made that the woman suffrage proposal will be the first business before the Senate when it convenes tomorrow, and Senator Simmons, Chairman of the Finance Committee, said tonight that he would not ask that the War Revenue bill receive the right of way.

It was possible, Mr. Simmons said, that the suffrage question would be disposed of before the Senate adjourned tomorrow, and in that event he would ask immediately that action be taken on the Revenue bill. The general belief tonight was that, even should it be found possible to get the Revenue bill before the Senate some time tomorrow afternoon, there was little chance of a vote being taken before Tuesday.

While Mr. Simmons is confident that the Revenue bill will be adopted by the Senate by a large majority, and without alteration which would necessitate its return to conference, it is probable that several of the Senators will demand the privilege of stating their objections to certain features. The long statement accompanying the bill must be read, and Mr. Simmons will speak.

It does not appear at this time that there is much chance of this program being carried out in time to take a vote upon the measure before adjournment tomorrow, especially if the debate on the woman suffrage proposal takes up much of the Senate's day. Senator Simmons said tonight that he would not ask for a night session. He felt that, as it was now proposed to hold the bill here until President Wilson's return from France, there was no such reason for pressing its speedy adoption as had existed when there was still a chance of putting it in the hands of the President while he was in Europe.

Mr. Simmons confirmed the statement made by Representative Kitchin to the House members yesterday that a joint resolution would be presented to Congress after the adoption of the bill in its present form for the purpose of repealing Section 904 of the Excise Tax Title which levies 10 per cent. on the sale of certain so-called semi-luxuries. There has been an agreement made that the conferees will get together after the passage of the bill and prepare such a resolution.

It is understood that all thought of repealing the existing rates on second-class mail matter during the life of the present Congress has been abandoned because of the unalterable opposition to such a step by Mr. Kitchin. The decision in this matter, therefore, will be left to the next Congress, which will be Republican in both branches.

In this connection, it was explained that, as the second-class postal rates came under the heading of tax legislation, any movement to alter the terms of the present law would have to be initiated in the House. The Senate conferees attempted to accomplish the substitution of lower rates and the abolishment of the provisions of the present zone system, but the House conferees, led by Mr. Kitchin, refused to give way. Mr. Kitchin, it is said, also refused to listen to any proposal to place the question of an alteration of rates before the House.

What action the next Congress will take is problematical, but it will be discussed by the Republican party leaders as soon as they come into power.

# SUFFRAGISTS BURN WILSON IN EFFIGY

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

men have sixty-three votes pledged for the resolution, but one more is needed, because its passage requires a two-thirds vote. The women are trying to get Senator Hale of Maine to come over to their side and will present to him tomorrow a petition signed by a majority of his State legislators. A petition also will be presented to Senator Gay of Louisiana.

A number of the members of the militant forces who intended to go to the Senate gallery were among those arrested tonight. Mrs. John J. Rogers, Chairman of the National Advisory Council, is one who will be present. There is sure to be a large delegation.

While the militants were girding on their armor today the more gentle branch of the suffragists, the National Woman Suffrage Association, was making plans to attend the Senate session tomorrow. The spokesman said they were hopeful, but refused to make any prediction. Among the New York women connected with this organization who will be present are Miss Mary Garrett May, Mrs. Frank J. Shuler, Mrs. Stanley McCormick, Miss Ester Ogden, Mrs. Charles Tiffany, Mrs. F. Louis Slade, Mrs. Richards Aldrich, and Mrs. V. Everit Macy.

The anti-militant workers, in a statement issued late tonight by its Vice President, Miss Mary Garrett Hay, denounced the demonstration staged by the National Woman's Party, and questioned the sincerity of the militants. Miss Hay's statement read:

"The suffragists, with all the women of America, have been obliged to stand the shame and stigma of the outrageous performances of the members of the National Woman's Party—the I. W. W., of the suffrage movement. In character, we have tried to consider them misguided, but today's demonstration on the eve of the calling up of the vote on the Federal woman suffrage amendment makes it a question whether the members of the Woman's Party want the success of the amendment or publicity for their organization.

"This is not a party issue. Such an insult to the President of this great nation must be resented by all Republicans and Democrats alike. Confident in the discrimination and wisdom of the members of the United States Senate, I know that they will not permit such actions to prejudice their sense of justice and their respect for the millions of American women who for half a century have been asking for enfranchisement."

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt of New York is President of the association.

# PHILIP GIBBS COMES TO LECTURE ON WAR

## *Famous Correspondent Reaches Halifax on Ship with Canadian Troops.*

*Special to The New York Times.*

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 9.—Philip Gibbs, the famous English war correspondent, whose daily descriptive stories of the fighting in which the British Armies participated, and particularly the "big shows" in which the Canadians won their laurels, were followed by thousands of readers both in America and Great Britain, is a passenger on board the Cunard Liner Carmania, which sailed from here today bound for New York.

Mr. Gibbs, who was in Halifax for the first time, spent much of his time with the Canadian forces at the front. His brilliant dispatches, which appeared daily in THE NEW YORK TIMES, during the period of the war, were eagerly read by thousands of Canadians, many of whom took advantage of the opportunity of making a permanent history of the great war and preserved all of his articles.

"I have been with Canadians many times at the front," he said, "and I am glad to have had the opportunity of traveling home with them. To me, as to them, the trip was a historic voyage. I have talked with many on the way across, and heard of their experiences.

"Too much credit cannot be given the Canadians for the work they did on the other side. The attack on Cambrai was a severe struggle, and they had many casualties. They were fighting on the north while the English were on the south, and I went into Cambrai with the Canadian forces."

Mr. Gibbs is going to the United States to lecture, and will endeavor to tell Americans what the British people have suffered during the last four years. He expects to be in the United States about two months, and probably will take a run into Canada to speak at Montreal and Toronto.

When asked about the labor trouble in Great Britain, Mr. Gibbs said he thought that it would be a long and hard fight between capital and labor and that labor would win. He did not think that it would reach the Bolsevist stage, which was contrary to British institutions and British character.

"But there need be no doubt about it," said Mr. Gibbs, "England will never be the old England—a new England is already in the making. The men who were torn up, as it were, by the roots from their old life and were shaken up by the convulsions of war are not going to go back to the old life or tolerate the old order of things in land and industry.

In the course of his service as war correspondent, Mr. Gibbs went through most of the heaviest fighting safely. He was stricken with trench fever on two occasions. Soon after the armistice was signed he met with a serious accident when a heavy motor truck dashed into his car. He suffered serious injuries, from which he has not yet fully recovered, but he is in excellent spirits and the sea voyage benefited him very much. He is a charming conversationalist, and one would never guess from his modest demeanor and simple, quiet speech that he was the most famous war correspondent in the world.

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*The Greatest Sale*
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"Men's McCreery Silk Shirts"
We Have Ever Held
Will Commence on Wednesday Morning, February 12th

(For details see Tuesday's Evening Papers)

# CARPENTERS WOULD ARBITRATE STRIKE

### President Hutcheson Wants War Labor Board Mediation—Employers Silent on Offer.

## "OPEN SHOP" AT ARMY BASE

### Work to Resume There Today—Employers Will Discuss Grievances Only When Strikers Return.

William L. Hutcheson, President of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, last night announced a willingness on the part of the 25,000 strikers against the Building Trades Employers' Association to submit their differences to the War Labor Board for decision.

Mr. Hutcheson said he would step aside as Alternate Chairman of the War Labor Board, so that the decision might be given purely on the merits of the case. He was waiting, he added, to learn the attitude of the employers toward this suggestion.

Meanwhile the deadlock between the carpenters, bricklayers, plasterers, masons and hoisting engineers on the one side, and the Employers' Association on the other, continued yesterday. Unless the men return to work, the employers have refused to treat with them. This morning, said Ronald P. Taylor, President of the employers' association, work would go ahead on the army base contract in Brooklyn, without the help of the striking carpenters and the sympathetic allied trades.

"We don't expect to man the job with a full force at once," he declared, "but a few days should see a full force working there. I understand that the Government has given orders that the work proceed, and proceed it must. I can only repeat that if there is any disposition to return to work shown on the part of the strikers, and if they actually do come back, we have a committee ready to discuss grievances with the union leaders.

**Sees Much Building Ahead.**

"Our aim is to stabalize wages once and for all, so that when we promise that a certain job will be done in a certain time, we will be able to make good. There is much work ahead for us this year and next, as shown by the plans filed, but we want business to run smoothly. If this strike is settled within a few days, as I hope it will be, extensive building will start here early in the Spring. Toward the end of the year, building, which has been comparatively inert for so long a time, will return to its own.

"We had been in harmony with the carpenters sixteen years until the beginning of this present difficulty. We want that harmony to continue, both for their sakes and ours. But we do wish to know whether their agreements with us are worth the paper on which they are written. The men have violated their agreement in their strike, and it is a cardinal principle of the association not to deal with strikers."

Mr. Taylor said he had not heard from the cities in which the association members are fulfilling contracts, but he did not consider that the work would be greatly hampered by the strike.

"If the employers are patriotic men," said Mr. Hutcheson, "they will submit the entire controversy to the War Labor Board, the instrumentality set up by Presidential proclamation. Since the establishment of this board by the President more than 21,000 labor and employers' disputes have been adjusted."

**Plan to Picket Army Base.**

He declared that plans had been laid for the picketing of the Army Base job today with carpenters recently discharged from the army and navy. These men, still in uniform, said union leaders, would police the job without disorder in behalf of the strikers if the employers determined to make good the threat of an "open shop."

Thomas R. Priest, International Vice President of the Bricklayers', Plasterers', and Masons' Union, said last night that his union had not been officially notified of the lockout by the employers, but he thought this would come today. The lockout, he added, would not affect more than 400 men working on association jobs in the various cities.

"The decreasing cost of materials is playing its part," he said. "Cement has dropped 40 cents a barrel since October. Bricks are now $22 per 1,000 and will go down. Formerly 1,000 brick cost only $9.50. Employers can make money on their contracts by waiting, since all are protected by strike clauses."

Plans had been announced, he said, for more than 25,000,000 square feet of floor space in the vicinity of Fulton Street, and many more building projects would be undertaken in the uptown districts.

# GERMAN SHIPS DELAYED.

### Wage Question Holds Back Sailing of Food Fleet.

HAMBURG, Feb. 9.—The Frankfort Gazette announces that the German vessels which are to be turned over to the Entente to transport food will comprise nine steamers of the Hamburg-American Line and two ships each from the Oriental Lines, the Cosmos Line, the German-Australian Navigation Society, and the Hamburg and South American Line.

The newspaper adds that the sailings of the vessels have been delayed by the high wage demands of the seamen, but that this question will be settled at a new conference with the allied representatives at Spa.

### French Honor Salandra.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—Signor Salandra, former Italian Prime Minister, has been elected a foreign member of the French Academy of Moral and Political Sciences.

# FEEDS RUSSIAN PRISONERS.

### Red Cross to Care for Them at Request of General Pershing.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—At the request of General Pershing, the American Red Cross has appointed a commission to co-operate with the interallied commission for feeding and repatriating the Russian prisoners in Germany. It is estimated that there are 100,000 sick Russian prisoners in German hands.

There are more than 200 prison camps in Germany, which held at one time 1,100,000 Russian prisoners. The number is now believed to have been reduced by deaths and men released to 800,000, who receive barely 50 per cent. of the amount of nutriment necessary to keep an unemployed person in fairly good condition.

The American Red Cross Commission, headed by Major Carl Taylor, formerly Deputy Commissioner of the Red Cross in Italy, numbers thirty-five persons. It will maintain headquarters in Berlin.

# HOLD SIX AS "AUTO GANG"

### Queens Police Believe They Have All the Holdup Men in Jail.

The "green auto" gang, thought to be responsible for three trolley car holdups last week in Queens and the holdup of a saloon in Manhattan, has been broken up, say the police in Queens, who have in custody six men believed by them to compose the gang.

All six were arraigned in the Long Island City Court yesterday morning before Magistrate Conway on charges of burglary, and, after waiving examination, were held in $10,000 bail each for the Grand Jury.

The last two arrested were Alfred Freidlander, 21 years old, of 2,214 Pitkin Avenue, Brooklyn, and Charles Nowlak, 18 years old, of 732 Belmont Avenue, Brooklyn. Previously David Pinsky, 18, of 355 Schenk Avenue, Brooklyn; Tracy McDonough of 93 High Street, Brooklyn, said by the police to be the leader of the gang; Anthony Costa of 415 Liberty Avenue, Brooklyn, and Herman Rosenblum of 948 Blake Avenue, Brooklyn, said to have been the chauffeur of the "green auto," had been arrested.

The first two named are said to have been identified by Motorman Carl Klein, whose car was held up at Astoria and Junction Avenues. Costa, Freidlander, and Nowlak are said to have been identified by Olof Hendrickson of 222 Fisk Avenue, Maspeth, who was conductor of Klein's car.

Rosenblum has not been identified. The "green auto" is said by the police to be that of his father, who is in the auto livery business.

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Try 'em hot from the oven—Bobby
Something new for a cold morning!
Post Toasties
MADE OF CORN

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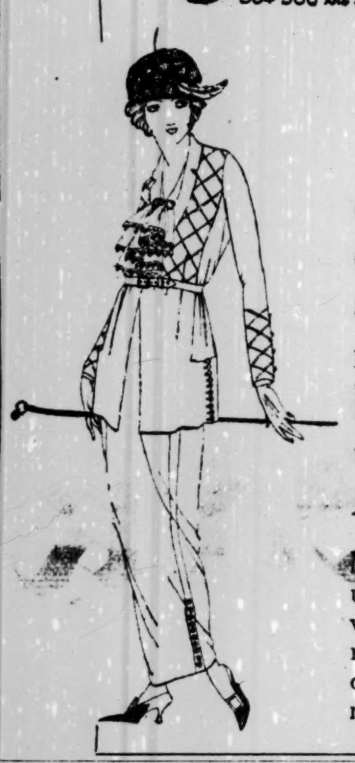
## J. M. Gidding & Co.

564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue—46th and 47th Sts



### The Gidding Tailormade

distinguished for its distinct note of chic and the exceptional merit of its tailoring, bespeaks every new thought in *Tailored Apparel for Spring.*

Many new models have been made up *for immediate selection*—developed in fashionable new materials and finished with that nicety of detail which is one of the fundamental requisites of our styles.

---

# McCutcheon's

## New Dress Cottons—Spring 1919

## English Prints

Within the past few days we have received from England another large shipment of these charming Cotton fabrics now so much in vogue.

The collection is now complete, comprising upwards of one hundred and fifty various color combinations, many of which are shown for the first time. It is the ideal fabric for Women's, Misses' and Children's apparel.

The distribution of "**English Prints**" (retail and wholesale) in the United States is controlled absolutely by James McCutcheon & Company.

### St. Gall Dotted Swisses

A very important shipment of these fashionable fabrics has also arrived, making our assortment complete in every detail. White grounds with dots of color, such as Pink, Light Blue, Copen, Green, Helio, Red, Navy, Mais, Black, and the much desired colored grounds with White or contrasting dots in unequalled assortments.

### Handkerchief Linens

Imported Handkerchief Linens in a fine sheer quality. May be had in every wanted plain shade, as well as a most comprehensive collection of stripes, checks and novel printed effects.

### Swiss Organdies

The leading fashion authorities predict an unusual demand for Dresses of fine "Organdy." We are amply supplied with these materials—our assortment contains all the fashionable shades in plain, corded checks, mirage dot, etc.; as well as the smart printed effects, most of which are exclusive with James McCutcheon & Company.

### Fine Ginghams

D. & J. Anderson's celebrated zephyr Ginghams in new assortments—McCutcheon Gingham (Imported) supplemented by practically the entire collection of two of the leading American Gingham manufacturers.

***NOTE: The above fabrics should prove highly interesting to manufacturers of high grade apparel for Women, Misses and Children. Inspection Invited.***

**James McCutcheon & Company**
Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33d Sts., N. Y.

*Reg. Trade Mark*

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*Broadway* **Saks & Company** *at 34th St.*

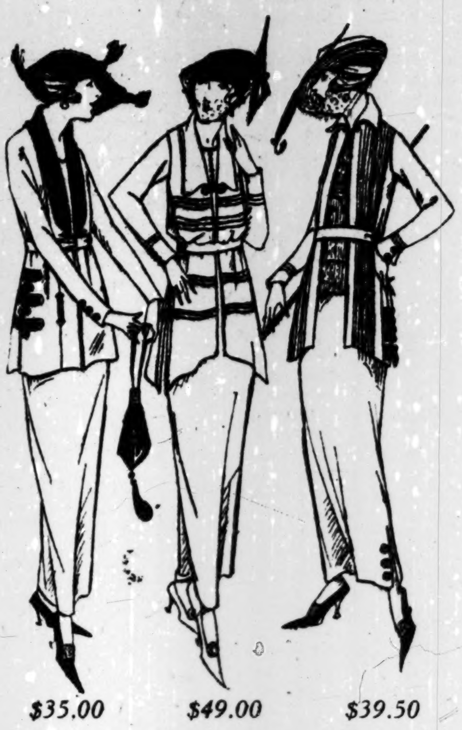
**"In the Heart of New York"—Direct by Subway, Tube and "L"**

## Women's Ultra-Smart Suits

*—the three most captivating styles created for Spring*

**In a special sale today**

## At $35, $39.50, $45



*$35.00* *$49.00* *$39.50*

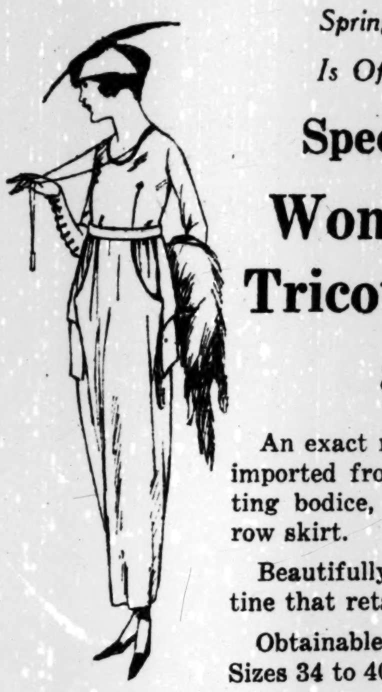
Paris has shown none more individual, nor more original in line. One is in Box effect, another in the very charming Blouse Model, and a third reflects the genius of Jenny in a stunning Belted effect. New features are the pretty vestees and mannish waistcoats, teeming with individuality.

**All wanted materials, all colors, and sizes 34 to 50½.**

*Fourth Floor*

*Spring's Newest Model Is Offered Today in a*

## Special Sale of Women's Wool Tricotine Frocks at $35



An exact reproduction of a recently imported frock, featuring a close fitting bodice, smart pockets, and narrow skirt.

Beautifully made of All Wool Tricotine that retails at $5.50 a yard.

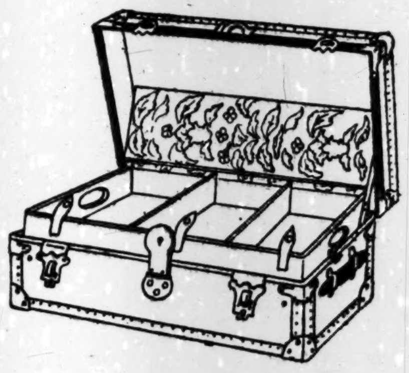
Obtainable in Navy Blue or Black. Sizes 34 to 40. *Illustrated.*

*For Social Affairs the*

## New Black Evening Gowns

have a charm and beauty of contour seldom attained. We have a splendid collection, with exquisite Sequin or Bead-Trimmed Waists, over Copenhagen or Henna linings. Sizes 36 to 42. Very reasonably priced.

## At $59.50 and $69.50



## Neverbreak Week-End Trunks

Quantity Limited to One Hundred!

## Special $11.95

The ideal short-trip trunk, and one that will withstand all the hard knocks of careless baggagemen. All Fibre covered and interlined. Fitted with covered top tray, reliable lock, and strong catches. *Illustrated.*

**None Sent C. O. D., Exchanged or on Approval.**

To Close Out Monday and Tuesday

## 285 Women's Smart Coats

Formerly $39.50 to $59.50

## Reduced to $27.50

Included are handsome fur-trimmed styles with large shawl or muffler collars of Nutria Opossum, Sealine, or Raccoon. Others are in strictly tailored effects for wear with separate furs.

**Developed in the Most Successful Materials for Immediate Wear**

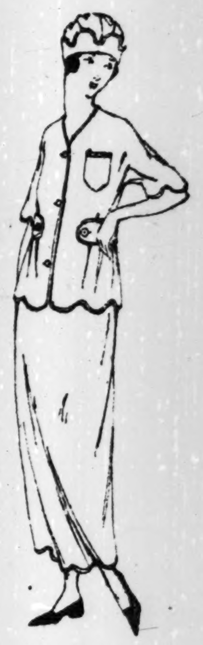
lined throughout with Peau de Cygne or Satin, and warmly interlined. Sizes from 34 to 50½, but not in each style.

*For Monday Only*

## Women's All Wool Plaid Skirts at $16.50

The very newest skirts for Spring, in charming Box and Side Plaited styles tailored in All Wool Plaids and Stripes of dependable wearing quality. For sports and general wear they are unequalled.

*On Sale Beginning This Morning*



## Bungalow Aprons

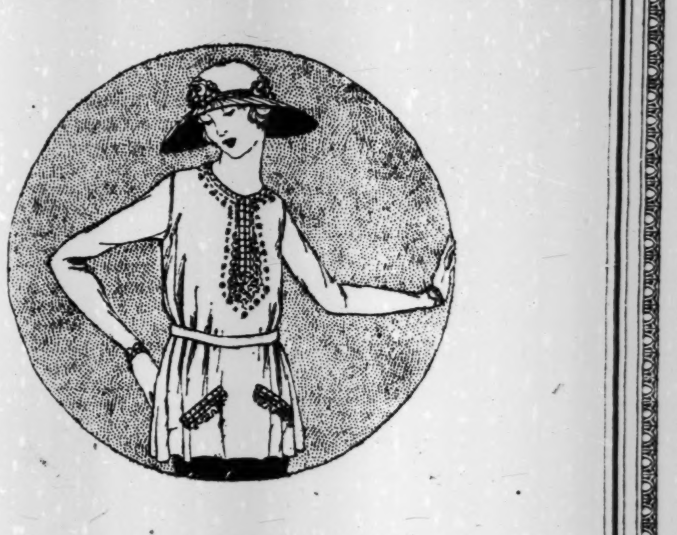
Reg. $1.75, $2, $2.50

## At $1.25, $1.65, $2

Smart new models in serviceable Percales and Ginghams, splendidly made, assuring lengthy service.

**Bungalow, House Dress, and Breakfast Set Styles with Cap to match.**

All sizes, but not in each style. This is an opportunity that comes but once in a great while, and should be taken advantage of immediately.



**Saks & Company**

*Direct Especial Attention to a Rare Ensemble of*

## *Paris-Inspired Blouses for Southern Wear*

*Assembled on the Third Floor*

New and very charming Blouses that take their inspiration from the exquisite creations of Jenny, Cheruit, Paquin, Georgette, Rodier, and Drecoll.

**Filmy Nets, Georgette Crepe and Rich Charmeuse Silks**

have been used to fashion them, beautifully trimmed with hand-made Filet and Venetian Laces, embroidery and colorful Beading. Prices are **the lowest**, for blouses of such rare beauty and absolute authenticity.

*$10 to $35*

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R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

## Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

*We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.*

**Store opens 9:00 A. M. and closes 5:30 P. M.**

## *Pekin—*

Not every one can, but much of the spirit of a million ancestors, the atmosphere of pagodas and temples seems embodied in these wonderful floor coverings from the and of Confucius.

### Chinese and Persian Rugs

### *Reduced 25%*

Although our collection of fine grade Oriental Rugs is among the finest in America, our prices never reach the extravagant amount asked by rug dealers and art galleries—so these decided reductions are from prices already low. Tags show plainly the amount of reduction.

***At Pekin, Tien Tsin*** and other centres of Chinese weaving industry, our representative has purchased wisely for us and thereby eliminated the middleman's profits.

Such colors, such designs rich in symbolism and the wonderful weaves, herein lies the charm of these Oriental Rugs which mature gracefully and are a glory to a future generation.

You will appreciate the savings represented when you realize that a collection of choice Oriental floor covering **formerly priced $105,512 has been reduced to $79,132**

### *Indo Chinese Rugs*

Radically Reduced—Made expressly for us in India, these rugs feature Chinese designs and color effects.

| Size | Price | Were |
|---|---|---|
| 6x9 ft. | **$63.00** | $84.50 |
| 8x10 ft. | **91.00** | 122.00 |
| 9x12 ft. | **123.00** | 164.00 |
| 10x14 ft. | **163.00** | 218.00 |
| 12x15 ft. | **218.00** | 294.00 |

### *O Allah!*

There's nothing like a genuine Oriental Rug to give warmth to a room, and I lit'rally die of enthusiasm when I see these reduced prices. Mrs. Heather refers to our

### *Persian Rugs Greatly Reduced*

50 Persian Rugs
**$37.50** were $52.50
Size 3.4x6.3

50 Shiraz Persian Rugs
**$73.75** were $98.50
Size 5.10x8.8

30 Shiraz Persian Rugs
**$93.00** were $124.00
Size 6.10x9.8

### *Far East Department*

Radiant Coverings for walls, pianos or couch throws. Magnificent brocaded Priest Robes and Obis.

Macy's—Fourth Floor, Centre

# WHOLE NATION PAYS TRIBUTE TO THE MEMORY OF THEODORE ROOSEVELT

## LODGE AND CONGRESS HONOR ROOSEVELT

### Senator Who Was His Intimate Friend Eulogizes ex-President at Memorial.

### HOUSE CHAMBER THRONGED

### Orator Visibly Affected as He Speaks Last Words of Tribute Notable for Eloquence.

*Special to The New York Times.*

**WASHINGTON**, Feb. 9.—In the chamber of the House of Representatives this afternoon impressive services were held in honor of the memory of Theodore Roosevelt, with Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, intimate friend of the late ex-President, delivering the eulogium.

The memorial was the occasion of a joint session of the Senate and House. There were present nearly 2,000 persons, including members of the Cabinet, the Diplomatic Corps, Justices of the Supreme Court, army and navy heads, and other dignitaries. The galleries were thronged.

Two members of the Roosevelt family were present, Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, a daughter, and Mrs. Douglas Robinson, a sister. Ex-President Taft also attended.

Senator Lodge's eulogy, which occupied an hour and fifty minutes in delivery, embraced a history of the late ex-President from his early life, through all his political activities and up to the time of his death. Mr. Lodge spoke in clear, even tones, standing before the Speaker's desk, at which sat Speaker Clark and Vice President Marshall.

As he spoke the last words of his address, which concerned the death sleep of Colonel Roosevelt, Senator Lodge's voice broke, and he had to steady himself as he sank into his chair. A deep hush fell upon the throng, broken when the Marine Band, from its sequestered place outside the Chamber, broke into the muffled strains of "The Star-Spangled Banner," and the audience arose almost immediately. Benediction was pronounced by the Rev. Mr. Prettyman, Chaplain of the Senate.

**Arrival of Dignitaries.**

The services began at 3 o'clock. For an hour before that the Marine Band had played appropriate music, while the galleries and the floor filled up. Members of the House occupied seats toward the rear of the Chamber.

Precisely at 3 o'clock the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House announced the arrival of the Vice President and members of the Senate. The Vice President took a seat next to Speaker Clark, while the Senators, of whom there were about seventy-five, occupied seats toward the front of the chamber.

"The Ambassadors, the Ministers, and the Chargés d'Affaires," announced the Sergeant at Arms. Down the middle aisle were escorted the representatives of foreign Governments, including the Ambassador of Spain, Señor Riano y Gayangos, in full-dress uniform; the Bolivian Minister, also in full uniform, and representatives of Great Britain, France, Italy, Japan, Russia, Mexico, Chile, Portugal, Norway, Sweden, Guatemala, Denmark, Siam, Venezuela, Bulgaria, Salvador, Ecuador, Colombia, Honduras, Panama, Rumania, Haiti, China, Montenegro, Cuba, Switzerland, Belgium, Paraguay, the Netherlands, and Persia.

After the diplomatic corps, "the ex-President of the United States" was announced, and Mr. Taft walked down the aisle. After him came Justices of the Supreme Court, including Chief Justice White and Justices Day, McKenna, McReynolds, and Brandeis. Members of the Cabinet came next, these being Secretaries Baker, Glass, Redfield, and Daniels. Mr. Polk represented the State Department and Mr. Dockery the Postmaster General's Department.

Among the heads of the army and navy present were General March, Chief of Staff; Surgeon General Blue, Admiral Sibert, and Admiral Fletcher. General McCauley, who was aid-de-camp to President Roosevelt at the White House, sat in the gallery.

The Marine Band played "How Firm a Foundation," Colonel Roosevelt's favorite hymn, after which Vice President Marshall announced the joint session open. The Rev. Mr. Coudon, blind Chaplain of the House, offered prayer.

Vice President Marshall, in announcing Senator Lodge as the speaker of the occasion, referred to him as "scholar, orator, and friend of the late lamented President."

Senator Lodge delivered his eulogy without anw attempt at oratorical effect. Only once or twice during his delivery was he interrupted by applause, and then it was restrained, in keeping with the occasion.

**Like a Fallen Tower.**

Senator Lodge opened his address with the quotation:

> A tower is fallen, a star is set! Alas! Alas! for Celin.

"The words of lamentation from the old Moorish ballad, which in boyhood we used to recite," he went on, "must, I think, have risen to many lips when the world was told that Theodore Roosevelt was dead. But whatever the phrase the thought was instant and everywhere.

"Variously expressed, you heard it in the crowds about the bulletin boards, from the man in the street and the man on the railroads, from the farmer in the fields, the women in the shops, in the factories, and in the homes. The pulpit found in his life a text for sermons. The Judge on the bench, the child at school, alike paused for a moment, conscious of a loss. The cry of sorrow came from men and women of all conditions, high and low, rich and poor, from the learned and the ignorant, from the multitude who had loved and followed him, and from those who had opposed and resisted him. The newspapers pushed aside the absorbing reports of the events of these fateful days and gave pages to the man who had died.

"Flashed beneath the ocean and through the air went the announcement of Theodore Roosevelt's death, and back came a world-wide response from courts and cabinets, from press and people, in other and far distant lands. Through it all ran a golden thread of personal feeling which gleams so rarely in the sombre formalism of public grief. It would seem that here was a man, a private citizen, conspicuous by no office, with no glitter of power about him, no ability to reward or punish, gone from earthly life, who must have been unusual even among the leaders of men, and who thus demands our serious consideration.

"We cannot approach Theodore Roosevelt along the beaten paths of eulogy or satisfy ourselves with the empty civilities of commonplace funereal tributes," said Senator Lodge, "for he did not make his life journey over main-traveled roads, nor was he ever commonplace. Cold and pompous formalities would be unsuited to him who was devoid of affectation, who was never self-conscious, and to whom posturing to draw the public gaze seemed not only repellent but vulgar. In his spirit of devotion to truth's simplicity, I shall try to speak of him today."

Referring to Roosevelt's inheritance of comparative wealth, Senator Lodge said:

"He lacked the spur of necessity to prick the sides of his intent. * * * Theodore Roosevelt put behind him temptation to a life of sports and pleasure, to lettered ease, to an amateur's career in one of the fine arts, perhaps to a money-making business. How he refused to tread the pleasant paths that opened to him on all sides and took the instant way which led over the rough road of toil and action, his life discloses."

**Outlines His Life.**

Mr. Lodge outlined the life of the man who came to play such a big part in the nation's life. With delicate health and nearsightedness in childhood, he became by sheer hard work an athlete and a rifle shot. This was typical,' said Mr. Lodge. He spoke of how Roosevelt persisted in the unusual; how he made himself a national figure in one year at the age of 24 while serving in the New York State Legislature; how he fought and won for civil service reform when civil service was scoffed at by influential leaders, and of how he applied himself strenuously to the task of expelling favoritism and politics from the New York Police Force, through which "a purely local office became national in his hands, and his picture appeared in the shops of European cities."

As Assistant Secretary of the Navy, when he ordered Dewey to prepare for Manila Bay before war came, as Colonel of the Rough Riders regiment at San Juan, as Governor of New York, as Vice President Mr. Roosevelt's career was traced. After reviewing the Roosevelt Administration, touching upon many of the most important features, including Roosevelt's part in world politics which won the Nobel Peace Prize for the man "dreaded at the beginning on account of his combative spirit," and his fight for a larger Government control of railroads and against the political influence of combinations of capital, Senator Lodge added:

"In the Panama Canal he left the most enduring, as it was the most visible, monument of his administration. Much criticised at the moment for his action in regard to it, which time since then has justified and which history will praise, the great fact remains that the canal is there. He said himself that he made up his mind that it was his duty to establish the canal and have the debate about it afterward, which seemed to him better than to begin with indefinite debate and have no canal at all. This is a view which posterity both at home and abroad will accept and approve."

Referring to Roosevelt's fight for preparedness before the United States entered the world war, Senator Lodge said:

"He would have had us protest and take action at the very beginning in 1914, when Belgium was invaded. He would have had us go to war when the murders of the Lusitania were perpetrated. He tried to stir the soul and rouse the spirit of the American people, and despite every obstacle he did awaken them so that when the hour came, in April, 1917, a large proportion of the American people were even then ready in spirit and in hope.

"How telling his work has been was proved by the confession of his country's enemies, for when he died the only discordant note, the only harsh words, came from the German press. Germany knew whose voice it was that had more powerfully than any other called Americans to the battle in behalf of freedom and civilization."

**Denied Most Prized Reward.**

Because he was not permitted to go to Europe at the head of a body of soldiers, said Mr. Lodge, Roosevelt "was denied the reward which he would have ranked above all others, 'the great prize of death in battle.'"

"He lived to see right prevail," continued the Senator. "He lived to see civilization triumph over organized barbarism, and there was great joy in his heart. In all his last days the thoughts which filled his mind were to secure a peace which should render Germany forever harmless, and advance the cause of ordered freedom in every land and among every race. This occupied him to the exclusion of everything else except what he called and what we like to call Americanism. There was no hour down to the end when he would not turn aside from everything else to preach the doctrine of Americanism, of the principles and the faith upon which American Government rested, and which all true Americans should wear in their heart of hearts.

"He was a great patriot, a great man; above all, a great American. His country was the ruling, mastering passion of his life, from the beginning even unto the end.

"What a man was is ever more important than what he did. Theodore Roosevelt always believed that character was of greater worth and moment than anything else. He possessed abilities of the first order, which he was disposed to underrate because he set so much greater store upon the moral qualities which we bring together under the single word 'character.'"

Appraising Theodore Roosevelt's abilities, Mr. Lodge said in part:

"He had a powerful, well-trained, ever active mind. He thought clearly, independently, and with originality and imagination. These great gifts were sustained by an extraordinary power of acquisition, joined to a greater quickness of apprehension, a greater swiftness in seizing upon the essence of a question, than I have ever happened to see in any other man. He had a capacity for concentration which enabled him to read with remarkable rapidity anything which he took up.

"He knew and held details always at his command, but he was never mastered by them. He never failed to see the forest on account of the trees or the city on account of the houses. In speaking as in writing, he was always full of force and vigor. He had a large capacity for administration, clearness of vision, promptness in decision, and a thorough apprehension of what constituted efficient organization.

"The first requisite of leadership is to lead, and that ability Theodore Roosevelt possessed in full measure. His instinct was always to say 'Come,' rather than 'Go,' and he had the talent of command. He also had the rare gift of arresting attention sharply and suddenly, a very precious attribute.

"Roosevelt was always advancing, always struggling to make things better, to carry some much-needed reform, and help humanity to a large chance, to a fairer condition, to a happier life. Moreover, he looked always for an ethical question. He was at his best when he was fighting the battle of right against wrong.

**A Mistaken Impression.**

"The criticism most commonly made upon Theodore Roosevelt was that he was impulsive and impetuous, that he acted without thinking. He would have been the last to claim infallibility. His head did not turn when fame came to him and choruses of admiration sounded in his ears, for he was neither vain nor credulous. He knew that he made mistakes, and never hesitated to admit them to be mistakes, and to correct them or put them behind him when satisfied they were such. But he never wasted time in mourning, explaining, or vainly regretting them. It is also true that the middle way did not attract him. He was apt to go far both in praise and censure, although nobody could analyze qualities and balance them justly in judging men better than he. He spoke out with the most unrestrained frankness at all times and in all companies.

"When he had reached his conclusion he acted quickly and drove hard at his object, and this it was, probably, which gave an impression that he acted sometimes hastily and thoughtlessly, which was a complete misapprehension of the man. His action was emphatic, but emphasis implies reflection, not thoughtlessness.

"He had no hostility to a man because he had succeeded in business or because he had accumulated a fortune. He had but one standard, one test and that was whether a man, rich or poor, was an honest man, a good citizen, and a good American.

"Theodore Roosevelt had the largest personal following ever attained by any man in our history. By personal following is meant here that which supports and sustains and goes with a man simply because he is himself, a following which does not care whether their leader and chief is in office or out of office, which is with him and behind him, because they, one and all, believe in him and love him and are ready to stand by him for the sole and simple reason that they have perfect faith that he will lead them where they wish and where they ought to go."

Roosevelt's courage and sense of humor drew many to him, Senator Lodge observed.

"No man ever had a more abundant sense of humor—joyous, irrepressible humor—and it never deserted him," said the Senator. "Even at the most serious and even perilous moments, if there was a gleam of humor anywhere, he saw it and rejoiced and helped himself with it over the rough places. He loved fun, loved to joke and chaff, and, what is more uncommon, greatly enjoyed being chaffed himself. Even more generally effective than his humor was the universal knowledge that Roosevelt had no secrets from the American people."

Another quality, "homely, generous humanity," was emphasized by Senator Lodge.

"He never by any chance bored the American people," he said. "They might laugh at him or laugh with him, they might like what he said, they might agree with him or disagree with him, but they were never wearied of him, and he never failed to interest them. He was never heavy, laborious, or dull.

"No man ever prized sentiment or hated sentimentality more than he. He preached unceasingly the familiar morals which lie at the bottom of both family and public life.

"Theodore Roosevelt's ideal of public service was to be found in his life, and as his life drew to its close he had to meet his ideal of sacrifice face to face. All his sons went from him to the war and one was killed upon the field of honor.

"This is not the place to speak of his private life, but within that sacred circle no man was ever more fortunate in the utter devotion of a noble wife and the passionate love of his children. The absolute purity and beauty of his family life tell us why the pride and interest which his fellow-countrymen felt in him were always touched with the warm light of love. In the home, so dear to him, in his sleep, death came, and—

"'So Valiant-for-Truth passed over, and all the trumpets sounded for him on the other side.'"

## WILSON ATTENDS ROOSEVELT SERVICE

### Hears Sermon by the Rev. C. W. Goodrich—Memorial Also Held in Another American Church.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—President Wilson and Secretary of State Lansing attended a memorial service in honor of Theodore Roosevelt at the American Church in the Rue de Berri this forenoon. The memorial sermon was preached by the Rev. Chauncey W. Goodrich.

Henry D. White of the American Peace Commission and Arthur J. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary, attended a similar memorial service at the American Church of the Holy Trinity this afternoon. At this service Bishop Perry of Rhode Island preached the sermon.

## POINDEXTER ON ROOSEVELT.

### Senator Speaks at Washington Memorial—Services in Other Cities.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Besides the service at the Capitol, memorial exercises for Theodore Roosevelt were held today at the Pan American Union Building and at a theatre. Several hundred wounded soldiers from the Walter Reed Hospital heard John Barrett, Director General of the Pan American Union, extol the life and virtues of the former President, while Senator Poindexter of Washington delivered the oration at the theatre.

"The great keynote of Theodore Roosevelt's life and success was service," said Senator Poindexter. "He found rest and recreation by passing from one form of exertion to another. No man ever made a fuller use of the mental and physical powers with which he was endowed than Roosevelt. He put his talents to work, and the result was a great harvest of benefits for his time and generation and for those to come."

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 9.—Philadelphia today joined the nation in paying tribute to the memory of Theodore Roosevelt. Special memorial services were held in many churches and at a number of public meetings. The Governor of Pennsylvania and other prominent men eulogized the ex-President in addresses at a big mass meeting in the Metropolitan Opera House. In addition to Governor Sproul, the speakers included James M. Beck, Gifford Pinchot, and George Wharton Pepper.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 9.—The memory of Theodore Roosevelt was honored by thousands of Clevelanders at memorial services held this afternoon and evening. Several thousand people were unable to gain admittance to the afternoon services, at which John McCormack opened the program by singing "The Star-Spangled Banner," and Harry Lauder delivered a eulogy of Roosevelt.

## WOOD EULOGIZES ROOSEVELT.

### Most Dominant Figure in America Since Lincoln, Says General.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 11.—"He did more than any other President to make the world realize what the United States stands for and what a republican form of government means," declared Major Gen. Leonard Wood, in an address at the memorial services in honor of Theodore Roosevelt today. General Wood declared that Roosevelt's "broad vision, wide knowledge of world affairs and sound judgment were never more needed than today."

"It was impossible for him to be neutral in the face of wrong," he said. "He believed in a free press and free speech and understood that a democracy resenting criticism, smothering the press and hampering publicity, is a democracy in danger, if not a democracy dying.

"Along the fighting line in France and Flanders there were more inquiries concerning Colonel Roosevelt's opinion, his views, his probable line of action, than concerning all other Americans combined."

General Wood declared that Roosevelt realized that Leagues of Nations could only be enduring when based on community of interest and of areas, "and above all community of morals and ideals." He never believed or for a moment tolerated the idea that we should enter into any league which would deprive us of the right of free action within our own sphere of influence, or put us in a position of unpreparedness to do what we believed to be right, or in a condition which would render us unable to defend our own interests in case of need."

"He believed in avoiding entangling alliances," said the orator, "but realized that America must play her part when civilization and the rights of mankind were in danger. In Theodore Roosevelt's opinion, no man who refuses service to the limit of his ability, whether in war or peace, is fit to be a citizen.

"Theodore Roosevelt was the most inspiring and hence the most dominant figure in American life since Abraham Lincoln. We must pick up the torch where he dropped it and carry it on. This is vital to our country and to mankind."

"He detested sham and want of candor," General Wood declared in describing Colonel Roosevelt. "He had little patience with those adroit in the use of words and skilled in the building of phrases, but lacking the concrete courage to meet issues when national honor and civilization demanded action. He had the faculty of drawing a line between wisdom and folly."

Fifteen thousand persons joining in the melody of the national anthem opened the services, which were held in Memorial Hall. A great crowd was unable to gain admittance.

BOSTON, Feb. 9.—Representatives of many nationalities attended a meeting at the Church of All Nations tonight in memory of Theodore Roosevelt. City officials conducted a Roosevelt memorial service this afternoon, at which Professor Albert Bushnell Hart of Harvard spoke.

## NATION HONORS COL. ROOSEVELT

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

and patriotism, and by his pitiless invective he literally compelled action.

"Back of all that was done was the pressure of the demand of Roosevelt. 'For eighteen months,' said he in the early part of 1916, 'with this world-cyclone before our eyes, we as a nation have sat supine, without preparing in any shape or way. It is an actual fact that there has not been one soldier, one rifle, one gun, one boat, added to the American Army or Navy so far, because of anything that has occurred in this war, and not the slightest step has yet been taken looking to the necessary preparedness. Such national short-sightedness, such national folly, is almost inconceivable.'

"He denounced the proposed program as a make-believe program, as one entirely inadequate to our needs. 'It is,' he said, 'a proposal not to do something effective immediately, but to do something entirely ineffective immediately and to trust that our lack will be made good in succeeding years.'

"He also demanded spiritual preparedness in a deepening sense of unity. He preached the gospel of undiluted and unhyphenated Americanism. 'The foreign-born population of this country,' he said, 'must be an Americanized population. No other kind can fight the battles of America either in war or peace. It must talk the language of its native-born fellow citizens, it must possess American citizenship and American ideals.' 'There is no such thing as a hyphenated American who is a good American. The only man who is a good American is the man who is an American and nothing else.' 'I,' he said, 'I am straight United States.'

"And when finally we could stand no longer the brutal assaults of Germany and declared that a state of war existed, he felt that his place was in that holiest of wars and he was ready to die fighting for his country. When he asked to be allowed to raise an army division to go to France, he had no thought of a return in glory.

"I well remember the night, shortly after the declaration of war, when at the close of a meeting at the Union League Club, he talked to a little company of his heart's wish. 'I shall not return,' he said, 'my sons may not return, my grandchildren may be left alone'—and no one could doubt that he meant what he said. But the greatest desire of his life was denied him. We can but faintly imagine the measure of his disappointment, but we may conjecture that it had no small share in hastening the final break-down. His country at war, and Roosevelt at home! That was the cruelest blow that fate could deal him.

**Fought with Pen and Voice.**

"But if he could not fight for liberty and humanity on the western front, he could fight with pen and voice at home. There was not a moment lost. With increasing vigor he demanded adequate forces, adequate equipment, speed, and efficiency. His lash knew no mercy, but it was a necessary lash. As it was, we were just in time. How late we should have been had it not been for Roosevelt, God only knows! But who can doubt the value of the service of that insistent demand in making it possible that we should arrive at the front, in force, in time to make the last great German drive a failure? He quickened the national consciousness; he developed the sense of unity, and when the country awoke he was the natural leader of an aroused America. His priceless service at home made all the world his debtor.

"If America by its aid at the critical moment made victory possible, it was the spur of Roosevelt that assured that aid, and while we acclaim the splendid service of officers and men, the pride of our army and navy, and of the host of willing workers, and are gratified at the vast achievements of the nation, let it not be forgotten that yonder in his last resting place in Oyster Bay lies our greatest hero of the war. He incarnated the spirit of America, and when he passed away, and controversy was no more and enemies were silenced, the country with one voice paid its tribute to the patriot who, without office or commission, had supplied the leadership which had not faltered or erred, and had fought to maintain the nation's honor.

**Lauds His Home Life.**

"It is with pleasure that we remember the family life of this stout-hearted American. Worthy in public life, he dignified the American home. He spoke of his father as the best man he had ever known; and the spirit of his father's house blessed his own. An ideal husband and father, his home was the beautiful abode of all that was worthy and true. He transmitted his own courage to his four sons, and all of his sons won distinction at the front. The last sacrifice for his country which his father longed to make in the battle for liberty his son Quentin did make, and in his heroic death achieved an imperishable honor of his own.

"It is small wonder that such a career as that of Theodore Roosevelt has a lasting fascination for young men. There was nothing sordid or commonplace or unclean to mar it. His courage, steadfastness, and faith, his deeds of daring, his physical prowess, his resourcefulness, his exploits as a hunter and explorer, his intellectual keenness, his personal charm, and his dominating patriotic motive make their irresistible appeal, and perhaps in the shaping of the ideals of the American youth for generations to come his most important service is yet to be rendered.

"He left us when we could ill afford to spare him. Against all that tended to destroy our Government, against all that is sinister and corrupt, against tyranny of every sort, against the exploitation of the weak and all injustice, against class hatred and class pride, against the enfeebling influence of pacifism, against the impractical schemes of visionaries, against every tendency to anarchy and Bolshevism, Theodore Roosevelt would have led the fight with his invincible common sense and his sound Americanism."

**General Wood's Tribute.**

A glowing tribute to Colonel Roosevelt by his closest personal friend, Major Gen. Leonard Wood, which was written by him in Kansas City, was read yesterday in various parts of the country. It was as follows:

"In Theodore Roosevelt's opinion, no man who refuses service to the limit of his ability, whether in war or peace, is fit to be a citizen. Knowing our men will always go to war for what they believe to be right, and that when they refuse we shall cease to be a nation, and realizing that our women will send them, and despise them if they do not go, and that the better trained they are the fewer will die, he advocated universal training for national service, training on rational lines such as the Swiss or Australian. He realized that it was a false humanity, indeed it was brutal inhumanity, not to give the men who are to fight our battles a sporting chance.

"He saw the hideous unpreparedness of this country as the war crept upon us and strove to correct it by voice and pen, for he knew that not to prepare meant thousands of unnecessary dead. Having been in war, he realized how great the losses must be where the men, and especially the officers, are unprepared and where there is any shortage in the machines and weapons with which man fights on the ground, in the air, on the sea, or beneath its surface.

"'Speak softly but carry a big stick' with him meant to be just and fair, but be ready to meet the forces of wrong with the disciplined strength of right. He had little patience with those adroit in the use of words and skilled in the building of phrases but lacking the concrete courage to meet issues when national honor, the lives of our people, and the best interests of humanity and civilization demanded action.

"It was impossible for him to be neutral in the face of wrong. He believed in a free press, free speech, and pitiless publicity, and understood that a democracy resenting criticism, smothering the press and hampering publicity is a democracy in danger if not a democracy dying.

"He dreamed dreams and saw visions, he had strong likes and strong dislikes, he worked hard, played hard, put his soul into whatever he was doing.

"A voyage of discovery in the Brazilian jungle, a hunt in Africa, were rest periods. An omnivorous reader, he was never without his favorite authors even in the jungle or on the hunt. He loved a bout with the broadswords, a hard run, a climb over rough and dangerous places, or a good horse across country, stalking big game, all the sports of a healthy, strong-hearted man. He loved the wild places of the world, the birds, the animals, and understood them as few do. He saw the Creator in nature.

**His Love of Children.**

"He loved children, loved to be with them, adored to have them with him on walks, trying always to make them love the open and understand the things they saw. He saw and appreciated the efforts of those about him, and had a word of kindly cheer and encouragement for all who tried. He believed in the dignity of labor, and that the dignity came not so much from the character of the work as from the way in which it was done.

"A brave soldier, he was often almost reckless of his own safety, but most careful of his men. Always subordinate and loyal, yet he understood the distinction between subordination and servility. His men loved him and he could instill the best of all discipline, that which is founded on respect and confidence. When the situation required, he stood ready for the extreme sacrifice. On these occasions his words were come on, not go.

"A many-sided man, but four-square to all the world; Christian gentleman, author, student, lover of nature, wise statesman, soldier, builder of standards, writer of history, scholar, man with a clean soul and dauntless spirit, whose watchword was Duty, and whose life was one of service for God, for country, and the right. Such was Theodore Roosevelt. He was the most inspiring and hence the most dominant figure in American life since Abraham Lincoln.

"With him no man could be part American and something else. He must be all American. Along the fighting line in France and Flanders there were more inquiries concerning his opinion, his views, his probable line of action than concerning all other Americans combined. They saw in him an intense American, but also a citizen of the world, one who loved justice, whose sympathies were not limited by nationality or creed.

"He realized that Leagues of Nations can only be enduring when they are based upon community of interest and of areas, and, above all, community of morals and ideals, but he never believed, nor for a moment tolerated the idea that we should enter into any league which would deprive us of the right of free action within our own sphere of influence, or put us in a position of unpreparedness to do what we believed to be right, or in a condition which would render us unable to defend our own interests in case of need.

"To him the ideal was the married life. He was devoted to home and family. He had profound respect for women and never spoke disparagingly of them. He abhorred the vulgar and coarse of speech, the loose liver and the immoral. His life was a clean, normal, wholesome life. His broad vision, wide knowledge of world affairs, and sound judgment were never more needed than today. He was a citizen of the world in his breadth and sympathy and understanding. The upright, fair-dealing, justice-loving nations have lost a friend; the predatory and faithless an unyielding foe, for Theodore Roosevelt loved truth and fair dealing, and believed that a moral and straightforward life should characterize nations as well as individuals."

**Tells of Roosevelt's Influence.**

The Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, who preached yesterday at the Church of St. Thomas, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-third Street, said:

"Theodore Roosevelt in his lifetime influenced more people for good than any other man who has lived, explain it as you may. No other statesman has so appealed to the imagination of the world. He made the fight for righteousness not merely glorious, but interesting and joyous. He was always a marvelous combination of boy and soldier and sage, with a boy's clean heart and love of life, the soldier's courage and loyalty, and the sage's knowledge of the past, vision of the future, and wise decision in the present.

"No other man filled so many places or filled them so well, from historian to explorer, from Police Commissioner to President. He died at one of the most interesting periods of history, but with him something of our keen zest in life seems also to have gone. It is a serious problem with many millions of Americans as to how they are to fight in the absence of their most valued and trusted leader.

"Today we thank God for Theodore Roosevelt. Today we pray God for leaders with vision and courage. Today we consecrate ourselves anew for the defense and growth of that dear America, which Roosevelt loved and served."

The Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, who preached yesterday at Trinity Church on Colonel Roosevelt, whose intimate friend he was, said that the ideals of Colonel Roosevelt were needed in the fight against Bolshevism.

"He was the first President," said Dr. Manning, "to recognize the responsibility of the Government in regard to social conditions. He entered the White House at a time when things almost impossible and certain to arouse bitter misunderstandings and opposition needed to be done, and in great measure he succeeded in accomplishing them.

"He stirred the conscience of the country and gave our business and industrial life a new standard. There was in him no unworthy pandering to a particular class of men. He was as fearless in his dealings with labor as with capital. He had no ignorant antagonism to big business as such, but he was as intolerant of wrongdoing by big busniess as he was of the crimes plotted or committed by the I. W. W. or other anarchistic organizations.

Long and brilliant as was his career in public office, it was his distinction to wield his greatest influence, and render his noblest service, as a private citizen, and in the last years of his life.

**Roused the Nation's Soul.**

"The name of Theodore Roosevelt will stand forever associated with the entrance of America into the great war for freedom and humanity. It was his voice far more than any other which roused the soul of our country and brought us to ourselves. It was his fearless witness which compelled our people to see the truth and to meet their responsibility. Again and again it was his clear call which forced our country to action already far too long delayed. It was he who led in the demand that there should be no terms with Germany but unconditional surrender. The part which Theodore Roosevelt played in the world war will be given great place by the historians.

"And when the fighting was ended it was his voice which was again lifted up for a just and righteous settlement, and against a soft and immoral peace.

"It is a day when many, both men and women, are guided by emotion rather than by well-thought-out principle and clear judgment. Let us stand against that pacifist spirit which seems to see little difference between right and wrong, between truth and falsehood, between loyalty and disloyalty. Let us stand for the ideal of American freedom and against those anarchistic influences and movements which would destroy it.

"Let us stand for a Government owned and controlled and run by the people, and not for a people owned body and soul and run by the Government. Let us stand for the Constitution of the United States, and against all, no matter how good their intentions, who are using their influence to impair it or to create distrust in it or to overthrow it. So shall we best do our part as Americans. And so shall we best honor the name and memory of Theodore Roosevelt."

The Rev. Dr. Wilton Merle-Smith, pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church at Madison Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street, in his sermon yesterday morning referred to the fact that in the present month occur the anniversaries of the birth of two of America's immortals—Washington and Lincoln.

"One other name only I think will be added by the common voice of our land," he said, "Theodore Roosevelt is among the immortals for whom this nation is profoundly grateful to God."

**Ex-Senator Depew's Estimate.**

Ex-Senator Chauncey M. Depew, who spoke yesterday at the Twenty-third Street Y. M. C. A. at one of the memorial services of the War Camp Community Service, said:

"Roosevelt first among our public men saw what must be our position in this world war. He found the great mass of his countrymen satisfied with their isolation and pacifists in sentiments, but in season and out of season, he preached preparedness and the peril to us at home and to our institutions of the triumph of autocracy upon the field of battle in Europe. It was the wonderful effect of his stirring appeals which made it possible for the President to secure universal assent for the declaration of war."

Father J. J. Curran of Wilkes-Barre, whose help in the settlement of the anthracite strike in 1902 made him one of Colonel Roosevelt's closest friends, sketched the life of the former President in an address at the Riverside Theatre where exercises were held ending with the sounding of taps. Father Curran said that the work of Roosevelt as Secretary of the Navy had laid the foundation of our modern navy, that he was the first and wisest in his plan of curbing trusts and regulating railroads, the pioneer in restoring cleanness and wholesomeness to American politics and the leader of America in the right in international affairs.

"He was the man of the hour," said the priest, "the man of the nation, and the man of the world."

Dr. Henry B. Washburn, who delivered the eulogy at the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, said:

"Mr. Roosevelt staked his all for the honor of America. For his country he kept his body strong, his mind clear, and his purpose clear. He led men into battle in the interest of a righteous cause. He gave his own flesh and blood that the nation might maintain its righteous position.

"We know that in the days at hand the country will miss this far-seeing, well-reasoning spokesman. We are not concerned with the rightness or the wrongness of his conclusions, but we are concerned in the principles that underlay them."

In concluding his eulogy of Colonel Roosevelt, the Rev. Dr. Malcolm James MacLeod, who preached at the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas, said:

"I look upon Theodore Roosevelt as a great Christian and a great prophet of the Lord."

The Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst, who preached in the First Reformed Church at Passaic, N. J., emphasized the feeling that a great source of interest in life had disappeared with the death of Colonel Roosevelt, and he added:

"How many people have said to me, 'We don't know how we will get along without Teddy!'"

Senator Albert J. Beveridge of Indiana, who spoke last night at the memorial services at the Academy of Music in Brooklyn, said:

"The international work of Theodore Roosevelt freshest in our minds is, of course, the herculean work he did to throw the resistless power of the American republic into the recent combat of nations. In doing this he was again typical of the American people. He did not at once take sides in that gigantic struggle. Months went by before the full meaning of it seemingly became clear to him.

"But when he felt that he understood the real issue Theodore Roosevelt devoted the last years of his life to the task of making his countrymen see that issue. He succeeded, but only after such intense, sustained, and long-continued effort as few men ever have put forth. All the strivings of this tempestuous life put together did not equal the energy and emotion of his three years.

"More than any one man, more than any one hundred men, more than any one thousand men, Theodore Roosevelt was effective in making America the decisive factor of what he profoundly and passionately believed to be a moral test of strength between liberty and despotism. If, as all nations admit, America turned the tide, then to Theodore Roosevelt, more than to any one single human being, is due the victory of freedom.

"If asked for one word to describe Theodore Roosevelt as I knew him, I should say that the word 'greatheartedness' best expresses the man. Had he lived in the age of chivalry he would have been called 'Great Heart.'"

**Tells of Roosevelt's Wide Appeal.**

Members of the four Protestant churches in Flatbush and representatives of civic societies in that part of Brooklyn crowded the Flatbush Congregational Church last night to hear ex-Senator Theodore E. Burton of Ohio talk intimately of Theodore Roosevelt out of the store of knowledge the speaker had gathered during many years of personal and political association.

Mr. Burton said that though the Colonel's exuberant physical energy was his most dominant characteristic, and his mental qualities were, perhaps, surpassed by those of some other great statesmen, yet mentally his life should prove an encouragement to any young man, for there never was a height too steep for him to climb.

"At times in steering the ship," he went on, "he steered perilously near the shoals. He was aggressive, never afraid of an open fight, never afraid of a losing one. Yet though from being a weakling in childhood he had come to excel in athletics, he was always tender and considerate toward physical weakness. Only history will tell what were his greatest achievements as President—to me they seem to have been his work in conserving the nation's natural resources, in upbuilding the consular service, and improving its personnel, and the passage of the pure food law.

"Never was there a man who so appealed to all classes of all peoples. His books were read universally, and because he could write of the smaller things, because he could take joy in the smaller and the more active pastimes, he appealed particularly to children. Many persons thought he was obstinate, yet I never knew a man who could so quickly change his mind when shown he was wrong by a man he knew to be truthful and honest. I well remember once I went to him in 1906 to ask him to veto an Alabama water grab bill. He asked me for a memorandum of my objections to it. An hour after I sent the bill and the memorandum to the White House, he returned them with a veto which showed that not only had he grasped my ideas, but he had mastered all the details of the thing himself and had added much to what I had written.

"Like Abraham Lincoln and William McKinley, he was a man who listened to public opinion. He ever believed in law and order and opposed bitterly all forms of mob rule up to the Bolshevik movement of the present day.

"He was an omniverous reader and he mastered what he had to read. I think it was this taste for reading that led him to travel so widely, or else the two went hand in hand. The wanderlust stirred him and drove him even into the wilds of Brazil, and after he returned from that perilous journey he was never the same."

## EXERCISES BY LEGISLATURE.

### Chancellor Day Attacks Wilson at Memorial to Roosevelt.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 9.—Memorial services for Theodore Roosevelt were held by the Legislature tonight in the Assembly Chamber, where Roosevelt began his public career. One of the speakers was James R. Day, chancellor of Syracuse University, who, declaring that the United States has no right to inject itself into the world peace deliberations until peace has been actually accomplished and then only through Congress, said he longed for the return of Roosevelt in the spirit "to be impersonated in some other brave man" who will challenge the right of anybody to depart from the traditions and laws of the country.

He expressed the wish that Roosevelt was alive and taking part in the peace discussions in France, adding:

"I have a notion that we have no business whatever with a lot of the things we are trying to do over there—the running of new boundaries for new States, to determine the relationship of Poland and Jugoslovakia, and Italy and the Jugoslavs and the different republics of Germany and Austria, and the indemnity which shall be paid over to France and Belgium and England and Italy. Let those nations that are related settle their own business; after our boys had done their magnificent fighting there was just one thing for us to do and that was to fold up tents and come home again.

"And then, after peace was settled, the United States in its Congress could adjust itself and enter upon the discussion rationally, coolly, and deliberately with regard to the League of Nations and the right of the seas and anything left of the fourteen beatitudes.

"Has anybody sent any terms of peace to Paris? They have been taken over arbitrarily and presented upon a surmise that we would be pleased when we got them back. We are not accustomed to the government of this country by one man. In the name of high heaven, where are we going to? Where did we come from? What is becoming of the Government of the United States? Been put in a bag and sent out to sea!"

Chancellor Day declared that Roosevelt had been relegated to a position of inactivity and "left to write editorials in a Western paper."

"What was the motive which prompted it?" he asked. "Some day it will be brought out, and the shame of it will be burned visibly into the history of this great nation."

Joseph A. Lawson of Albany, who was a classmate of Roosevelt in Columbia University, was the other speaker. He related many intimate stories of the late ex-President.

"He and the German Emperor sat side by side on magnificent steeds at a review," he said, and then after a pause significantly added: "But Emperor William will never see Theodore Roosevelt again."

Assemblyman Louis M. Martin, who was a member of the House when Roosevelt was Governor, presided. Governor Smith, Mrs. Smith, and legislators were in the large assemblage.

## CHICAGO HONORS ROOSEVELT.

### Lowden, Allen, Dunne, and Jane Addams Among the Speakers.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—Chicago paid tribute to the memory of Theodore Roosevelt today at a big mass meeting in the Auditorium. Raymond Robins presided. The speakers included Governor Frank O. Lowden of Illinois, who spoke of "Roosevelt, the Man"; Governor Henry J. Allen of Kansas, who eulogized Roosevelt's record as a statesman; ex-Governor Edward F. Dunne of Illinois, who discussed "Roosevelt, the Leader," and Miss Jane Addams of Chicago, who spoke of "Roosevelt, the Reformer."

Resolutions expressing sorrow at the death of Roosevelt were offered by Edgar A. Bancroft and adopted by a rising vote. The audience sang "America" and the hymn "How Firm the Foundation." Major Father E. J. Vattman delivered the invocation and Bishop Charles P. Anderson pronounced the benediction.

"There are those," said Governor Lowden, "who would compare Theodore Roosevelt with Lincoln, Jackson, or some other. This, I think, is wrong. He was as distinctly individual as any man in our history and therefore is like no other man in our history. Men of the first rank are like to nothing but themselves. So he was just Theodore Roosevelt. The most forceful personality of our time has gone from our midst. But while America endures it will be a better America because he lived and wrought."

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 9.—Tribute was paid to the memory of Theodore Roosevelt in virtually all the churches and theatres and by civic organizations today. Many ecclesiastics devoted their entire sermons to praise of the late ex-President.

## HONOR ROOSEVELT AT WESTMINSTER

### Memorial Services Held in Ancient Abbey, "Shrine of the Anglo-Saxon Race."

### PROTAGONIST OF THE RIGHT

### Aroused American People on Ethics of World War, Archdeacon Carnegie Declares in Sermon.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—A representative gathering of Americans and English filled Westminster Abbey this afternoon to pay tribute to the late Theodore Roosevelt in a memorial service which for the first time in history displaced evensong in the Abbey. Ambassador and Mrs. Davis, the staff of the American Embassy, Robert P. Skinner, the Consul General, and his staff, Vice Admiral Sims, many navy and army officers, and the representatives of American societies were present. Prince Arthur of Connaught represented King George, and Earl Howe represented Dowager Queen Alexandra, to whom he is Lord Chamberlain. Baron Beresford, Viscount Bryce, Earl Curzon, Arthur N. Chamberlain, Lord Southwark, and many other notables were in the audience.

After the choir had chanted "I Am the Resurrection," the Thirtieth and Ninetieth psalms were chanted, while in the course of the opening service the choir sang the anthem, "I Heard a Voice from Heaven."

The sermon was delivered by Archdeacon Carnegie, who said that the tribute shown here "at the shrine of the Anglo-Saxon race" proved the high place that Theodore Roosevelt held in the hearts of the British people.

"His was a forceful and magnetic personality, vital and strong in work or in play," said the Archdeacon. "He was a warm-hearted friend and a fair opponent. He was a good sportsman, entirely fearless and the soul of honor. He had all these qualities, which the Anglo-Saxon ever appreciates and admires."

Colonel Roosevelt, said the Archdeacon, had cast his influence always on the side of moral right. Some one had said, the speaker remarked, that his greatest feat was the rediscovery of the Ten Commandments. To him right was right and wrong was wrong, and at all hazards he ever chose the plain path of duty.

Archdeacon Carnegie referred to the outbreak of the war, and how the British saw Belgium invaded, and declared themselves on the side of the right. Colonel Roosevelt saw it, too, added the speaker, and aroused the American people. The Archdeacon reviewed Colonel Roosevelt's services to bring the British and Americans together.

"He spent himself, he sacrificed his life," the speaker said, "but long before he died he realized that his allotted task was completed."

The Archdeacon referred to the unity achieved by the British and their American kinsmen, which was "too long delayed," and to which Colonel Roosevelt, he said, contributed no small part.

The choir sang "How Firm a Foundation," and then "The Battle Hymn of the Republic." Then, as the Archdeacon and the clergy left the abbey in solemn procession, the western sun poured through the abbey windows and the organ burst forth with "The Star-Spangled Banner."

## SERVICES BY ARMY ABROAD.

### Memorial to Roosevelt in Church Where German Royalty Worshiped.

COBLENZ, Feb 9, (Associated Press.)—Memorial services for Theodore Roosevelt were held today throughout the American Army of Occupation. The order for the services received at the various headquarters was that such service should be held in memory of the "former President of the United States."

At Army Headquarters the service was conducted in the Church of the Royal Palace, where formerly the members of the German royal family worshipped when temporarily residing there. Chaplains Esterbrook and Jefferies were in charge.

## McADOO PRAISES ROOSEVELT.

### Greatest Republican Since Lincoln—Awakened Public Conscience.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., Feb. 9.—"Of all the great men the Republican Party has produced since the incomparable Lincoln, Theodore Roosevelt was the greatest," W. G. McAdoo, ex-Secretary of the Treasury, said today in the principal address at the Roosevelt memorial service here.

"When Mr. Roosevelt became President in 1901 the Republican Party was atrophied and the conscience of the nation was chloroformed," said Mr. McAdoo. "One of Roosevelt's greatest achievements was his espousal of progressive reforms, his vitalizing of the public conscience, and his determined fight against those reactionary and selfish interests within his party which were seriously threatening the integrity and usefulness of democratic institutions. What he accomplished for the progressive thought of America survives today as a beneficial influence upon the national life."

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By Frederick Fanning Ayer

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| Monogram | 1.25 | 6.25 |
| Stewart Reserve Rye, qt. | 2.50 | 9.00 |
| Monogram Sp. Reserve Rye, qt. | 2.00 | 7.50 |
| Golden Wedding Rye, qt. | 2.00 | 7.50 |
| Jordan, Bond, qt. | 2.75 | — |
| Pebbleford, Bond | 2.10 | — |
| Grand Dad, Bond | 2.00 | — |
| Overholt | 2.70 | — |
| Hermitage, qt., Bond | 2.60 | — |
| Hermitage | — | 8.50 |
| Old Crow, Bond | 2.25 | — |
| Old Taylor 2.35 and | 2.90 | — |
| Wilson or Hunter Rye | 2.00 | — |
| Penwick Rye, Bond, qt. | 2.45 | — |
| 5s | 1.95 | — |
| Fleischmann Rye, Bd, qt. | 2.40 | — |
| Carstairs or Balti. Club | 2.00 | — |
| Duffy's Malt | 1.55 | — |
| Kirk's Old Crow | 2.00 | — |
| Canadian Club | 3.00 | — |
| Gooderham & Woertz | 3.00 | — |
| Perfection Scotch | 2.65 | — |
| Sanderson's | 3.25 | — |
| Johnny Walker | 3.50 | — |
| Dewar's White Label | 3.25 | — |
| Dewar's Special | 2.85 | — |
| Black and White | 3.25 | — |
| McCaullum Perfection | 4.00 | — |
| Haig & Haig, Pintsch | 4.25 | — |
| Usher's Green Stripe | 3.25 | — |
| **Banff Scotch** | **2.35** | — |
| Bushmill | 2.60 | — |
| John Jameson Irish | 2.50 | — |
| John Burke's Irish | 2.50 | — |
| Wise's Irish | 2.25 | — |

COGNACS AND GINS

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Champagne Cognac, 20 yr. old | — | 20.00 |
| Joan of Arc Cognac, bot. in France, 14 yr. old | 5.00 | — |
| Martel*** or Hennessy*** | 3.25 | — |
| Jules Robin*** | 3.00 | — |
| E. Remy Martin | 3.15 | — |
| Pellison Pere*** | 2.50 | — |
| California Brandy | 2.00 | 8.00 |
| Gordon Dry Gin | 1.90 | — |
| Imperial Dry Gin | 1.50 | 7.00 |
| Lane's Old Sloe Gin | 2.00 | 7.50 |
| Plymouth or Nicholson | 3.00 | — |
| De Kuyper Gin | 2.60 | — |
| Burnett's Tom or Dry | 1.85 | — |
| Humphrey Taylor Dry Gin | 1.85 | — |
| Holland Geneva Gin | 1.75 | — |

CHAMPAGNES

| | Pt. | Qt. | Case. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Du Barry | 1.25 | 2.50 | 30 |
| London Club | 1.00 | 2.00 | 24 |

WINES

| | Bot. | Gal. |
|---|---|---|
| Imperial Reserve Port, qt. | .60 | $2.25 |
| Graham Port | .80 | 3.00 |
| Alhambra Sherry | .80 | 3.00 |
| Golden Crown Sherry, qt. | .60 | 2.25 |
| Barton & Guestier's Medoc | 1.25 | — |
| Barton & Guestier's Meterne | 1.25 | — |
| Calvert Claret | 1.25 | — |
| Haut Sauterne, 1, 1,25, | 1,50 | — |
| Calif. Sauterne | .50 | — |
| Pommard, 1.25 and 1.50 qt. | | |
| Liebfraumilch | 1.50 | — |
| Imported Rhine Wine, 1.25, | 1.50 | 2.00 |
| Imported Malaga & Madeira | 2.00 | — |
| Duff Gordon Sherry..1.00 | 1.25 | — |
| Dow's Spanish Port | 1.50 | — |
| Salero's Spanish Sherry | 1.50 | — |
| Amontillado Sherry, 1.75 | 2.00 | — |
| Virginia Dare | .80 | — |
| St. Julien Type | .50 | 2.00 |
| Claret Special | .40 | 1.75 |
| Rhine Wine | .50 | 2.00 |

VERMOUTHS

| | |
|---|---|
| Martin Rossi, Italian | 1.15 |
| Granier, French | 1.25 |
| Domestic, French or Italian, qt. | .85 |

MISCELLANEOUS

| | |
|---|---|
| Kummel | $1.50 and $2.00 |
| Manhattan, Bronx or Martini Cocktails, best grade | 1.50 & 1.75 |
| Old Peach or Apricot Brandy | 1.50-1.75 |
| London Humphrey Taylor's Cordials, Apricot Brandy, Creme de Casao, Curacao, Kummel, Anisette, Cherry. All brands, bottle | 2.50 |
| Benedictine, pts. | 3.00 |
| Bacardi Rum | 2.50 |
| Red Heart Rum | 2.65 |
| St. Croix or Medford Rum | 2.00 |
| Imported Jamaica Rum, 2.25 and | 2.50 |
| Imported Jamaica Rum, 12 yr. old, gal. | 15.00 |
| Boonekamp Bitters, bottle | 2.50 |
| Grenadine Syrup, qt. | 1.00 |
| Creme de Menthe | 1.50 and 2.00 |

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# FORECASTS BRITISH RULE IN PALESTINE

## Rabbi Wise Tells Zionist Meeting Peace Conference Will Grant Mandatory.

## FINDS COUNCIL FRIENDLY

### Declares Great Britain Is Bestowing Precious Boon on Jewish People.

Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, recently returned from Paris where he represented the Zionists of America before the delegates of the Peace Conference, in making his report last night at a Victory celebration in the Manhattan Opera House arranged by the Zionist Organization of America, declared that before the Peace Conference adjourns it will give Great Britain a mandate of trusteeship on behalf of the Jews of the world over Palestine. The auditorium was crowded with an audience estimated at 4,000 persons and many were turned away because of lack of room. The Chairman of the meeting was Judge Julian W. Mack. More than $250,000 was collected for the Palestine Restoration Fund.

"Our interests are in the hands of friends, of friendly Powers," declared Dr. Wise in his address, "the Powers which lead at the Peace Conference being friendliest to the people of Israel. Nothing could be more unjust than to claim, as is basely urged, that Great Britain is not bestowing a precious boon upon the Jewish people, but is using the Jewish people in order to hide an imperialist plan.

"The truth is that Great Britain is most reluctant to accept any further responsibilities as Great Britain well may be reluctant, viewing the world-wide problems of the British Commonwealth. I have heard from the lips of British statesmen whom I respect that, if Great Britain accepts the trusteeship over a Jewish Palestine, it will be because Great Britain must bow before the mandate of the League of Nations, because Great Britain is deeply concerned about the welfare of the Jewish people.

### Counts on France and Italy.

"The question is asked, What of France? What of Italy? The democracies of France and Italy cannot be unsympathetic to the Zionist purposes. A world which was ready to sacrifice all that Alsace-Lorraine might be restored to France may confidently expect the generous impulses and the noblest sympathies of France to come to the reinforcement of Jewish hopes. Italy, too, may be counted on for furtherance of the age-long dream of the Jewish Irredenta about to be translated into Jewish opportunity and the foundation of a Jewish commonwealth.

"If, however, we speak with some degree of confidence touching Zionist plans, it is because we count much upon him who stands out as the foremost figure of the Peace Conference, because we have reason to believe that Israel has never possessed a friend more eager to further its high fortunes than the leader of the American people, who has come in unique and unprecedented fashion to command the reverence, the admiration and the love of the people of Europe.

"The League of Nations will come to pass because the small nationalities or peoples cannot hope for a secure and uninvaded life unless the league is established. The League of Nations means the meeting of the conscience of the great nations and the confidence of the small ones. The League of Nations is the high ordinance of self-denial which the great powers lay upon themselves jointly and severally, not only to avert the resurgence of Prussianism in any form or under any guise or by any name, but to guarantee the right to life and security of those smaller nations which suffered most under the old régime and shall gain most under the new régime.

### Warns New States.

"And what does a trusteeship mean? While no one may venture to forecast save in outline the content of trusteeship, it may with reason be urged that the League of Nations will confer mandates upon different powers, entailing upon those powers the responsibility of protection, guardianship and furtherance until the day comes when, in the collective judgment of the League of Nations, the smaller nations are ready for independence as the establishment of the league now decrees their liberation to be a fact."

The question of the restoration of a Jewish nation is before the Versailles conference, said Dr. Wise, just the same as it has before it the question of the redemption of Belgium and the recreation of Serbia. As conditions precedent to a peace of justice to the Jews of the world, he said that the conference must grant equal status, political, economic, and civil, to Jews in all lands signatory to the peace treaty. In lands where peoples enjoy group or minority rights, he added, the conference must be expected to confer such rights on the Jews. He desired to enter no controversy, he said, but uttered the warning "to those people about to enter Statehood, that they may deny equal rights if they will, but if they do their existence will be imperiled.

Dr. Wise declared if Great Britain could give the Jews a finished Palestine at once they would not want it. "We want Palestine to represent the sacrifice, the toil, and the martyrdom of the Jewish people," he continued. He defended France from the "voices lifted up to poison her on accusations of imperialism," and said that he knew the heart of France, which he said could be trusted to be just to the Jews in spite of the fact that France, as other nations, contained some imperialists. "The Peace Conference cannot, will not, dare not adjourn until it has intrusted the mandate of trusteeship of Palestine to Great Britain and rendered justice to the Jews," he asserted.

Judge Mack, in opening the meeting, paid a tribute to Theodore Roosevelt, saying that no man in America was more devoted to the ideal for which the Zionist movement stands, and recalled that during the last year Colonel Roosevelt had given his adhesion to the movement which sent forth the Jewish legion to fight for Palestine. The audience arose in memory of the deceased President.

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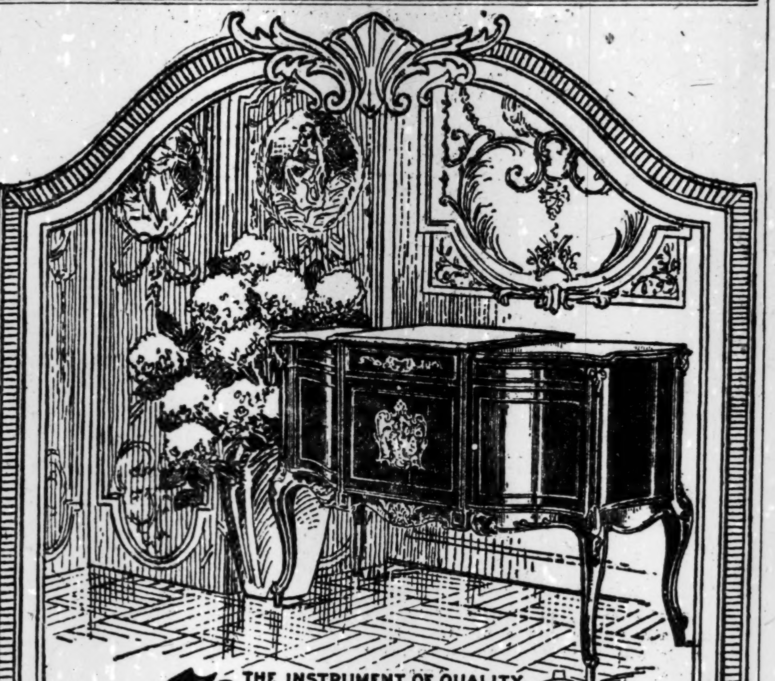
# PRIEST DEFENDS Y. M. C. A.

### Former Chaplain Eding Deplores Criticism of the War.

In the course of an address yesterday afternoon in the auditorium of the Church of Our Lady of Mercy, in the Bronx, Father James H. Eding, formerly a professor in St. John's College, Brooklyn, and more recently Chaplain of the 58th Field Artillery on the western front, defended the Y. M. C. A. "Stop knocking that organization," the priest urged his hearers. "Our Government did a big task, and I think you will admit it has carried it to a successful and satisfactory conclusion, and every organization has done its bit. As long as human nature is human we are all bound to make mistakes. It seems to me the victory is so big there is glory enough for us all."

Father Eding told of hearing much complaint aboard the transport which took him to Europe that apparently there was no protecting convoy. Yet, he said, as an example of unfounded criticism, the ship got safely by the German submarines and later it developed that the fears of those aboard had been groundless. The speaker paid warm tribute to the quality of American fighting men and said their morale was particularly fine, instancing the fact that in eight months abroad he heard of but five cases of intoxication.



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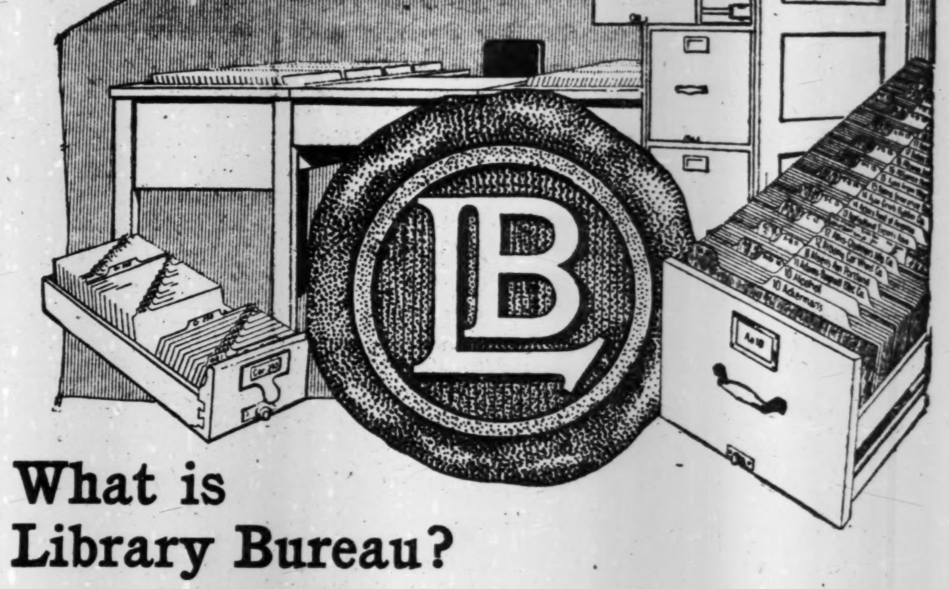

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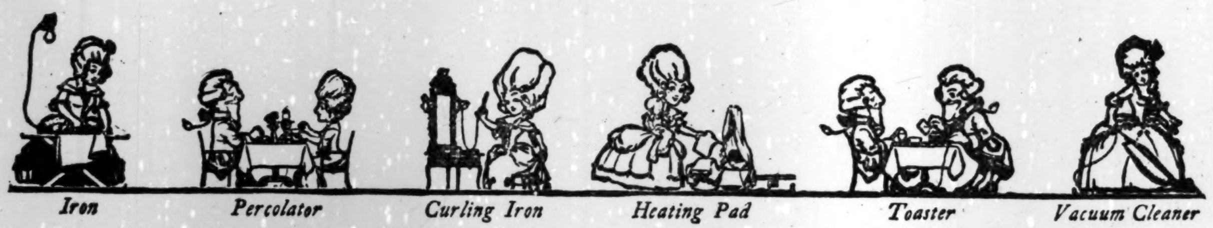

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# BRONX FIRE NEAR MOTOR TRUCK PLANT

### Waterfront Blaze at 133d St. Threatens to Spread to Hurlburt Factory.

### DUMP OIL TANKS IN RIVER

### Fireboats and Apparatus from Two Boroughs Fight Flames from Scrap Rubber.

Practically all the fire apparatus in the Bronx was called out late last night, reinforced by engines and trucks from the upper west side of Manhattan, to fight a fire which started on the third floor of the building at Third Avenue and 133d Street occupied by H. Meuhlstein & Co., dealers in scrap rubber. By the time the first firemen got there the entire building was ablaze and a dense, acrid smoke from hundreds of tons of rubber was spreading like a pall over the neighborhood.

Just north of the structure on Third Avenue at 134th Street is the plant of the Hurlburt Motor Truck Company. Stored in an adjacent yard along the Harlem River were a thousand big tanks of gasoline belonging to the California Oil Company. When Acting Chief Smoky Joe Martin arrived in response to a fourth alarm, he ordered these thrown into the river for fear the fire would spread to the Hurlburt plant. A number were thrown into the river before the danger was past.

Firemen fought the blaze with much difficulty, getting as near as they could on the Third Avenue elevated structure and the drawbridge across the Harlem River at that point. There was but one occupant of the building, a watchman, and he escaped when passers-by discovered the blaze.

Chief Martin as soon as he was satisfied that the gasoline had been disposed of and explosions that might have endangered the whole neighborhood thus averted, sent a call for four fireboats. These steamed up to join a battery of New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad tugs which already were pouring streams into the building from the waterfront side.

This method of fighting the flames proved much more effective, as the dense screen from the burning rubber made it almost impossible for firemen on the land side to approach within effective fighting distance.

Traffic on the Third Avenue elevated and surface lines was halted as soon as the fire had become menacing. The great clouds of smoke and the occasional belch of flames, as the wind now and then lifted the curtain, alarmed residents of the Bronx for a great distance, and so many persons hurried to what they believed to be a great conflagration that it was necessary to call reserves from several police stations.

An "L" of the building extends into 134th Street and abuts on the Hurlburt yards. A particularly hard fight was made to save this part of the structure, for fear the flames would be communicated to the Hurlburt plant and streams were kept playing on the riverside dock in order to save a number of finished trucks parked there which, it was said, were the property of the United States Government.

Early this morning the fire was not yet entirely under control, but Chief Martin thought it would be extinguished by daylight and that it would not spread outside the building. The structure was occupied formerly by the Mott Iron Works.

# FATHER ARRESTED ON CRUELTY CHARGE

### Confesses He Whipped Three-Year-Old Boy Severely and Then Abandoned Him.

### CAST OUT AN OLDER CHILD

### Police Hear He Was Led Away and Deserted Because He Asked for Food.

Although the three-year-old boy who was found in a doorway at Broadway and Fulton Street at midnight on Thursday was identified yesterday as Harry Samuels Hanley and his father and stepmother were arrested in Bayonne on two charges, no trace had been found last night of the boy's brother, 6 years old, whom the parents confessed they had abandoned on Jan. 25. The older boy was deserted at Liberty Street, near Greenwich Street, by his father.

The stepmother brought the younger child from Bayonne to this city on Thursday night and left him alone at Broadway and Maiden Lane. A stranger who saw the child trying to keep warm in the doorway notified the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, and an officer of the institution discovered that the boy had been severely beaten. The child's eye was black, and the medical report submitted to the society by Dr. W. Travis Gibb yesterday said thirty-nine contusions had been counted on his body.

"His back is a solid mass of long, narrow interlacing contusions," said Dr. Gibb's report. "Fifteen of these can be counted. On his right hip are seven long, narrow contusions. On his left hip are ten contusions from one inch to one and a half inches in area."

After the child's photograph appeared in newspapers on Saturday the society received a telephone message from a woman in Bayonne, who said she was a neighbor of Mrs. Frederick Hanley of 707 Hudson Boulevard, and that Mrs. Hanley had told her several days before that both her children had been placed in institutions in this city. The photograph in the paper, she added, was that of the younger child.

V. T. Pizarro, Assistant Superintendent of the society, and Captain John J. Rigney of the Bayonne police visited the house at 707 Hudson Boulevard yesterday, and from Mrs. Mary Burke, who rented rooms to the Hanley family, they learned that the older boy also was missing. Mrs. Burke said she had remonstrated with the father and stepmother about the treatment of the children, and had told them that unless they stopped beating the boys they would be compelled to vacate the flat.

Hanley said that both boys had been placed in care of "John Smith of Ivanhoe, Va." He and his wife confessed later that they had deserted the children in this city. Hanley said he was a laborer employed by an oil company and had been earning $25 a week. His first wife left him with the children, he said.

Mrs. Hanley told the police she had been ill and could not care for the children, who were demanding food constantly. They were unruly, she said, so the father whipped them with a razor strap. The children did not like her, anyway, she added.

Hanley was held on a charge of assault and abandonment, and his wife with "taking the boys out of Bayonne for the purpose of abandonment." They will have a hearing before Recorder Cain on Wednesday.

The father said that Claude, the older boy, wore a gray sweater, blue trousers, a blue and white knit cap, a brown overcoat, and black button shoes. He has light hair and blue eyes.

# WAR HONORS TO BOY SCOUTS

### Government Gives Recognition to 71,016 Young Bond Salesmen.

In recognition of their work in selling Liberty bonds and War Savings Stamps thousands of members of the Boy Scouts of America are receiving from the Treasury Department in Washington medals and emblems. Thus far 71,016 awards to scouts who have sold ten bonds or more have been made by the Government.

In the first Liberty Loan campaign 8,633 boys won the bronze emblem imprinted with the Treasury seal. More than three thousand of these boys distinguished themselves in ways which entitled them to wear bars with their medals. In the second loan campaign 22,516 boys won medals, and in the third 23,633 emblems and 12,236 bars were given.

Thus far 6,133 troops have filed reports showing that they had turned in to the Government 447,481 subscriptions totaling $58,872,000. On this basis officials of the organization said yesterday that the full returns would likely show 1,039,000 subscriptions for $143,985,000.

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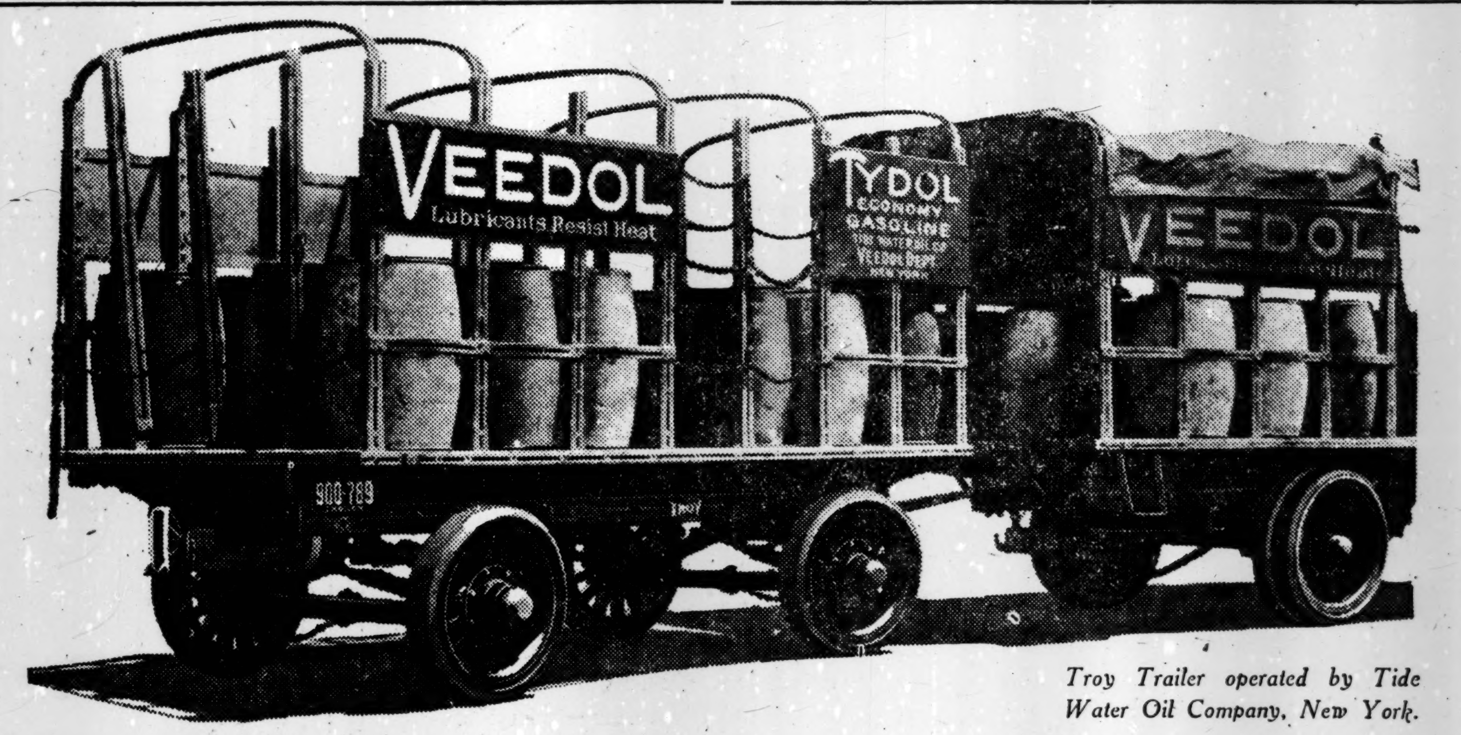

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# BERLANGA DEFENDS CARRANZA'S POLICY

## Chief of Cabinet Says President Seeks to Utilize Mexico's Resources for Nation's Welfare.

## NO ENMITY TO FOREIGNERS

## Asserts Revolution Is by Bands of Robbers and Lacks Cohesion and Political Character.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 9.—A recent editorial in THE NEW YORK TIMES was answered today by Manuel Aguirre Berlanga, Chief of Cabinet. He said:

"THE TIMES censures in Carranza as a serious defect that idea that he desires Mexico shall gain from her own riches the most benefit possible. Until now no Government in the world has governed under other principles. France and England do not pretend anything else than that a nation should obtain from its own riches the most possible for the welfare of its inhabitants. The United States also follows the system of protection of its industry and commerce. If Mexico has followed this tendency with stronger force latterly this does not mean that she is unjust, but that she wishes to find the way to pursue the same course followed by other and stronger nations; that is, to consider the welfare of her inhabitants first.

"The powerful and rich nations as they have exploited the riches of their own countries have promoted the welfare of their citizens through economic expansion. France and England loan money to other countries. The United States builds railways. Cuba, Guatemala, Mexico, and countries like Mexico, which are not strong financially, cannot seek exterior expansion but must content themselves by trying to make the resources of their own soil furnish prosperity to their inhabitants as far as is possible. This cannot be considered as working against foreigners, but only as applying to one's nationals the same judgment which governs the procedure of other nations toward theirs.

"THE NEW YORK TIMES censures the act of Carranza in recommending the postponement of active election work, saying that his proclamation recommends forbearance until the eve of the election. This phrase is fallacious, because Carranza simply advised prudence and avoidance of haste in starting the Presidential campaign. The best proof that the present is not the time to start the campaign is that in the United States they do not think of starting theirs yet, notwithstanding that the Presidential terms in Mexico and North America run simultaneously and end within three months of each other, so that in Mexico we are in this respect on an equality with the United States. Why, then, should we be censured for the same thing that is applauded there?

"To study the situation in Mexico and interpret things as they are needs an unbiased writer, as unless he be impartial he cannot pretend to judge or make comparisons. One mistake of the article is in justifying the revolution in Mexico as an organized force with a political element. It has no political character. It is made up of nomadic bands of undisciplined men who always hide from the Federal forces, running away constantly, living on the country and committing all kinds of robbery. The parties in arms here in the first place are disorganized and have no relations to each other. From correspondence captured from the rebels it is seen that Villa detests Felix Diaz and thinks Zapata inept. Diaz has no confidence in Zapata and the latter has no faith in Diaz. So it is clear that no unity of action can combine the forces of these leaders, and that they are bands of robbers operating without cohesion.

"Zapataism as a political system, even with a flag of revolution, does not exist. Each time the Federal forces enter Morelos no enemy is found. Towns are discovered to be abandoned, the land uncultivated, and the inhabitants hungry, dirty, and almost naked, which is a sample of what Zapataism could do to the prosperity of the nation. It would be necessary to ignore completely what has been seen by the army under Gonzales, which now occupies the State of Morelos, and close one's eyes to the truth in order to believe the falsehoods spread by the enemy.

"Zapataism has been sustained by the nature of the broken, mountainous country, as in the time of President Juarez, of the empire of Maximilian and of President Lerda de Tejada, when Manuel Lozada maintained forces in the State of Tepic and grew so strong that he arrived at the head of thousands of men at the gates of Guadalajara, in 1883, which was a real danger to the Government. Lozada was not defeated by Federal troops, but captured through the treason of his own men.

"The country of Mexico lends itself especially to the persistence of all kinds of political sickness in the form of bandits."

In its editorial of Jan. 19, on conditions in Mexico THE NEW YORK TIMES said about Carranza:

"If he has a slogan it is: 'Americans shall not exploit Mexico.' By this he means that their concessions must not yield them wealth, that profits from the industries of Mexico shall accrue only to Mexicans. It is an idea that appeals powerfully to many of his followers who have grown rich out of the revolution, but in Carranza's mind it signifies an ineradicable prejudice.

"At the capital the poverty and misery are said to be indescribable, although the Government chiefs and the army officers are flagrantly prosperous. But inside the so-called revolutionary lines there is enough, and content and hope, for it must be considered that many of the rebels are tillers of the soil. They do not find it difficult to purchase ammunition from the Carranzistas."

ROSA RAISA

*Prima Donna Soprano of the Chicago Opera Association*

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Raisa is one of the famous group of brilliant artists who are recording for the Vocalion Record exclusively. Her record of the celebrated aria from Il Trovatore "D'amor sull' ah' rosee" is a splendid example both of the superb quality of her voice and the wonderful new system used in making Vocalion Records.

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• • •

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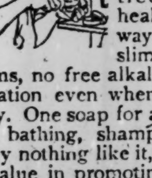

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# *ARMY AND MARINE CASUALTIES NOW 243,530*

## *980 Names in Two Army Casualty Lists; 31 Killed in Action; 15 Dead from Wounds*

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Two army casualty lists were issued by the War Department containing 980 names, bringing the total for the army up to 237,759. No Marine Corps list was issued today, but the total for that arm previously announced was 5,771. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 243,530.

Army casualty lists issued today contained the names of 31 killed in action, 15 died of wounds, 5 died of accident, 40 died of disease, 219 severely wounded, 264 wounded to a degree undetermined, and 406 slightly wounded.

**Summary of Army Casualties to Date.**

| | Previously Reported. | Reported Feb. 9. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Killed in action | 30,805 | 31 | 30,836 |
| Lost at sea | 732 | .. | 732 |
| Died of wounds | 12,978 | 15 | 12,993 |
| Died of accident | 2,757 | 5 | 2,762 |
| Died of disease | 19,045 | 40 | 19,085 |
| Total | 66,317 | 91 | 66,408 |
| Wounded | 159,279 | 889 | 160,168 |
| Missing | 11,183 | .. | 11,183 |
| Total | 236,779 | 980 | 237,759 |

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA) Died from Accident or Other Cause.
(DD) Died of Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)

| | |
|---|---|
| Gen. | General. |
| Col. | Colonel. |
| Maj. | Major. |
| Capt. | Captain. |
| Lt. | Lieutenant. |
| Sgt. | Sergeant. |
| Corp. | Corporal. |
| Bgl. | Bugler. |
| Mch. | Mechanic. |
| Wagn. | Wagoner. |
| Mus. | Musician. |
| Hrs. | Horseshoer. |

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

**NEW YORK CITY.**

ANZELLATA, T., 880 Lime St., Bklyn.(WU)
ASTROVE, JOSEPH, 1,239 Boston Rd.(WU)
AUGELLO, V., 318 East 146th St.....(WU)
BIRD, T. G., 432 West 27th St.......(WU)
BRAVERMAN, N., 145 Sumner Ave. Brooklyn.....(WU)
BURKE, J. J., 405 East 81st St.......(DD)
BURNS, H. V., 42 Penn St., Bklyn....(WS)
CAPPELLINI, G., 338 East 10th St...(KA)
CARSON, J. W., Jr., 136 Ninth Ave...(WS)
CASALE, J., 311 East 11th St........(WU)
CHRISTIENSEN, N., 308 14th St., Bk'n.(WU)
COHEN, HYMAN, 254 East 122d St....(WU)
DE ROSA, H. J., 79 Elizabeth St.....(WL)
DIOMONTE, M., 202 Virginia Av., Rosebank, Staten Island.....(WL)
DUBINSKY, JACK, 116 Attorney St..(WS)
DUFFICY, E. J., 189 Russell St., Bklyn.(WL)
FARRELL, A. R., 18 West 86th St....(WU)
FARRELL, C. L., 233 Albany Ave., Brooklyn.....(WU)
FURLONG, W. M., 494 West 165th St..(WL)
FUSARO, P., 1,416 Roosevelt St.......(WU)
GIORDANO, P., 211 Tillary St., Bklyn.(WU)
GLASER, H., 798 Halsey St., Bklyn..(WL)
GROH, MORRIS, 2,211 Mermaid Av., Coney Island—Mus.....(WL)
GROSS, JOSEPH, 1,078 Longfellow Av.(WU)
HARPER, OTIS, 301 West 46th St....(WL)
HAYES, B. F., 562 Morris Av.—Corp.(WS)
JACOBSON, WALTER, 324 Boune Av., Flushing, Long Island.....(WS)
JAMES, R. E. H., 2,440 Webb Av.... (WU)
JOHNSTON, EDWARD V., 140 Palmetto St., Brooklyn.....(WS)
JOSEPH, DAVID L., 450 Van Buren St., Brooklyn.....(WU)
KASS, ISADORE J., 53 Bayard St....(WU)
KELLY, EDWARD S., 534 Third St..(WU)
KENNEDY, JAMES F., 85 North 4th St., Brooklyn.....(WS)
KING, JOHN, 2,308 Bedford Av., Bklyn(WU)
KUZNETSOF, ERME, 1,957 Second Av., Brooklyn.....(WS)
LAPIS, DAVID, 1,648 Bathgate Av.... WL)
LEFFERTS, HALLECK, 830 Park Av.—Capt.....(WL)
LEHMANN, F. J., 317 Hamburg Av., Brooklyn—Corp.....(WL)
MACHAVER, S., 586 Powell St., Brooklyn.....(WS)
MAHER, J., 9,590 Ft. Hamilton Parkway, Brooklyn.....(DW)
MARKS, I., 4,327 3d Av—Sgt........(WS)
NASSBERG, H., 1,369 76th St., B'klyn.(WL)
NELKEN, F. N., 1,405 35th St., Brooklyn.....(WU)
NELSON, C., Jr., 876 Gates Av., Brooklyn—Corp.....(WU)
O'BRIEN, J. J., 384 E. 193d St—Sgt..(WL)
O'CONNOR, M., 493 W. 25th St......(WU)
O'NEILL, W. C., 422 E. 80th St......(WU)
ORR, M. J., 710 Tinton Av...........(WL)
PAPJOHN, J., 546 8th Av.............(WL)
POWELL, J. A., 285 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn—Sgt.....(WL)
PRENDERGAST, V. J., 341 1st Av....(WL)
PULVER, A. J., 340 W. 45th St......(WU)
REID, J. A., 29 Hallett St., Astoria.(WU)
REILLY, J., 333 E. 43d St...........(WU)
REILLY, J., 120 E. 52d St...........(WS)
RETUS, O. G., 365 E. 71st St.........(WU)
ROGERS, L., 219 West 63d St........(WL)
ROMARD, W. J., 11 1st St., Brooklyn.(WU)
RONAN, W. L., 537 1st Av., Astoria L. I.....(WL)
RONCORONI, J. B., 393 Prospect Av., Brooklyn—Sgt.....(WS)
ROSS, JOHN, 4,618 6th St., Brooklyn..(KA)
ROSENBERG, M. M., 338 Georgia Av., Brooklyn.....(WU)
RUDEN, E., 31 Canal St..............(WU)
SELIGMAN, A., 60 West 129th St.....(WU)
SERPICO, S. C., 477 Adelphi St., Brooklyn.....(WU)
SIDENBERG, A., 866 Hunts Point Av.(WU)
SMITH, J. E. P., 396 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn.....(DW)
SMITH, L. S., 5,310 6th Av., Brooklyn.(WL)
STEARNS, J., 789 West End Av.—Sgt.(WL)
SWEET, MORRIS, 247 East Broadway.(WU)
TRIEBING, J., 596 Hamburg Av.......(WU)
VERNAM, R. De B., 66 Broadway—Lt.....(DW)
WEMLINGER, L. E., 2,313 Hughes St., Brooklyn.....(WL)
WILLIAMS, O., 67 West 100th St......(WS)
WILSON, M., 576 Washington Av., Brooklyn—Wagn.....(WS)

**OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.**

ALBERT, ANTHONY, Utica..........(WL)
BENJAMIN, HARRY, Lorraine........(WL)
BOWERS, JOHN J., Rome...........(WL)
BRANDOW, ALBERT, Hudson.........(WU)
CONLEY, ADAM, Westfield—Lt......(WS)
CRAPA, MICHAEL A., Buffalo—Bgl..(WL)
CRONIN, R. L., Syracuse—Cook.....(WL)
DEMARTINO, PASQUALE, Batavia...(WU)
DEMER, EARL J., Rochester..........(WL)
DETERICK, H. L., Port Jarvis......(WU)
DUIGNAN, EDWARD, Yonkers—Sgt..(WL)
EGNOR, HARRY D., Herkimer—Mch..(WL)
FARMER, HARRY H., Syracuse—Capt.(WS)
FELLOWS, CARL R., Syracuse......(WL)
FESSLER, JOSEPH, Jr., Rosebank....(WL)
FLEMING, WALTER J., Utica.......(WL)
FUSARO, JIMMY, Mount Vernon.....(WU)
GROSE, THEODORE A., La Salle....(WL)
HARPER, PAUL S., Sharon Springs..(WU)
JACQUE, OLIVER D., Elmira.........(WU)
JORDAN, W. H., Kingston...........(WU)
JUSPA, E. W., Medina...............(WS)
KASZYNSKI, VINCENT, Buffalo......(WL)
KELLY, HARRY, Cohoes—Sgt........(WL)
KENNEDY, P. L., Hornell—Lt.......(DW)
KERSKI, J. J., Syracuse—Corp......(WL)
LANG, J. G., Rochester..............(WU)
LEHRER, J. C., Auburn..............(WU)
MAGELETTE, FULGENZE, Yonkers..(WL)
PARMATIER, A. J., Saratoga Springs.(WU)
PARROTT, A. A., Niagara Falls......(WU)
PAUL, J. H., Tully..................(WL)
REILLY, J. J., Albany...............(WL)
REILLY, J. W., Croton-on-Hudson....(WS)
ROBINSON, OTIS, Poughkeepsie......(WL)
ROEHRIG, L. C., Jamaica Junction..(WL)
ROOT, O. P. L., Spencer.............(WL)
ST. DENIS, T. C., Malone—Sgt.......(WL)
STEFFY, R. R., Dansville—Corp......(WS)
STEIERT, CHARLES, Sea Cliff.......(WU)
TAYLOR, J. R., Buffalo..............(WS)
WHITE, J. C., Lockport—Corp........(WS)

**ARKANSAS.**

QUICK, JAMES H., Hot Springs.......(KA)

**CALIFORNIA.**

BROWNING, DAVID E., Los Angeles..(DA)
DAHL, MARTIN E., Berkeley........(KA)
MORAND, RAYMOND H., Trinidad....(DA)

**CONNECTICUT.**

BEARDSLEY, S. A., Guilford—Lt......(DD)
BURGESS, ARTHUR P., Bristol......(WS)
CANGANELLY, JAMES, Derby.........(WU)
CARROLL, JOSEPH, New Britain,....(WU)
CAVANAUGH, J. A., Norwalk—Corp..(WL)
EGLISKO, MICHAEL, Torrington......(WL)
HUSSEY, E. H., South Norwalk......(WL)
MELIA, HUBERT F., New Haven....(WU)
MOSELEY, BERTIE, Hartford.......(WS)
NAGY, JOSEPH C., Torrington........(WU)
ORSI, LUIGI, Winsted—Mch..........(WL)
ROBLONSKI, STEVE, Hazerville......(WL)
ROGERS, CHARLES M., Stamford....(WL)
SCHEPP, JOHN, Bridgeport...........(WU)
YORK, W. J., Waterbury—Wagn......(WL)

**GEORGIA.**

BRASWELL, ELBERT, Younker.....(DD)
CAVIN, R. C., Chattahoochie..........(DW)
HAWTHORNE C. E., Grayson........(KA)
TAYLOR, A. H., Columbus—Sgt........(DD)

**IDAHO.**

BROSS, JAMES H., Boise...........(DD)

**ILLINOIS.**

CLAWSON, J. G., New Boston........(DD)
EUARD, W. R., Kewanee—Lt.........(DD)
FROEHLICH, H. D., East St. Louis—Corp.....(DD)
LERCH, HENRY, Volmayer..........(KA)
PEPOON, LUCILLE, Chicago—Nurse...(DD)
RICHLOWSKI, S. J., Chicago—Corp....(DD)
REID, GEORGE T., Austin—Lt.........(DA)
ROBERTS, RUSSELL, Paris—Sgt......(DD)

**INDIANA.**

FREESE, BERT R., Harrodsburg—Sgt..(DD)
MEAD, HARRY, Elwood.............(KA)
VAN KIRK, BRYANT F., Vincennes, Master Signal Eng.....(DD)

**IOWA.**

ARNOLD, OMAR J., Hawkeye.........(KA)

**KANSAS.**

CRAMER, CHARLES C., Wellsville....(DD)
KNAPP, CHARLES A., Whiting.......(KA)

**KENTUCKY.**

LYNCH, FRANK, Louisville...........(KA)

**LOUISIANA.**

CHOATE, ELMER, Esther............(DW)
WILLIAMSON, W. B., Lake Charles—Maj.....(DD)

**MARYLAND.**

HAMBURY, J. C., Wetipquin.........(DD)
McNEAL, A., Baltimore—Mch.........(DD)

**MASSACHUSETTS.**

CERRONE, EUPHILO, Revere.........(DW)
JERARD, A. B., Reading—Sgt........(DD)

**MICHIGAN**

CESEFSKE, T. F., Port Huron........(KA)
CHISHOLM, FINLEY, Carsonville.....(DA)
PARASH, CASHMER, Wyandotte......(KA)
MacKINDER, J., Highland Park.......(KA)

**MINNESOTA.**

ANDERSON, NORA E., St. Hilaire—Nurse.....(DD)
STEINER, FRANK L., St. Paul........(KA)

**MISSISSIPPI.**

CAMPBELL, RUSH, Durant—Corp....(DD)

**MISSOURI.**

CRANE, HERMAN L., Palmyra.......(DD)
HANDING, LOUIS, St. Louis..........(KA)

**NEW JERSEY.**

BRANTIGAM, JOHN F., Jersey City..(WL)
BREIDINGER, R. T., Jersey City—Corp.....(WS)
CALETTA, FRANK, Hammonton......(WU)
CHILLY, JAMES, Trenton—Corp......(WL)
CICCARELLI, ANGELO, Elizabeth...(WL)
CINQUEGRANI, B., New Brunswick..(WL)
COOMBE, G. W., Arlington—Sgt......(WS)
CROWELL, LOUIS L., Perth Amboy..(WU)
EICHLER, ALFRED, Jersey City....(WL)
ELIAS, R. H. Hasbrouck Heights.....(KA)
EVANS, R. H. C., Lumberton.........(WL)
FISHER, CHARLES E., Sewell.......(WU)
FLANAGAN, FRANK J., Newark.....(WS)
FREEMAN, EDWARD, Englewood....(WS)
GARTLAND, H. P., Newark—Bgl.....(WL)
GLEESON, JAMES F., Jersey City....(WU)
GODLIUSKI, JOHN, Bayonne.........(WL)
GRADY, JOHN J., Elizabeth—Sgt......(WS)
HUGGINS, H. J., Bradley Beach......(WL)
KEENAN, WILLIAM F., Newark....(WS)
KERR, JAMES L., Frenchtown........(WL)
KING, HENRY, Riverside—Cook.....(WL)
LANZARO, LUCIANO, Elm..........(WS)
MATLACK, S., Gloucester—Corp......(WS)
MAIER, G. L., East Orange..........(WU)
ORR, EDWARD M., Ridgewood......(WU)
PECK, G. G., Hackensack—Lt.........(WS)
PRATT, W. D., Mays Landing.........(WL)
REESE, E., Washington..............(WL)
REEVES, E. C., Cape May...........(WU)
REILLY, J. F., Bayonne..............(WL)
ROCH, LOUIS, West Hoboken........(WL)
ROCHFORD, M. A., Jersey City—Sgt..(WL)
ROGERS, C., Bloomfield—Sgt..........(WL)
ROOME, J. F., Little Falls...........(WS)
RYAN, JOHN J., Jersey City..........(WL)
STUKHART, G., Weehawken—Lt.....(WS)
TRASS, CORNELIUS, Garfield........(WS)

**NORTH CAROLINA.**

HARRIS, JAMES, Wadesboro..........(DD)
HAVENS, ALONZO, Newbern..........(KA)

**OHIO.**

AUGUSTA, M., Columbus.............(DD)
BUTLER, E., Geneva—Corp...........(KA)
EVANS, R. E., Thurman.............(DD)
FRECHBUHLER, C., North Industry.(DD)
MALONE, W. E., Temperanceville....(DD)

**OKLAHOMA.**

GIBBONS, R. H., Bernice.............(DD)
MARTIN, V., Tahlequah..............(DW)

**OREGON.**

BRAVINDER, RAY R., Corvallis—Lt..(KA)
KEES, FRED W., Newberg............(DD)

**PENNSYLVANIA.**

BIGELOW, P. S., North East—Sgt....(DD)
CHAMBERS, L. L., Steelton—Sgt.....(DA)
CHRISTENSON, J. E., Erie—Sgt.....(DW)
ELLIS, JOHN B., Emporium—Cook...(DD)
FRIEL, IGNATIUS, Connellsville......(DD)
HOBERT, FRANK F., Bechtelsville...(KA)
HOLDEN, JOHN H., Shamokin........(KA)
HUFF, BURRELL R., Greensburg—Lt.(DD)
LANG, JOSEPH L., Pittsburgh—Lt....(DW)
MOHNEY, FRED B., Reynoldsville....(KA)
SMITH, OSCAR, Shawnee-on-Delaware—Wagn.....(KA)
STEAD, E. Z., Philadelphia—Corp....(DW)
WHITE, RALPH G., Pittsburgh—Lt..(DW)

**SOUTH CAROLINA.**

ROBERTSON, A. D., Walterboro......(KA)

**TENNESSEE.**

GARDNER, EUGENE, Dresden........(DD)
JUDKINS, A. G., Smithville...........(DD)

**TEXAS.**

CARRELL, SUMMIE, Kemp...........(DD)
CLOSNER, J. A., Brownville..........(KA)

**VERMONT.**

HONN, H. G., Readsboro.............(KA)
STILES, M. H., Morrisville—Sgt.......(KA)

**VIRGINIA.**

BISHOP, T., Seven Mile Ford—Sgt....(DD)
CREEN, FRANK, Haymarket.........(DD)
LUCAS, W. S., Pearisburg—Corp......(KA)

**WASHINGTON.**

CARLSON, OSCAR F., Spokane.—Capt.(DA)
UDDMAN, ERIK A., Seattle..........(DW)

**WEST VIRGINIA.**

RAMSEY, IRA S., Hamlin.............(KA)
RITTER, ROBERT J., Montrose.—Bgl.(DD)

**WISCONSIN.**

KLAVERSTAD, OTTO, Strum........(DW)
WENZLER, ENGLEBERT, Cudahy...(KA)

**GREECE.**

KATSOULIS, TREANTEFILOS, Petha, Province Carinthiss.....(DW)

**ITALY.**

BORRELLI, GIUSEPPE, Pignatora....(DD)

**PORTUGAL.**

GANDER, CARLOS, Mazas Frio, Province of Sel Amanco.—Civilian.....(DD)

## HYLAN ASSAILS THE P. S. C.

### Tells Corporation Counsel to Oppose Brooklyn Electric Merger.

Before starting for Palm Beach on Saturday, Mayor Hylan assailed again the Public Service Commission by terming it "a stench in the nostrils of all decent people." He gave instructions to Corporation Counsel Burr to oppose to his "utmost power and ability" the granting by the Public Service Commission of the application of the Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Brooklyn and the Kings County Electric Light and Power Company to be permitted to merge or consolidate under the name of the Brooklyn Edison Company, Inc., and to issue $100,000,000 of bonds.

In a letter to the Corporation Counsel the Mayor said:

"These Brooklyn companies, who have no franchise rights in the streets, are now helped by the remaining members of the fast disintegrating body known as the Public Service Commission of the First District. It will be a good thing for the people of the City of New York when this commission is fully and completely reorganized. It has been a stench in the nostrils of all decent people.

"It does nothing for the people. It accomplishes nothing except those things which are desired by the corporations over which it was intended that this commission should have control. Judge Benedict and Judge Scudder have both decided that the rights of the Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Brooklyn and its affiliated companies are, to say the least, of doubtful legality.

"These companies were organized as manufacturing companies. They were never given the power of eminent domain. They have no authority from the State or from the city to use the streets, and how a Public Service Commission, under these circumstances, can permit their merger for the purpose of floating additional millions of bonds with the investing public, surpasses my comprehension.

"I know the entire familiarity you have with these subjects and I know the courage and ability with which you are endeavoring to protect the rights of the people, but this latest act of this discredited public body seems to me to call for special condemnation on the part of the city authorities and for renewed efforts on your behalf to protect, by prompt appeal from this decision to the courts, the interests of the city and its people."

### Costumes at Dance for Blind Soldiers

Young women in Martha Washington costumes will attend the ball to be given at the Ritz-Carlton on Feb. 21, the eve of Washington's Birthday, in aid of the Permanent Blind Relief War Fund. The patronesses of the ball include: Mrs. William Douglass, Mme. Emma Eydoux, Mrs. Charles Greenough, Mrs. F. Gray Griswold, Mrs. James B. Haggin, Mrs. William H. Hirst, Mrs. Arthur Iselin, Mrs. William Jay, Mrs. Oliver Gould Jennings, Mrs. Philip Oelrichs, Mrs. William Post, Mrs. Alexander D. B. Pratt, Mrs. James Lowell Putnam, Mrs. Charles H. Sabin, Mrs. Ralph Sanger, Mrs. Herbert Shipman, and Mrs. J. Laurens Van Alen.

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*President, Firestone Tire and Rubber Co.*

Cut Out and Save This NEW YORK Truck-Route Schedule

For further information regarding truck schedules we refer you to the Return Loads Bureau, Woolworth Building, Broadway at Barclay St., New York City. Telephone Barclay 2100.

**Route No. 1—Distance: 128 miles round trip. New York to Port Jefferson, Long Island.** Covers Jamaica, L. I.; Coney Island, N. Y.; Mineola, L. I.; Port Jefferson.

**Route No. 2—Distance: 486 miles round trip. New York to Boston, via New London, Conn.** Covers New Rochelle, N. Y.; Stamford, Conn.; Bridgeport, Cann.; New Haven, Conn.; New London, Conn.; Westerly, R. I.; Providence, R. I., and Boston, Mass.

**Route No. 3—Distance: 468 miles round trip. New York to Boston, via Hartford, Conn.** Covers White Plains, N. Y.; Danbury, Conn.; Waterbury, Conn.; Farmington, Conn.; Hartford, Conn.; Springfield, Mass.; Worcester, Mass., and Boston, Mass.

**Route No. 5—Distance: 906 miles round trip. New York to Buffalo, via Albany, N. Y.** Covers Yonkers, Tarrytown, Peekskill, Poughkeepsie, Albany, Schenectady, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, and Buffalo, N. Y.

**Route No. 7—Distance: 314 miles round trip. New York to Wilkes-Barre, Pa., via Scranton.** Covers Montclair, N. J.; Morristown, Hackettstown, N. J.; Delaware Water Gap, Pa.; Scranton, and Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

**Route No. 8—Distance: 200 miles round trip. New York to Allentown, Pa., via Easton.** Covers Jersey City, Newark, Bound Brook, Springfield, Somerville, High Bridge, Washington, Phillipsburg, N. J.; Easton, and Allentown, Pa.

**Route No. 9—Distance: 802 miles round trip. New York to Pittsburgh, Pa., via "Lincoln Highway."** Covers Weehawken, Newark, Elizabeth, Trenton, N. J.; Philadelphia, Reading, Lancaster, Bedford, and Pittsburgh, Pa.

**Route No. 11—Distance: 290 miles round trip. New York to Atlantic City, N. J., via Lakewood.** Covers St. George, S. I.; Perth Amboy, N. J.; Matawan, Freehold, Lakewood, Toms River, Barnegat, and Atlantic City, N. J.

**Route No. 12—Distance: 120 miles round trip. New York to Asbury Park, via Jersey Coast.** Covers Jersey City, Newark, Woodbridge, Perth Amboy, Atlantic Highlands, Sea Bright, Long Branch, Asbury Park, N. J.

**Route No. 13—Distance: 30 miles round trip. New York to Bayonne, N. J.**

**Route No. 14—Distance: 120 miles round trip. New York to West Point, N. Y., via Nyack.** Covers Edgewater, Fort Lee, Englewood, N. J.; Nyack, Haverstraw, Highland Falls, and West Point, N. Y.

**Route No. 15—Distance: 198 miles round trip. New York to Camden, N. J., via Trenton.** Covers Millville-Hammonton, N. J.

**Route No. 23—Distance: 226 miles round trip. New York to Hartford, Conn., via New Haven.**

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**E. A. Harvey,** 941 Walnut St., Richmond Hill, L. I. *Route:* No. 1.

**Cosgriff & Smith,** 17 W. 28th St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 1—*Schedule:* Daily.

**J. Winklers Sons, Inc.,** 355 Central Ave., Far Rockaway, L. I. *Route:* No. 1—*Schedule:* Daily.

**Coleman Bros.,** 303 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y. *Route:* No. 1—*Schedule:* Wed. & Fri.

**N. Y. & Bridgeport Express,** 252 Greenwich St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 1—*Schedule:* Mon., Wed. & Fri.

**Brush Trans. Co.,** 267 Mercer St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 2, through Stamford to Danbury—*Schedule:* Daily.

**Highways Trans. Co.,** 29 Broadway, N. Y. C. *Routes:* Nos. 2 & 3, to New Haven & Hartford—*Schedule:* Daily.

**B. Hershfield,** 117 E. 23d St., N. Y. C. *Route* No. 2—*Schedule:* Daily.

**A. Cooper,** 238 E. 12th St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 2, to Bridgeport—*Schedule:* Mon. & Thurs.

**Monher Trucking Co.,** 167 W. 53d St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 2, to Bridgeport.

**Victory Moving Co.,** 1078 Boston Road, N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 2.

**United Trucking Co.,** 125 Cambridge St. *Route:* No. 2 & 23, to Springfield—*Schedule:* Twice a week.

**Economy Forwarding Co.,** 15 Park Row, N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 2, to Hartford & Bridgeport—*Schedule:* Daily.

**Champion Motor Delivery Corp.,** 29 E. 10th St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 2—*Schedule:* Daily.

**A. Davey, Inc.,** 350 Greenwich St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 2, to Norwalk.

**Hershfield, B.,** 117 E. 23d St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 2—*Schedule:* Daily.

**N. Y.-Springfield Dispatch,** 390 Canal St., N. Y. C. *Routes:* Nos. 2 & 23, to New Haven—*Schedule:* Daily.

**The Thread Agency,** 280 W. Broadway, N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 2, to New Haven—*Schedule:* Tues. & Fri.

**Metropolitan Body Co. of N. Y., Inc.,** 246 W. 65th St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 2, to Bridgeport—*Schedule:* Tues. & Fri.

**C. Waldeck,** 244 E. 86th St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 2—*Schedule:* Twice a week.

**Owners' Trans. Co.,** 1457 Broadway, N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 2—*Schedule:* Daily.

**New England Motor Transport Co., Inc.,** 357 Hudson St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 3—*Schedule:* Mon., Wed. & Fri.

**S. & B. Trucking Co.,** 136 Rivington St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 3.

**Front Auto Truck Co.,** 45 Peck Slip, N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 3, to Hartford—*Schedule:* Three times weekly.

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**W. H. Wood & Sons,** 3 Washington Square, N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 3, to Hartford-Worcester.

**Seaver Eng. Co.,** Grand Central Term. *Route:* No. 3—*Schedule:* Daily.

**N. Y.-Springfield Dispatch,** 390 Canal St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 3, to Winsted—*Schedule:* Daily.

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**A. Davey, Inc.,** 350 Greenwich St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 3, to Danbury.

**Brush Trans. Co.,** 17 Washington Pl., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 3, to Danbury—*Schedule:* Daily.

**Santini Van Co.,** 632 E. 169th St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 3, to Hartford.

**W. J. Ryan,** 358 E. 57th St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 5, to Yonkers—*Schedule:* Daily.

**Abe. London,** 745 6th Ave., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 5, to Albany.

**H. T. Cushman,** 405 Lexington Ave., Room 416, N.Y.C. *Route:* No. 5.

**Champlain Silk Mills,** 25 Madison Ave., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 5.

**The Boyer Co.,** 117 Hudson St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 5, to Albany—*Schedule:* Daily.

**Wilkes-Barre & N. Y. Carriers' Corp.,** 216 Spring St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 7—*Schedule:* Daily.

**W. Doughton, Inc.,** 59 Pearl St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 8, to Jersey City.

**Warren Gordon,** 143 Liberty St., N. Y. C. *Route:* Anywhere.

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**Sun Co.,** 30 Church St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 8, to Newark—*Schedule:* Daily.

**Metropolitan Distributors, Inc.,** 412 W. 15th St., N. Y. C. *Routes:* Nos. 8, 9 & 12, to Newark—*Schedule:* Daily.

**Central Foundry Co.,** 90 West St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 8, to Newark—*Schedule:* Daily.

**Philadelphia Motor Trans. Co., Inc.,** 222 Lafayette St., N. Y. C.

**Mitty Auto Truck Co.,** 58 Chrystie St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9, to Philadelphia.

**Hinsdale Motor Freight Corp.,** 188 Washington St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9, to Philadelphia—*Schedule:* Daily.

**Manhattan & Philadelphia Auto Exp.,** 206 W. 20th St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9, to Philadelphia—*Schedule:* Daily.

**Owens Trans. Co.,** 1457 Broadway, N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9, to Philadelphia.

**Chelsea Motor Trans. Co.,** 87 Manhattan St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9—*Schedule:* Mon., Wed. & Fri.

**Fosland Truck Corp.,** 9 E. 16th St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9, to Philadelphia—*Schedule:* Daily.

**McLaughlin Co., J.,** 41 W. 143d St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9.

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**Champion Motor Delivery Corp.,** 29 E. 10th St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9, to Philadelphia—*Schedule:* Daily.

**Fred Phillips,** 77 Broad St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9—*Schedule:* Daily.

**N. Y. & Phila. Auto Trucking Co.,** 459 Canal St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9, to Philadelphia—*Schedule:* Daily.

**Beam Fletcher,** Dey & Washington Sts., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9, to Philadelphia—*Schedule:* Daily.

**R. Brann & Co.,** 125 E. 46th St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9.

**Brocklehurst & Potter Co.,** 47 W. 34th St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9, to Philadelphia—*Schedule:* Daily.

**Melrose Auto Trucking Co.,** 428 E. 164th St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9, to Philadelphia (intermediate points)—*Schedule:* Daily.

**Amer. Motor Fd. Corp.,** 11 Washington Pl., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9, to Philadelphia—*Schedule:* Daily.

**H. Gottlieb & Bro.,** 209 Washington St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9, to Philadelphia—*Schedule:* Daily.

**Auto Truck Co.,** 27 W. 24th St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9—*Schedule:* Three times weekly.

**Manhattan & Phila. Auto Express,** 206 West 70th St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9, to Philadelphia—*Schedule:* Daily.

**E. Blout,** 2799 Broadway, N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9—*Schedule:* Mon., Wed. & Fri.

**A. W. Vandeysent, Inc.,** 876 Broadway, N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9.

**Lenox Auto Truck Co.,** 405 E. 99th St. *Route:* No. 9, to Philadelphia.

**Arrott & Faunce, Inc.,** 52 Broadway, N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9—*Schedule:* Daily.

**A. Cooper,** 233 E. 12th St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 9, to Philadelphia—*Schedule:* Tues. & Fri.

**Westchester Fish Co.,** 657 Brook Ave., N. Y. C. *Routes:* Nos. 11 & 9, to Perth Amboy & Camp Dix—*Schedule:* Mon. & Wed.

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**A. Davy, Inc.,** 5 E. 134th St., N. Y. C. *Route:* No. 14, to Nyack & Haverstraw.

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**W. Baldwin & Sons, Inc.,** 132d St. & Lincoln Ave., N. Y. C.
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**R. Martens & Co., Inc.,** 6 Hanover Square, N. Y. C.
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**H. Greene,** 58 E. 128th St., N. Y. C.
**D. D'Amiro,** 73 Monroe St., N. Y. C.
**Malpar Truck Co.,** Montclair, N. J.
**Modern Corp.,** 685 E. 17th St., N. Y. C.
**Chas. Geordano,** 2011 Amsterdam Ave., N. Y. C.
**Walco Garage & Motor Truck Co.,** 148 W. 120th St., N. Y. C.
**Trucking Service Corp.,** 291 Broadway, N. Y. C.
**Standard Truck Corp. of N. Y.,** 520 W. 37th St., N. Y. C.
**M. & L. Auto Truck Co.,** 73 1st St., N. Y. C.
**F. W. Lange Truck Co.,** 70 No. Moore St., N. Y. C.
**Louis Damico,** 73 Monroe St., N. Y. C.
**Jos. Werk,** 306 E. 180th St., N. Y. C.
**Harrison Wright,** 241 W. 127th St., N. Y. C.
**Max S. Grifenhagen,** 249 10th Ave., N. Y. C.
**Atlanta Haulage Co., Inc.,** 230 E. 42d St., N. Y. C.
**Heavy Haulage Co.,** 47 W. 34th St., N. Y. C.
**Traders' Motor Truck & Storage Co.,** 68 South St., N. Y. C.
**Motor Haulage Co.,** 7 E. 42d St., N. Y. C.
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**Weston & Phelps,** 1480 Broadway, N. Y. C.

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# DRAMA

By John Corbin

### Married by the Burglar.

PLEASE GET MARRIED, a farce in three acts by James Cullen and Lewis Allen Browne. At the Little Theatre.

| | |
|---|---|
| Soapy Higgins | Perce Benton |
| Parson Smith | Edward See |
| Mrs. Ashley | Ida Darling |
| John Harper Ashley | William Sampson |
| Muriel Ashley | Edith Taliaferro |
| Betty Bright | Elise Bartlett |
| Ferdinand Oliver Walton | Ernest Truex |
| Robert Walton | Martin Alsop |
| Constable | Elmer Brown |
| Nannette | Margaret Johnston |
| Hotel Clerk | Francis Pierlot |
| Frank Hastings | Thomas E. Jackson |
| Rev. Jenkins | J. D. Walsh |

Theoretically it should be funny, no end, when young lovers, full of joy and hope, are married by the burglar. But actually the entire first act at the Little Theatre, of which this was the central incident, proved somewhat soggy. The only real laugh came when the crook, in a choker collar, having performed the ceremony, made his exit as he had come in, by the window.

The second act returned to the familiar scenes of a hotel bridal chamber with twin beds and the young pair (not couple) interrupted incessantly while preparing for by-lows by folk vainly trying to persuade them to "Please Get Married." Ably and on the whole discreetly handled by Ernest Truex (who is a genuine comedian) and Edith Taliaferro, (a sweetly pretty and modest bride,) the familiar material once more reaped its harvest of laughter. The young folk were so firmly convinced that the series of interruptions was only the old honeymoon joke in a new form. And then the hotel burned down, which was also funny.

The last act disclosed another new idea, which shall not here be divulged, and the play fell again into the doldrums. Really it would seem that farce had best adhere to sure-fire stuff, especially in the matter of conflagrations.

Aside from the two leading parts the cast was not especially distinguished, though William Sampson and Ida Darling were intermittently amusing as the cynical father and wrangling mother of the bride.

## $14,000 FOR STONY WOLD.

### Mme. Galli-Curci Sings to Greatest Audience at Hippodrome.

Mme. Galli-Curci gave her first concert of this season at the Hippodrome last evening, singing to one of the most brilliant social audiences seen in New York, and in part, for a favorite charity, that of the Stony Wold Sanatorium, at Liberty, N. Y., for which some $14,000 was earned. The entire lower floor was sold at $10 a chair, and the horseshoe of boxes a city block long, for $100 and $200 apiece, by the influential patrons of Stony Wold. In addition, the prima donna's admirers from the public at large filled the two great balconies, so that the total receipts were said to be about $18,000. The police kept the streets clear, while lines of automobiles three abreast moved in quick order to discharge their occupants on three sides of the house.

The famous singer was in better voice than at her recent return in opera, and she received a royal greeting when she came out on the big stage in a quaint "old portrait," gown, an "arrangement in yellow," as Whistler would say, from her gold slippers to the yellow bow in her dark hair. She gave for encores after her several numbers the familiar "Drink to Me Only with Thine Eyes," Sinding's "Sylvelin," Buzzi-Peccia's "The Bird," and famous "Robin Adair."

It was a Galli-Curci concert, with no other singer on the program. There were the soprano's air from "The Barber of Seville," which she will also sing in opera this week at the Lexington, and the famous "Shadow Song," or waltz with flute, from "Dinorah," in which she had made her memorable début last year. Between the two Mme. Galli-Curci had a group of songs in English—Ronald's "Down in the Forest," Leoni's "The Brownies," and "When Chloris Sleeps," by Homer Samuels, her piano accompanist. The Chicago Opera Company orchestra played other works of Rossini, Saint-Saëns, and Goldmark, led by Polacco and Joseph Rafaelli, as well as violin solos for Gregor Skolnik, and "The Dance of the Hours," conducted as of old by Campanini.

The last of the Campanini concerts, it was announced, will be another Galli-Curci night at the Hippodrome on Feb. 23. The prima donna is also to appear in a Biltmore musicale, postponed from Feb. 21 to 28, and in her own first recital on March 9.

Among the boxholders at last night's concert were Mrs. Vanderbilt, Mrs. E. Henry Harriman, Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee, Mrs. Charles Steele, Mrs. J. Herbert Johnston, Miss Annie Burr Jennings, Mrs. Herman Biggs, Mrs. Arthur Coppell, Mrs. Andrew Saks, Mrs. Pierre Mali, and others, while the patronesses included also Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan, Mrs. James L. Barclay, Mrs. Hugh D. Auchincloss, Mrs. Robert S. Brewster, Mrs. James A. Burden, Jr., Mrs. Paul D. Cravath, Mrs. W. Bayard Cutting, Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim, Mrs. Edward S. Harkness, Mrs. Walter B. James, Mrs. Oliver G. Jennings, Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, and Mrs. Otto H. Kahn.

## CONCERTS OF A DAY.

### Roosevelt Memorial Observed by Symphony and Opera Folk.

Midway in an all-Verdi program that packed the Metropolitan last evening the audience was asked to join in singing an air appropriate to Roosevelt Day. On behalf of the management, W. J. Guard proposed what he said had been "a favorite hymn" of Colonel Roosevelt and one that the late President had taught many other Americans to honor—"The Star-Spangled Banner." It was sung with a will by all there.

Frieda Hempel, who is closing her season in "Crispino" at the opera tonight, was among the concert stars, with Rose Ponselle, Kingston, Montesanto, and Mardones. Sophie Braslau could not appear, and Lila Robeson took her place in some of Verdi's most stirring ensembles. Papi and Setti conducted.

Walter Damrosch produced G. W. Chadwick's "The Angel of Death," a brief but epic piece of music inspired by D. C. French's sculpture, in the program of the Symphony Society yesterday at Aeolian Hall. There were printed tributes to Colonel Roosevelt's varied outlook on life and nature, as suggested in the further music of Beethoven's Fifth Symphony, Mouquet's "Flute of Pan," and Francke's "Chorale and Fugue."

Jascha Heifetz played to a record audience at his postponed recital in Carnegie Hall yesterday, giving in a violin concerto of Ernst an exhibition of his powers as violinist such as even his admirers have rarely heard. It was a violinist's program throughout, and Heifetz added many encores.

Penelope Davies gave a matinée song recital at the Princess Theatre, assisted in English songs by Bryceson Treharne, and in some capital negro folksongs by H. T. Burleigh. At the Selwyn last evening there was a concert of American negro music by the Clef Club.

## AMUSEMENTS.

COMMERCIAL VEHICLE SHOW
Madison Square Garden and 69th Regiment Armory
Ticket, Admitting to Both Buildings, 50c.
OPENS TO-NIGHT, 8 P. M.

Loew's American Roof 42d St., W. of B'way Every Eve. at 8:15
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OPERA TICKETS Seats tonight, Double Bill, and Caruso, Alda & Lodoletta. Mat. All operas. Subscriptions bought and sold. 1438 Broadway (40-41 St.) Tel. Bryant 7877-7878.

## CONFESSES HE SAW MURDER OF CHINESE

### *Ziang Wan Refuses to Tell Washington Police Who Committed the Crime.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—At a late hour tonight Ziang Wan, the New York University student, who, with his brother, T. Li Van, was put under arrest today, confessed to the police authorities that he had been present at the murder of Dr. Theodore T. Wong, C. H. Hsie, and Ben Sen Wu, officials of the Chinese Educational Mission to the United States. While freely admitting that he was in a mission house when the men were murdered, the prisoner would not say who committed the crimes, nor admit that he participated in the killings. According to the police, Wan described in detail the murders.

Wan and Van had been under guard at a hotel since they were brought here from New York City soon after the crime was discovered, but were placed in jail this morning after they had been questioned all night at the mission house. According to the police, Wan confessed that he wrote Dr. Wong's name on the stub of a check for $5,000, which officials of a bank refused to honor when it was presented by a young Chinese on Jan. 30.

Police officials said they accepted this admission by Wan as a virtual confession of participation in the murder, because on last Friday he had told Major Pullman, Superintendent of Police, that "when you have found the man who wrote Dr. Wong's name on the check stub you will have found the murderer."

Wan also was said to have admitted that it was his brother who presented the check at the bank and that he remained outside in a taxicab. Previously Wan, the police said, had insisted that he left Washington on the night of Jan. 29 and had been accompanied to the station by Wu. The police believe the three men were shot to death that night.

### Metropolitan Announces Operas.

The Metropolitan posted yesterday its opera for the season's fifteenth week, starting a week from tomorrow night with "La Boheme," sung by Alda, Romaine, Crimi, and Scotti. There will follow a Wednesday double bill, "Pagliacci" and "Petrushka," when Reinald Warrenrath makes his début with Easton and Caruso; Thursday, "Cavalleria" and "Coq d'Or," the casts headed by Muzio and Lazaro, Barrientos and Didur; Friday an extra matinee of "Carmen," with Farrar, and in the evening, "Le Prophete," with Caruso, and Saturday matinee, Feb. 22, Barrientos, Hackett, and De Luca in "The Barber of Seville."

### Belasco Benefit for Wounded.

David Belasco will stage a benefit performance at the Belasco Theatre on Sunday night, Feb. 23, the proceeds of which will go to the Stage Women's War Relief, to be applied to Debarkation Hospital Theatre No. 5. On the program will be a one-act play, "When Baptiste Came Back," by Ethellyn Brewer De Foe, in which Frances Starr, Julia Arthur, Pedro de Cordoba and O. P. Heggie will appear. Mr. Belasco himself will be seen in a two-reel motion picture, "A Star Over-Night." George M. Cohan, William Collier, Bessie McCoy Davis and others have volunteered, and there will be a comedy skit enlisting nearly all the well-known actresses now appearing in the city.

### "The Village" to Aid Charities.

The Amateur Comedy Club, which gave three performances at the Garden Theatre last week, will present F. W. Tuttle's "The Village" nightly during the coming week, the receipts of each night being for a different charity. The funds thus aided will be the Wendell Boys' Club, on Monday; the Brearley League, on Tuesday; Stony Wold Sanatorium, Auxiliary 19, on Wednesday; Free Milk for France, on Thursday; Permanent Blind Relief War Fund, on Friday, and the Darrich Home for Crippled Children, on Saturday.

# THE SCREEN

"'Ception Shoals," H. Austin Adams's drama of the conflict between selfish bigotry and a young girl's struggle to live and love, in which Mme. Nazimova appeared on the stage some seasons ago, has been made into a screen vehicle for the same actress by Albert Cappelani, as director, and June Mathis, as scenario writer, and is on this week's bill at the Rivoli. The title of the photoplay is "Out of the Fog," and, as should be expected, the transition of the work from stage to screen has brought about other changes than that of the title, but the result is that "Out of the Fog," taken as a whole, without too severe a comparison with the ideal photoplay—ever in mind, but not yet produced—is a work of exceptional merit, one sure to please those who await the Nazimova films with expectations.

Nazimova appears in the double rôle, that of Faith, who throws herself from the top of the lonely lighthouse on 'Ception Shoals after her uncompromising brother has dragged her to the place, so that her life might atone for her tragic love; and that of Eve, the daughter, who was the baby left behind by Faith after her desperate escape. Mme. Nazimova makes both of these characters real, each in its environment. By the strength and subtlety of her acting she makes their meaning clear, putting their feelings into the hearts of the spectators. But she does not do this alone. She has invaluable assistance from Henry Harmon, whose impersonation of the bigoted brother is a notable piece of screen acting, and from the others in the cast, especially Tom Blake and Charles Bryant. Mr. Cappelani is also to be credited with careful and comprehensive directing.

"The Restless Three," one of Robert C. Bruce's alluring scenics, is also on the Rivoli program. Yesterday there was a vocal quartet from Verdi's "Requiem," in an impressive Wenger setting, in memory of Theodore Roosevelt.

Geraldine Farrar is at the Strand this week in "Shadows," a Willard Mack melodrama. Technically and intrinsically, it is about the best screen medium that Miss Farrar has had so far. This is not to say that "Shadows" approaches perfection. It is of the stage stagey; it demands prescience on the part of its principal character, and, at the climax, the happy solution is left to the certainty of theatrical chance; but the photoplay does contain a plot with a centre of dramatic interest and action, and it gives Miss Farrar a fair opportuunity for her undoubtedly superior abilities as an emotional actress.

The story of the play is that of a woman with a past, who fights for the home and life and love which that past would rob her of, and wins the fight. As a fighter Miss Farrar is at her best, and when her play offers her something to fight for that can be made to seem real, if only for the moment, she is effective for all of her spectators. All those at the Strand yesterday afternoon were with her in every stage of her fight. She compelled them. She also charmed them in many milder scenes.

Milton Sills, Tom Santschi, and Fred Truesdell were the chief support and made their characters active parts of the photoplay. Reginald Barker, the director, is to be credited with good work, on the whole, and thoughtful attention to important details, though he permitted needless "subtitles."

Mabel Day and Richard Bold appeared in a duet from Act II. of "Pirates of Penzance," the first of a series of scenes from operas to be presented at the Strand, and the Topical Review brought many entertaining views to the screen.

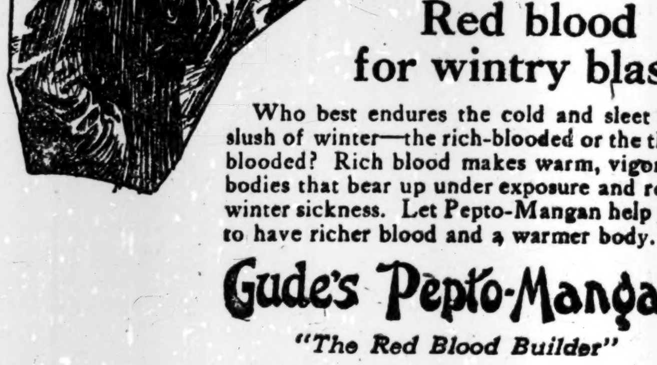
"Maggie Pepper," with Ethel Clayton, Tully Marshall and Elliott Dexter in the leading rôles, is at the Rialto. It is a well-acted photoplay of the kind called "heart-stuff" in the trade.

"Ascent of the Matterhorn," a Burlingham scenic, is wel lworth a trip to the theatre. For this picture eight men made a trip to the top of the famous mountain.

Gladys Rice sings "Ave Maria," with a violin obbligato by Sascha Fidelman, in memory of Colonel Roosevelt.

"The Wicked Darling," with Priscilla Dean, is the photoplay at the Broadway this week.

Burton Holmes's subject at Carnegie Hall last night was "With the Yanks in Italy." He will repeat the Travelogue this afternoon.



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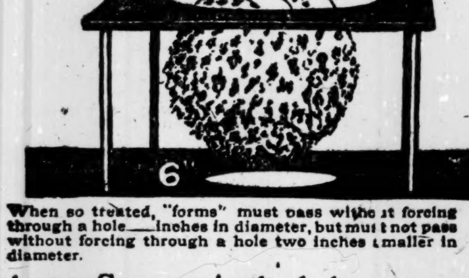

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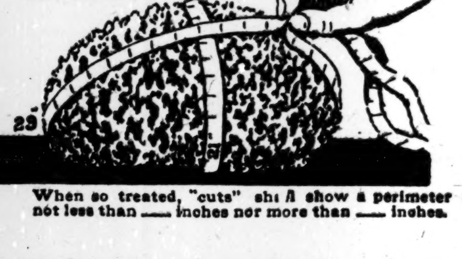

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A. H. WOODS Presents
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48TH ST. Theatre, East of B'way. Phone Bryant 178. Evenings 8:25 Sharp. Mats. Wed. (Lincoln's B'day), Thurs. & Sat.
TO-NIGHT AT 8:25 SHARP
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A new play by Maravene Thompson.

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If you think two and one half hours of constant laughter willdoyour systemany harm keep away from "PLEASE GET MARRIED" with Ernest Truex and Edith Taliaferro at the LITTLE THEATRE
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A LITTLE JOURNEY
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ELTINGE West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30
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FLORENCE REED in ROADS of DESTINY

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Eves. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
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William Gillette | BARRIE'S BEST PLAY. —*Herald* | Dear Brutus
"To have this play in New York is indeed good fortune."—Eve. Sun.

Henry Miller's Thea., 124 W. 43 st. Eve. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
EXTRA MATINEE LINCOLN'S DAY (WED.)
MRS. FISKE
in "Mis' Nelly of N'Orleans"
A COMEDY OF MOONSHINE MADNESS AND MAKE-BELIEVE

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Wed. Mat. at 2, ($1 to $5), Aida. Muzio, Claussen; Caruso, Whitehill, Mardones. Cond., Moranzoni.
Wed. at 8, Faust. Farrar, Delaunois, Howard; Martinelli, Rothier, Chalmers. Cond., Monteux.
Thurs. at 8, Boris Godunow. Matzenauer, Delaunois; Didur, Althouse, Mardones, Bada. Cond., Papi.
Fri. at 8:15, Rigoletto. Barrientos, Perini; Hackett, De Luca, Rothier, Bada. Cond., Moranzoni.
Sat. at 2, Double Bill: Lodoletta. Easton; Caruso, Chalmers, Malatesta, Didur. Cond., Moranzoni. Petruschka. Galli; Bolm, Bonfiglio. Cond., Monteux.
Sat. at 8:15 (75c to $3), Tosca. Farrar; Lazaro, Scotti, Rossi, Ananian. Cond., Moranzoni.
Next Mon. at 8:15, Boheme. Alda, Romaine; Crimi, Scotti, Didur. Cond., Papi.

Fri., Feb. 21, Spec'l Mat. at 2, ($1 to $5). Carmen. Farrar, Romaine; Martinelli, Whitehill, Segurola. Cond., Monteux.
Sale of Seats begins THIS MORNING at 9.

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Wed., "Barber of Seville." Galli-Curci, Carpi, Stracciari, Trevisan, Arimondi. Cond., Campanini.
Thurs., "Loreley" (First time in N. Y.), Fitziu, Dolci, Macbeth, Rimini, V. Lazzari, Toll. Cond., Polacco.
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Sat. Mat., "La Traviata." Galli-Curci, Dolci, Stracciari, Teil. Cond., Polacco.
Sat. Night, "Faust." Gall, O'Sullivan, Journet, Pavloska, Defrere, Berat. Cond., Charlier.
SUNDAY NIGHT, CAMPANINI CONCERT, N. Y. HIPPODROME
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FRIDAY MORNING MUSICALE
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MARIE KRYL Pianist
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MANUEL BERENGNER Flutist
Res. Seats, $3.00. Box Seats, $5.00. Now on sale at R. E. Johnston's office, 1451 B'way. Knabe Piano. (By arrangement with Charles L. Wagner and D. F. McSweeney.)
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Mgt. Wm. J. A. Bailey
Mason-Hamlin Piano.

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Tickets, 50c to $2.00, at Box Office

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ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
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NEW YORK, MONDAY, FEB. 10, 1919.

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## AN APPOINTMENT THAT SHOULD NOT HAVE BEEN MADE.

As a clinical diagnostician Mr. William Allen White won his earliest and greatest fame some twenty-two years ago by his celebrated inquiry, "What Is the Matter with Kansas?" His diagnosis was thorough and with an unerring finger he pointed out the ills from which Kansas was suffering. The State was afflicted with Populism, a milder form of Bolshevism. The Bolshevists murder, the Populists were simply silly. They ranted, while Lenine's disciples rob and slay. Mr. White, therefore, has some of the qualifications of an expert in respect to the malady from which Russia is now suffering. He has some evident fitness to serve as one of the two representatives of the United States upon the committee that is to meet Mr. Lenine's representatives in conference on Princes' Islands.

The appointment of Mr. George D. Herron as the other representative of the United States is a very different matter. As a teacher of the extreme doctrines of socialism and of the loose views of the marriage relation which so many Socialists hold, Mr. Herron has been in close sympathy with the principles which have guided Lenine and Trotzky in their war upon capitalism and upon society. Mr. Herron is to be accounted rather an exponent of Bolshevist opinion than of the American opinion upon questions which must come up for discussion in the conference. That is enough to condemn his appointment as one not fit to be made.

But he should not have been named as a member of the committee because he is not a person who at any time or upon any occasion could properly represent the people of the United States of America. This is one of a considerable number of appointments to Administration service in Washington and elsewhere in respect to which it is fitting that a serious protest should be made. The American people have no liking for the theories of socialism. The selection of persons like Mr. Herron, and of others who have been chosen for conspicuous posts in the war service of the Administration, is approved in this country chiefly by those who are active in the socialistic cause or in sympathy with it. These appointments are widely condemned, there is a feeling that they tend to give encouragement to the agitators and plotters who in many parts of the country are stirring up labor troubles or advocating the overthrow of our governmental institutions. Inasmuch as 30,000,000 Americans, more than a quarter of the population of the United States, are holders of bonds issued by the Government, it is impossible to imagine that official recognition and favor extended to representatives of a cult that would overthrow the Government and destroy the existing order of society can be viewed with general approval.

To millions of friends and supporters of the President appointments of this class have been a cause of regret and uneasiness. They cannot be defended, they are not understood. In naming Mr. George D. Herron to confer with the Bolsheviki, and any other appointments objected to for like reasons, we fear the President has been guided by bad advisers. If it be too late to recall this and similar decisions, he should at least change his advisers.

## "THE RECORD MADE AGAINST."

Mayor Hylan is not only a copious letter writer himself, but the inspirer of epistles from other men. When Inspector Costigan was demoted and exiled to Beach Street, Commissioner Enright, who knows the value of discretion and the folly of explaining acts that are best forgotten, had no reasons to give. He said cynically that there was one more Inspector than the budget allowed, and "that "is one of the reasons why I have reduced Costigan." Asked for specific reasons, he said "the reasons I have are ample and sufficient for me." In other words, sic volo, sic jubeo. That is my will. Mr. Enright has been brought up in a shrewd school. Don't try to give reasons for a thing indefensible. Make dark intimations. What a tale you could unfold, an you would. Shut up, and let the good, easy public forget.

The good, easy public wasn't docile or forgetful in the Costigan matter. The humiliation of a strikingly efficient and honest police official made it uneasy. Is Tammany bound to bring back its golden ideal of "an open town"? Is the police force, so admirably organized under Commissioner Woods, so clean, athletic, self-respecting, law-respecting, to be demoralized by the conviction, forced upon it, that honesty is the way to demotion, that a blind or tolerant eye to vice and crime is a policeman's best credential to the good graces of the Man Higher Up?

The public grumbled so much that Mayor Hylan and the other official friends of righteousness according to the old Tammany gospel must have got gooseflesh. At any rate, Commissioner Enright, who knows the wisdom of reticence, has been forced to write a letter to the complete letter writer in the City Hall. The observations about the "topheaviness" of the so effective police force under Mr. Woods, about the reckless disregard of the truth on the part of newspapers venturing to tell it, belong to the fantastic mythology of Hylania. Where Commissioner Enright, induced, no doubt against his will, to venture into the fatal commerce of letters, makes a mistake and what the censorious may deem an unconscious confession is in his saying of former Inspector Costigan's "record" that it "is by far "the worst *made against* any Inspec- "tor in the department." Taking the liberty of underscoring these two words, The Times needs to make no other comment on Mr. Enright's engaging epistle.

## THE PARK COMMISSIONER.

With nothing but respect for Mr. Berolzheimer, the well-intentioned and not ill-performing Commissioner of Parks whom Mayor Hylan has just inserted into the lucrative and otiose post of City Chamberlain, one is tempted to quote Swinburne about Mr. Francis Dawson Gallatin, the new Park Commissioner:

> Ah, in that strange and shrineless place,
> What doth a Goddess, what a Grace?

Mr. Gallatin is a man of large intelligence, of varied contact with the world, of extensive labor in eleemosynary and penal reform directions. New York looks to him with hope, dimmed a little by old experience, for the reintegration of intelligent landscape gardening and park conservation and improvement. He has done much for the unpaid defense of criminals. Well, he will find plenty of defenseless criminals in Central Park. The elm trees, for example. Poor, dilapidated, persecuted tramps and cumberers of ground that might be used for building purposes, the natural object of a park! The Park itself has long been regarded as a criminal and wastrel, a home of beauty and rural charm that ought to be made into building lots, outdoor gymnasiums, training grounds covered with garages for the people, and what not.

New York looks to Commissioner Gallatin for sympathetic and brave defense of its endangered breathing spot and pleasure house.

## NURSERY FINANCE FOR THE SENATE.

The Senators who are demanding that England shall receive the American goods which she is denying herself, although urgently needing and ardently desiring them, are better salesmen than collectors. It is necessary to remind them that England is temporarily embarrassed, for reasons most creditable to her, and that she dislikes to run into debt with those who are grudging with their accommodations. In taking that position England is as honorable as the Senators are unreasonable. For the year 1918 England's adverse balance of trade was £790,000,000, say nearly four billions of dollars. England's dilemma, perhaps consternation, at being presented with that bill from the world, and mostly from ourselves, may be measured by our joy at a favorable balance of trade smaller by a billion, measuring a profit made honestly, but out of the cruel needs of our foreign friends, who have not counted their lives nor their treasure in defense of a moral issue. It is to our credit that we denied ourselves food that they might eat at their cost, our profit. It is to their credit that now they deny themselves food and goods in order that they may pay their bills. Under these conditions the Senate proposes economic war, and uses language which sensitive men of business read with pain. We shall hear of this again, and with regret.

England's difficulty in retrenching appears from the fact that its December debits were larger than the rate for 1918 by half a billion. Figures cabled on Saturday showed an increase of imports in January by $175,000,000, but an increase of exports by only $25,000,000. England will be more than embarrassed if she does not stop running up debits increasing by $150,000,000 monthly. Her debits and our credits must decline together, unless we are sufficiently humane, and good enough bankers and men of business, to help our best customer instead of threatening her. We can enlarge our advances to her for the purchase of food. We can help her with raw materials to enable her to increase her exports with which she can pay for her imports. We can do these things because those are doing them who are less able than we. We ought to do them because it is humiliating to compare the practice of other peoples with the utterances of our unrepresentative spokesmen who are insulting those with whom the President is trying to do business.

For example, on Saturday Australia sold India 90,000 tons of wheat at $1.31 per bushel free on board at port of lading, and removed the prohibition of export of gold. England would finance herself if we would allow her to buy gold with either goods or credit. The gentlemen who are mourning over the price of wheat and the possible loss of a billion dollars will please remark the price at Melbourne, and consider that the Melbourne price is not the London price. When men are near starvation they do not look at the price so closely as those who count their profits above their charity, and yet are so shortsighted as not to help their buyers.

Even Japan shows us the way. We have her subscription for $50,000,000 to our Treasury certificates, thus helping the exchange situation which is obstructing the movement of goods. The granting of $50,000,000 acceptance credit to Belgium by our bankers is another help to the situation which the Senate would do well to remark. The Federal Reserve would explain its meaning. Our boycotters might remark that the allied economic council at Paris is favoring the granting of neutral credits to enable Germany to buy fats which England will supply, herself repurchasing. The fats ultimately will come from here, and thus the deadlock in exchange of goods between nations for reasons of finance would be to that extent unlocked. Our goods are nearest the needy. Our abundance is greatest. Our bank reserves are the hugest. Yet we are losing our market to the Antipodes, and we shall find the price broken when we begin to sell.

Yet there is included in the pending bill of the House Agricultural Committee a proposal to add to the $2.26 per bushel wheat guarantee a bonus for farm storage to prevent overstocking the elevators and "glutting" the market. There is no glut in the world food market. There is no surplus of world wheat. There is only congestion of food movement for reasons of difficulty of transport and finance.

## EMBARKATION CAMPS IN FRANCE.

Investigation of conditions at the embarkation camps at Pontanezen and St. Aignan in France is desirable to bring out the truth, and to put in the record such difficulties as Major Gen. Harbord and the medical officers have had to contend with in caring for the soldiers forwarded to them for transportation to the States. The camps have been overcrowded; also the sites are unsuitable for the purpose, and the climatic conditions are not favorable to health. The following statement was made on Jan. 1 by General Harbord, who distinguished himself at Château-Thierry, later was detailed for transportation duty, and is now in command at Brest:

> Climatic conditions at Brest, due to daily rains, are the worst of any port at our disposal in France, but the lack of deep water at other ports forces certain ships to come to Brest, the one port they can enter. The policy of beginning evacuation of our troops immediately after the armistice, and the order to fill all available shipping, forced the evacuation of troops through Brest before any construction work suitable to an embarkation camp could be completed.

First, the armistice came unexpectedly and the War Department was unprepared to enter upon the task of sending troops home; then the clamor in the United States, in and out of Congress, for the early return of our soldiers resulted in the taking of measures to carry out the wishes of the people without delay. No doubt it would have been better if the War Department had made haste slowly about the business of evacuation. An impression prevails that little or nothing has been done to improve conditions at the Brest camp. Upon that point Mr. Paul D. Cravath of New York, adviser to the Allied Board on Finance and Purchases, and who knows from observation what has been done at Brest by Brig. Gen. Smedley D. Butler, has made this statement:

> He has built many acres of comfortable barracks; he has provided heat for the tents, floors for most of them; he has built a number of admirably arranged kitchens, each equipped for feeding 5,000 men a day. The hospital facilities have been enlarged and perfected. An independent water site had already been provided before his arrival, and he is enlarging it. A complete sewage system is being installed, but in the meantime the temporary sanitary arrangements have proved entirely ineffective.

In Mr. Cravath's opinion no better choice for reconstructing and improving the camp could have been made, for General Butler, a marine officer, had done remarkable things in building camps for troops in China and Haiti. There is no more practical man, no abler administrator, than General Harbord in the army. It is, therefore, a reasonable conclusion that these two men went about the work to be done at Brest with characteristic energy, and that they have been doing all that was humanly possible to make the Brest embarkation camp habitable and sanitary. At the same time, when the worst of the story is told by home-returning soldiers, it sounds like an indictment of General Harbord and General Butler for neglect of the troops. But soldiers who have had to put up with the discomforts of an embarkation camp in the making may not be fair witnesses. By all means there should be an inquiry into conditions as they were, and as they are, at Pontanezen and at St. Aignan. What have the medical men done for the sick? Let that come out, too. Nothing is to be gained by concealing the truth. It may turn out to be far from discreditable to the War Department. Its accusers are not all concerned to be rational and tolerant; some of them are bent on making a sensation out of Brest and St. Nazaire for political purposes.

## A GREAT RENUNCIATION.

Of all self-denying ordinances and solemn leagues and covenants against evil, that of the New York Federation of Women's Clubs against women's evening gowns designed by designing men and that "have led fashion to the extreme limit of indecency," and are "having a most demoralizing effect upon the youth of the country," is the most stringent, ascetic, and nobly virtuous. The members of the Federation, it seems, are to "set their "hearts like flint and refuse to wear "the gowns, no matter how becoming "they are"! This is the top notch of feminine altruism, and few there be that find it.

Since horrid man is notoriously blind to the aestheticisms and refinements of female dress; since he can but ignorantly worship some vague added charm in that costume which the severer sisters reprobate; since he is too dense to understand the fantasies of women's dress, contrived, the wise assure us, only to impress or excite the envy of the once Ruling Sex, the fears of the Federation about the male "youth of the country" are unfounded.

To the stupid masculine mind, woman's dress is always charming, becoming, decent. Yet the most obfuscated survivor of the Dethroned Sex can't hide his wonder and admiration when he hears of high female souls whose bodies are to scorn "no matter how becoming" female fashions. How can what is "indecent" be "becoming"? The Federationists need a dictionary.

It is the way of this world of sin to say that Puritans in petticoats never hate a mode in which they have the faintest hope of looking becomingly arrayed.

## TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

### "Reactionaries" as Seen by Bolsheviki.

In The Times yesterday there was an article the author of which, writing from personal knowledge acquired in Russia before, during, and after the revolution, contrasted the facts of Bolshevism with the deliberate unveracities about it which certain propagandists of the "parlor Socialist" type are industriously spreading throughout the country. One point made in the article is deserving of particular attention.

Invariably the Bolsheviki and their friends and defenders—including the people who begin with, "I am not a Bolshevik, but——"—base their pleas and arguments on the utterly false premise that the alternative to Bolshevism in Russia is the restoration of autocratic rule. They describe all antagonists to the Bolsheviki as "reactionaries," and charge them all, together with the "capitalistic Governments" of the Entente countries, with a fierce desire to set a new Czar on the old Czar's throne. They would have their hearers forget—and seemingly make a good many of the more ignorant and credulous do it—that in every Entente country there was sincere and unanimous joy over the success of the first revolution—a revolution, by the way, with which the Bolsheviki had absolutely nothing to do. The Czar had not a single mourner, outside of lands whose like monarchs were made anxious by the disclosure of how easy it was to overthrow a despot.

Not only is the restoration of Czarism in Russia unthinkable as a possibility, but nobody anywhere dreams of restoring it when or if the Bolsheviki are overcome. The universal desire of the so-called "reactionaries" is to replace Bolshevism with democracy—the cruelest of tyrannies with rule by the whole people.

### Deception Merely Mitigated.

When it was discovered a few months ago that one of the telegraph companies was transmitting by train and messenger "night letters" for the sending of which it charged and received a rate much higher than the postage paid on mail matter traveling by the same trains, much justifiable indignation was expressed. The offending corporation made a half-hearted defense of the practice—a defense which nobody accepted as adequate—and it was at once abandoned.

Now a not dissimilar scheme has been revived, not by the same or another corporation, but by the present ruler of all means of public communication. The details, as told in The Times yesterday, are interesting.

The Government, or Mr. Burleson's division of it, telegraphs "night letters" to the city of destination, but for delivery in that city they take their chances with common, everyday mail. Technically, no deception is involved, for the back of the blanks on which "night letters" must be written has printed on it, among other more or less interesting information, the announcement that the department will use its own discretion in deciding whether to deliver these letters by messenger or intrust them to the mails.

Of course, next to nobody ever reads that sort of literature, so the secret of mail transmission of "night letters" intrusted to the Government telegraph offices was kept until the receiver of one of the letters in New York observed that its arrival was strangely belated, and started an investigation.

The Government's defense of its method is a little better than was that of the company that invented it, but for all that the defense is a poor one, in that it involves a conscious exploitation of a very common form of negligence on the part of the paying public.

## CHINA'S APPEAL

### Considered an Attempt to Get Justice from Japan.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

I have just read with considerable amusement but greater indignation the letter of Mr. Yukichi Iwanaga in today's Times regarding the Chinese appeal to the Peace Conference for a revision of the Chino-Japanese Treaty of 1915. I was amused because Mr. Iwanaga so ingenuously betrays Japan's real attitude and feelings, and I was indignant that he should hide them under a cloak of righteousness and thereby try to deceive the American public.

In his opening paragraph Mr. Iwanaga gives himself away. This is what he says: "It seems to some of us Japanese that China is now trying very hard to make the most of the Peace Conference in order to free herself from all foreign dominance or influence." Yes, it seems that way to many Americans, too—but for some reason we are not as properly shocked as is Mr. Iwanaga. To be sure, it is one of the chief aims of the Peace Conference to right the wrongs of militarism, to free helpless nations from the dominance of their powerful neighbors; but what a terrible thing that China should use the Conference for that purpose!

Mr. Iwanaga goes on to say that China is demanding a revision of the Chino-Japanese Treaty of 1915 because it was signed under duress and coercion. He says that Japan is willing to consider revision "if there be in it any terms which are a real menace to the independence of China, for Japan, too, wants to have her neighbor as an independent State."

These are fair words, and look well on paper, but when backed by the facts of the case they lose their import. It will be noticed that Mr. Iwanaga does not deny that the treaty was signed under coercion. It was so signed, and the only reason that it does not completely take away the independence of China is due to the intervention of powers who had guaranteed that independence. The treaty was the outcome of the infamous and unprovoked "Twenty-one Demands" made upon China by Japan in 1915. The attention of the world was focused at the time upon Europe, and it was only by a diplomatic stratagem, which well matched Japan's own cunning in secretly presenting the demands at this busy time, that the Chinese President, Yuan Shih-kai, was able to make the demands public. There was an immediate protest by some of the powers, and Japan in chagrin was obliged to withdraw those demands which actually would have taken away China's independence. The ones to which China was forced to acquiesce were humiliating enough.

From this time on Japan tried to obtain, by more insinuating means, the power which she had previously outwardly demanded. She professed to be the true friend of China, but her actions belied her. Only those who lived in China at this time can appreciate the cleverness with which she carried on this project.

And now we come to the crux of Mr. Iwanaga's letter, in which he resents China's appeal to the Peace Conference. The chief burden of his plaint seems to be that Japan may thereby be compelled by foreign powers "to do that which we might otherwise do from our own sense of justice." During the last three years, in spite of China's appeals, Japan has shown little inclination to exercise that sense of justice!

J. A. MITCHELL.

New Haven, Feb. 7, 1919.

### Invoking "the Spirit of 1812."

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

On reading the account of the Senate's debate over Great Britain's proposed embargo, one feels moved to reassure Senator Lewis. He predicts gloomily that a feeling of hostility will be roused in this country by Great Britain's action, and warns her against reviving "the spirit of 1812." He really need not worry. So far the feeling of hostility appears to be limited to himself and Senator Reed.

As for "the spirit of 1812," the Senator seems to forget that several things have happened since 1812, and that the spirit of 1914 and the spirit of 1917 may have even greater weight with the country than the righteous indignation roused by the temporary slight docking of the country's income. Of course Senator Lewis and Senator Reed are expected to uphold the country's interests, but in this year of grace 1919 it is hardly necessary or appropriate for them to be so touchy about it.

When two countries have fought side by side with mutual love and faith in this war of all wars; when each has vowed her last drop of red blood to the same great end, and when both are still dizzy and gasping from the recently ended struggle, it jars on the nerves to hear a small-souled relic of another age utter warlike threats over a difference of opinion in regard to trade. Differences of opinion are natural, but, in the holy name of the thing which we have been fighting for, let us differ as friends do, and not start falling upon each other as soon as the danger is past, as though we had just finished a gutter brawl.

HELENA H. SMITH.

Smith College, Northampton, Mass., Feb. 7, 1919.

## THE INESCAPABLE ONE.

*(Adrasteia.)*

She is the daughter of a god.
Who gave to her a measuring-rod,
A sharpened sword, and stinging scourge
Wherewith her flying team to urge.
A yoke and bridle, too, she hath,
For, when she will, she holds her wrath:
She can be slow—she can be swift—
But every matter she will sift!
She spares no least, no mightiest one,
Who to his fellow wrong hath done.
A hardened heart wakes all her zeal—
She finds the way to make it *feel!*
A Red Sea wave she will uproll
And heave it at the impious soul;
Corroding madness she will call,
Till heart and flesh shall crumble—all!
She skillfully contrives it so
Who digs a pit therein shall go;
And terribly she laughs—to bend
Homeward the curse that one may send!

How she stood near, with sparkling look,
When Phidias that marble took,
Left by the Mede at Marathon
When triumph he had counted on—
To see a Persian Victory smile
From that white spoil of Parian Isle!
But Phidias dreamed another shape—
"Goddess-whom-no-one-can-escape,"
He called to her, laying a kiss
Upon the lips of Nemesis!
With thirst of Beauty in his heart
He rent the marble veil apart,
And let out her, who (waited long)
Healed the Greek soul from Persian
wrong!

The hour is barely passed when we
A like creative work could see:
A mighty dynasty unwrought,
Invading hosts to standstill brought—
The hosts of one whose brooding mind
A wide-winged Victory designed—
But, even while his towering pride
Almost the emergent shape descried,
A sculpturing Hand did intervene—
Outstepping Nemesis was seen!

*"Goddess-whom-none-escapes"*—Oh, still
On mortal crime she works her will—
She, the Avenger—see her now—
The Beautiful, the dark of brow!
Over the rough-heaved lands she drives,
Smites the high hand, but strikes off
gyves—
Searching where any wrong con-
trives . . .
He who would flee her vainly strives!

EDITH M. THOMAS.

# URGE STATE WORK FOR EX-SOLDIERS

### Republican Leaders Would Spend Millions on Road and Institution Construction.

## OFFSET TO SMITH'S PLAN

### Better to Provide Work Now and Investigate Readjustment Theories Later, They Hold.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, Feb. 9.—Reconstruction, which to Governor Alfred E. Smith appears so replete with puzzling and perplexing elements as to call for a thorough investigation of after-war problems by a special commission, is in the eyes of the Republican leaders of the Legislature a very simple matter.

"Construction is the actual solution of reconstruction," reads the opening sentence of a pronunciamento sent out by the News Bureau of the Republican State Committee over the signatures of Henry J. Walters, President-pro-tem of the Senate, and Thaddeus C. Sweet, Speaker of the Assembly. The statement goes on to point out that, even though everything that has been said so far with regard to the State's finances would indicate an empty treasury, there are several millions available, which, according to the Republican leaders, ought to be spent forthwith for the purpose of giving the returning soldiers work on road construction and repair and on construction and repair at State institutions which have been deferred since the war because of the scarcity of labor and materials.

As the statement was put out by the Republican State Committee at a time when the Republican majority in both branches of the Legislature had declared war on a bill introduced on behalf of Governor Smith for the purpose of obtaining an appropriation for his newly appointed Reconstruction Commission, it was accepted at the Capitol as an indication that the Governor's friends in the lawmaking body have been too optimistic in their predictions that the appropriation would be forthcoming. Originally the bill called for an appropriation of $75,000, but the amount was reduced to $60,000 to meet objections from Republican quarters before the majority boldly took its stand in opposition to any legislative action whatsoever to promote the purpose Governor Smith may have had in view when he appointed his Commission on Reconstruction.

### The Question of Politics.

The contention of Democratic observers at the Capitol has been that the opposition to the reconstruction appropriation was prompted by political considerations, and not by considerations of economy. The Republicans, they contend, were afraid that the Governor might derive some political advantage from the appointment of a commission which might readily be turned into an agency to alienate the affections of the farmers from the Republican Legislature to the Democratic Governor, as well as to make political capital for the Chief Executive among other classes of voters. Of course, the Democrats say, all these fears are entirely unfounded, as Governor Smith had in mind solely a study of after-war problems which would enable this State to act intelligently and become the pioneer in reconstruction work, now that we have peace, as it was the pioneer in the work of preparedness when war threatened.

The investigation advocated by Governor Smith is discouraged by the Republican leaders.

"This is no time to theorize, if we are to grapple with the enormous industrial situation, which is not approaching, but which is here, right in front of us," they say in their statement. "The period for theory may come, but now, when the path is clear, there should be no delay, and we should demonstrate by practical application that we are capable of meeting an emergency just as vital as any that we have encountered."

The statement, which advocates the expenditure of $10,000,000 for work on State highways and an amount not specified for new construction and repairs at State institutions, follows in part:

### Fields for State Work.

"An unlimited amount of work for men is in the immediate foreground, and we should begin construction. This is imperative as a move toward defenite reconstruction, and we might just as well be practical and face these facts:

"State, county, and town highways demand prompt attention, and ample hospital accommodations for the feeble-minded, criminal offenders and other State charges are morally mandatory. This responsibility should be mastered at once, and our construction campaign should be broad enough to embrace all classes, from the skilled mechanic to the day laborer. This is not only feasible, but practical, as highway construction means a market for one grade, while the erection of public buildings is a market for those of the building trades. The completion of terminals along the Barge Canal is another necessity and would enlarge the area for all types of employment.

"There is $5,500,000 available for maintenance of State roads and $2,500,000 for construction, releasable from the first $50,000,000 bond issue, besides $2,000,000 in addition from the second issue. As to the construction and development of State institutions, there is a call for hospitals at Central Islip, Middletown, Utica, and Kings Park, not forgetting the all-important matter of proper structures for the care of the feeble-minded, and armories at Troy and Malone. This, however, is only a summary and not a detailed account of the State work for which plans and specifications are ready or for which contracts have been awarded.

"Idleness in all its vicious symptoms never makes itself more manifest than when men are out of work, and employment for those who should not be without it is our duty as legislators. Red tape and humdrum official procedure should be discountenanced, and this great State should be the leader in a plan of reconstruction that will speak for itself.

"So it is obvious, if we move speedily, giving men work and keeping factories open, it will mean animate, rather than inanimate, reconstruction, for, with men and women earning good wages, the reconstruction program, as applied to the future, will take care of itself."

The proposal for such a large expenditure of money on road construction at the present time is not likely to find approval with the Democratic minority in the Legislature nor, it is thought, could Governor Smith, after the strong plea for rigid economy made in his annual message, approve the large appropriations that would be required.

### Women Dine at Lotos Club.

For the first time in the history of the organization the Lotos Club last night admitted women to its dining rooms. The action was taken in response to suggestions from many members that they would like the privilege of bringing their wives and families to dine on Sunday evenings. Women accompanied by a member were welcomed between 6:30 and 10 o'clock, and about 100 came. The privilege is to be extended weekly hereafter. Hitherto women have been allowed in the clubhouse only on special occasions.

## VICTORY FOR NAVAL BILL.

### Padgett Predicts House Will Adopt Wilson's Program Today.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—In response to President Wilson's request, the House tomorrow, according to Chairman Padgett of the Naval Affairs Committee, will adopt the three-year naval program and complete consideration of the Naval bill, carrying in appropriations more than $746,000,000. The program calls for ten battleships and ten scout cruisers and apportions money for the building of smaller craft, the type of which will be decided by the next Congress after recommendations by the Navy Department.

In the three-year period the building program will cost $600,000,000, provided the Peace Conference does not decide upon a limitation of armament.

There was such strong opposition to enlarging the navy at this time that even the request of President Wilson could not be granted except by writing into the bill a proviso that no contracts should be entered into prior to February, 1920. It is stipulated that if a proper tribunal shall decide against further naval expansion by the nations the building program can be abandoned.

The first three-year program, authorized in August, 1916, has not been completed and some of the larger vessels then authorized have not been laid down.

Chairman Padgett in his speech on Friday gave the statistics, which were a surprise to most members of Congress. The program provided for 10 battleships, 6 battle cruisers, 10 scout cruisers, 9 fleet submarines, 50 destroyers, 58 coast submarines, 3 fuel ships, 1 repair ship, 1 transport, 1 hospital ship, 2 destroyer tenders, 1 fleet submarine tender, 2 ammunition ships, and 2 gunboats, a total of 156 ships.

At the present time six battleships, six battle cruisers, two scout cruisers and nine fleet submarines, while designed, have not been laid down.

Not one of the battleships authorized in 1916 has been completed, according to the figures given by Chairman Padgett. Four of the ten authorized are building, and the percentage of completion is as follows:

Colorado, 7 per cent.; Maryland, 39 per cent.; Washington, 5 per cent.; West Virginia, 19 per cent.

The six battleships of this program, which have been designed and named, but on which no work has been done, are:

South Dakota, North Carolina, Montana, Indiana, Massachusetts and Iowa.

The belief exists among members of the Naval Affairs Committee that the new program will never be carried out. They say the President desires to have the United States on record in a building program so that the Peace Conference can see what is proposed in the way of a naval establishment if the Peace Conference does not decide on disarmament or a limitation on armament.

## BRING HOME NAVY'S DEAD.

### Bodies of Marines Also Included in the Department's Plans.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Plans for bringing home the bodies of all navy officers, sailors and marines now buried on foreign soil are being worked out by the Navy Department and the actual work will be undertaken within the next few months. The wishes of relatives, however, will govern not only as to the return of the bodies but also as to their final disposition. Those brought home either will be sent forward for private interment or buried in the Arlington or some other national cemetery as the relatives may decide.

The Department's announcement today expressed a preference for bringing home all bodies. It was pointed out that as a result of the careful preparation made at the outbreak of the war it had been possible to return the bodies of hundreds of those who died overseas. In the case of marines and naval detachments serving with the army, however, this was not possible and instead a careful system of permanent marking of graves was maintained. If the nearest of kin of any of the men who gaves their lives for their country so desire the dead will be left to rest in France, possibly in American cemetery sites where perpetual care and recognition will be assured.

Where bodies are brought home for burial in national cemeteries full military honors will be accorded and where private interment is desired the Navy will prepay all expense for delivery of the body to relatives.

Relatives of the dead of the Navy and Naval Reserves were requested to write the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery as to their wishes and those of the dead of the Marine Corps were invited to communicate with the commandant of the corps.

## INVESTIGATE WAR CHARITIES

### National Bureau to Send Man Overseas with Government Approval.

In announcing a list of approved war activities yesterday the National Investigation Bureau, of 1 Madison Avenue, recommended centralized direction and control of all organizations engaged in relief work abroad. The announcement said:

"The bureau has engaged W. Frank Persons to make a study of the relief situation abroad. He recently resigned as Director General of Civilian Relief of the American Red Cross, and he is peculiarly qualified by training, experience and ability to make an impartial investigation and estimate of the various American activities in European countries which are soliciting support from the American people.

"Mr. Persons's inquiry will not include the Red Cross and the seven organizations which participated in the United War Work Campaign. He will endeavor to obtain reliable information as to the need, value and efficiency of those organizations concerned in his investigation, and also to make a general survey of the European relief situation, with a view to obtaining information concerning the demands which may reasonably be made upon the American people for foreign suffering during the next six or eight months."

The national relief organizations approved by the bureau are:

Permanent Blind Relief War Fund.
American Committee for Devastated France.
Committee for Relief in the Near East.
Free Milk and Relief for Italy.
Free Milk for France.
American Fund for French Wounded.
American French Service Committee.
American Jugo-Slav Relief Committee.
American Ouvroir Funds.
American Women's Hospitals.
British War Relief Association.
Children's Tin Box Fund.
Duryea War Relief.
Edith Wharton War Charities.
Fatherless Children of France.
Food for France Fund.
Franco-American Committee for the Protection of Children of the Frontier.
French Heroes' Lafayette Memorial Fund.
French Tuberculous Soldiers' Relief.
Italian War Relief of America.
Joint Distributing Committee.
National Allied Relief Committee.
National Special Aid.
Overseas Club and Patriotic League.
Polish Children's Relief Fund.
Polish National Department.
Polish Victims' Relief Fund.
Refugees in Russia.
Scottish Women's Hospitals.
Secours Franco-American.
Serbian Aid Fund.
Serbian National Defense League.
Shamrock Fund.
Smith College War Service Board.

It was said that the War Department approved the investigation of war relief work in Europe and had co-operated in planning the program.

### Daughters of Israel Open Nursery.

The opening of the Nursery of the Daughters of Israel at 220 Fifth Street took place yesterday afternoon. Speeches were delivered there as well as at Beethoven Hall, 210 Fifth Street, where the people convened before marching to the new building. The nursery is a modern structure of four stories, costing $50,000 and accommodating 250 children. Mrs. Frances Bauman, President of the nursery, outlined its purpose, which is to shelter, clothe, and provide food for children whose mothers find it impossible to take care of them during the day. Prayer was said by Rabbi Jacob S. Minkin.

# URGE DRAFT BOARDS DEMOBILIZE TROOPS

### Merchants' Association Asks Congress to Aid Unemployed Soldiers.

## REPORTS SITUATION ACUTE.

### Suggests Extra Pay Until Men Find Jobs, and Discharge in Home Town.

The Merchants' Association announced yesterday that it had sent a resolution to Congress and to the Secretary of War urging that the troops be demobilized by selective draft boards near their homes so that large numbers of soldiers would not be left without work in the large cities near the military camps. It was pointed out that the numbers of unemployed in this city were growing larger, and one of the measures suggested as an aid to the men until they could find jobs was that the Government should pay discharged soldiers and sailors in monthly installments extra compensation for from three to six months.

"It was the belief of the committee that the acuteness of non-employment would be mitigated to a very considerable extent if the men were assured of an income sufficient to support them while they were looking for work," said the Merchants' Association announcement. "It was also the opinion of the committee that men unable to find work and without money were much more susceptible to radicalism and unrest than they would be if they were certain of a small income."

A letter also was written to Secretary Baker by William Fellowes Morgan, President of the association, pointing out that the men ought to be discharged where they were enlisted, "thus restoring the man-power represented in the arms of the service to the various portions of the country in the ratio in which it had been withdrawn from the country for war purposes." Mr. Morgan's letter continued:

"We find that with the signing of the armistice there was immediately a resultant cancellation or suspension of Government contracts and inevitable uncertainty as to possibilities of profitable production on peace-time bases, which necessarily greatly and immediately reduced the possibility of employment. We find further that, as a result of the operation of the present method of discharging men from the service whereby those from overseas are brought to the ports of debarkation, taken to camps for quarantine period, and then discharged at those camps irrespective of the point from which the men originally came, a very considerable proportion of those men from other parts of the country remain in the city of debarkation or in the large centres adjacent to those camps, in addition to the number of men discharged who were originally taken from that same community.

"This method of discharge results in arbitrarily creating a surplus of labor in the areas in which those cities are located so that the power to absorb labor in these communities has more than reached the saturation point. Moreover, when discharged, most of these men receive only the few dollars' pay then due them, together with their mileage allowance.

"Mistakenly believing that there are almost an unlimited number of opportunities available in the city at wartime wages, these men, to a very considerable proportion after discharge, come into the city, spend their money, and then seek employment. Finding themselves unable quickly to secure a position, they are financially stranded, become subjects of charity, are tempted to commit crime, and are in a mental attitude very fertile for the reception of radical and anarchistic theories.

"We are informed by the examiners of the United States Employment Service for New York City that as a result of their experience they are of the opinion that between 25 and 33 1-3 per cent. of the discharged men registering at the local United States Employment Service offices have never lived or worked in New York City.

"An official of the Knights of Columbus, in charge of fourteen of their offices in this city, estimates that about 30 per cent. of the returned soldiers, with whom they come in contact as applicants for positions here, have never belonged in New York City."

## ONLY 'SELF-PRESERVATION'

### Sir Robert Balfour Points Out What Underlies British Trade Embargo.

Sir Robert Balfour, M. P., of the firm of Balfour, Williams & Co. of New York and Balfour, Guthrie & Co. of San Francisco, who arrived here on the White Star liner Baltic, said yesterday regarding the recently instituted British trade embargo:

"It is a highly important fact, and one to be recognized, that the United Kingdom and her dominions have passed through a time of great trial and difficulty. The war came to a sudden end, and it was found that a great many industries, on which the life of the country depend are not in a productive condition. In short, the country is faced with the situation of disorganized industry. It has to provide employment for its people. Britain has become a debtor rather than a creditor nation. It has sold a very large volume of negotiable securities in order to provide the sinews of war.

"This has placed the country in a less favorable position and has meant a loss of foreign income. It has adversely affected the position of exchange, notably American. So you see, the two considerations are industrial and financial. This is the underlying cause of the action which is being criticised. It was done to protect ourselves.

"This is not a matter of free trade or protection, but one of self-preservation, and criticism of it can well afford to be of a friendly character, which would be more in line with the principle of the League of Nations that we propose to inaugurate. I desire to view the subject in a dispassionate and impartial way."

## CITATIONS FOR BRAVERY.

### Two Colonels Included in New List of Twenty-three Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The citations for bravery in action, issued today, including two Colonels and twenty-one other officers and men, follow: Colonel D. D. Pullen, Skagway, Alaska; Colonel George S. Patton, Jr., Boston; Captain Ben F. Dixon, address not supplied; Lieutenant Walter C. Carlson, Chicago; Color Sergt. Laurence Stanfield, Durham, N. C.; Sergeant Berlin Wesley Brown, Tellico Plains, Tenn.; Sergeant Andrew J. Padgett, Caffney, S. C.; Corporal Bedford B. Lunsford, Mount Vernon, Tenn.; Leonard Fritts, Laurel Bloomery, Tenn.; Otis Turner, Albia, Iowa; Callie A. Smith, Rock Hill, S. C.; Rufus R. Phillips, Gaffney, S. C.; Ernest Morgan, High Point, N. C.; William F. Jones, Styx, S. C.; James K. Faison, Bennetsville, S. C.; George A. Bushing, Plainfield, Iowa; Corporal Youngman Z. Weeks, Colleton, S. C.; Corporal John C. Villepigue, Camden, S. C.; Corporal Huber Terrell, Cheraw, S. C.; Corporal James D. Heriot, Providence, S. C.; Lieutenant Ora R. McMurry, Evansville, Wis.; Corporal Frederick O. Gaskins, Chesterfield, S. C., and Jacob Bolen, Philadelphia.

Nineteen of the citations were made to members of the 117th and 118th Infantry, composed of former guardsmen from Tennessee and the Carolinas, which, in the 30th, or Old Hickory, Division, fought with the 27th Division of New York with the British in Flanders.

# SEES DARK OUTLOOK FOR GERMAN MUSIC

### Must Be a Revolution in Art There, Says Mlle. Schoen-Rene, Who Has Taught Here.

### OPERA DOOMED FOR A TIME

### No One to Finance Court Theatres, and Artists Face Lean Years—Jadlowker Pessimistic.

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BERLIN, (via Copenhagen, Feb. 8.)—"Musical Germany is going to have her revolution just as political Germany did," said Mlle. Schoen-Rene to THE TIMES correspondent as she was summing up the present state and the near future of musical relations between America and Germany. Once a well-known opera and concert singer herself, she now conducts conservatories in Minneapolis and Berlin, and is known as a successful teacher.

"In Germany before the war," she said, "music, and indeed most of the arts, had during the long period of material prosperity grown too narrow, which means that nothing but essentially German music or what was considered such was composed or could count on the applause of the audiences. But music, like all arts, must be international, must have a world-wide scope or it will degenerate. Such was plainly the case in Germany, more especially in Berlin, where compositions were produced and singers were applauded that would never have succeeded in some provincial cities where art remained comparatively free from the Byzantine influence prevailing in Berlin."

"Do you agree, then, with some Entente writers who assert that Wagner's music had great influence in forming the modern German character?"

"Decidedly," she replied, "but I am convinced that Wagner's influence on the German character would be quite different on Germans in a free republic from what it was on the Germans in mediaeval despotism. The free German will cultivate Wagner even more ardently, because his was a virile art that is a stranger to all servility."

**No American Relations.**

"What about America's future musical relations with Germany?"

"I am afraid that there will be none whatever in the next few years. Germany's musical deterioration will soon be felt in America, where comparisons will be drawn with the art of other countries, like Italy and France, and Germany will not be able to stand these comparisons at present, all the more so because those who will draw the comparisons cannot help being more or less prejudiced against Germany for political and other reasons."

"Before the war at least 2,000 Americans a year studied music here. There is none left today and there will not be any for some years to come, if not for the idealistic reasons mentioned before, then for more material ones.

"The political and economic revolutions are bound to impoverish not only Germans but also the German arts. Many institutions, such as the Royal Opera Houses, some of the numerous court theatres in the smaller principalities, many municipal theatres, concert halls, and orchestras are no longer receiving rich subventions and are bound to cease to exist in their present form. They may disappear completely as the vanished glamor of courts and the oddities of Prussian nobles and bureaucrats, which, while they would have none of it at home, pleased the sense of curiosity of American sightseers. Some of these art institutions may be able to tide over the crisis. But the old splendors are gone and something new has got to take their place, and that will take time."

"How long?"

"I should say about the next five years would be barren ones, but as I know Germany and her people, after that there will be a vigorous revival of every phase of life and art. There is still an enormous latent strength in the German people which the hard times coming will surely awake. Mind you, I by no means despair of Germany's future in any field of action, but it will take the next five years to prepare for the new era. I am expecting even worse times than we have had so far because when one pulls down an old and antiquated building one cannot expect a new palace in its place immediately. One must clear away the debris and build anew. It is the same with German arts as it is with everything else German."

**"Spartacide Stunts" in Art.**

"Do you expect any Spartacide stunts in the arts?"

"We have been having them even before the political revolution. Look at some of the Berlin picture exhibitions. I listen to some modern compositions at the many concert halls. See the stage names. They are absolutely Spartacide stunts and unfortunately very few of the great German artists we have cannot be absolved from the guilt of having encouraged the Spartacide art movements.

"But coming back to the more material reasons of which I was speaking I know several of the largest German court and municipal theatres, which will be closed before the season ends or left to private enterprise. The Standard German Grand Opera must naturally sink. I am convinced that two or three years hence, if the political conditions permit, French and Italian opera companies will tour Germany, and a great musical event in Berlin and a few other large cities will be a short visit from the Metropolitan Opera House Company of New York. Doubtless the Germans will find the money to pay for it."

For the present Mlle. Schoen-Rene thought that lighter kind of of musical art was not threatened by a catastrophe like that threatening grand opera. Musical comedy might continue to flourish, if for no other reason than that it was the only pleasure obtainable at moderate means. So might other of the less expensive theatrical enterprises. But as a centre of classic music Germany's days were over for the present. She had some slight hope, however, that the Bayreuth Festival might continue to be some attraction for the Americans. Rehearsals were beginning early in the Spring for the 1920 season.

At the present the agents, she said, had no engagements whatever to offer for grand opera in Germany. Mannheim, Hanover, Kassel and Wiesbaden were a few of the cities which had already closed their former royal or municipal institutions, and many others were bound to follow. The salaries paid to stars had already been reduced largely, but would be even more, while the musical proletariat would soon be driven to starve or seek other employment.

"I hope, however," concluded Mlle. Schoen-Rene, "that Wilson's League of Nations will be imitated by a musical league of nations, the latter having the advantage of expressing itself intelligibly to the whole world, unless, of course, they take to Sparticide stunts. The sound internationalism of such a musical league would soon cure German art of its too intensive inbreeding."

**Dodging the Management.**

Jadlowker, first tenor of the Royal Opera in Berlin, was equally pessimistic regarding the near future of art in Germany.

"It was my intention at first to take over the management of the Royal Opera House," he told THE TIMES correspondent, "on similar lines on which the Metropolitan Opera in New York is conducted, meaning to interest rich men who would contribute the amount formerly supplied by the crown.

"But on looking over the situation carefully I changed my mind because the strikes among the opera personnel for higher salaries and the absolute equality on the stage would make life unbearable to a manager from the financial as well as the artistic point. Now, I have decided to accept an engagement with Campanini at the Chicago Auditorium if my conditions are complied with. Since Richard Strauss decamped we have been practically without a managerial head at the opera, and it is surprising that things have not gone worse. Strauss did not like the idea of being elected manager by the chorus and stagehands and orchestra, which, of course, cannot be an ideal mode of advancement, but State Secretary Hanisch insists on this radical form.

"Since then they have again asked me to assume the management. Hearing, however, that a seven-million mark subvention would be required in place of the three millions, formerly paid by the Kaiser to cover the deficit, caused by the new rate of salaries demanded by the personnel, I have abandoned the idea.

"State Secretary of Finance Suedekum told me," continued Jadlowker, "that if peace terms were no better than the armistice terms the Prussian State will not have one mark to give to art, and private efforts would never suffice to cover such a large deficit. They talk of electing Dr. Muck, now in America, as manager, but if the outlook is unchanged they will have nobody willing to take the risk, and what will become of the most of the opera singers is hard to say."

Speaking of the Kaiser, Jadlowker said:

"Wilhelm certainly seemed to know more about opera than his manager, Colonel Hulsenhaeseler. The latter was almost a parody on the former or at least a caricature copy except in corporeal greatness. Wilhelm was very conversant with the historical costumes of his favorite operas."

Steinway's representative here, Herr Kalub, said that music teachers had little hope of a return of their American clientele. The musical trade, however, was as yet little affected by the revolution.

## J. FORD TILTON DEAD.

### The Times Editorial Auditor Succumbs to Pneumonia.

J. Ford Tilton, editorial auditor of THE NEW YORK TIMES, died early yesterday morning in St. John's Hospital, Brooklyn, of double pneumonia. He had been ill for a week with influenza. This developed into pneumonia last Thursday, and he was removed from his home, 340 East Twenty-eighth Street, Brooklyn, to the hospital.

Mr. Tilton was born in Brooklyn thirty-eight years ago, and attended Public School 15 in that borough. He was for some time employed in the editorial auditing department of The World, and about eight years ago came to THE TIMES as assistant to Frederick L. Hosmer. Upon the death of Mr. Hosmer some four years ago Mr. Tilton was made editorial auditor.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Florence Tilton, and a daughter, Shirley Tilton, 11 years old. The funeral services will be held at their home Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, and the interment will take place at Hempstead, L. I., on Wednesday.

## WORKED WITH MARK TWAIN.

### W. W. Austin, Long with The Times, One of Pioneers Out West.

William W. Austin, for sixteen years a member of the editorial staff of THE NEW YORK TIMES, died Saturday of paralysis at his home, 203 West 102d Street. Mr. Austin's first newspaper work was as a reporter for The Sun, under Amos Cummings, and later for The Chronicle, in San Francisco, where he once fell into the Pacific in a balloon. He worked at Virginia City, Nev., with Mark Twain.

Returning to New York in 1878, he joined THE TIMES as reporter, then telegraph editor and assistant dramatic editor. Although confined to his home for the last eighteen years, he continued to write for newspapers and magazines.

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## DEATH OF BESSIE ABOTT.

### Popular Singer in Opera, She Left to Wed Waldo Story.

Bessie Abott, who for some years was one of America's leading young opera singers, and who also won fame abroad, died yesterday at her home, 927 Park Avenue, after an illness of several years. She had retired from the stage on her marriage to the late T. Waldo Story, the sculptor. Born at Riverside, N. Y., in 1878, she was a daughter of Francis Pickens, a New York merchant, and a descendant of General Andrew Pickens, of South Carolina.

Upon the father's death she and her sister, Jessie, found themselves penniless and, having good voices, they obtained an engagement with E. E. Rice to sing popular songs. They adopted their mother's name Abbott, which in Paris was once misprinted on a programe as "Abott," and the singer retained that form of spelling. Miss Abott appeared in the operetta "1492" and "The Little Christopher." She studied under Mme. Ashforth, and in 1898 at a musicale in London, Jean de Reszke advised her to try for an operatic career. For three years she studied with Capoul, Bouhy, and Mathilde Marchesi.

She made her debut in grand opera at the Paris Opera, Dec. 9, 1901, as Juliette. Her first appearance on returning to America was with the New York Symphony Society in 1906, and she was for three years at the Metropolitan Opera House, appearing in such roles as Filine in "Mignon," with Farrar and Bonci, and also as Mimi, Marguerite, Gilda, Marta, Juliette, and Micaela. She sang that role in "Carmen" with the company in San Francisco the night of the earthquake.

Miss Abott afterward sang again in Paris, as well as at Lisbon, Monte Carlo and Petrograd. In 1910 she was to have created the Lady Godiva in Mascagni's "Ysobel" at the New Theatre, but the composer did not have his work ready in time and refused to come to New York. It has since been produced by the Chicago stars. Miss Abott toured the country in "La Boheme" with her own company, and she sang Maid Marian in DeKoven's revival of "Robin Hood" at the Knickerbocker Theatre in 1912. In that year she was married to Mr. Story.

### Greatgrandchild of D. L. Moody.

EAST NORTHFIELD, Mass., Feb. 9.—A daughter was born last night to Lieutenant and Mrs. Edward N. Powell. The baby is the first great grandchild of the late Dwight L. Moody, and was born at the Moody homestead here. Lieutenant Powell recently returned from duty with the United States Air Service in France.

## Born.

COHEN.—Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Cohen, (nee Essie Pike,) announce birth of a son, Feb. 9, N. Y. Nursery, Child's Hospital.

HAAS.—Mr. and Mrs. Haas, (nee Irene Rosenfeld,) of 91 Fort Washington Av., announce the birth of a daughter, Feb. 8, 1919.

## Engaged.

GOODMAN—FRIEDMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Friedman of 104 West 118th St. announce the engagement of their daughter, Hattie, to Mr. Henry M. R. Goodman.

## Married.

NEWMAN-SILVERBERG.—Mr. and Mrs. Morris Silverberg of 50 Brunswick St., Roxbury, Mass., announce the marriage of their daughter, Anna, to Mr. Benjamin Newman of Harrison, N. J., on Feb. 9, 1919, at Boston.

## Died.

AARONSON.—Annie L., widow of Barnard Aaronson, grandmother of Eudice A. Shapiro, Essner Basch, and Leah Wyzanski, sister of Alex Tannenholz and Jane G. Horwitz. Services Monday, 10 A. M., 302 Convent Av., New York. Interment Ohabei Sholem Cemetery, East Boston, Mass., Tuesday, 2 P. M. Boston (Mass.) and Portland (Me.) papers please copy. Kindly omit flowers.

ALBERT.—Marie, beloved wife of Jacob Albert, devoted mother of Edward, Mrs. Edward Ash, Mrs. Walter L. Lipman, Edythe and Mildred, Saturday night, at her residence, 857 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn, in her 50th year. Funeral Tuesday morning, 11 o'clock.

ALLERTON.—Mrs. M. C. Body lying in state at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Frank Campbell's,) B'way, 66th St.

ALTHAUSE.—On Friday, Feb. 7, Jane Elizabeth, daughter of the late Samuel Birdsall and Helen W. Althause, in her 91st year. Funeral from her late residence, 677 Madison Av., Monday morning at 10:30.

ASHLEY.—On Feb. 9, 1919, Marion T. Ashley, widow of B. F. Ashley, at her residence, 72 N. Maurice Av., Elmhurst, L. I. Services Monday, at 2:30 P. M. Providence papers please copy.

BAYNE.—On Feb. 8, J. Harvey, beloved husband of Elizabeth Bayne. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Campbell Building, Broadway, 66th St., Monday evening, at 8:30 o'clock. Interment Lutheran Cemetery. Philadelphia papers please copy.

BLOCH.—Rose, dearly beloved wife of Henry Bloch and devoted daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Marks of Towanda, Penn., after brief illness, at her residence, 490 Riverside Drive. Funeral on Monday at convenience of family. Towanda papers please copy.

BLUMBERG.—Philip, in his 82d year, beloved father of Hugo, Alexander M., William L., Martha, Helen, Joseph, and Mrs. Rose Saphier. Funeral services at his late residence, 124 West 111th St., on Monday, Feb. 10, at 2 P. M.

BREWSTER.—Suddenly, at Aiken, S. C., on Thursday, Feb. 6, Harriet, elder daughter of the late Rev. James F. Brewster and Elizabeth H. Brewster. Interment at Chester, N. J.

BROCKETT.—Edward Judson, beloved husband of Mary Frances Brockett, (nee Gault,) passed away peacefully Saturday morning, Feb. 8, 1919, at his residence, 191 Prospect St., East Orange, N. J. Funeral private.

BROWNE.—At Yonkers, N. Y., Saturday, Feb. 8, 1919, Anna C., daughter of the late Dr. Valentine Browne, at her residence, 12 Amackassin Terrace. Funeral Tuesday, Feb. 11. Mass of requiem at 10 A. M., at Monastery of the Sacred Heart. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

CHOCK.—Pincus, beloved husband of Katy and father of Adeline, Bernard, and Alma, at his home, 930 West End Av. Funeral notice later.

CHIARELLO.—Accursio, aged 77, Sunday, at 5 A. M., at his home, 1,524 42d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

COMPTON.—In France, on Feb. 4, Lieutenant Samuel Harriot Compton, son of Jean Harriot and the late Dr. William P. Compton.

DEMAREST.—At Rochester, N. Y., Sarah Rebecca, relict of James Demarest, in her 88th year. Her friends and those of her son, William H. Demarest, invited to attend brief services at Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Monday, 2:30 o'clock.

DINKEL.—At Jersey City, on Saturday, Feb. 8, 1919, Elizabeth Dinkel. Funeral services at her late residence, 103 Crescent Av., on Monday, Feb. 10, at 2 P. M. Boston, Mass., papers please copy.

DOUGLAS.—At Albany, N. Y., on Sunday, Feb. 9, Hon. Curtis Noble Douglas, beloved husband of Nancy Sherman Thomson. Funeral services from his late residence, 4 Elk St., on Tuesday afternoon, Feb. 11, at 2:30 Interment private.

EBENSTEIN.—King Solomon's Lodge, No. 279, F. and A. M.—Brethren: With deep regret we announce that our beloved brother Alfred Ebenstein, has been called from his earthly labors. You are hereby requested to attend the obsequies for the purpose of paying the last Masonic tribute on Monday morning, Feb. 10, at 10 o'clock, at 816 East 165th St.
MORITZ COHN, Master.
OTTO OCHS, Secretary.

FINK.—Anna M., dearly beloved wife of Henry J. Fink and mother of Clara E. Mead and Charles R. Fink, on Friday, Feb. 7, after a short illness. Funeral service at her late residence, 34 West 88th St., Monday evening, Feb. 10, at 8:30 P. M. Interment private.

FISHER.—On Saturday, Feb. 8, 1919, Jennie Fisher, (nee Weinstein,) beloved wife of Samuel C. Fisher. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral services on Monday, Feb. 10, 1919, at 11 A. M., at her late residence, 1,307 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, N. J. Interment in Mount Zion Cemetery.

FOX.—On Feb. 8, 1919, Helen Elizabeth, beloved sister of Patrick Fox. Funeral from Hermann Kopp's Undertaking Establishment, 401 East 87th St., Tuesday, Feb. 11, at 9:30 A. M. Thence to St. Joseph's Church, East 87th St., at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

FRANK.—Sarah, age 87 years, beloved mother of Simon Frank, Esther Messing, and Rosa Solomon. Funeral from her late residence, 127 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn, Monday, Feb. 10, at 10 A. M Interment Washington Cemetery.

GERNER.—On Feb. 8, at her residence, 716 Amsterdam Av., Kathryn C., wife of Edmund Gerner and daughter of John H. MacDonald. Funeral private.

## Died.

HALL.—At Wellesley, Mass., Feb. 8, 1919, of pneumonia, Margaret Seymour Hall, daughter of the late Rev. Charles Henry Hall, D. D., and Elizabeth Ames Hall of Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral services at 10:30 A. M., Tuesday, Feb. 11, at the Church of Holy Trinity, Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Interment at New Dorp, S. I.

HARVEY.—At South Orange, N. J., Feb. 9, 1919, Elizabeth Caldwell, wife of John J. C. Harvey. Funeral private.

HENDERSON.—At her residence, Hotel Marie Antoinette, on Feb. 8, Mary Belle Davis, widow of Alfred Henderson, in her 65th year. Funeral services will be held at the Central Presbyterian Church, Madison Av., 57th St., on Tuesday morning, Feb. 11, 1919, at 11 A. M. Richmond (Va.) papers please copy.

HENNINGS.—Feb. 9, Emily, beloved wife of John T. Hennings, age 59 years. Funeral services at the chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 161 8th Av., corner 18th St., Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment at Croton-on-Hudson, N. Y.

HICKS.—Thomas Howe, beloved husband of Martha L. Hicks, at his residence, 849 St. Nicholas Av., Feb. 8, 1919. Funeral service will be held at the North Presbyterian Church, 525 West 155th St., Tuesday evening, Feb. 11, at 8:30 o'clock. Interment private.

HICKS.—Thomas Howe. Members of Franklin Lodge, No. 216, F. and A. M., are fraternally requested to attend the Masonic services of Wor. Thomas H. Hicks at North Presbyterian Church Tuesday evening, Feb. 11, at 8:30 o'clock.
PHILIP F. W. AHRENS, Master.

HUDSON.—Feb. 7, 1919, Richard D., beloved husband of Eve Hudson, age 43 years. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Monday, 4 P. M.

ISTEL.—On Sunday, suddenly, of pneumonia, Zella Stone Istel, devoted daughter of Lottie Istel. Service Tuesday, 10 A. M., at her late residence, 265 West 121st St. Interment private.

JENSEN.—Edward, aged 33, suddenly, Feb. 9, at the French Hospital. Notice of funeral hereafter.

KAUFMAN.—Josephine, (nee Minzesheimer,) on Feb. 9, 1919, beloved wife of Benjamin Kaufman and mother of David and Beatrice. Funeral services from her late residence, 8 Glenada Place, Brooklyn, on Feb. 11, at 2:30 P. M. Interment Union Field Cemetery.

MAHARAM.—Dora, aged 39, Feb. 8, 1919, survived by her husband, Louis Maharam, and five children. Funeral will be held Monday at 10 A. M., 309 Pulaski St., Brooklyn.

MAY.—Solomon (San,) devoted husband of Rachel May (nee Stern) and devoted father of Louis and Frederick, Saturday, Feb. 8. Funeral from his late residence, 420 Bainbridge St., Brooklyn, Monday, Feb. 10, at 2 P. M. Interment at Washington Cemetery. Kindly omit flowers.

MAXWELL.—William, at his residence, 547 4th Av., Brooklyn, aged 85. Funeral and services Tuesday, Feb. 11, 11 A. M. Please omit flowers.

MAY.—Louis, beloved husband of Sadie Schoenholz, died in his 30th year, Sunday, Feb. 9. Funeral Tuesday, 10 A. M., from his late residence, 537 West 150th St. Kindly omit flowers.

MENDELSOHN.—On Feb. 9, Minnie Mendelsohn, (nee Keyser,) wife of Frank Mendelsohn, beloved mother of Murray and Alfred Mendelsohn and Mrs. Julia Reich. Funeral from her late residence, 531 West 160th St., Tuesday, Feb. 11, 10 A. M.

MOFFATT.—At Mamaroneck, N. Y., Feb. 7, 1919, Matilda L., wife of the late Lawrence Moffatt. Services private.

MUESER.—On Feb. 9 at 3,260 Hull Av., Alfred William Mueser, Pd.D., age 73 years, departed peacefully into his final rest. Services private. Kindly omit flowers.

NUMANN.—On Saturday, Feb. 8, at New York City, Meta Arfman, beloved wife of William Numann, aged 69 years. Funeral services at her late residence, 550 West 160th St., Tuesday, Feb. 11, at 11 A. M.

O'BRIEN.—James A., beloved husband of Agnes Baldwin, on Saturday, Feb. 8, Seton Hospital, where the remains may be viewed. Solemn high mass Tuesday, Feb. 11, at 10 A. M., in Seton Chapel. Interment private.

RASKIN.—Rudolph, beloved husband of Ray Raskin, and devoted father of Sol and Al, brother of Abe and Max, in his 47th year. Funeral from his late residence, 1,222 Boston Road, Monday, at 1 P. M. Interment at Mt. Zion Cemetery.

REHMKE.—On Feb. 8, 1919, Claus Christian Rehmke, beloved husband of the late Lena Rehmke, (nee Harrer.) Funeral services at his late residence, 25 East 133d St., Monday evening, at 8 o'clock. Interment Lutheran Cemetery.

RHOADES.—At her residence, 116 East 63d St., on Sunday morning, Feb. 9, 1919, Elizabeth Nash, widow of Lyman Rhoades and daughter of the late Stephen P. and Catharine McLean Nash. Funeral services will be held at Trinity Chapel, 25th St., west of Broadway, on Tuesday morning, Feb. 11, at 10 o'clock. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

RINALDI.—Angel F., at his home, 7 West 108th St., on Feb. 9, 1919, beloved husband of Josephine Rinaldi, (nee De La Torre,) and son of Mr. and Mrs. Rocco Rinaldi. Funeral services at Masonic Temple, 24th St. and 6th Av., on Thursday, Feb. 13, at 1 P. M.

ROSS.—At Roosevelt Hospital, Feb. 8, 1919, Elizabeth R. Ross, formerly of Rahway, N. J. Funeral Wednesday, Feb. 12, at 2 P. M., in Rahway.

ROWELL.—Julie B., beloved wife of William Rowell and fond daughter of Elizabeth Brandt. Funeral services at her late residence, 1,370 Lexington Av., Tuesday, at 2 P. M

SALZBERG.—Hedwig. It has pleased God to take away our dear beloved mother and wife, Mrs. Hedwig Salzberg. Residence 48 Pinehurst Av. Funeral services at Temple Israel, Subway Building, 181st St. and St. Nicholas Av., Tuesday, 10 A. M. sharp. Kindly omit flowers.

SCHLUENZEN.—Entered into rest, Saturday, Feb. 8, Marie Magdalene, (nee Meyer,) wife of the late Henry F. Schluenzen. Services at the Gospel Tabernacle, 690 8th Av., Monday, 7 P. M. Interment private.

## Died.

SHERWOOD.—Feb. 8, Emeline C., wife of the late John D. Sherwood, in the 86th year of her age. Funeral from her late residence, Walnut St., Englewood, N. J., Monday, Feb. 10, at 4:15 P. M.

SLOAT.—On Sunday, Feb. 9, 1919, Catharine Sloat, widow of Ferdinand Sloat. Funeral services at her late home, 992 Park Place, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Feb. 11, 1919, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

SMITH.—On Sunday, Feb. 9, Rose, beloved aunt of Elizabeth Donegan. Funeral from her late residence, 66 West 10th St., on Tuesday morning. Requiem mass at St. Joseph's Church, Washington Place and 6th Av., at 9:30 A. M.

STORY.—On Sunday, Feb. 9, 1919, at her residence, 927 Park Av., New York City, Bessie Abbott Story, widow of the late Waldo Story, after a long and lingering illness. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

STRAND.—Tillie, beloved wife of Jack Strand and mother of Paul Strand, in St. Paul, Minn., on Sunday, Feb. 9. Notice of funeral hereafter.

SUTTON.—On Feb. 9, at Huntington, L. I., after a long illness, Rebecca J. Sands, widow of Effingham E. Sutton. Service at her late residence. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery, Feb. 11, at 2:30.

TALLEY.—Victoria W., age 42, Feb. 9, after short illness. Funeral from her late residence, 81 West 101st St., Wednesday, 11 A. M.

THORNE.—Of pneumonia, on Feb. 8, Alfred, beloved husband of Helen E. Brewster Thorne, at his residence, 255 East 188th St. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.,) Broadway and 66th St., on Tuesday, at 11 o'clock. Interment Greenwood.

TILTON.—Ford, on Sunday, Feb. 10, beloved husband of Florence Tilton and father of Shirley. Notice of funeral hereafter.

TOTTON.—Mary Elizabeth Styles, wife of George O. Totton, on Friday, Feb. 7, 1919. Funeral service private at her late home in Newark, N. J., at 1:30 P. M., Monday, Feb. 10. Interment Moravian Cemetery, Staten Island.

VAN SCHAICK.—John Brodhead, son of the late Jenkins and Maria C. Van Schaick, in the 54th year of his age of influenza in France with the Y. M. C. A.

WEIL.—On Saturday, Feb. 8, Mrs. Selig Weil, on her 89th birthday. Funeral services at her late residence, 193 2d Av., Monday, Feb. 10, 1919, at 1 P. M.

## In Memoriam.

KRIEGER.—In sad and loving memory of our dear husband and father, Morris Krieger, who departed this life Feb. 10, 1917. Gone, but not forgotten.
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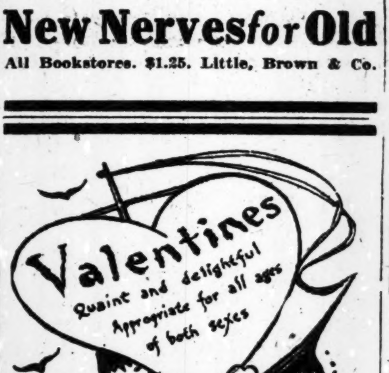
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## DEAR FOLKS:

I am going to write several letters to you—in which I will tell you some things that I know you are interested in.

You and I agree, I am sure, that life is very much easier for us if we can keep happy.

We all surely understand that our greatest happiness comes when we allow our hearts to lead us—when we do as much for others, if not more, than we do for ourselves.

We all know, in our home life, for instance, that happiness flies out of the window if all the members of the family are not harmonious.

We all know that quarrels, bickerings, or misunderstandings in our family or social circles do not get us anywhere so far as the joy of living is concerned.

On the other hand, life is very rosy indeed if we are thoughtful and kind to one another in the family circle, and if we are considerate of the feelings of all others with whom we come in personal contact.

I have always believed that our business life should be as happy as our home and social life.

I have never been able to understand why so many of us change our natures when we go to our offices or shops.

Why should we keep out of our daily toil those elements that give us so much pleasure away from our work?

All my life I have believed that every man and woman engaged with us in making our business successful should be treated by us with as much courtesy and kindness as we show to members of our household and to our intimate friends. Why not?

It is far easier to mix a lot of heart in our business and to get good results than it is to be cold, calculating and mercenary—to grind the hearts out of our associate-workers and make them human machines instead of the happy human beings that the Ruler of the Universe intended them to be.

The most of you, to whom I write this letter, are workers like myself. We cannot all be owners of businesses. We must work for others—but if we are fortunate enough to work for a man or a company where Heart is a factor in the business, you know as well as I do that our daily toil is a joy and not a cross. The very nature of my work has brought me in personal contact with a great many business men throughout the country.

I used to think that business was a thing wholly apart from our family and social environment; but as I grew older I learned differently.

In spots here and there I have found men who practiced in their business affairs those nice things of life that won the loyalty and devotion of their associate-workers—that made the workers happy and proud—that made the businesses themselves very successful.

But I have always had difficulty in persuading big business men to go to the public with Heart messages—messages that would unfold to you and to me the human side of their business.

They have told me very often that you would not be interested in the personal side of their business; and I have always answered them that you would, because you are very human and are very keen about knowing whether the workers of the world are getting as much out of life as they should—and that you would be won to the support and glorification of the business that had the heart and impulse to make its workers happy.

I knew that some day somewhere I would meet a BIG MAN who conducts his business on the heart plan, whose associate-workers and himself get out of life a full measure of happiness, and a man who would be willing to let me tell you all about it.

At last I have found THE MAN and THE BUSINESS that I'm going to tell you about in this series of letters. He directs a very big business whose receipts average daily more than one and a quarter million dollars.

What a great thing it is for us to hold fast to our faith—believing that some day we will meet our IDEAL! This man and I met in a peculiar way. We had never known each other before personally, but we had known of one another's work.

He read one of my TALKS which I write daily for the New York Evening Mail and he liked the HEART in it. While he was in New York one day several weeks ago, I was introduced to him and he questioned me a great deal about my views as to the human side of business.

He did not laugh at me as others have done in days gone by.

He listened very attentively and sympathetically.

He told me that I was right in my beliefs.

He told me that he also believed, as sincerely as I do, that life is worth while only if one can so live it as to give the greatest service to the greatest number.

The upshot of our meeting was that I was invited to go through his plant in Chicago—to mingle with his workers—and to find out for myself whether the ideals that I have been writing and talking about for so many years existed there; and if I did find that they existed, then he would give me free rein to write what I pleased and to print what I wrote in the daily newspapers of the country.

I thought it would take me perhaps a week to gather all the material I wanted, but I became so interested in my work and heard from the lips of the happy workers so many wonderful things that I remained for over five weeks.

In my letter next week I will introduce to you the man who is the head of the greatest family of workers I have ever met in my life.

I hope you will get as much happiness and satisfaction out of reading these letters as I will get in writing them.

Sincerely, William C. Freeman,
131 E. 23rd St., New York City.

# HERRMANN PUTS OBSTACLES IN HAL CHASE'S PATHWAY TO GIANTS' FOLD

## HERRMANN BLOCKS HAL CHASE TRADE

### Cincinnati Team Holds Up Deal Until Player Withdraws His Suit Against Reds.

### McGRAW IS DISAPPOINTED

### Giants' Manager May Bring About Compromise This Week for Transfer of First Baseman.

The trip of Manager John J. McGraw of the Giants to Cincinnati to arrange for the trade of Hal Chase to the New York Club, has hit a snag. President Herrmann of the Reds, has made it known that he will not consent to any deal involving Chase until that player has withdrawn his suit for salary from the courts. Chase, when he was suspended last August, sued the Reds for the remaining weeks of the season. It is said to amount to about $1,600.

Chase's lawyers, after the first baseman was exonerated by President John A. Heydler, announced that Chase would demand "full redress" from the Cincinnati Club for the charges which they brought against him. When making his finding in the case, President Heydler stated emphatically that on account of Chase's conduct, the Cincinnati Club was justified in bringing charges against him. As this attitude by the President of the league who tried Chase upholds the club's action in suspending the player, President Herrmann contends that the loss of salary goes with the suspension and he refused to do business with any one concerning the trade of Chase until the suit had been withdrawn.

This same position was taken by President Ebbets of the Brooklyn club, who stated that he would not consent to a trade involving Jake Daubert until the player had withdrawn his suit against the club. It has not been announced that the Daubert suit had been dropped, but nevertheless Daubert was traded to Herrmann for Kopf and Griffith.

Herrmann is willing, and, in fact, anxious, to get rid of Chase, so his sudden action in blocking the deal after McGraw went to Cincinnati comes as a surprise. The old clique on the Cincinnati club, which made so much trouble for Manager Mathewson, has been set adrift, and Manager Pat Moran will start out with a collection of players, among whom harmony prevails. Harmony is one thing which the Cincinnati club for the last few seasons has lacked. Clarke Griffith, Hank O'Day, Joe Tinker, Charley Herzog, and Mathewson found that it was a hard task to get the players to pull together. With the trouble-making element in the club eliminated, Moran and Herrmann believe that a period of success is in store for Cincinnati.

It is known that Manager McGraw and the Cincinnati club have been in communication with Chase, and the New York leader is trying to bring about a compromise between Chase and Herrmann. It is possible that this may be done before McGraw returns to this city. The fact that New York was willing to give up Moran to Herrmann as Manager led the officials of the club to believe that if Chase was wanted by the New York club there would be no delay in consummating the deal. That McGraw was surprised when he found the deal blocked would not quite express the feelings of the Giants' leader. It is believed that McGraw will force a compromise of some sort between Chase and his former employers this week.

Colonel T. L. Huston, half-owner of the Yankees, before he went to Dover Hall, Ga., last week, established himself as a strong advocate for the Sunday baseball bill which has just been introduced in the Legislature by Assemblyman Malone. Colonel Huston favors the sport on Sunday because it has become such a popular pastime among the soldiers.

Colonel Huston, more than a year ago, made the remark, when there was some objection raised because of a Sunday benefit game at the Polo Grounds, that soldiers fight and die on Sunday, so it seemed out of proportion to deprive them of the little pleasure which baseball affords.

## DR. CULVER BEST AT TRAPS.

### Takes High Scratch Prize at Travers Island Shoot.

Thirty-five gunners took part in the week-end shoot of the New York Athletic Club over its Travers Island traps yesterday. Although the conditions were not of the best, Dr. Culver again had his eye on the bluerocks and won the high scratch prize with a card of 96 out of a possible 100 targets. The high handicap prize went to R. S. Smith, after a shoot-off.

Harry Sullivan was the winner of the special scratch shoot, and the special handicap shoot fell to the steady aim of E. D. Anderson. In the shoot for the ghost targets, J. Kelley, Jr., A. W. Walter and F. J. Ham all broke the little white "bird." E. B. Anderson was not so successful. He fell down when it was thrown over Trap No. 2.

In addition to all its other prizes, the New York Athletic Club has added still another which goes to each nimrod who makes a straight score of 25 targets during a shoot. Only two were captured yesterday. One was taken by R. L. Spotts and the other by Dr. Culver. The legs on the Accumulation and Tournament Cups were scored by all gunners who had full scores of 25 targets. On the Byronel Cup, legs were won by all gunners who had full cards of 50 targets.

The New York Athletic Club is planning a big open shoot for Lincoln's Birthday. It will be at 200 targets with prizes for scratch and handicap gunners. There also will be a shoot at Travers Island on Washington's Birthday.

The scores:

| Name. | Ac. Cup. | Tourn. Cup. | By-ronel Cup. | Scratch and H'cap Cups. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| W. R. Delehanty | 5 21 | 0 21 | 10 50 | 85, 20—100 |
| A. C. Pursell | 7 18 | 7 15 | 14 34 | 39, 35— 74 |
| J. Kelley, Jr. | 1 25 | 1 25 | 2 41 | 87, 8— 95 |
| A. P. Walker | 4 23 | 3 19 | 8 50 | 79, 18— 97 |
| W. Howe | 3 22 | 3 25 | 6 48 | 83, 12— 95 |
| F. J. Ham | 3 25 | 0 19 | 0 42 | 83, 14— 97 |
| G. J. Corbett | 1 23 | 1 22 | 2 45 | 86, 8— 94 |
| Dr. Thielmann | 0 22 | 0 19 | 0 41 | 82, 0— 82 |
| T. H. Lewis | 1 25 | 1 22 | 2 49 | 92, 8—100 |
| A. W. Walter | 5 21 | 5 25 | 10 52 | 79, 20— 99 |
| W. B. Ogden | 1 25 | 1 20 | 2 41 | 82, 8— 90 |
| G. H. Martin | 2 21 | 1 25 | 4 46 | 85, 12— 97 |
| J. H. Vanderveer | 1 25 | 2 25 | 3 41 | 86, 10—96 |
| J. D. Buckley | 3 24 | 3 24 | 6 46 | 82, 15— 97 |
| E. D. Anderson | 2 24 | 2 23 | 4 43 | 82, 14— 96 |
| H. Sullivan | 0 23 | 1 23 | 2 45 | 88, 8— 96 |
| J. I. D. Bristol | 3 24 | 3 20 | 6 40 | 81, 15— 96 |
| A. L. Burns | 1 23 | 0 24 | 2 48 | 92, 8—100 |
| H. G. Vogel | 4 24 | 4 25 | 8 46 | 80, 16— 96 |
| W. W. Peters | 5 25 | 5 25 | 10 48 | 80, 20—100 |
| A. P. Bennett | 2 24 | 2 25 | 5 44 | 84, 15— 99 |
| T. A. Davis | 0 23 | 0 16 | 0 39 | 78, 0— 78 |
| G. W. Derrick | 2 24 | 3 24 | 0 40 | 83, 12— 95 |
| R. L. Spotts | 0 25 | 1 23 | 2 47 | 92, 8—100 |
| W. G. Allen | 3 25 | 2 23 | 6 49 | 86, 12— 98 |
| R. B. Cole | 2 25 | 2 22 | 6 48 | 85, 12— 97 |
| J. L. Neil | 1 25 | 1 23 | 2 49 | 93, 8—100 |
| Dr. Culver | 0 25 | 1 24 | 1 49 | 96, 8—100 |
| R. S. Smith | 6 25 | 6 23 | 13 50 | 80, 30—100 |
| D. Turner | 0 21 | 0 19 | 0 38 | 78, 0— 78 |
| R. Engelhardt | 0 14 | 0 13 | 0 37 | 64, 0— 64 |
| G. W. Peters | 0 22 | 0 15 | 0 25 | 62, 0— 62 |
| W. B. Short | 1 23 | 1 25 | 2 47 | 91, 8— 99 |
| J. I. Brandenberg | 2 25 | 2 25 | 4 48 | 91, 10—100 |

WINNERS.

High Scratch Prize—Dr. Culver.

High Handicap Prize—R. S. Smith.

Special Scratch Prize—H. Sullivan.

Special Handicap Prize—E. D. Anderson.

Ghost Targets—Kelley, Walter, and Ham hit and Anderson lost the targets.

Straight Prizes—Dr. Culver and R. L. Spotts.

Legs on Accumulation and Tournament Cups scored by all gunners with full scores of 25 targets, and on Byronel Cup by all gunners with full scores of 50 targets.

## SCHIAVONE IN CLOSE RACE.

### Wins Bronx Road Run by Margin of One Foot.

Bart Schiavone of the Mohawk A. C., recently mustered out of the army, showed plenty of endurance and running ability yesterday in the Bronx Athletic League handicap road race, held over what is known as the Elks Course in the Bronx. The distance was about four and one-half miles. Schiavone carried off first prize after an impressive closing sprint with Dick Brandt of St. Anselm's A. C. The victor's margin was about one foot. Schiavone's time was 24:29.

Schiavone, starting with an allowance of 3 minutes 45 seconds, plodded steadily along through a field of twenty-four starters for about three miles, when he moved to the front. Once at the head of the harriers the Mohawk runner gradually increased his pace and began to gain ground. About 100 yards from the finish line Schiavone was leading by a margin estimated at 200 yards. He was seized with acute stomach pains at this stage of the chase and was compelled to slacken his pace. Brandt, jogging along in second position began a fast closing spurt when he noticed his rival's reduced pace, but just missed first prize in the close finish, which ended in Schiavone's favor. C. Beagan, another St. Anselm's runner, clung to the flying heels of Brandt when the latter set out for first prize, but was distanced by a margin of about three yards.

Frank Titterton, the young Pastime A. C. runner, carried off fast time laurels. He started from scratch and finished in thirteenth position in 23:44. The team prize went to the athletes of the Mohawk A. C. who garnered the low total of 25 points.

The order of finish follows:

| Pos. | Name and Club. | Hop. | Actual Time. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Bart Schiavone, Mohawk A. C. | 3:45 | 24:29 |
| 2 | R. Brandt, St. Anselm's A. C. | 3:15 | 24:00 |
| 3 | C. Reagan, St. Anselm's A. C. | 4:00 | 25:15 |
| 4 | E. Hill, Mohawk A. C. | 4:00 | 25:26 |
| 5 | W. Franz, Mohawk A. C. | 3:15 | 24:51 |
| 6 | A. Levy, St. Anselm's A. C. | 3:45 | 25:22 |
| 7 | P. Smeriglio, Mohawk A. C. | 3:30 | 25:46 |
| 8 | F. Wilson, Mohawk A. C. | 2:30 | 24:53 |
| 9 | M. Russo, St. Anselm's A. C. | 3:15 | 26:57 |
| 10 | W. Nevins, Pastime A. C. | 4:00 | 25:44 |
| 11 | T. O'Connor, St. Anselm's A. C. | 1:30 | 25:08 |
| 12 | J. Flatley, St. Anselm's A. C. | 3:45 | 27:24 |
| 13 | F. Titterton, Pastime A. C. | Scratch | 23:44 |
| 14 | C. Holl, Mohawk A. C. | 1:00 | 24:44 |
| 15 | A. L. De Luca, St. Francis C. U. | 4:15 | 28:18 |
| 16 | W. Boak, Mohawk A. C. | 2:45 | 25:50 |
| 17 | T. Birch, St. Anselm's A. C. | 4:15 | 28:33 |
| 18 | J. McGuinness, Mohawk A. C. | Scratch | 24:19 |
| 19 | L. Ivino, St. Francis C. U. | 4:15 | 28:58 |
| 20 | J. Horne, Bronx Ch. House. | 3:30 | 29:07 |
| 21 | A. B. De Luca, St. Francis C. U. | 4:00 | 29:45 |

TEAM SCORE.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mohawk A. C. | 1 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8—25 |
| St. Anselm's A. C. | 2 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 10—30 |

## LEWIS FIRST OVER LINE.

### Sprint at Finish Decides Winner of Yorkville A. L. Run.

R. Lewis and J. Gottlieb, Clark House A. A. runners, had an interesting duel yesterday in the open handicap road race of the Yorkville Athletic League, conducted over the Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A. course of about four miles. These two harriers, each starting with handicap allowances of 3 minutes 30 seconds, moved to the head of a field of fourteen after about one mile had been covered. Thereafter they raced stride for stride until near the finish line, when Lewis increased his pace and won by about six yards. Lewis' time was 20:27.

The first Yorkville Athletic League member to finish was L. Szada of the Hungarian-American A. C. He was third. W. Stokeley of the St. Christopher Club, carried off the fast time prize, finishing ninth from scratch in 18:41.

## SCHNEIDER EASY WINNER.

### Handicap Enables Him to Set Own Pace in Handicap Race.

Dave Schneider of the Kings County A. A. was not forced to extend himself yesterday to win the Long Island Athletic League handicap race, conducted under the auspices of the Comet A. C. over a course of about six miles. Schneider went into the van position after covering about four miles and thereafter made the pace to suit himself. He started with a handicap of 3 minutes and 15 seconds and his actual time was 37:30.

The race was run over a hard course, which taxed the strength of the harriers from start to finish. Part of the chase included sections of Highland Park and over the entire distance footing was treacherous. Eighteen started and all finished.

James McNeil of the Comet A. C., starting from one minute behind scratch, captured the fast time prize. He finished ninth in 35:20. The Kings County A. A. athletes accounted for the team prize with 19 tallies.

## SPRINT WINS FOR WALTERS.

### He Leads Field of Ten in Paulist A. C. Race.

Joe Walters showed his heels to a field of ten rivals yesterday in the scratch members' road race of the Paulist A. C., held over a course of about four miles. Walters, after racing neck and neck from the start with Joe Phillips, sprinted near the finish and advanced to a lead of about 200 yards at the end of the race. His time was 22:08. Phillips, in second place, was timed in 22:40, while G. Kirkwood was third, seven seconds behind Phillips.

## NAVY YARD RUNNER WINS.

### Kolber Leads Harriers in Glencoe A. C. Road Race.

E. Kolber of the Glencoe A. C. carried off premier prize yesterday in an invitation road race held by the Glencoe A. C. over a course of about four and one-half miles. Kolber, who is attached to the Philadelphia Navy Yard, covered the course in 24:23, leading Mike Tea, a clubmate, to the tape by a small margin. R. Leonard of the Philadelphia Navy Yard finished third.

## DEMPSEY TO SIGN TODAY.

### Signatures Will Be Affixed in New Jersey to Insure Legality.

Jack Dempsey, Salt Lake City heavyweight, who has been selected as the opponent for Jess Willard, in a title bout to be promoted by Tex Rickard July 4, will affix his signature to the articles for the bout this afternoon. The signing ceremonies will take place either in Hoboken or Jersey City. This was announced last night by Promoter Rickard. The Western promoter will take this precaution so that everything in connection with Dempsey's signing will be legally binding on the parties concerned. Section 1710 of the Penal Code makes such a ceremony illegal in this State.

A precedent for this was set in 1910, when the promoters and principals in the Jim Jeffries and Jack Johnson match crossed to New Jersey to sign the articles, after completing the details for the match in this city.

Dempsey is expected to arrive from Kansas City early this morning. Promoter Rickard stated last night that there was no question about Dempsey signing for the bout.

### Alex and George Smith Winners.

*Special to The New York Times.*

BELLAIR HEIGHTS, Fla., Feb. 9.—Alex and George Smith of Wykagyl, who have charge of the Bellair course, defeated Walter Hagan of Detroit and Charles Lorms of Toledo, who composed the Tampa pro. team, by 3 up and 1 to play, here today. The best score was that of Alex Smith, who was credited with a 74, Hagan required 76, and Lorms and George Smith each took 77.

### 100 Marksmen Enter Shoot.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 9.—More than 100 marksmen from twelve States, including New Jersey, have entered for the fifteenth annual mid-Winter tournament given under the auspices of the American Trapshooting Association, which opens here tomorrow.

## WHITE OWLS BEAT SOLDIERS AT POLO

### Squadron A Is Overwhelmed by Dashing Attack, and Loses by Score of 18 to 10.

Standing of the Teams.

| | W. | L. | P. C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| White Owls | 2 | 0 | 1.000 |
| Meadowlarks | 1 | 0 | 1.000 |
| Foxhunters | 1 | 1 | .500 |
| Rovers | 0 | 1 | .000 |
| Eagles | 0 | 1 | .000 |
| Squadron A | 0 | 1 | .000 |

Splendid horsemanship and a connected offensive gave the White Owls polo trio a victory over the Squadron A team yesterday in the Phillips Cup tournament at Durland's Riding Academy. The score was 18 to 10. The White Owls contingent, which recently won the Sherman Cup tournament, clearly outclassed their rivals at all stages of the match. This victory brought the trio into a tie with the Meadowlarks.

The soldier players were in receipt of six goals handicap, but this advantage availed them nothing. Squadron A found it impossible to combat the White Owls' systematic and varied attack. To their six goals allotment the soldiers added three tallies in the opening half, V. Grimwood getting one while R. Cooke accounted for two. The White Owls, led by Herbert Winn at No. 2, smashed through their opponents' defense for nine goals, so that the end of the first period found the teams deadlocked. Winn led his team with four goals, Murray Wilder got three, and Otis Coleman accounted for two.

In the second half the White Owls rode roughshod over the soldiers and piled up their one-sided margin. The goal scoring in this period was similar to that of the first half, Winn getting four, Wilder three, and Coleman two. But one tally trickled through for Squadron A. This was made by Calusen.

The Eagles unsuccessfully tried to concede a handicap of three goals to the Foxhunters in another game, which ended in a one-sided victory for the latter trio by 13 goals to 3. The Foxhunters were masters of the situation throughout. In the first period the Foxhunters offensive had the Eagles so occupied that the latter team had no time for thought of goals. The period ended, therefore, with the Foxhunters adding seven goals to their handicap for a score of 10 to 0. With their commanding lead the Foxhunters slackened their efforts in the second period, but never allowed the Eagles to become dangerous. A. Bartels led the victorious team, annexing three goals in each period.

The lineups:

| WHITE OWLS, (18.) | SQUADRON A, (10.) |
|---|---|
| No. 1—M. Wilder. | No. 1—V. Grimwood. |
| No. 2—H. Winn. | No. 2—E. Clausen. |
| Back—O. Coleman. | Back—R. Cooke. |

Goals—First period: Wilder, 3; Winn, 4; Coleman, 2; Grimwood, Cooke, 2. Second period: Wilder, 3; Winn, 4; Coleman, 2; Clausen. Handicap—Squadron A allowed six goals. Referee—Dr. H. B. Blackwell. Timekeeper—Max Phillips. Time of periods—Ten minutes.

| FOXHUNTERS, (13.) | EAGLES, (3.) |
|---|---|
| No. 1—H. Levinski. | No. 1—Maynard. |
| No. 2—A. Bartels. | No. 2—A. Kinney. |
| Back—H. Guggenheim. | Back—G. Sherman. |

Goals—First period: Levinski, 2; Bartels, 3; Guggenheim, 2. Second period—Bartels, 3; Maynard, Kinney, 2. Handicap—Foxhunters allowed three goals. Referee—Dr. H. B. Blackwell. Timekeeper—Max Phillips. Time of periods—Ten minutes.

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$2.55.

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## LEITCH VICTOR ON ICE.

### Wins Handicap Skating Race at Woodland's Lake.

Al Leitch of the Verona Skating Club skated to victory yesterday in the one-mile handicap ice skating race held at Woodland's Lake, N. Y., under the auspices of the Tremont Skating Club. Leitch started with an allowance of twenty-five yards on Joe Moore of the Ice Palace, who was on scratch. The Verona skater never was overhauled and won by about twenty yards in 3:07. A field of eighteen skaters started.

Leitch was deprived of another victory in the half-mile race through an accident. He was leading up to within one-quarter lap of the finish when he suddenly tripped and failed to complete the race.

The summaries:

One-Half Mile Race, Novice.—Won by J. Leeman, Peerless Skating Club; T. McLaughlin, unattached, second; E. Ahrens, Palace Skating Club, third. Time—1:45 2-5.

One-Half Mile Race, Handicap.—Won by Leslie Boyd, Palace Skating Club, (25 yards;) H. D. Carter, Ice Palace, (25 yards,) second; Joe Moore, Ice Palace, (scratch,) third. Time—1:27.

One-Mile Race, Handicap.—Won by Al Leitch, Verona Skating Club, (25 yards;) Joe Moore, Ice Palace, (scratch,) second; R. Becker, Tremont Skating Club, (110 yards,) third. Time—3:07.

## MATCH NOW UP TO HOPPE.

### Schaefer Asks Champion to Cover His $1,000 Forfeit.

Whether there will be a championship balk-line billiard match between Willie Hoppe, titleholder, and Jake Schaefer, challenger, now rests entirely with the champion. Schaefer, following a conference yesterday with Tod Sloan, who has posted $1,000 to bind a match between the billiardists, declared he would wait until October for the chance at the title, providing Hoppe covers the $1,000 posted or puts up $5,000, the amount the champion stipulates should go as a side bet. Hoppe, answering the persistent challenges of Schaefer, has declared exhibitions will keep him occupied until October. If the champion posts the $5,000, Sloan is prepared to cover the amount and clinch the match.

Hoppe is now in the South. Schaefer is convalescing from a severe attack of influenza and pneumonia. His illness was more dangerous than was at first announced. The young son of the late "Wizard" is believed now, however, to have passed the crisis. His physician will not consent to a match with him as one of the participants for several weeks.

## PATERSON ELEVEN WINS.

### Defeats Morse Dry Dock Soccer Team, 4 Goals to 1.

PATERSON, N. J., Feb. 9.—By winning against the powerful soccer eleven representing Morse Dry Dock of Brooklyn by the score of 4 goals to 1 at Olympic Park this afternoon the Paterson Football Club fought its way into the semi-final round of the American Football Association's cup tie series, for which Bethlehem, the national champion; Robins Dry Dock, and Merchants' Ship Team A have also qualified. Archie Stark, Beardsworth, Knowles, Hunziker, and Bleich did the scoring.

Clan MacDuff proved victorious by 5 goals to 0 in the Combination League game with the Macomb's A. C. soccer team at Lenox Oval yesterday.

Robins Dry Dock soccers, who will journey to Bethlehem Saturday to play the national champions on their own grounds, obtained the verdict yesterday against the Babcock & Wilcox eleven of Bayonne by the score of 2 goals to 0 at Todd Field, Brooklyn.

The Vikings had matters all their own way yesterday in the Combination League game with the Queens Rangers at Macomb's Dam Park, and won by the one-sided score of 7 goals to 0.

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COLE & DIXON, Inc.
236 West 54th Street
have been appointed Metropolitan Distributors of

U S MOTOR TRUCKS
FLOATING POWER PLANT

Manufactured by
The United States Motor Truck Co., Covington, Ky.

On Exhibition at the Motor Truck Show
Space M4 Madison Square Garden

also at the following combined branch showrooms and service stations:

Brooklyn, N. Y.
900 Bedford Ave.

Newark, N. J.
17 Front Street.

Jersey City, N. J.
535 Communipaw Ave.

Albany, N. Y.
204 Washington Ave.

New York Service Station:
615 West 56th St.

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MERITED success has marked the development of Weber & Heilbroner clothes.

Well groomed men have recognized the accurate interpretation of the Metropolitan style ideal.

And have approved the strict adherence to quality standards of the first order.

This announcement deals with an added, but temporary, advantage.

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$24.50 to $59.50

Weber and Heilbroner
*Five Clothing Stores*
30 Broad | 241 Broadway | 1185 Broadway
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KEROSENE
Trucks
One Year Warranty

Save One-Half Your Fuel Cost

Burn half kerosene and half gasoline. The Hydro-Pneumatic-Gas-Generator, an exclusive Giant feature, makes this possible.

Giant Trucks are the answer of the best American engineering skill to the call from big business for a truck that will burn low grade fuel.

They have been developed and thoroughly tested by the Chicago Pneumatic Tool Company, a $17,000,000 corporation.

*Immediate Delivery—All Sizes.*

L. W. MULFORD CO., Inc.
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Service Station: 647 W. 55th St.
WHOLESALE: C. T. SILVER, Inc., 100 W. 57th ST.
Giant Auto Sales Co., 1450 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn

DENBY
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DETROIT

Just the in between size for the wide range of hauling twixt the draft horse and the elephant—3½ ton Denby.

DENBY EASTERN DISTRIBUTERS, INC.,
200 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

USE JUDGMENT IN SELECTING YOUR INVESTMENTS

Experts are of the opinion that bonds of real intrinsic merit purchased around present prices are practically certain to sell considerably higher within the next few years. The question, therefore, is not so much as to whether to buy now as it is to use the proper amount of judgment in making selections. Should you wish us to submit to you a diversified list of securities, we would be glad to do so, following out your ideas as to types and geographical location as closely as possible.

Write for Circular 1227
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ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO
Members New York Stock Exchange

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A Wide Field For Investment

In buying securities it is best to take a broad view of the investment field.

Such a view is afforded by our monthly bond circulars, which present a list of from fifty to seventy-five issues of high-grade bonds and short-term notes.

*Our February offerings will be furnished upon request for AU-283*

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Main Office: National City Bank Building
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*Correspondent Offices in 35 Cities*

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The sponsorship of a conservative banking house is the first essential in selecting bonds for investment. Our interest in an investment does not end with the purchase of the bonds by our customers, but we continue to keep in touch with the affairs of the company until the bonds are finally paid at maturity.

Organized in 1882, this house has the accumulated experience of nearly forty years in the selection of investment bonds.

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Ask for Circular A-11

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NEW YORK

*We Offer, Subject to Sale,*
Auburn, N. Y. Reg. 4s
Lockport, N. Y. Reg. 4s
Camden, N. J. Reg. 4½s
Bergen Co., N. J. Cpn. 4½s
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Milwaukee, Wis. Cpn. 4½s
Detroit, Mich. Reg. 3½s
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Salt Lake City Cpn. 4½s
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To Yield from 4.45% to 4.75%

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Due 1935 to 1943
To Yield 4⅜%

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Due 1926 to 1929
To Yield 4.70%

List of our Municipal offerings will be sent upon request.

**Estabrook & Co.**
24 Broad St. New York 15 State St. Boston

We Finance
Electric Light, Power and Street Railway enterprises with established records of earnings.

**Electric Bond & Share Co.**
(Paid-Up Capital and Surplus $21,000,000)
71 Broadway, New York.

# THE FINANCIAL SITUATION

## Price Trend Denoted in Copper's Decline

The proposal by Secretary of Commerce Redfield last week that prices of basic commodities be established under Government auspices at levels which would appeal to buyers, commended itself to bankers and business men chiefly through the evidence it supplied of serious consideration of the industrial situation at Washington. The fact that such a movement would infringe upon the natural law of supply and demand and possibly complicate, in the end, the natural course of readjustment to a peace basis, aroused some doubt as to whether the plan would prove effective. Information coming from many lines of trade goes to show that the deadlock between buyers and sellers is showing signs of being broken. Whether or not any means of an artificial nature would succeed in persuading consumers that prices had actually been stabilized is a matter of debate. During the war period fixed prices proved beneficial; in peace time, past history has shown, production and consumption have functioned most smoothly when left to themselves. The copper producers have decided to seek, through the ordinary way of reducing prices, the level where buyers will be attracted. The greater interest was drawn to Mr. Redfield's suggestion because it appeared at about the same time that the copper men acted on their own account to meet the ideas of consumers. To all intents and purposes they merely followed the drift in other lines of raw materials, cotton being a notable example, and indications are that a continuation of price contraction in the primary markets will be seen for some time to come. Should the movement be sufficiently rapid and allowed to take its own course, a procedure such as Mr. Redfield has forwarded would not be necessary. The cut in the price of copper of 4½ cents per pound was somewhat drastic, and yet had a salutary effect on sentiment. It also stimulated purchases, which were reported to have been larger on the two days succeeding the news than in all the preceding days since the armistice was signed. The copper industry stands in a position which perhaps is somewhat different from other producing lines in that it finds itself as the result of highly stimulated output with a billion pounds of metal on hand. And yet the process followed in reducing the quotation was what many students of business would like to see elsewhere. The price cut was accompanied by extensive alterations of wage schedules, which is a development that the steel trade for one does not yet wish to see. The copper men were moved by the desire to arouse purchases, and even though they might suffer some loss of profit at the new level, still they had in mind the experience of other years, that a sharp decline frequently promotes competition for the metal and the recovery of prices later on. With the copper industry pointing the way, it will be highly interesting to note in the next few weeks the moral effect on contemporary business.

The Railroad Administration has very little left of the $500,000,000 revolving fund placed at its disposal a little more than a year ago. The railroads at the same time are creditors of the Government to the extent of $381,000,000. In other words, the Railroad Administration has a heavy debt to liquidate to the carriers in the shape of overdue rentals without the wherewithal to meet it. This explains in large part the desire of the Director General to secure an appropriation of $750,000,000 to add to the revolving fund, and also explains why certain roads have been asked in the last few weeks to pay off advances made by the Government. The railroads with cash balances and sound credit are thus being pressed to return funds to the Government for the sake of weaker properties, but are unable to realize on the rental money due them. In the process of meeting these loan calls new security issues are being floated or arranged for early flotation, and the signs point toward a substantial output of securities in the near future. The financial situation of the carriers emphasizes more than ever the need for constructive legislation for them as soon as possible. The suggestion by railroad unions that they be allowed to run the roads under Government supervision was not considered seriously, but it had one good effect. It helped to concentrate attention on the vast problem and ought to stimulate both the public and legislators to a decision on a program.

Labor is exercising its force at home and abroad, as evidenced by the great British strikes and the serious situation at Seattle. At the close of last week came word that miners of the Butte district were seeking a six-hour day and a high wage scale. The labor situation promises to become further complicated as more men are released from military service, and the question is daily becoming more pressing whether labor shall be considered as a commodity and fluctuate with other markets. The cost of living, of course, is a vital part of this question, and permanent signs have not yet been discerned of a really substantial decline of food, rentals, and major items of clothing. While wholesale prices of some products and materials necessary to human life tended downward in the fore part of last week, a reverse movement appeared shortly, and much irregularity is likely to be seen for some time to come. Such widely different opinions of the wheat supply and probable consumption are obtainable that it is impossible as yet to forecast the trend of the price for general application in the near future. There are strong protagonists of the plea that the Government should accept its loss of $1,000,000,000 or so on its guarantee price to the farmer and throw the market open so that buyer and seller could shape quotations by themselves. The unsettled question of whether the surplus of wheat will occur or not in the balance of the year has seemed to check action to make the market free.

The stock market for some days past has displayed the product of forces impelled by particular developments. Thus, the copper issues declined for a distinct reason, and also the shipping stocks, reasons which applied primarily to these securities. Certain of the industrial group were depressed by proof presented in one or more annual statements that profits in the last quarter of 1918 declined sharply. The writing down of inventories had much to do with the showing of net earnings and was an earnest of results to appear in the first quarter of the current year. Weakness of certain groups of stocks naturally had influence on the whole list, but the decline as a whole hardly indicated a general nervousness over underlying conditions, and there were strong forward movements to offset recessions elsewhere.

# SUGGESTS CAUTION IN PUBLIC OPERATION

### Merchants' Association Would Have Congress Carefully Study Railway Situation.

### CITES MUNICIPAL FAILURES

### Proposes Private Operation of Telephones and Telegraphs as Unified Systems.

Resolutions calling for the ultimate return of the railroads to their owners and for the operation of telephone and telegraph lines by private companies have been adopted by the Merchants' Association. The resolution upon the return of the railroads expresses the opinion that the best interests of the nation will be served by operation by private companies, and that the period of Government operation should not continue more than twenty-one months after the signing of the peace treaty, as stipulated in the law empowering control during the war. The resolutions continued:

"The railroads ought not to be returned to their owners until Congress shall have considered and enacted constructive legislation to provide for the highest permanent efficiency of railroad operation and utilization of railroad properties and equipment; and for the adequate compensation of the capital invested in railroads, sufficient to protect railroad credit and to insure the extension of transportation facilities to meet the commercial needs of the country."

In its resolutions upon the telegraph and telephone lines the association says it "is opposed to ownership and permanent operation of public utilities by the Government," and continues:

"The telephone and telegraph systems of the country are, in their essential features, national in scope, and the business and social welfare of the nation will best be served by unified telephone and telegraph systems supplying nationwide service provided by one or more private corporations under suitable Federal laws and subject to suitable, preferably Federal, public regulation and control.

"Congress is respectfully urged to undertake at the earliest practicable date adequate investigation of this general subject, and, based upon such investigation, to enact as promptly as possible such laws as will permit and promote maximum utilization of facilities and maximum efficiency in service and provide for a fair return upon the capital employed."

It is explained in reports accompanying the resolutions that municipal-owned lighting plants and other public utilities have failed or do not compare favorably with similar plants under private operation. A report by Edmond Earle Lincoln of Harvard University upon municipal lighting plants operated under the Massachusetts law is cited to show that city ownership has not been profitable or advantageous to the public. Speaking of the comparison between private and city owned plants, the report says:

Another division of the reports is headed "Mismanagement," and includes a summary on municipal ownership in 268 towns and cities, compiled by Glenn Marston. In introducing the facts upon a series of typical cases of municipal ownership Mr. Marston writes:

"These typical examples illustrate the characteristic defects of municipal management, namely: Undue cost of construction, inadequate plant, insufficient maintenance, high labor and fuel cost, unskilled superintendence, failure to provide for depreciation, and omission from cost accounting of depreciation allowances, sinking fund charges, interest, rents, lost taxes, outlays from taxes, &c."

# NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED FEB. 8, 1919.

| | Last Week. | Year to Date. |
|---|---|---|
| Total sales | 1,914,163 | 13,721,304 |
| Same period a year ago | 2,296,360 | 17,067,883 |

| | Last Week. High. | Last Week. Low. | Year to Date. High. | Year to Date. Low. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Average price 50 stocks | 71.95 | 70.45 | 74.99 | 69.73 |
| Same period a year ago | 68.84 | 67.19 | 69.48 | 64.12 |

| Sales. | COMPANY. | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Ch'ge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 100 | ADAMS EXPRESS | 42½ | 42½ | 42½ | — 5½ |
| 1,700 | Advance Rumely | 23½ | 21¼ | 21¼ | — 1½ |
| 2,100 | Advance Rumely pf. | 61 | 58½ | 58½ | — 2⅛ |
| 900 | Ajax Rubber | 72 | 71 | 71 | + ½ |
| 4,500 | Alaska Gold Mines | 3⅜ | 3⅛ | 3⅛ | .. |
| 3,000 | Alaska Juneau | 2 | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | .. |
| 3,600 | Allis-Chalmers Mfg. | 32 | 30½ | 31½ | + ⅝ |
| 800 | Allis-Chalm. Mfg. pf. | 84¼ | 84 | 84 | + ½ |
| 1,700 | Am. Agricul. Chem. | 101⅛ | 100⅛ | 100⅞ | + ⅝ |
| 500 | Am. Agricul. Chem. pf. | 99½ | 99 | 99½ | + ½ |
| 6,200 | Am. Beet Sugar | 69¼ | 66½ | 66¾ | — 1¾ |
| 200 | Am. Brake Shoe & Fdy. | 165 | 160 | 165 | .. |
| 16,300 | Am. Can | 47⅝ | 45⅛ | 45¾ | — ½ |
| 300 | Am. Can pf. | 101⅞ | 101 | 101 | — ¾ |
| 14,700 | Am. Car & Fdy. | 89⅝ | 84⅝ | 84⅝ | — 3⅝ |
| 300 | Am. Car & Fdy. pf. | 115¼ | 115¼ | 115¼ | + ⅛ |
| 3,900 | Am. Cotton Oil | 44½ | 42½ | 42½ | — ½ |
| 11,900 | Am. Drug Syndicate | 12¾ | 11¼ | 11½ | — 1⅛ |
| 400 | Am. Express | 90 | 89 | 89 | + 1 |
| 18,000 | Am. Hide & Leather | 18⅜ | 16⅛ | 16½ | — ¼ |
| 32,600 | Am. Hide & Leather pf. | 89¾ | 85⅝ | 87⅞ | + ⅜ |
| 900 | Am. Ice | 40½ | 39 | 39 | — 1¾ |
| 600 | Am. Ice pf. | 57 | 57 | 57 | .. |
| 2,700 | Am. International | 54¼ | 52⅜ | 52⅜ | — 1⅛ |
| 8,600 | Am. Linseed | 49½ | 46½ | 47 | — ¼ |
| 1,500 | Am. Linseed pf. | 89 | 87 | 87½ | — 1½ |
| 1,300 | Am. Locomotive | 60½ | 58¼ | 58¼ | — ¾ |
| 200 | Am. Locomotive pf. | 102¾ | 102½ | 102¾ | .. |
| 1,600 | Am. Malting | 1⅝ | 1⅛ | 1¼ | — ¼ |
| 600 | Am. Malt. 1st pf. c. of d. | 49¼ | 46¼ | 46¾ | + ¼ |
| 120,500 | Am. Smelt. & Ref. | 71⅞ | 62⅛ | 62⅜ | — 8½ |
| 1,400 | Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf. | 106½ | 104 | 105 | — 1½ |
| 100 | Am. Smelt Sec. pf. A | 93 | 93 | 93 | — 2 |
| 150 | Am. Snuff | 109½ | 109½ | 109½ | .. |
| 19,100 | Am. Steel Foundries | 79 | 68 | 68 | —10½ |
| 9,000 | Am. Sugar Refining | 115⅝ | 112½ | 114¾ | + 2¾ |
| 300 | Am. Sugar Refining pf. | 118 | 117¾ | 118 | + 2½ |
| 14,100 | Am. Sumatra Tobacco | 103¼ | 99½ | 101 | + 2⅜ |
| 100 | Am. Sumatra Tobacco pf | 95¼ | 95¼ | 95¼ | + ⅝ |
| 9,400 | Am. Tel. & Tel. | 101½ | 99¼ | 101⅜ | + 1⅜ |
| 2,000 | Am. Tobacco | 198 | 191⅞ | 197½ | + 4½ |
| 200 | Am. Tobacco pf., new | 102 | 101¾ | 102 | .. |
| 2,500 | Am. Woolen | 46¾ | 45¼ | 45⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 400 | Am. Woolen pf. | 94¾ | 94⅝ | 94⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 900 | Am. Writing Paper | 33¼ | 32¾ | 32¾ | + ¾ |
| 400 | Am. Zinc, L. & S. | 11 | 11 | 11 | .. |
| 28,200 | Anaconda Copper | 59½ | 56½ | 56⅝ | — 2¾ |
| 300 | Assets Realization | 1⅜ | 1¼ | 1¼ | — ⅛ |
| 2,600 | Associated Dry Goods | 21¼ | 18½ | 19⅝ | — ⅜ |
| 100 | Associated D. G. 1st pf. | 65 | 65 | 65 | + 3 |
| 140 | Associated D. G. 2d pf. | 58¼ | 58¼ | *58¼ | + 1¼ |
| 700 | Associated Oil | 73¼ | 72 | 72⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 2,000 | Atch., Top. & S. F. | 92½ | 90 | 90½ | — ¾ |
| 400 | Atch., Top. & S. F. pf. | 87 | 86½ | 86⅝ | + ⅜ |
| 100 | Atlanta, Birm. & At. | 7½ | 7½ | 7½ | — ¼ |
| 10,700 | Atl., Gulf & W. I. | 98 | 92 | 93¼ | — 3¾ |
| 300 | Atl., Gulf & W. I. pf. | 65 | 65 | 65 | .. |
| 30,500 | BALDWIN LOCO. | 68¾ | 65⅝ | 66 | — ½ |
| 6,200 | Baltimore & Ohio | 46½ | 44½ | 45½ | + ⅛ |
| 385 | Baltimore & Ohio pf. | 54½ | 54⅜ | 54½ | — ½ |
| 3,300 | Barrett Co. | 116½ | 110 | 116 | + 6 |
| 100 | Barrett Co. pf. | 110½ | 110½ | 110½ | + ½ |
| 900 | Batopilas Mining | 1½ | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 600 | Bethlehem Steel | 59⅝ | 58½ | 58½ | — 1⅛ |
| 18,000 | Bethlehem Steel, Class B | 60 | 58¾ | 58¾ | — ⅛ |
| 1,500 | Bethlehem Steel 7% pf. | 91¼ | 90½ | 90½ | — ¾ |
| 800 | Bethlehem Steel 8% pf. | 103½ | 102⅞ | 102⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 1,300 | Booth Fisheries | 19 | 18¼ | 19 | .. |
| 14,870 | Brooklyn Rapid Transit. | 22¾ | 20½ | 21⅞ | + 2 |
| 100 | Brown Shoe | 71 | 71 | 71 | + 3 |
| 100 | Bruns. Term. & Ry. Sec. | 8¾ | 8¾ | 8¾ | — ⅛ |
| 7 | Buffalo, Roch. & Pitts. | 70 | 70 | 70 | .. |
| 2,500 | Burns Brothers | 147 | 138 | *142 | — 1 |
| 1,200 | Butte Cop. & Zinc | 6¼ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | — ⅝ |
| 1,300 | Butte & Superior | 18 | 17 | 17 | — ⅜ |
| 110 | Butterick Co. | 16⅞ | 16⅞ | 16⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 2,400 | CALIFORNIA PACK. | 52½ | 51½ | 51½ | .. |
| 5,100 | California Petroleum | 24⅜ | 22¾ | 23½ | + ¾ |
| 3,500 | California Petroleum pf. | 70¼ | 67¾ | 67¾ | — ½ |
| 1,000 | Calumet & Arizona | 61 | 57 | 57 | — 3 |
| 2,100 | Canadian Pacific | 159½ | 157 | 157 | — ¼ |
| 200 | Case, (J. I.) Co. pf. | 93½ | 93½ | 93½ | .. |
| 4,600 | Central Leather Co. | 59 | 56½ | 56½ | — 2 |
| 300 | Central Leather Co. pf. | 106 | 105½ | 105½ | — ⅝ |
| 2,200 | Cerro de Pasco Copper | 32 | 31 | 32 | .. |
| 7,900 | Chandler Motor | 118 | 112¾ | 113½ | + ⅝ |
| 3,900 | Chesapeake & Ohio | 55¾ | 54⅝ | 54⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 400 | Chi. Great Western | 8⅛ | 8 | 8⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 200 | Chi. Great Western pf. | 25 | 24½ | 24½ | .. |
| 7,700 | Chi., Mil. & St Paul | 37⅜ | 36 | 36⅛ | — ¼ |
| 5,110 | Chi., Mil. & St. Paul pf. | 73⅜ | 70⅞ | 71 | — ¾ |
| 800 | Chi. & Northwestern | 95 | 94½ | 94¾ | — 1⅛ |
| 1,700 | Chi., R. I. & Pac. | 23⅝ | 22¾ | 22¾ | — ¼ |
| 500 | Chi., R. I. & P. 7% pf. | 77 | 76⅝ | 76¾ | + ¾ |
| 1,200 | Chi., R. I. & P. 6% pf. | 64¼ | 63 | 63⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 7,500 | Chile Copper | 18¼ | 17⅜ | 17½ | — ⅜ |
| 9,000 | Chino Copper | 33¾ | 32⅛ | 32½ | — 1⅛ |
| 100 | Cluet-Peabody | 61 | 61 | 61 | — 1¼ |
| 600 | Colorado Fuel & Iron | 35⅝ | 35 | 35 | — ⅜ |
| 100 | Colorado Southern | 20½ | 20½ | 20½ | — ¾ |
| 200 | Colorado Southern 2d pf. | 45 | 45 | 45 | — 2 |
| 1,600 | Columbia Gas & Elec. | 41 | 40 | 40 | + ¼ |
| 100 | Computing Tab Record | 38¼ | 38¼ | 38¼ | .. |
| 3,100 | Consolidated Gas | 95¼ | 91¼ | *91¼ | — ½ |
| 300 | Con. Interstate Cal. Min. | 8 | 7½ | 7½ | — ¾ |
| 300 | Continental Can | 68¾ | 67 | 67 | — 1⅛ |
| 1,700 | Continental Insurance | 66 | 63 | 65 | + 3⅛ |
| 18,900 | Corn Products Refining | 48¾ | 46⅝ | 46¾ | — ⅜ |
| 200 | Corn Products Ref. pf. | 103¼ | 103⅛ | 103⅛ | .. |
| 9,400 | Crucible Steel | 54 | 52⅛ | 52⅝ | — ½ |
| 20,200 | Cuba Cane Sugar | 24 | 21⅝ | 22¼ | — 1⅝ |
| 5,500 | Cuba Cane Sugar pf. | 77 | 74 | 74 | — 2 |
| 112 | Cuban-American Sug. pf. | 101¾ | 101¾ | 101¾ | +10¼ |
| 200 | DEERE & CO. pf. | 86 | 95¾ | 95¾ | .. |
| 900 | Delaware & Hudson | 105¼ | 102½ | 105¼ | — 1⅝ |
| 700 | Denver & Rio Grande pf. | 6½ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | — ⅜ |
| 50 | Detroit United | 89 | 89 | 89 | .. |
| 14,400 | Dome Mines | 13 | 10⅝ | 12¼ | + 1¼ |
| 15,700 | Distillers Securities | 54¾ | 52⅛ | 52⅝ | — 1¾ |
| 110 | ELEC. STORAGE BAT. | 55 | 55 | 55 | — ¼ |
| 3,400 | Erie | 16⅛ | 15⅝ | 15¾ | — ¼ |
| 700 | Erie 1st pf. | 26 | 25½ | 25½ | — ½ |
| 100 | Erie 2d pf. | 18½ | 18½ | 18½ | .. |
| 100 | FEDERAL MIN. & SM. | 10 | 10 | 10 | .. |
| 600 | Federal Min. & Sm. pf. | 35 | 34 | 34 | — 1½ |
| 1,100 | Fisher Body | 42½ | 42 | 42 | + 1 |
| 5,600 | GASTON, W. & W. | 28¼ | 26 | 26 | — 2 |
| 2,300 | General Cigar | 51 | 49 | 50½ | — 2½ |
| 5,000 | General Electric | 149 | 144½ | 147 | + ⅝ |
| 50,600 | General Motors | 134 | 126 | 130¼ | + 4⅝ |
| 46,284 | General Motors rights | 2⅞ | 1⅝ | 2¼ | + ¾ |
| 5,629 | General Motors pf. | 86¼ | 83 | 84½ | + ⅛ |
| 3,600 | Goodrich (B. F.) Co. | 61 | 57¾ | 57¾ | — 2⅝ |
| 700 | Goodrich pf. | 104 | 103 | 104 | + 1 |
| 200 | Granby Consol. | 74 | 73⅝ | 74 | .. |
| 2,000 | Great Northern pf. | 92⅞ | 91 | 92 | + ⅛ |
| 24,400 | Gt. Nor. cfs. for ore p. | 38¾ | 37 | 37⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 2,400 | Greene-Cananea Copper. | 43½ | 41⅝ | *42 | + ⅜ |
| 1,300 | Gulf States Steel | 52 | 49½ | 49½ | — 2½ |
| 200 | Gulf, Mobile & Northern. | 7¼ | 7¼ | 7¼ | — ¾ |
| 500 | HASKELL & BARKER. | 42½ | 40 | 40 | — 3⅛ |
| 700 | ILLINOIS CENTRAL | 99¾ | 97 | 98 | + 1½ |
| 17,700 | Inspiration Copper | 44⅝ | 42½ | 42¾ | — 2⅛ |
| 2,500 | Interborough Con. | 5⅜ | 5 | 5⅜ | + ⅜ |
| 5,900 | Interborough Con. pf. | 19⅞ | 18⅞ | 19 | + ¼ |
| 100 | Internat. Agricultural | 14 | 14 | 14 | — 1 |
| 300 | Internat. Agricul. pf. | 56¾ | 55¾ | 55⅛ | — 1⅛ |
| 400 | Internat. Harv., new | 112⅞ | 112¼ | 112¼ | — ⅝ |
| 7,000 | Internat. Mer. Mar. | 22⅜ | 21⅝ | 21½ | — ½ |
| 61,700 | Internat. Mer. Mar. pf. | 97½ | 94¼ | 94⅜ | — 3⅜ |
| 14,900 | Internat. Nickel | 26½ | 24½ | 26 | + 1 |
| 45,300 | Internat. Paper | 39⅝ | 34 | 38⅝ | + 4⅝ |
| 4,670 | Internat. Paper pf., stpd | 67 | 62⅛ | 67 | + 4½ |
| 1,350 | JEWEL TEA | 31 | 28 | 28 | — 4⅞ |
| 200 | Jewel Tea pf. | 88⅛ | 88 | 88 | — 1 |
| 400 | KANSAS CITY SOUTH. | 17⅞ | 17 | 17⅜ | + ⅜ |
| 100 | Kansas City South. pf. | 50 | 50 | 50 | — ¼ |
| 300 | Kayser (Julius) & Co. | 107 | 107 | 107 | .. |
| 4,900 | Kelly Springfield Tire | 79¾ | 76½ | 76½ | — 3⅜ |
| 27,800 | Kennecott Copper | 33 | 30⅛ | 30⅝ | — 2⅛ |
| 10 | Kings Co. El. L. & P. | 98 | 98 | 98 | .. |
| 100 | Kresge (S. S.) Co. pf. | 106 | 106 | 106 | + 1 |
| 700 | LACK. STEEL | 66¾ | 63⅝ | 63⅝ | — 2⅝ |
| 200 | Lake Erie & Western | 7¾ | 7½ | 7½ | — ⅛ |
| 4,600 | Lee Rubber & Tire | 24⅝ | 23 | 23 | — ¾ |
| 3,200 | Lehigh Valley | 55¼ | 54¾ | 55 | — ¼ |
| 200 | Liggett & Myers | 212 | 212 | 212 | + 2 |
| 400 | Liggett & Myers pf. | 109 | 108 | 109 | + 1 |
| 800 | Loose-Wiles Biscuit | 44¼ | 42⅛ | 42⅛ | — 2⅜ |
| 100 | Loose-Wiles Bis. 1st pf. | 96 | 96 | 96 | + ¾ |
| 200 | Loose-Wiles Bis. 2d pf. | 94⅛ | 94 | 94 | — 2¾ |
| 500 | Lorillard (P.) Co. pf. | 108 | 108 | 108 | .. |
| 300 | Louisville & Nashville | 115½ | 114⅝ | 115½ | + 1½ |
| 100 | MACKAY COS. | 73¾ | 73¾ | 73¾ | + 3¾ |
| 200 | Mackay Cos. pf. | 64 | 64 | 64 | .. |
| 50 | Manhattan Elevated | 83 | 83 | 83 | .. |
| 4,400 | Maxwell Motors | 31⅜ | 30⅛ | 30⅞ | + ⅝ |
| 2,710 | Maxwell Motors 1st pf. | 55 | 53 | 53 | .. |
| 2,400 | Maxwell Motors 2d pf. | 23⅝ | 21¾ | 21¾ | — ¼ |
| 200 | May Department Stores. | 64 | 64 | 64 | + 1 |
| 400 | May Depart. Stores pf. | 106½ | 106 | 106½ | + 2½ |
| 99,600 | Mexican Petroleum | 170 | 163⅝ | 165¼ | — 1¼ |
| 100 | Mexican Petroleum pf. | 105 | 105 | 105 | — 1¾ |
| 2,100 | Miami Copper | 22¾ | 21¾ | 21⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 15,400 | Midvale Steel | 42 | 40¼ | 40½ | — ⅜ |
| 700 | Minn. & St. Louis, new | 10¾ | 10 | 10 | — ¼ |
| 100 | Minn., St. P. & S. S. M. | 91 | 91 | 91 | .. |
| 400 | Mo., Kan. & Texas | 5⅛ | 5 | 5⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 300 | Mo., Kan. & Texas pf. | 9¼ | 8¾ | 9¼ | + ½ |
| 6,600 | Mo. Pacific | 24½ | 23¼ | 23¼ | — ⅜ |
| 3,100 | Mo. Pacific pf. | 52 | 50¾ | 50⅞ | — 1⅝ |
| 100 | Montana Power | 71 | 71 | 71 | .. |
| 180 | NASH., CHAT. & ST. L. | 114 | 114 | 114 | — 2⅜ |
| 300 | Nat. Acme | 31 | 30⅞ | 31 | + ½ |
| 100 | Nat. Biscuit | 112 | 112 | 112 | + ½ |
| 100 | Nat. Biscuit pf. | 120 | 120 | 120 | + 1⅛ |
| 100 | Nat. Cloak & Suit | 71 | 71 | 71 | + 1 |
| 100 | Nat. Cloak & Suit pf. | 104 | 104 | 104 | .. |
| 900 | Nat. Cond. & Cable | 14⅞ | 14 | 14 | — ¼ |
| 5,600 | Nat. Enam. & Stamp | 48½ | 45⅛ | 45¼ | — 3¼ |
| 50 | Nat. Enam. & Stamp. pf. | 98 | 98 | 98 | .. |
| 6,100 | Nat. Lead | 68¼ | 64½ | 65½ | — 2⅜ |
| 500 | Nat. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf. | 6⅞ | 5½ | 6 | — 1 |
| 2,800 | Nevada Con. Cop. | 17⅛ | 16¼ | 16¼ | — ¾ |
| 500 | New Orl., Tex. & Mex. | 32 | 31 | 31 | .. |
| 2,800 | N. Y. Air Brake | 97 | 91¼ | 94 | + 1¾ |
| 5,000 | N. Y. Central | 73⅜ | 71⅜ | 71⅜ | — 1⅛ |
| 200 | N. Y., Chi. & St. L. 2d pf | 43½ | 42¾ | 42¾ | .. |
| 300 | N. Y. Dock | 23 | 19½ | *19½ | — 2 |
| 4,300 | N. Y., N. H. & H. | 29⅛ | 28 | 28⅛ | — ⅝ |
| 300 | N. Y., Ont. & West | 19¾ | 19½ | 19½ | + ½ |
| 400 | Norfolk & Western | 105½ | 105 | 105½ | — ⅝ |
| 100 | Norfolk & Western pf. | 74 | 74 | 74 | .. |
| 100 | North American | 47 | 47 | 47 | — 1 |
| 4,000 | Northern Pacific | 91¼ | 89⅞ | 89⅞ | — ½ |
| 400 | Nova Scotia Steel & C. | 48 | 47 | 47½ | + ½ |
| 36,200 | OHIO CITIES GAS | 40¼ | 37½ | 39⅜ | + 1⅜ |
| 9,500 | Ohio Cities Gas rights | 2⅞ | 2½ | 2½ | .. |
| 1,900 | Ontario Mining | 7⅞ | 7½ | 7½ | — ⅛ |
| 18,100 | Oklahoma Prod. & Ref. | 8⅝ | 8 | 8¼ | — |
| 1,500 | PACIFIC MAIL | 34¼ | 29½ | 30 | — 4 |
| 200 | Pacific Tel. & Tel. | 23 | 23 | 23 | — ½ |
| 15,100 | Pan Am. Pet. & Trans. | 69¼ | 67 | 67¾ | — ⅛ |
| 400 | Pan Am. Pet. & T. pf. | 120 | 117 | 118 | + ½ |
| 4,350 | Pennsylvania R. R. | 44¾ | 44¼ | 44½ | + ⅜ |
| 1,800 | People's Gas, Chicago | 49 | 47 | 47 | — 1 |
| 800 | Pere Marquette | 13 | 12½ | 13 | .. |
| 3,800 | Philadelphia Co. | 32⅜ | 30 | 31½ | + 1 |
| 4,600 | Pierce-Arrow | 40⅝ | 39⅛ | 39⅝ | — ½ |
| 12,200 | Pierce Oil | 17½ | 16⅜ | 16½ | — 1 |
| 100 | Pitts., Cin., C. & St. L. | 45¾ | 45¾ | 45¾ | + ¾ |
| 2,200 | Pittsburgh Coal | 46⅞ | 45 | 45 | — ⅜ |
| 200 | Pittsburgh Coal pf. | 86¼ | 85¾ | 85¾ | — ½ |
| 1,700 | Pittsburgh & West Va. | 35¼ | 34⅛ | 34⅛ | — ½ |
| 100 | Pittsburgh & W. Va. pf. | 80¼ | 80¼ | 80¼ | + 1¼ |
| 100 | Pond Creek Coal | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | 12⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 3,900 | Pressed Steel Car | 62⅞ | 59½ | 60 | — 2 |
| 100 | Pressed Steel Car pf. | 101½ | 101½ | 101½ | — 2½ |
| 100 | Public Service, N. J. | 82 | 82 | 82 | .. |
| 1,200 | Pullman Co. | 117¾ | 116 | 116 | — 2 |
| 4,500 | RAILWAY STEEL SPG. | 73⅜ | 69 | 69¼ | — 2¼ |
| 100 | Railway Steel Spring pf. | 104 | 104 | 104 | — 2 |
| 10,800 | Ray Consol. Copper | 20¼ | 19½ | 19¾ | — ¾ |
| 15,900 | Reading | 79⅝ | 76¾ | 77 | — 1⅜ |
| 200 | Reading 1st pf | 38½ | 38 | 38½ | + ½ |
| 100 | Reading 2d pf. | 37⅝ | 37⅝ | 37⅝ | .. |
| 3,300 | Republic Iron & Steel | 73½ | 71⅝ | 72 | — ⅝ |
| 200 | Republic Iron & Steel pf. | 101⅛ | 100⅞ | 100⅞ | — ⅜ |
| 1,800 | Royal Dutch trust rcts. | 76 | 74⅛ | 74⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 1,300 | ST. LOUIS-SAN FRAN. | 12⅛ | 11¾ | 11¾ | — ⅜ |
| 100 | St. Louis-San Fran. pf. | 23 | 23 | 23 | — ¼ |
| 400 | St. Louis Southwest. pf. | 29⅛ | 28½ | 29⅛ | — ⅞ |
| 600 | Savage Arms | 61¼ | 60½ | 60½ | + ¼ |
| 9,500 | Saxon Motor | 11 | 8¼ | 8¼ | — 1⅜ |
| 600 | Seaboard Air Line | 7¾ | 7½ | 7½ | — ½ |
| 500 | Seaboard Air Line pf. | 16⅝ | 15¾ | 15¾ | — ¼ |
| 1,900 | Sears, Roebuck & Co. | 176 | 173 | 173 | + 1½ |
| 700 | Shattuck-Arizona | 12 | 11⅜ | 11⅜ | — ⅝ |
| 9,000 | Sinclair Oil Refining | 35½ | 33¾ | 33¾ | — 1⅝ |
| 600 | Sloss-Sheff. Steel & Iron | 49½ | 47 | 47 | — 2 |
| 100 | Sloss-Sheff. S. & I. pf. | 88 | 88 | 88 | — 2 |
| 23,900 | Southern Pacific | 99⅜ | 97⅛ | 97⅜ | — ½ |
| 8,000 | Southern Railway | 27 | 26 | 26 | — ⅜ |
| 700 | Southern Railway pf. | 68 | 67 | 68 | — ¼ |
| 700 | Standard Milling | 130 | 128 | 130 | + 3½ |
| 400 | Standard Milling pf. | 90¼ | 89¼ | 90 | + ¼ |
| 800 | Stromberg Carburetor | 40¼ | 37⅞ | 37⅞ | — 2⅜ |
| 57,000 | Studebaker Co. | 51¾ | 49⅝ | 50⅛ | — 1 |
| 300 | Studebaker Co. pf. | 92¾ | 92 | 92 | .. |
| 15,800 | Stutz Motor | 50⅛ | 42½ | 42¾ | — 5⅝ |
| 400 | Superior Steel | 34¾ | 32 | 34¾ | + 1¾ |
| 500 | TENN. COP. & CHEM. | 12⅝ | 12½ | 12½ | — ⅛ |
| 25,700 | Texas Co. | 191¼ | 186 | 186¼ | — 3⅛ |
| 4,000 | Texas Co. rights | 17 | 16½ | 16¾ | .. |
| 14,000 | Texas & Pacific | 33½ | 31 | 31 | — ¾ |
| 2,950 | Third Avenue | 14½ | 13½ | 14½ | + ⅝ |
| 55,300 | Tobacco Products | 80⅝ | 76⅝ | *79¾ | + 3¾ |
| 600 | Tobacco Products pf. | 104½ | 103 | 104½ | + 2½ |
| 500 | Transue & Williams | 38¾ | 38⅛ | 38¾ | + ½ |
| 200 | Twin City Rap. Tran. | 45 | 44 | 45 | + 2 |
| 200 | UNDERWOOD TYPE | 130 | 130 | 130 | + 5 |
| 300 | Union Bag & Paper | 79 | 76½ | 77½ | — ½ |
| 9,800 | Union Pacific | 128¼ | 126⅛ | 126¼ | — ½ |
| 323 | Union Pacific pf. | 73½ | 73 | 73 | + ½ |
| 2,800 | United Alloy Steel | 39⅜ | 38½ | 39 | + ¼ |
| 7,500 | United Cigar Stores | 115 | 111½ | 113¼ | + 1⅛ |
| 100 | United Cigar Stores pf. | 106 | 106 | 106 | — 2⅜ |
| 200 | United Drug | 95 | 95 | 95 | + ½ |
| 400 | United Drug 1st pf. | 54 | 53 | 54 | + 1 |
| 200 | United Drug 2d pf. | 95 | 94½ | 95 | + 2½ |
| 1,200 | United Fruit | 162 | 158⅝ | 159 | — 1 |
| 3,500 | United Rys. Invest. | 10 | 9 | 10 | + 1½ |
| 10,000 | United Rys. Invest. pf. | 20 | 17⅞ | 19⅛ | + 1⅜ |
| 300 | U. S. Cast Iron P. & F. | 15 | 14½ | 15 | — ⅜ |
| 100 | U. S. Cast I. P. & F. pf. | 45¾ | 45¾ | 45¾ | + ¾ |
| 300 | United States Express | 17⅜ | 16¾ | 17⅜ | — ⅝ |
| 4,500 | U. S. Ind. Alcohol | 103¼ | 99½ | 100⅝ | — 1⅞ |
| 100 | U. S. Realty & Develop. | 24 | 24 | 24 | .. |
| 7,100 | U. S. Rubber | 76½ | 73¾ | 74 | — 1⅛ |
| 240 | U. S. Rubber 1st pf. | 110⅛ | 110 | 110⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 1,400 | U. S. Smelt., R. & M. | 46 | 43¾ | 43¾ | — 2¼ |
| 288,700 | U. S. Steel | 91 | 88⅝ | 88⅝ | — 1⅝ |
| 2,000 | U. S. Steel pf. | 114¾ | 113¼ | 113¼ | .. |
| 37,500 | Utah Copper | 70¼ | 65⅛ | 66¼ | — 3¼ |
| 4,650 | Utah Securities | 17½ | 16 | 16 | — ¾ |
| 1,300 | VA.-CARO. CHEM. | 53½ | 52 | 52 | — 1 |
| 300 | Va.-Caro. Chem. pf. | 113 | 113 | 113 | + ¼ |
| 800 | WABASH | 8¼ | 7⅞ | 8 | + ⅛ |
| 1,900 | Wabash pf. A | 31⅞ | 31 | 31 | — 1⅛ |
| 200 | Wells-Fargo Express | 67 | 66¼ | 66¼ | + ¼ |
| 8,700 | Western Maryland | 11⅝ | 10⅜ | 10½ | — ¼ |
| 947 | Western Pacific | 17 | 17 | 17 | — ½ |
| 500 | Western Pacific pf. | 59 | 57 | 57 | — 1⅞ |
| 500 | Western Union Tel. | 87 | 86⅞ | 87 | + ⅜ |
| 3,900 | Westinghouse E. & M. | 42⅛ | 41 | 41¼ | .. |
| 200 | Wheeling & Lake Erie | 8⅜ | 8⅛ | 8⅜ | + ¼ |
| 100 | Wheel. & Lake Erie pf. | 17 | 17 | 17 | .. |
| 1,200 | White Motors | 47¾ | 47 | 47¾ | + 1¼ |
| 1,800 | Wilson & Co. | 70¼ | 69 | 69¼ | + ¾ |
| 20,700 | Willys-Overland | 25¾ | 24⅝ | 24¾ | — ⅛ |
| 400 | Willys-Overland pf. | 89¼ | 88¾ | 89¼ | + 1¼ |
| 100 | Wisconsin Central | 30¼ | 30¼ | 30¼ | — ¾ |
| 2,800 | Woolworth (F. W.) Co. | 127 | 120 | *122 | — 4¼ |
| 300 | Worthington Pump | 52¾ | 51 | 51 | — 3 |
| 100 | Worth. Pump pf. B | 67 | 67 | 67 | — 1 |

*Ex dividend.

We are prepared to purchase for cash

PORTSMOUTH, BERKLEY AND SUFFOLK WATER CO., 5% Bonds, due November 1, 1944

and

PORTSMOUTH SUBURBAN WATER COMPANY 5% Bonds, due November 1, 1944, or November 1, 1951.

Submit offers

**Spitzer, Rorick & Co.**
Established 1871.
Equitable Building, New York
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**Clark, Dodge & Co.**

Railroad—Industrial—Public Utility
Government—Municipal
Investment Securities

Statistical information regarding securities furnished to investors and trustees.

Security Issues Negotiated

51 Wall Street, New York

City of Fort William
5% Bonds
Due February 1934
Principal and interest payable in New York

Fort William, situated at the head of Lake Superior, is one of the most important ports in Canada. The annual tonnage through the combined ports of Fort William and Port Arthur amounts to over $300,000,000.

To yield 5¾%
*Write for Circular A-10*

**Wood, Gundy & Co.**
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Telephone John 850

BUY BONDS

Whose yield is exempt from Tax. Income derived from any of the Bonds in this list is wholly

FREE FROM TAX

| | Rate. | Maturity. | Yield. |
|---|---|---|---|
| City of Des Moines, Ia | 5% | 1929-36 | 4.40% |
| City of Sioux City, Ia | 4¾ | 1938 | 4.50 |
| City of Des Moines, Ia., Sch | 5 | 1922-35 | 4.50 |
| City of Superior, Wis | 5 | 1920-48 | 4.65 |
| City of Bayonne, N. J | 5 | 1924-42 | 4.65 |
| City of Memphis, Tenn | 4½ | 1921-22 | 4.75 |
| City of Newport News, Va | 5 | 1949 | 4.80 |
| City of Asheville, N. C | 5¼ | 1921-57 | 4.875 |
| City of Portsmouth, Va | 6 | 1928 | 5.00 |

Send for Income Tax Chart C-6, based upon the new law, arranged to simplify your Income Tax Return.

**R. M. GRANT & CO.**
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Boston Chicago

Review of Brooklyn Rapid Transit

Circular on Application

**Liggett & Drexel**
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Phone Bowling Green 6780.
105 DEVONSHIRE ST., BOSTON

$150,000
Jersey City, New Jersey
School 4¾% Gold Bonds
Due Dec. 1, 1921-1928

Tax Exempt in New Jersey
Exempt from the Federal Income Tax

Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Massachusetts

Prices to Yield 4.50%

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Correspondents: R. L. Day & Co., Boston

To Yield 6.20%
*Direct Obligation*
Baltimore & Ohio System
Forty-Year 4% Bonds

Secured on one of the most important divisions of the B. & O. System.

These bonds being a direct obligation of the B. & O. Railroad Company, interest requirements, amounting to only $450,000 a year, are a charge prior to dividends on $212,000,000 of B. & O. stocks, having a present market value of over $100,000,000. The B. & O. has paid dividends of 4% or more each year for sixteen years.

*Write for descriptive letter A.*

**F. J. LISMAN & CO**
*Specialists in Steam Railroad Securities*
Members of N. Y. Stock Exchange
61 Broadway New York

Free From Federal Income Tax
$80,000 City of Pensacola, Florida
5% Improvement Bonds
Due Oct. 1, 1948 *Denominations $1,000* Opt. Oct. 1, 1938
Principal and semi-annual April 1st and October 1st payable at the United States Mortgage & Trust Company, New York City.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT
Estimated real value - - - - - - - $25,000,000
Assessed valuation (1918) - - - - - 15,782,765
Total debt (including this issue) - - - - 1,400,000
Water debt - - - - - - - - $510,000
Sinking Fund - - - - - - 147,375
Net debt - - - - - - - - - - 742,375
Population (1918 estimate), 50,000

These bonds were voted by a majority of the electors and have been validated by a decision of the Circuit Court of Escambia County, making legality practically incontestable. These bonds are issued for the purpose of making various municipal improvements in the City of Pensacola and are direct general obligations of the entire city, payable from a tax levied on all the properties in the City of Pensacola.

*Legality approved by John C. Thomson, New York*

Price to yield 4.90%

**SIDNEY SPITZER & CO.**
*Specialists in Municipal Bonds*
115 Broadway, New York

Twenty-Year 5½% Gold Bonds of the Government of The United Kingdom of Great Britain & Ireland
Due February 1, 1937
TO YIELD OVER 5.40%

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Short Term Investments
Yielding from 5¾% to 7%
*Descriptive List sent upon Request.*

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We invite investors to avail themselves freely of the facilities of our investment department by correspondence or personal call. Upon request we shall be pleased to furnish our list C-106 of high grade stocks, and our list C-107 of high grade bonds now selling at attractive prices.

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An Analysis of the
**St. Louis Southwestern Railway**

*This Shows:*

1. Present position of all the bond issues of the St. Louis Southwestern Railway System.
2. Earnings of road are such that present low prices of its bonds are not justified.
3. A new development which may have an important and favorable effect upon its securities.

*Send for special analysis B-2.*

**J. R. Bridgeford & Co.**
*A Bond House of Service*
111 Broadway New York
Telephone 2841 Rector.

*Tax Exempt in New York State*

**Brooklyn Edison Company, Inc.**
*General Mortgage 5s, Series A*
*Due January 1, 1949*

Price
91 and interest to yield 5⅜%

These bonds are secured by mortgage on the entire property of the Company, total mortgage debt being only about twice the gross earnings, which is exceedingly conservative.

Net earnings for the last 5 years have averaged over 3.6 times the interest charges.

Dividends have been paid on the Capital Stock at the rate of 8% per annum since 1904.

*Circular B-4 containing detailed information will be sent upon request.*

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**STANDARD OIL STOCKS**

NAT'L FUEL GAS CO.

Revised Booklet on Request.

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Telephone 1111 Broad.

# NATIONAL BANKS SET NEW HIGH RECORD

## Resources on Dec. 31 Totaled $20,042,224,000, Greatest in Nation's History.

## DOUBLED SINCE JAN., 1911

## Increase in Last Two Months of 1918 Was $220,820,000—Deposits Total $15,423,081,000.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 9.—John Skelton Williams, Controller of the Currency, announced tonight that for the first time in their history the resources of our national banks, at the last call, Dec. 31, 1918, passed the $20,000,000,000 mark and amounted to $20,042,224,000. This is an increase of $220,820,000 over the preceding call of Nov. 1, 1918, and an advance as compared with Dec. 31, 1917, of $1,963,916,000.

These extraordinary figures show that the total resources of the national banks of the United States have more than doubled since Jan. 1, 1911, when they amounted to only $9,820,483,000—the increase in eight years having been $10,221,741,000. The following figures give a comparison between the statements of Nov. 1, 1918, and Dec. 31, 1918: Deposits aggregated $15,423,081,000, an increase of $371,608,000 over the greatest deposits ever previously reached. Of the increase in deposits $101,356,000 was represented by time deposits, the remainder of the increase being in amounts due to banks and bankers. Demand deposits showed a slight reduction.

Loans and discounts on Dec. 31, 1918, amounted to $9,918,294,000, a reduction as compared with Nov. 1, of $178,646,000. The percentage of loans and discounts to deposits on Nov. 1, was 67.08 per cent., and on Dec. 31, these had been reduced to 64.31 per cent.

Bills payable and rediscounts on Dec. 31, 1918, were $1,380,835,000, a reduction as compared with Nov. 1 of $186,156,000. Of the $1,380,835,000 of bills payable and rediscounts outstanding on Dec. 31, 1918, $817,264,000 consisted of bills payable with the Federal Reserve Banks; $61,564,000 bills payable with other than Federal Reserve Banks, while the liability for rediscounts due Federal Reserve Banks and others amounted to $502,007,000.

United States bonds, including Liberty bonds and United States certificates of indebtedness, held on Dec. 31, 1918, amounted to $2,949,878,000, a reduction since Nov. 1 of $206,434,000. Other bonds, securities, &c., on Dec. 31, 1918, amounted to $1,683,071,000, an increase of $22,606,000. Capital, surplus, and undivided profits of national banks on Dec. 31, 1918, amounted to $2,293,613,000.

The circulation of national banks on Dec. 31 was $676,827,000, an increase of $1,129,000, as compared with Nov. 1, and an increase of $2,573,000, as compared with the same date of the previous year.

The amount of Liberty bonds of the first, second, third, and fourth loans owned by national banks on Dec. 31 was reported at $955,935,000, or 5.62 per cent. of the $17,000,000,000 Liberty bonds placed. In addition to the Liberty bonds the national banks reported holdings of United States certificates of indebtedness on Dec. 31, 1918, amounting to $982,125,000.

On Dec. 31, 1918, the national banks reported that the amount of money loaned by them on the security of Liberty bonds was $1,020,486,000 and the amount of money loaned by them on the security of certificates of indebtedness was $36,667,000.

The reports show that the amount of Liberty bonds of all four issues owned by national banks in the Central Reserve cities of New York, Chicago, and St. Louis was $172,616,000; in other Reserve cities $250,707,000, and by the country banks $532,612,000.

Of the United States certificates of indebtedness held by the national banks $358,532,000 were owned by the national banks of the three Central Reserve cities; $266,419,000 by national banks in other Reserve cities, and by the country banks $357,174,000.

Of the money loaned by the national banks on Liberty bonds, the national banks of the three Central Reserve cities were loaning $423,677,000; national banks in other Reserve cities were loaning $345,943,000, while the country banks were loaning on Liberty bonds $250,816,000.

Of the $36,667,000 which was being loaned on United States certificates of indebtedness the Central Reserve cities were loaning $13,875,000, national banks in other Reserve cities were loaning $20,249,000, while the country national banks were loaning $2,543,000.

Of the $955,935,000 Liberty bonds owned by national banks only $36,589,000 were the 3½ per cent. bonds of the first issue.

# BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

## WEEK ENDED FEB. 8, 1919.

| | Last Week. | Year to Date. |
|---|---|---|
| Total sales | $66,398,000 | $350,938,500 |
| Same period last year | 20,969,500 | 136,203,000 |

| | Last Week. High. | Last Week. Low. | Year to Date. High. | Year to Date. Low. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Average price 40 bonds. | 78.28 | 78.09 | 79.01 | 77.76 |
| Same period a year ago. | 77.31 | 77.15 | 77.43 | 76.64 |

| Range, 1919 High | Range, 1919 Low | Sales | | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 65 | 65 | 3 | ADAMS EXP. 4s | 65 | 65 | 65 | .. |
| 35 | 32 | 1 | Ala. G. M. 6s, Ser. A | 32 | 32 | 32 | – ¼ |
| 76½ | 76½ | 6 | Alb. & Susq. 3½s | 76½ | 76½ | 76½ | + ⅞ |
| 102½ | 100 | 5 | Am. Ag. Ch. deb. 5s | 101 | 100¼ | 101 | – ⅝ |
| 99⅝ | 97 | 16 | Am. Ag. Ch. conv. 5s | 99⅝ | 99⅛ | 99⅝ | + ⅞ |
| 88½ | 88 | 2 | Am. Cotton Oil 5s | 88½ | 88 | 88½ | + ½ |
| 100½ | 99¾ | 2 | Am. Hide & L. 6s | 100¼ | 100¼ | 100¼ | – ¼ |
| 93 | 90¼ | 42 | Am. S. & R. 1st 5s | 91 | 90¼ | 90¼ | – ½ |
| 85 | 83¾ | 14 | Am. T. & T. col. 4s | 84½ | 84½ | 84½ | – ¼ |
| 103 | 100¾ | 328 | Am. T. & T. cv. 6s | 102¾ | 102¼ | 102½ | + ¼ |
| 89 | 85½ | 3 | Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s | 86 | 85½ | 85½ | – ½ |
| 94 | 92 | 24 | Am. T. & T. col. tr. 5s | 93¼ | 92½ | 92½ | – 1 |
| 78½ | 77 | 1 | Am. T. & T. cv. 4s | 78½ | 78½ | 78½ | .. |
| 75 | 72½ | 1 | Am. Tobacco 4s | 75 | 75 | 75 | + 2½ |
| 90 | 86½ | 5 | Am. W.P. 5s, tr. ctfs. | 86½ | 86½ | 86½ | – 3½ |
| 88¾ | 86½ | 16 | Armour & Co. 4½s | 87⅛ | 86⅝ | 87 | + ½ |
| 85½ | 83 | 102 | A., T. & S. F. g. 4s | 83⅝ | 83 | 83 | – ¼ |
| 79¼ | 75⅝ | 24 | A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s, sta. | 75⅞ | 75⅝ | 75½ | .. |
| 76½ | 76 | 3 | A., T. & S. F. cv. 4s, '55 | 76½ | 76½ | 76½ | + ½ |
| 81 | 79 | 2 | A., T. & S. F. Tr., S. L. 4s | 79 | 79 | 79 | – 1⅝ |
| 85 | 85 | 4 | A., T. & S. F., Cal. & Ariz. 4½s | 85 | 85 | 85 | .. |
| 74 | 74 | 2 | At. & Birm. 4s | 74 | 74 | 74 | .. |
| 97½ | 96½ | 5 | At. & Char. A. L. 5s | 96¾ | 96¾ | 96¾ | – ¼ |
| 88 | 84½ | 11 | Atl. C. L. unif. 4½s | 85 | 84½ | 84½ | – ½ |
| 82½ | 75¾ | 34 | BALT. & O. g. 4s | 77½ | 76½ | 77½ | + ¼ |
| 82¼ | 80⅞ | 45 | Balt. & O. ref. 5s | 82½ | 82 | 82¼ | + ⅛ |
| 89¼ | 88 | 4 | B. & O. pr. lien 3½s | 88⅝ | 88¾ | 88⅝ | + ⅝ |
| 80 | 76 | 10 | B. & O. conv. 4½s | 78 | 77½ | 78 | .. |
| 68 | 65½ | 2 | B. & O., Tol. & C. 4s | 66½ | 66½ | 66½ | .. |
| 78 | 72⅞ | 3 | B. & O., P., L. E. & W. V. 4s | 75 | 75 | 75 | + 2⅛ |
| 86¼ | 84 | 6 | B. & O., S.W. Div. 3½s | 85 | 84 | 85 | + ½ |
| 83 | 80 | 39 | Beth. St. pur. m. 5s | 80½ | 80¼ | 80⅜ | – ⅛ |
| 88½ | 87 | 3 | Beth. Steel ref. 5s | 88 | 88 | 88 | + 1 |
| 85½ | 75 | 43½ | B. R. T. 7s, 1921 | 81½ | 80 | 81 | + 1 |
| 76 | 65 | 9 | B. R. T. gold 5s | 71½ | 71¼ | 71¼ | + ¼ |
| 52½ | 45 | 1 | B. R. T. ref. cv. 4s | 49½ | 49½ | 49½ | + 1½ |
| 78 | 72 | 12 | B'klyn Un. El. 5s | 75 | 72⅝ | 75 | + 2⅞ |
| 95 | 94 | 1 | B'klyn Un. Gas 5s | 94½ | 94½ | 94½ | .. |
| 96 | 94⅞ | 1 | B., C. R. N. col. tr. 5s | 94⅞ | 94⅞ | 94⅞ | – 1⅛ |
| 83½ | 83½ | 1 | Bush Terminal 5s | 83½ | 83½ | 83½ | – 2½ |
| 96¼ | 95½ | 21 | CAL. G. & E. 5s | 96⅛ | 96 | 96⅛ | + ⅜ |
| 95⅞ | 93½ | 2 | Can. So. con. 5s | 93¼ | 93¼ | 93¼ | – 1⅞ |
| 97 | 96 | 12 | Cent. Leather 5s | 96⅝ | 96⅝ | 96⅝ | – ½ |
| 83 | 80 | 34 | Central Pacific 4s | 81½ | 80¼ | 80¼ | – ¾ |
| 85⅝ | 85⅝ | 5 | Central Pacific 3½s | 85⅝ | 85⅝ | 85⅝ | .. |
| 95⅞ | 92¾ | 3 | Cent. of Ga. cons. 5s | 93 | 92¾ | 92¾ | – 1⅛ |
| 105 | 102 | 6 | Cent. of N.J. gen. 5s | 102⅛ | 102⅛ | 102⅛ | – ⅜ |
| 99½ | 98¼ | 4 | Ches. & Ohio con. 5s | 99 | 98⅞ | 98⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 89 | 84⅝ | 124 | Ches. & Ohio cv. 5s | 86¼ | 85¼ | 85⅝ | .. |
| 81½ | 77¾ | 38 | Ches. & Ohio cv. 4½s | 80⅝ | 79⅝ | 79⅝ | – ⅝ |
| 83½ | 77 | 9 | Ches. & O. gen. 4½s | 79⅝ | 77½ | 78½ | + 1 |
| 40 | 36 | 6 | Chi. & Alton 3½s | 37 | 37 | 37 | .. |
| 83½ | 81 | 5 | C., B. & Q. gen. 4s | 82⅝ | 82⅝ | 82⅝ | + ⅝ |
| 96 | 95⅝ | 200 | C., B. & Q. joint 4s | 96 | 95⅝ | 96 | + ¼ |
| 95⅝ | 95⅝ | 1 | C., B. & Q. joint 4s, r. | 95⅝ | 95⅝ | 95⅝ | .. |
| 75⅝ | 75⅛ | 10 | C., B. & Q., Ill. Div. 3½s | 75⅛ | 75⅛ | 75⅛ | – ⅛ |
| 85⅞ | 84½ | 1 | C., B. & Q. Ill. Div. 4s | 84½ | 84½ | 84½ | – ⅛ |
| 75 | 75 | 1 | Chi. & E. Ill. gen. 5s | 75 | 75 | 75 | + 3 |
| 95⅛ | 94 | 1 | Chi. & Erie 1st 5s | 94 | 94 | 94 | .. |
| 62½ | 60 | 45 | Chi. Gt. West. 1st 4s | 62¼ | 61 | 61⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 84 | 82½ | 12 | Chi. & St. P. 4s, '25 | 84 | 83⅞ | 84 | + ¼ |
| 84⅝ | 83 | 1 | C., M. & St. P. gen. 4½s | 83½ | 83½ | 83½ | .. |
| 76½ | 75 | 10 | C., M. & St. P. gen. 4s | 75 | 75 | 75 | .. |
| 81⅞ | 78 | 8 | C., M. & S.P. cv. 5s, B. | 79⅞ | 79½ | 79⅞ | + ⅝ |
| 74¼ | 67⅞ | 47 | C, M. & S.P. ref. 4½s | 72 | 71 | 71⅞ | + ⅞ |
| 82 | 75¾ | 69 | C., M. & S.P. cv. 4½s | 78½ | 76 | 78 | + 2 |
| 99 | 99 | 1 | C., M. & St. P., L.C. & D. 5s | 99 | 99 | 99 | + 1 |
| 71 | 71 | 1 | C. & N. W. genl. 3½s | 71 | 71 | 71 | .. |
| 100⅞ | 99⅝ | 9 | Chi. & N. W. gen. 5s | 100 | 99⅝ | 99⅞ | – ⅝ |
| 82½ | 81⅝ | 12 | C. & N. W. gen. 4s | 82 | 81⅝ | 82 | + ¼ |
| 76½ | 74½ | 54 | C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s | 75½ | 74½ | 75 | + ⅛ |
| 79 | 75½ | 8 | C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s | 77 | 77 | 77 | + ½ |
| 96½ | 96½ | 1 | Chicago Telep. 5s | 96½ | 96½ | 96½ | + 3 |
| 89 | 88 | 3 | Chi. Un. Station 4½s | 88½ | 88½ | 88½ | + ½ |
| 65 | 61¾ | 31 | Chi. & West. Ind. 4s | 62¾ | 62 | 62 | – ⅝ |
| 110 | 106 | 40 | Chile Copper 7s | 107½ | 106 | 106⅛ | – ⅞ |
| 85 | 81½ | 20 | Chile Cop. col. tr. 6s | 83⅞ | 83½ | 83⅞ | – ⅛ |
| 85 | 82½ | 113 | Chile Cop. cv. 6s | 84½ | 83 | 83 | – 1½ |
| 72½ | 69 | 1 | C., C., C. & St. L. gen. 4s | 69 | 69 | 69 | .. |
| 80 | 78½ | 21 | C., C., C. & St. L. d. 4½s | 79¼ | 79¼ | 79¼ | + ⅛ |
| 77½ | 75 | 2 | Col. Industrial 5s | 75¼ | 75¼ | 75¼ | + ¼ |
| 79½ | 77¼ | 11 | Col. & So. ref. 4½s | 77½ | 77¼ | 77½ | + ¼ |
| 68 | 68 | 2 | Col. & 9th Av. 5s | 68 | 68 | 68 | .. |
| 84½ | 83 | 4 | Comp.-Tab.-Rec. 6s | 84 | 83⅝ | 83⅝ | – ⅜ |
| 103 | 100½ | 26 | Con. Gas cv. 6s | 102 | 101 | 101 | – ½ |
| 97 | 96½ | 2 | Con. Gas, Balt., 5s | 96½ | 96½ | 96½ | – ½ |
| 87 | 87 | 2 | Consol. C., M., ref. 5s | 87 | 87 | 87 | .. |
| 100 | 99¼ | 8 | Corn P. Ref. s.f. 5s, '34 | 99½ | 99¼ | 99½ | .. |
| 93¾ | 93 | 1 | Cumberland Tel. 5s | 93¾ | 93¾ | 93¾ | .. |
| 96½ | 96 | 25 | D. & H. lien eq. 4½s | 96½ | 96½ | 96½ | + ⅛ |
| 85¼ | 84 | 6 | D. & H. ref. 4s | 84 | 84 | 84 | – 1⅛ |
| 57¼ | 49⅞ | 4 | D. & R.G. 1st & ref. 5s | 52¼ | 52¼ | 52¼ | + 2½ |
| 73 | 69⅞ | 20 | Den. & R. G. con. 4s | 72 | 71 | 72 | + ⅜ |
| 75½ | 73 | 18 | Det. United 4½s | 75½ | 74½ | 75⅛ | + ⅝ |
| 84¼ | 81¾ | 3 | Det. Riv. Tun. 4½s | 82⅝ | 81⅝ | 82⅝ | – 1⅛ |
| 91 | 89½ | 7 | Dist. Secur 5s | 90 | 90 | 90 | .. |
| 94½ | 94½ | 5 | Dul. & I. Range 5s | 94¼ | 94¼ | 94¼ | – ¼ |
| 84 | 79⅞ | 1 | ED. EL. B'KLYN con. 5s | 83 | 83 | 83 | – 1 |
| 98⅝ | 95 | 1 | Elk Horn Fuel 6s | 98 | 98 | 98 | – ⅝ |
| 56½ | 52⅞ | 41 | Erie gen. 4s | 53⅛ | 52⅞ | 52⅞ | – ½ |
| 70⅛ | 67 | 5 | Erie consol 4s | 67½ | 67 | 67 | .. |
| 49 | 47 | 3 | Erie cv. 4s, Ser. A | 48 | 48 | 48 | + ½ |
| 48⅞ | 46⅞ | 3 | Erie cv. 4s, Ser B | 48 | 47¼ | 48 | + ⅝ |
| 52⅝ | 49½ | 30 | Erie cv. 4s, Ser. D | 50 | 49½ | 49¾ | – ¼ |
| 101 | 99¾ | 3 | Erie & Jersey 6s | 100 | 99¾ | 99¾ | – ¼ |
| 78 | 77⅝ | 12 | Erie, Pa. col. 4s | 77⅝ | 77⅝ | 77⅝ | – ¾ |
| 73½ | 73 | 12 | GEN. EL. deb. 3½s | 73½ | 73½ | 73½ | + 2½ |
| 100¾ | 97¾ | 16 | Gen. Elec. deb. 5s | 99 | 99 | 99 | + 1¼ |
| 93¼ | 93¼ | 1 | Gt. Falls Power 5s | 93¼ | 93¼ | 93¼ | + ¼ |
| 89 | 85¼ | 1 | Gt. North. ref. 4¼s | 86½ | 86½ | 86½ | + ½ |
| 98½ | 97 | 1 | Granby con. cv. 6s | 98½ | 98½ | 98½ | + 1½ |
| 83 | 79 | 10 | HOCK. V. 1st 4½s | 79½ | 79½ | 79½ | + ½ |
| 60¼ | 56⅝ | 54 | Hud. & M. n. ref. 5s | 58 | 57¾ | 57¾ | – ¼ |
| 18 | 16 | 47 | H. & N. n. adj. 5s | 16½ | 16 | 16½ | + ⅝ |
| 79 | 77 | 1 | ILL. CENT. 4s, '52 | 77 | 77 | 77 | – 1 |
| 84¼ | 82½ | 26 | Ill. Cent. ref. 4s | 83½ | 83 | 83 | .. |
| 85½ | 82¼ | 9 | Illinois Steel 4½s | 85½ | 84½ | 85½ | + 2½ |
| 98 | 95½ | 9 | Indiana Steel 5s | 98 | 97⅞ | 98 | + 1 |
| 43¾ | 38¾ | 270 | Inter-Met. 4½s | 40⅞ | 39⅝ | 40 | + ⅝ |
| 72¾ | 68⅝ | 353 | Int. Rapid Transit 5s | 71 | 70¼ | 71 | + 1 |
| 80⅝ | 76½ | 37 | Int. Agricul. 5s | 80⅝ | 79½ | 80 | – ¼ |
| 102 | 97 | 80 | Int. Mer. Mar. 6s | 98 | 97 | 97½ | – ⅛ |
| 82 | 82 | 1 | J., FRANK. & C. 4s | 82 | 82 | 82 | – ½ |
| 75½ | 73 | 7 | K. C., FT. S. & M. 4s | 74 | 73 | 73 | – 1⅛ |
| 103¾ | 102½ | 10 | K. C., Ft. S. & M. 6s | 103 | 103 | 103 | + ¼ |
| 64 | 62½ | 1 | Kan. City So. 3s | 64 | 64 | 64 | + 1½ |
| 81 | 76⅞ | 10 | Kan. City Term. 4s | 77⅝ | 77¼ | 77⅝ | – ⅜ |
| 66½ | 65 | 1 | Keokuk & D. M. 5s | 66½ | 66½ | 66½ | + 1½ |
| 105 | 100 | 3 | K. Co. E., L. & P. p. m. 6s | 105 | 105 | 105 | + 5 |
| 87½ | 86 | 7 | LACK. STEEL 5s, '50 | 86½ | 86⅝ | 86⅝ | – ⅛ |
| 90 | 88½ | 1 | Lake Shore 4s, '28 | 89¼ | 89¼ | 89¼ | .. |
| 89 | 88 | 7 | Lake Shore 4s, '31 | 88⅝ | 88¼ | 88¼ | + ¼ |
| 99¾ | 99¼ | 11 | Laclede Gas 1st 5s | 99¾ | 99⅝ | 99¾ | + ½ |
| 97 | 95 | 1 | Laclede Gas ref. 5s | 95 | 95 | 95 | .. |
| 102⅝ | 101¼ | 66 | Leh. Val. c. 6s, t. c. | 102 | 101½ | 101⅝ | .. |
| 100 | 98⅛ | 2 | Leh. Val. T. 5s | 100 | 100 | 100 | .. |
| 80½ | 80½ | 6 | L. V. of Penn. con. 4s | 80½ | 80½ | 80½ | .. |
| 94 | 92 | 14 | Liggett & Myers 5s | 93⅝ | 92¾ | 93⅛ | + ⅝ |
| 113⅞ | 112¼ | 26 | Liggett & Myers 7s | 113 | 112¼ | 112¼ | – 1 |
| 76½ | 76 | 3 | Long Island ref. 4s | 76½ | 76½ | 76½ | + ⅝ |
| 77½ | 75 | 1 | Long Isl. deb. 5s, '37 | 75 | 75 | 75 | – 2 |
| 113 | 112¼ | 8 | Lorillard 7s | 112⅝ | 112⅝ | 112⅝ | .. |
| 94 | 90¼ | 23 | Lorillard 5s | 92½ | 91 | 91⅝ | + ⅞ |
| 98⅛ | 93⅛ | 1 | L., Cin. & Lex. 4½s | 93⅛ | 93⅛ | 93⅛ | – 4⅞ |
| 88⅛ | 84⅛ | 4 | Lou. & Nash. un. 4s | 85½ | 85 | 85½ | – ¼ |
| 78⅛ | 78¼ | 1 | L. & N., A. K. & C. 4s | 78¼ | 78¼ | 78¼ | – ¼ |
| 72¼ | 72 | 9 | MAN. CONS. 4s | 72¼ | 72 | 72 | .. |
| 83¼ | 82 | 2 | Mich. Cent. deb. 4s | 83¼ | 83¼ | 83¼ | + ⅝ |
| 88½ | 86½ | 23 | Midvale Steel 5s | 87½ | 86½ | 86½ | – ⅝ |
| 99 | 90 | 2 | M. & St. L., P. ext. 6s | 99 | 99 | 99 | .. |
| 47⅛ | 44 | 7 | M. & St. L. 1st ref. 4s | 45½ | 44½ | 45 | .. |
| 89 | 86 | 4 | M., St. P. & S. S. M. cons. 4s | 87⅝ | 86 | 86 | – 1⅝ |
| 69 | 64½ | 8 | Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s | 65 | 65 | 65 | + ¼ |
| 42 | 42 | 7 | M., K. & T. 1st & ref. 4s | 42 | 42 | 42 | – 2 |
| 43 | 43 | 5 | M., K. & T. 1st & ref. 4s, t. r. | 43 | 43 | 43 | + 2 |
| 63½ | 59½ | 156½ | Mo. Pacific gen. 4s | 61½ | 60⅝ | 61⅛ | + ⅝ |
| 92 | 89⅞ | 33 | Mo. Pac. 5s, 1926 | 90½ | 90 | 90½ | + ½ |
| 99¾ | 99⅛ | 1 | Mo. Pac. cons. 6s | 99½ | 99½ | 99½ | – ¼ |
| 95⅞ | 92⅛ | 17 | Montana Power 5s | 92⅝ | 92¼ | 92¼ | – ⅜ |
| 83 | 83 | 1 | Morris & Co. s.f. 4½s | 83 | 83 | 83 | + 2 |
| 100 | 100 | 14 | NASH., CHATT. & ST. L. cons 5s | 100 | 100 | 100 | .... |
| 99½ | 98 | 1 | Nat. Tube 5s | 99½ | 99½ | 99½ | + ⅝ |
| 67 | 66⅝ | 1 | New Orl. Term. 4s | 67 | 67 | 67 | + ⅝ |
| 58½ | 54½ | 8 | N. O., T. & M. inc. 5s | 56½ | 56 | 56½ | – 1⅛ |
| 100½ | 99⅝ | 8 | N. Y. Air B. cv. 6s | 99⅞ | 99⅝ | 99⅝ | – ¼ |
| 99⅝ | 97⅞ | 168 | N. Y. Cent. deb. 6s | 99⅝ | 98⅝ | 99½ | .. |
| 85½ | 82 | 28 | N. Y. Cent. ref. 4½s | 85½ | 84½ | 85½ | + 1⅛ |
| 72⅝ | 71 | 4 | N. Y. C. gen. 3½s | 72 | 72 | 72 | + ⅝ |
| 76½ | 74⅛ | 9 | N. Y. Cent cons. 4s | 74¼ | 74⅛ | 74⅛ | – 2⅜ |
| 99½ | 99½ | 1 | N. Y. C. Eq. 5s, '19 | 99½ | 99½ | 99½ | + 1⅛ |
| 94 | 91½ | 6 | N.Y., G.E.L.H. & P. 5s | 93½ | 93½ | 93½ | – ½ |
| 74¼ | 69 | 4 | N.Y., G.E.L.H. & P. 4s | 71 | 69 | 71 | – 1 |
| 88 | 85 | 2 | N.Y., N.H. & H. Co. 6s | 85 | 85 | 85 | – 1 |
| 52 | 50¾ | 1 | N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. 3½s | 52 | 52 | 52 | + 1¼ |
| 97¼ | 97¼ | 1 | N. Y. & Nor. 1st 5s | 97¼ | 97¼ | 97¼ | + 1⅛ |
| 43½ | 40½ | 4 | N. Y. Rys. ref. 4s | 42½ | 41 | 41 | + ⅝ |
| 14⅞ | 11⅝ | 122 | N. Y. Rys. adj. 4s | 12½ | 12¼ | 12½ | .. |
| 80 | 78 | 3 | N. Y. & Put. 1st 4s | 80 | 78 | 80 | + 2¼ |
| 90⅝ | 88 | 9 | N. Y. Tele. 4½s | 90⅝ | 90½ | 90⅝ | + ⅝ |
| 53 | 50 | 5 | N. Y., W. & B. 4½s | 52½ | 51⅞ | 52½ | + ½ |
| 108½ | 106¼ | 184 | N. & W. cv. 6s, f. p. | 107⅞ | 107½ | 107½ | – ⅝ |
| 86½ | 82½ | 12 | Norf. & W. con. 4s | 84⅝ | 84½ | 84⅝ | + ⅝ |
| 84½ | 84 | 15 | Norf. & W. 10-25 con. 4s | 84½ | 84 | 84½ | – 39⅝ |
| 107¼ | 107¼ | 4 | Nor. Pac. Ter. 1st 6s | 107¼ | 107¼ | 107¼ | + ¼ |
| 86 | 83½ | 40 | Northern Pacific 4s | 84 | 83½ | 84 | .. |
| 61⅞ | 59¾ | 17 | Northern Pacific 3s | 60¼ | 59¾ | 60 | – ⅛ |
| 91 | 89 | 5 | Nor. States Pow. 5s | 89½ | 89½ | 89½ | + ⅝ |
| 101 | 100½ | .. | ORE. SH. LINE 6s | 100¾ | 100⅝ | 100⅝ | + ¼ |
| 98⅞ | 98 | 1 | Ore. Sh. L. cons. 5s | 98⅞ | 98⅞ | 98⅞ | + ⅞ |
| 88 | 86¾ | 7 | Ore. Sh. L. ref. 4s | 87 | 86½ | 87 | + ⅝ |
| 79⅞ | 77½ | 15 | Oregon Wash. 1st 4s | 78 | 77½ | 77½ | – ½ |
| 85½ | 85½ | 10 | PAC. COAST 1st 5s | 85¼ | 85⅛ | 85¼ | .. |
| 95⅛ | 93 | 1 | Pac. T. & T. 5s | 93¾ | 93¾ | 93¾ | + ⅝ |
| 89⅞ | 87½ | 81 | Penn. gen. 4½s | 89¼ | 88½ | 89 | + ¼ |
| 97¾ | 97⅛ | 4 | Penn. gtd. 4½s | 97½ | 97½ | 97½ | – ¼ |
| 97⅞ | 95¾ | 363 | Penn. gen 5s, tem. ctfs. | 96⅝ | 96½ | 96½ | .. |
| 76¼ | 75 | 2 | Peo. Gas. Chi. r. 5s | 76¼ | 75 | 76¼ | + ⅝ |
| 12 | 12 | 1 | Peo. & East. inc. 4s | 12 | 12 | 12 | .. |
| 72¼ | 68¼ | 4 | Pere Marq. 1st 4s | 69⅞ | 68¼ | 69 | – 1 |
| 88½ | 85 | 9 | Pere Marq. 1st 5s | 86¼ | 85⅞ | 86 | – ½ |
| 92⅝ | 91 | 97 | Phila. Co. cv. 5s, '22 | 92⅝ | 91⅛ | 92 | + 1 |
| 108⅛ | 100¼ | 2 | Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '20 | 100½ | 100½ | 100½ | – ½ |
| 93 | 88⅝ | 24 | Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '24 | 91⅛ | 90⅝ | 91 | + ¼ |
| 40 | 40 | 1 | Prov. Sec. deb. 4s | 40 | 40 | 40 | .. |
| 80 | 75⅛ | 77 | Public Service 5s | 80 | 78¼ | 78¼ | – 1⅜ |
| 86⅝ | 85½ | 15 | READING gen. 4s | 85⅝ | 85½ | 85⅝ | .. |
| 95⅛ | 94⅝ | 4 | Rep. I. & S. 5s, '40 | 95⅛ | 94½ | 94½ | – ¼ |
| 71½ | 70 | 3 | R. G. West. 1st 4s | 71½ | 71½ | 71½ | + ½ |
| 72⅝ | 70 | 4 | R., I. A. & L. 4½s | 71⅛ | 71 | 71 | – 1 |
| 96½ | 96¼ | 8 | ST. L., I. M. & S. gen. 5s | 96½ | 96¼ | 96½ | + ⅛ |
| 82½ | 81 | 32 | St. L., I. M. & S. unif. and ref. 4s | 81 | 81 | 81 | – ⅛ |
| 64 | 60¼ | 117 | St. L. & S. F. pr. lien 4s | 63 | 61¼ | 62 | + ½ |
| 79⅝ | 76⅝ | 13 | St. L. & S. F. pr. l. 5s, B | 77½ | 77 | 77 | + ¼ |
| 69 | 63⅝ | 47 | St. L. & S. F. adj. 6s | 64¼ | 63⅝ | 63⅝ | – ⅝ |
| 45½ | 40½ | 22 | St. L. & S. F. inc. 6s | 41⅜ | 40⅝ | 41 | – ½ |
| 74 | 72⅝ | 2 | St. L. S. W. 1st 4s | 72⅝ | 72⅝ | 72⅝ | – ⅛ |
| 59⅞ | 57½ | 21 | St. L. & S. W. c. 4s | 59½ | 59½ | 59½ | .. |
| 98½ | 97 | 1 | St. P. & Dul. 1st 5s | 97 | 97 | 97 | – 1⅛ |
| 74 | 69 | 11 | St. P., K.C. & S.L. 4½s | 70 | 69 | 70 | + ½ |
| 88⅞ | 88⅞ | 5 | St. P., M. & M. Mont. ext. 4s | 88⅞ | 88⅞ | 88⅞ | – 1⅛ |
| 53 | 49 | 21 | Seab. A. L. adj. 5s | 50 | 49 | 49 | – 1 |
| 60 | 58 | 13 | Seab. A. L. ref. 4s | 59 | 58 | 59 | .. |
| 96⅝ | 95 | 24 | Sinclair Oil 7s | 95¾ | 95¼ | 95¾ | + ⅜ |
| 100 | 98⅝ | 12 | Sincl. Oil 7s, with w. | 99 | 98⅝ | 99 | + ⅜ |
| 93 | 92 | 7 | So. Bell Teleph. 5s | 92⅞ | 92 | 92½ | + ½ |
| 77 | 75 | 11 | So. Pacific col. 4s | 77 | 76½ | 76½ | – ½ |
| 105 | 100 | 90 | So. Pac. conv. 5s | 102 | 101½ | 101½ | .. |
| 85⅝ | 83½ | 104 | So. Pac. conv. 4s | 84¼ | 83½ | 84 | + ⅜ |
| 83½ | 82 | 22 | So. Pac. ref. 4s | 82⅝ | 82¼ | 82¼ | .. |
| 78¾ | 78 | 1 | So. Pac. S.F. Term. 4s | 78 | 78 | 78 | – ½ |
| 96⅝ | 94¼ | 9 | Southern Ry. 5s | 95½ | 94¼ | 94¼ | – ⅝ |
| 68¾ | 66⅝ | 43 | South. Ry. gen. 4s | 67⅞ | 67 | 67 | – 1 |
| 66½ | 66½ | 1 | So. Ry., M. & O. 4s | 66½ | 66½ | 66½ | – 8⅞ |
| 77 | 75 | 5 | T. OF ST. L. r. 4s | 75 | 75 | 75 | – 2 |
| 98½ | 98 | 3 | T. of St. L. con. 5s | 98½ | 98 | 98 | + 3¼ |
| 103 | 100½ | 11 | Texas Co. deb. 6s | 102 | 101¾ | 101¾ | + ¼ |
| 92 | 90 | 2 | Tex. & Pac. 1st 5s | 91 | 90½ | 90½ | .. |
| 53 | 50 | 3 | Third Av. Ref. 4s | 50⅞ | 50⅞ | 50⅞ | + ⅝ |
| 31¼ | 27½ | 51 | Third Av. adj. 5s | 29½ | 28¼ | 29 | + ⅝ |
| 75¼ | 75¼ | 1 | Tol., St. L. W. pr. l. 3½s | 75¼ | 75¼ | 75¼ | – 3⅞ |
| 105 | 103⅝ | 41 | UNION PAC. 6s | 104⅞ | 104½ | 104⅝ | .. |
| 89¼ | 87⅝ | 2 | Union Pacific cv. 4s | 88 | 87½ | 87½ | .. |
| 89⅞ | 86 | 57 | Union Pacific 1st 4s | 87⅛ | 86 | 86 | – 1⅛ |
| 83½ | 80 | 15 | Un. Pac. 1st & ref. 4s | 81¼ | 81 | 81¼ | + ⅝ |
| 95 | 95 | 1 | Un. Fuel Gas 6s | 95 | 95 | 95 | – 2 |
| 23 | 22 | 40 | U. R.R. of S.F. eq. t. r. | 22⅝ | 22⅝ | 22⅝ | + ¼ |
| 65 | 60 | 12 | U. S. R. & I. 5s | 65 | 63 | 65 | + 1⅝ |
| 104¾ | 102¾ | 79 | U. S. Rubber 7s | 104 | 103⅞ | 103⅞ | – ⅛ |
| 87⅞ | 86 | 81 | U.S. Rub. 1st & ref. 5s | 87 | 86⅝ | 87 | + ¼ |
| 100 | 98⅝ | 7 | U.S.R. & Sm., R. & M. 6s | 99½ | 99½ | 99½ | + ½ |
| 100¾ | 99⅝ | 151 | U. S. Steel 5s | 100⅝ | 100 | 100⅝ | + ⅝ |
| 100¼ | 99½ | 8 | U. S. Steel 5s, reg. | 100¼ | 99⅞ | 100¼ | + ⅝ |
| 89¼ | 88½ | 6 | Utah Pow. & Lgt. 5s | 89 | 88½ | 88½ | .. |
| 102½ | 101 | 17 | VA.-CAR C. con. 6s | 102 | 101 | 102 | .. |
| 96 | 95¼ | 10 | Va.-C. Ch. 1st 5s | 95½ | 95½ | 95½ | – ⅛ |
| 94¼ | 92¼ | 10 | Virginia Ry. 1st 5s | 93½ | 92¼ | 92¼ | – ¼ |
| 98½ | 96½ | 7 | WABASH 1st 5s | 97⅛ | 96¾ | 97¼ | – 1¼ |
| 89 | 85½ | 27 | Wabash 2d 5s | 86 | 85½ | 85½ | – 2½ |
| 98¼ | 97 | 12 | West. Electric 5s | 98 | 97¼ | 97¼ | – ⅝ |
| 61 | 58 | 13 | Western Maryl'd 4s | 61 | 59 | 60 | + 2 |
| 86½ | 84 | 13 | Western Pacific 5s | 84½ | 84 | 84 | .. |
| 76 | 75 | 8 | West Shore 4s, reg. | 76 | 76 | 76 | + 1 |
| 87½ | 86¼ | 1 | W. Un. T. R. E. 4½s | 87½ | 87½ | 87½ | + 1¼ |
| 93½ | 93 | 11 | W. Un. T. col. tr. 5s | 93¼ | 93 | 93¼ | + ½ |
| 98⅞ | 97 | 86 | Wilson & Co. 1st 6s | 98½ | 98 | 98 | – ⅝ |
| 75 | 75 | 1 | Winston S. So. B. 4s | 75 | 75 | 75 | + 3 |

Total sales ....... $6,309,000

### UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BONDS

| Range, 1919 High | Range, 1919 Low | Sales | | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 99.80 | 98.50 | 2576½ | Lib. 3½s, 1931-'47 | 99.06 | 98.80 | 98.90 | – .10 |
| 94.18 | 92.50 | 480 | Lib. 1st cv. 4s, 1931-'47 | 93.20 | 93.00 | 93.02 | – .16 |
| 94.10 | 92.10 | 1550 | Lib. 2d 4s, 1927-'42 | 92.98 | 92.60 | 92.76 | – .10 |
| 96.60 | 94.90 | 432 | Liberty 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-1947 | 95.58 | 94.90 | 94.90 | – .60 |
| 95.32 | 94.00 | 68592 | Liberty 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-1942 | 94.60 | 93.98 | 94.10 | – .46 |
| 96.50 | 95.00 | 13388½ | Lib. 3d 4¼s, 1928 | 95.50 | 95.00 | 95.10 | – .38 |
| 95.72 | 93.98 | 25674½ | Lib. 4th 4¼s, 1933-'38 | 94.60 | 93.98 | 94.06 | – .56 |

Total sales ....... $50,539,000

### OTHER GOVERNMENT BONDS

| Range, 1919 High | Range, 1919 Low | Sales | | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 99⅞ | 99¾ | 251 | Amer. For. Sec. 5s | 99⅞ | 99¾ | 99¾ | .. |
| 97⅞ | 96⅞ | 1724 | Anglo-French 5s | 97⅞ | 97 1/16 | 97⅝ | – 1/16 |
| 102½ | 100¼ | 341½ | City of Bordeaux 6s | 102½ | 101⅞ | 102¼ | + ⅛ |
| 102½ | 100¼ | 285 | City of Lyons 6s | 102½ | 101⅞ | 102¼ | + ⅛ |
| 102½ | 100¼ | 250¼ | City of Marseilles 6s | 102½ | 101⅞ | 102¼ | + ⅛ |
| 100 | 98⅝ | 771 | City of Paris 6s | 100 | 99⅝ | 100 | + ⅛ |
| 99 | 97¾ | 45 | Dom. of C. 5s, 1921 | 98⅞ | 98⅝ | 98½ | – ½ |
| 98 | 96½ | 84 | Dom. of C. 5s, 1926 | 97½ | 97¼ | 97¼ | .. |
| 98¼ | 97¼ | 52 | Dom. of C. 5s, 1931 | 97¾ | 97½ | 97¾ | + ⅝ |
| 105 1/16 | 103 | 639 | French Govt. 5½s | 105 1/16 | 105⅛ | 105 1/16 | + 1/16 |
| 88 | 86⅞ | 14 | Japanese 4½s | 88 | 88 | 88 | + 1 |
| 88½ | 86 | 1 | Jap. 4½s, 2d Series | 88½ | 88½ | 88½ | + 1 |
| 85⅝ | 84 | 7 | Jap. 4½s, 2d S., Ger. st. | 85¼ | 85 | 85 | + ¼ |
| 75⅛ | 75 | 1 | Japanese 4s | 75 | 75 | 75 | .. |
| 93½ | 92½ | 1 | Rep. of Cuba 5s, '04 | 93½ | 93½ | 93½ | + ⅛ |
| 55 | 50 | 4 | U. S. of Mex. 4s | 50 | 50 | 50 | – 5 |
| 101⅝ | 100 | 324 | U. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1919 | 100 1/16 | 100 | 100 | – 1/16 |
| 99 | 97⅞ | 1189 | U. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1921 | 99 | 98⅝ | 98¾ | + ⅛ |
| 101¾ | 100 1/16 | 2720 | U. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1937 | 101⅝ | 100¾ | 101 | + ⅝ |

Total sales ....... $9,218,500

### STATE BONDS

| Range, 1919 High | Range, 1919 Low | Sales | | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 97⅝ | 97⅝ | 1 | N. Y. State 4s, '62 | 97⅝ | 97⅝ | 97⅝ | – ¼ |
| 107 | 106¾ | 1 | N. Y. Canal 4½s, '64 | 107 | 107 | 107 | + ¼ |
| 73 | 63 | 188 | Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. ctfs. | 73 | 68 | 73 | + 8 |

Total sales ....... $190,000

### NEW YORK CITY BONDS

| Range, 1919 High | Range, 1919 Low | Sales | | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 82½ | 82½ | 1 | 3½s, 1954 | 82½ | 82½ | 82½ | – 1⅝ |
| 91 | 91 | 25 | 4s, 1956, reg. | 91 | 91 | 91 | + 1⅛ |
| 90¼ | 90¼ | 1 | 4s, 1957, reg. | 90¼ | 90¼ | 90¼ | .. |
| 92¼ | 90¼ | 17 | 4s, 1958 | 91⅝ | 91⅝ | 91⅝ | + ⅞ |
| 92½ | 91 | 19 | 4s, 1959 | 91 | 91 | 91 | .. |
| 97¼ | 96 | 21 | 4¼s, 1960 | 97¼ | 96¼ | 97¼ | + 1 |
| 98 | 96½ | 1 | 4¼s, 1964 | 96¾ | 96¾ | 96¾ | + ¼ |
| 101½ | 100⅞ | 1 | 4½s, May, 1957 | 100⅞ | 100⅞ | 100⅞ | – ⅛ |
| 102 | 100½ | 5 | 4½s, Nov., 1957 | 101 | 101 | 101 | + ⅛ |
| 102 | 100 | 13 | 4½s, 1963 | 101½ | 101 | 101½ | + 1½ |
| 101½ | 100⅞ | 4 | 4½s, 1965 | 101¼ | 100⅞ | 101¼ | + ¼ |

Total sales ....... $146,000

Grand total ....... $66,398,000

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$16,000,000

**Illinois Central Railroad Company**

Fifteen-Year Five and One-Half Per Cent.
Secured Gold Bonds

Due January 1, 1934
Interest payable January 1 and July 1

Charles A. Peabody, Esq., President of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, in a letter dated February 5, 1919, writes in part as follows:

**"The Bonds will be the direct obligation of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, and will be secured by the deposit with The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, as Trustee, of the following securities, having a present market value of about $20,000,000:**

**$17,350,000 face value Illinois Central Railroad Company and Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans Railroad Co. Joint First Refunding Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds, Series A, due December 1, 1963, and**

**$4,550,000 face value Illinois Central Railroad Company Western Lines First Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds, due August 1, 1951.**

Pending the pledge of the above bonds, or any of them, cash is to be deposited in accordance with provisions to be contained in the Indenture.

The Trust Indenture is to contain provisions satisfactory to you that any of the pledged bonds may be released upon the deposit of Fifteen-Year Bonds or cash to be applied toward the purchase or redemption of Fifteen-Year Bonds.

The present issue of Bonds is being sold to discharge obligations incurred on account of expenditures for additions and betterments to its railroads, terminals, equipment and other facilities.

**The Illinois Central Railroad Company has paid dividends on its capital stock uninterruptedly since 1863. It has now outstanding $109,296,000 capital stock, having a present market value of approximately $106,000,000, and on which dividends are being paid at the rate of 7% per annum.**

An agreement between the Director General of Railroads and this Company defining the terms and conditions upon which Federal control shall be exercised and fixing the compensation to be paid by the Director General is being negotiated and will, it is anticipated, be executed shortly.

**Under this agreement, the compensation payable to the Illinois Central Railroad Company proper is expected to be not less than $16,282,000 per annum, and in addition thereto the Company will be in receipt of other income estimated at about $6,602,000 per annum, making available for fixed charges, taxes, dividends, etc., the sum of about $22,884,000. All fixed charges of the Company (including interest on the present issue of bonds), taxes, rentals, sinking fund payments, etc., are estimated at $12,220,000, leaving a balance of $10,664,000 in excess of all fixed charges.**

The present issue of bonds will mature on January 1, 1934, and will bear interest from January 1, 1919, at the rate of 5½ per cent. per annum, payable January 1 and July 1. They will be issued as coupon bonds in denomination of $1,000 and will be redeemable in whole or in part at the option of the Illinois Central Railroad Company at 101 per cent. and accrued interest on any interest date on or after January 1, 1924, upon sixty days' previous notice. Coupon bonds will have the privilege of registration as to principal and will be exchangeable for bonds registered as to both principal and interest, which latter will be re-exchangeable for coupon bonds under the conditions provided in the Indenture. Both principal and interest of the bonds will be payable in gold coin of the United States of America, of or equal to the present standard of weight and fineness, and without deduction for any tax or taxes (other than Federal income taxes in excess of two per cent. per annum) which the Railroad Company or the Trustee may be required to pay or to retain therefrom under any present or future law of the United States of America, or of any State, County, Municipality or other taxing authority therein.

The issuance of these bonds has been approved by the Director General, United States Railroad Administration, and application for approval thereof is about to be made to the State Public Utilities Commission of Illinois. Application will be made in due course to list the Bonds on the New York Stock Exchange.

Pending the engraving of the definitive bonds, temporary certificates will be issued.

**The undersigned will receive subscriptions for the above bonds at 97½ per cent. and accrued interest to date of delivery, temporary certificates deliverable if, when and as issued. At this price the bonds will yield 5¾ per cent. if held to maturity and 6¼ per cent. if redeemed at the earliest redemption date.**

A first payment of $50 per $1,000 bonds subscribed for should accompany all subscriptions. The balance of the amount due on bonds allotted upon subscriptions will be payable at the offices of either of the undersigned on five days' previous notice from them.

The right is reserved to close the subscription at any time without notice, to reject any application and to allot a smaller amount than applied for.

KUHN, LOEB & CO.
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New York, February 7, 1919.

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PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
Dated December 10, 1918.
CHARLES H. [illegible]

---

# SAYS LOW RAILROAD RATES HURT CREDIT

## Banker Contends Interstate Commission Prevented Adequate Returns.

## SEES INVESTOR FORCED OUT

### Declares Refusal to Increase Income Showed Lack of Vision and Ignorance of Conditions.

Francis H. Sisson, Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company, has written a letter to C. C. McChord of the Interstate Commerce Commission touching upon a number of the important phases of railroad credit and railroad earnings. The letter is in reply to one from Mr. McChord, which was included in correspondence recently made public at a hearing before the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce. The interchange of letters began when Mr. McChord wrote to Mr. Sisson insisting that the latter had criticized the commission for its failure to properly protect railroad credit. In that instance Mr. McChord characterized Mr. Sisson's criticism as unwarranted. In his reply, made public today, Mr. Sisson said in part:

"As you pointed out in your first letter, it was not until July, 1910, that the commission was given any material authority over the suspension of the proposed railroad rates which were filed by the carriers, and, naturally, it would appear that a comparison of conditions previous to 1910 with those since 1910 would be some indication as to how the commission had acted under its added responsibilities.

"In support of your contention that under the administration of the Interstate Commerce Commission the earning power of the railroads in the country had increased, you give figures showing the per cent. earned on investments from 1908 to 1917. I feel that this limited period is not conclusive and that it is rather interesting to see what the figures show for the period previous to 1908, for illustration, 1900 to 1908. I feel that the best indication of the earning position of the railroads is to be found, not in the rate of dividend paid on stock but in the rate per cent. earned on capital investment.

"It is generally recognized that railroads, as an enterprise, illustrate the general economic law commonly referred to as increasing returns. The investor who is putting capital into such an enterprise realizes that in the beginning he is forced to accept low returns, and as some compensation for risking his capital he expects to reap increasing rewards as business grows. But during a period of rising prices such as we experienced before the outbreak of the European war the increased cost of operation tends to absorb this additional income which the investor would have received from the increasing returns of his road, and if the managers of the road are prevented from increasing rates, the investor is deprived of the prospect of increasing returns, which was the particular incentive that induced him to take the risk and invest capital in the enterprise. A continuation of this situation must, of necessity, lead to an impairment of railroad credit.

**Discusses Adequate Return.**

"You must realize that many points of view are relative and not absolute, and in examining the attitude of the Interstate Commerce Commission toward any increase of rates, the relative, rather than the absolute, point of view must be taken. The relative point of view considers whether the return is adequate to induce capital to enter the business of railroad transportation. The crux of the whole situation, in fact, is the adequacy of return. The commission's responsibility for the impairment of railway credit is determined by the fact that, either by acts of commission or omission, it has helped to create in the minds of many investors the impression that the railroad business does not promise an adequate return. You, yourself, have stated that you have not made up your mind as to the standards of judging adequacy of return. This admission of yours, if representative of the commission, is pretty clear evidence of responsibility in a relative sense for the impairment of railway credit. It would appear that the true test of adequacy of return is that the rewards are sufficient to attract further capital for needed expansion. In this connection, it is interesting to note that Mr. Kruttschnitt, whom you recognize as a practical railroad man and whom you have quoted in favor of your position, stated in the hearings of 1917 that 'the lack of control over earnings by inability to get their inadequacy recognized by commissions and the necessary relief through increased rates at times when the volume of traffic is small prevents the carriers from providing increased future facilities or looking ahead sufficiently into the future.' It is my opinion that capital did not believe there was a sufficient immediate and prospective return to warrant investment in railroad enterprises because of the following factors: (1) Constantly increasing costs of operation; (2) the tendency since 1910 toward lowering the net return on investment; (3) the prospect of a continuation of this tendency; (4) the refusal of the Interstate Commerce Commission to grant general rate increases when such increases were sought. As a consequence, many railroads adopted the unfortunate policy of trying to keep up their rates of dividend in order to support their credit, sometimes with serious results.

"Further, I believe that the action of the commission toward recent requests for rate increases clearly demonstrated that it was not, as a whole, taking the broad constructive point of view, showing cognizance of general tendencies. In its decision in 1911 it based its findings largely on the good financial results of the fiscal year 1910, and hazarded the prediction that the results in 1911 would be better. But in all of the succeeding five years the carriers earned relatively less, and in four very much less than in 1910. Again in 1914 some increases were granted. The complete returns for 1914 showed the smallest percentage of net return for fifteen years. Some advances were granted later, but within approximately a year from the commission's first decision in the 5 per cent. rate case there were more miles in the hands of receivers than ever before. In its decision on June 29, 1917, in the face of an increase of general prices of 72 per cent. over 1914, the commission found no need for 'so heroic a remedy' as the 15 per cent. advance asked by the railroads. Only five months later it addressed a special report to Congress, recommending two alternative plans, either of which, in the opinion of many persons, was even more 'heroic.' In March, 1918, when it was too late to be of any particular advantage to the railroads, the commission allowed the Eastern roads most of the remainder of the general advance in rates which they had asked for, and a little later the Director General made a further general advance of 25 per cent—this all within a year of the time when the commission found no need for 'heroic' treatment of the rate situation.

**Condemned for Acts of a Few.**

"Your suggestion that the bad financial handling of certain railroads was largely instrumental in destroying railroad credit is worthy of consideration only in connection with the plain fact that all of such instances together amount to but a small fraction, (less than 10 per cent.,) of the railroad mileage of the country, and yet the commission and, to some extent, the public, following its leadership, have condemned 90 per cent. of the railroads to punishment and disfavor for the mistakes of the small minority. I know of no class of business, public or private, which is willing to have its affairs judged on the basis of its mistakes, nor do I know of any class of business which has been free from mistakes. It seems to me that the vital issue in this whole situation is that you, in common with others, have generalized from detached instances in a most unjust manner, and have persisted in forcing the many to suffer for the sins of the few, and, more than that, in punishing the innocent bystander, the public or investor, because of your punitive ambition and desire.

"The important fact about this whole question of railroad credit is that if we are to have a properly balanced financial structure for our railroads, they must have sufficient credit to sell stocks and not be forced to continue the endless accumulation of debt, which for a long period has been practically the only means by which they could be financed. The fact would seem to be self-evident, any yet apparently it is not considered that investment in stock is not attracted except by an assured return above that normally received from loans, or by speculative possibilities. If the policy of the commission is to restrict earnings to the point where stock dividends are less than the return available from good loans in many quarters, without speculative possibilities beyond, there is nothing to win the dollars of the American investor in the railroad situation, as he has very clearly shown."

## WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKET.

### CHICAGO.

WHEAT.—Dealings discontinued.

| CORN. | Feb. High. | Feb. Low. | March. High. | March. Low. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3 | $1.28¼ | $1.26 | $1.26½ | $1.23 |
| Feb. 4 | 1.28¼ | 1.25½ | 1.26 | 1.22½ |
| Feb. 5 | 1.24¾ | 1.25½ | 1.22¼ | 1.18¼ |
| Feb. 6 | 1.26¼ | 1.22 | 1.22⅜ | 1.18½ |
| Feb. 7 | 1.25 | 1.21⅞ | 1.21½ | 1.17 |
| Feb. 8 | 1.25 | 1.19⅛ | 1.20⅜ | 1.18 |
| Week's range | 1.28¼ | 1.19⅛ | 1.26⅛ | 1.17 |

|  | May. High. | May. Low. | July. High. | July. Low. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3 | $1.21 | $1.18¼ | $1.16⅛ | $1.14⅛ |
| Feb. 4 | 1.21⅛ | 1.17⅜ | 1.16⅜ | 1.13¾ |
| Feb. 5 | 1.17⅛ | 1.12⅞ | 1.13 | 1.09⅝ |
| Feb. 6 | 1.16¼ | 1.12 | 1.13 | 1.08½ |
| Feb. 7 | 1.14⅝ | 1.10½ | 1.10½ | 1.07 |
| Feb. 8 | 1.13¾ | 1.11½ | 1.09½ | 1.07⅜ |
| Week's range | 1.21⅛ | 1.10½ | 1.16⅜ | 1.07 |

| OATS. | Feb. High. | Feb. Low. | March. High. | March. Low. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3 | 58 | 56⅛ | 58⅛ | 56⅝ |
| Feb. 4 | 58⅛ | 57¼ | 58⅛ | 56⅞ |
| Feb. 5 | 57 | 55 | 56½ | 54⅝ |
| Feb. 6 | 57 | 55½ | 56⅝ | 55¼ |
| Feb. 7 | 57 | 55½ | 56⅝ | 55⅛ |
| Feb. 8 | 56⅝ | 55⅝ | 56⅛ | 55⅛ |
| Week's range | 58⅛ | 55 | 58⅛ | 54⅝ |

|  | May. High. | May. Low. | July. High. | July. Low. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3 | 58½ | 57⅛ | 56¼ | 55¼ |
| Feb. 4 | 59 | 57½ | 56⅜ | 54⅞ |
| Feb. 5 | 57 | 54⅛ | 54½ | 52¾ |
| Feb. 6 | 57 | 55¼ | 55 | 53¼ |
| Feb. 7 | 57 | 55 | 54⅜ | 53⅛ |
| Feb. 8 | 56⅝ | 55⅛ | 54½ | 53¼ |
| Week's range | 59 | 54½ | 56⅜ | 52¾ |

**Provisions.**

| LARD. | May. High. | May. Low. | July. High. | July. Low. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3 | 22.80 | 22.35 | 22.25 | 21.90 |
| Feb. 4 | 22.55 | 22.25 | 22.20 | 21.95 |
| Feb. 5 | 22.25 | 21.87 | 21.90 | 21.50 |
| Feb. 6 | 22.45 | 22.00 | 21.90 | 21.65 |
| Feb. 7 | 22.80 | 22.52 | 22.10 | 21.72 |
| Feb. 8 | 23.30 | 22.97 | 22.35 | 22.10 |
| Week's range | 23.30 | 21.87 | 22.35 | 21.50 |

| RIBS. | May. High. | May. Low. |
|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3 | 20.95 | 20.50 |
| Feb. 4 | 20.70 | 20.40 |
| Feb. 5 | 20.45 | 20.10 |
| Feb. 6 | 20.67 | 20.30 |
| Feb. 7 | 20.90 | 20.62 |
| Feb. 8 | 21.32 | 20.97 |
| Week's range | 21.32 | 20.10 |

| PORK. | May. High. | May. Low. |
|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3 | 37.80 | 37.25 |
| Feb. 4 | 37.70 | 37.40 |
| Feb. 5 | 37.30 | 36.50 |
| Feb. 6 | 37.05 | 36.50 |
| Feb. 7 | 37.00 | 36.40 |
| Feb. 8 | 37.85 | 37.00 |
| Week's range | 37.85 | 36.40 |

### NEW YORK.

COTTON.

|  | Mar. High. | Mar. Low. | May. High. | May. Low. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3 | 23.90 | 23.03 | 22.80 | 21.83 |
| Feb. 4 | 24.25 | 23.20 | 23.16 | 22.05 |
| Feb. 5 | 23.63 | 23.20 | 22.48 | 21.98 |
| Feb. 6 | 23.25 | 22.21 | 22.08 | 20.90 |
| Feb. 7 | 22.30 | 21.40 | 21.06 | 20.25 |
| Feb. 8 | 21.78 | 21.04 | 20.80 | 20.03 |
| Week's range | 24.25 | 21.04 | 23.16 | 20.03 |

|  | July. High. | July. Low. | Sept. High. | Sept. Low. | Oct. High. | Oct. Low. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3 | 21.95 | 21.00 | 19.90 | 19.90 | 20.35 | 19.65 |
| Feb. 4 | 22.30 | 21.23 | .. | .. | 20.60 | 19.74 |
| Feb. 5 | 21.61 | 21.18 | .. | .. | 20.05 | 19.67 |
| Feb. 6 | 21.22 | 20.15 | 19.95 | 19.95 | 19.70 | 18.95 |
| Feb. 7 | 20.35 | 19.50 | 18.75 | 18.65 | 19.08 | 18.49 |
| Feb. 8 | 20.25 | 19.50 | .. | .. | 19.22 | 18.50 |
| W'k's r'nge | 22.30 | 19.50 | 19.95 | 18.65 | 20.60 | 18.49 |

## RECORD OF TRANSACTIONS.

New York Stock Exchange, week ended Feb. 8, 1919:

STOCKS, (SHARES.)

|  | 1919. | 1918. | 1917. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Monday | 282,107 | Holiday | 1,139,426 |
| Tuesday | 381,706 | 507,654 | 936,510 |
| Wednesday | 375,560 | 506,613 | 912,903 |
| Thursday | 448,490 | 606,856 | 647,898 |
| Friday | 329,220 | 462,787 | 481,473 |
| Saturday | 147,080 | 212,450 | 173,719 |
| Total w'k. | 1,914,163 | 2,296,360 | 4,241,929 |
| Yr. to date | 13,721,304 | 17,067,883 | 24,809,149 |

BONDS. (PAR VALUE.)

|  | 1919. | 1918. | 1917. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Monday | $10,151,500 | Holiday | $5,169,000 |
| Tuesday | 10,428,000 | $4,715,000 | 4,797,500 |
| Wednesday | 13,404,500 | 4,600,000 | 3,625,500 |
| Thursday | 11,262,500 | 4,412,500 | 4,251,000 |
| Friday | 14,778,000 | 4,405,500 | 3,817,000 |
| Saturday | 6,373,500 | 2,836,500 | 1,880,000 |
| Total w'k. | $66,398,000 | $20,969,500 | $23,540,000 |
| Yr. to date | 350,938,500 | 136,203,000 | 163,844,800 |

In detail last week's transactions compare as follows with the same week a year ago:

BONDS.

|  | Feb. 8, '19. | Feb. 9, '18. |  | Change. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| R.R. & mis. | $6,309,000 | $6,130,500 | + | $178,500 |
| Govt | 59,753,000 | 14,735,000 | + | 45,018,000 |
| State | 190,000 | ....... | + | 190,000 |
| City | 146,000 | 104,000 | + | 42,000 |
| Total all | $66,398,000 | $20,969,500 | + | $45,428,500 |

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**$25,000,000**

# Swift and Company

*6% TWO AND ONE-HALF YEAR GOLD NOTES*

Dated February 15, 1919 — Total Authorized Issue $25,000,000 — Due August 15, 1921

**Interest payable August 15 and February 15 at Illinois Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago or at The American Exchange National Bank, New York**

**Coupon Notes in denominations of $1,000 and $500 with privilege of registration as to principal only**

Redeemable at the option of the company as a whole or in multiples of $1,000,000 on 30 days' notice on August 15, 1919, at 102 and interest; on February 15, 1920, at 101½ and interest; on August 15, 1920, at 101 and interest; and on February 15, 1921, at 101½ and interest.

**Interest payable, so far as may be lawful, without deduction for Federal income taxes not in excess of 2%, as provided in the trust indenture**

ILLINOIS TRUST & SAVINGS BANK, CHICAGO, TRUSTEE

*We summarize the following statements from a letter of L. F. Swift, President of the Company:*

These notes will be the direct obligation of Swift and Company, one of the largest and most successful concerns engaged in the production and sale of meats and their by-products. The notes are followed by $150,000,000 authorized and issued capital, of which there were at November 2, 1918, 352,744 shares in the Treasury of the Company, leaving $114,725,600 capital stock upon which dividends are being paid at the rate of 8% per annum. The company has earned and paid cash dividends without interruption for the past 33 years.

Net earnings for the year ended November 2, 1918, after interest charges and reserves for federal and foreign taxes, amounted to $21,157,277.44 and for the past five years have averaged nearly $20,000,000. Sales for the past year exceeded $1,200,000,000 as compared with $400,000,000 for 1913.

The trust indenture requires the maintenance of current assets to an aggregate amount equal to at least one and one-half times current liabilities, including these notes, and provides that no new mortgage may be created against present assets and property.

The only other funded debt of the Company is its authorized issue of $50,000,000 First Mortgage Sinking Fund 5% bonds, due 1944, of which $30,926,000 are outstanding.

The Company's statement as of November 2, 1918, showed a valuation of its real estate and improvements of $79,247,567, based on actual appraisal, using values current January 1, 1914 (pre-war prices), and net current assets of $134,483,446.07.

*Subscriptions for the notes will be received, subject to allotment, when, as and if issued and received by us, and subject to approval of counsel at*

*99½ AND INTEREST TO YIELD OVER 6.20 PER CENT*

It is expected that the definitive notes will be ready for delivery on or about February 26.

**Illinois Trust & Savings Bank**
**First Trust & Savings Bank**
**Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank**
**The Merchants Loan & Trust Company**
CHICAGO

**We do not guarantee the statements and figures presented herein, but they are taken from sources which we believe to be accurate**

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# CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK

Trading by Days

|  | Industrials | Oils | Mining | Bonds |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Monday | 100,770 | 207,735 | 93,020 | $328,500 |
| Tuesday | 111,630 | 227,982 | 89,150 | 204,200 |
| Wednesday | 73,120 | 161,684 | 90,320 | 749,000 |
| Thursday | 110,415 | 131,768 | 100,430 | 1,902,000 |
| Friday | 73,315 | 160,416 | 131,850 | 1,345,000 |
| Saturday | 38,205 | 83,985 | 73,182 | 287,000 |
| Total | 507,455 | 973,590 | 587,952 | $4,815,700 |

INDUSTRIALS

| Range, 1919 High | Range, 1919 Low | Sales |  | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 6⅛ | 9,100 | *Aetna Explosives. | 7⅞ | 7¼ | 7⅜ | − ¼ |
| 64 | 63 | 10 | *Aetna Ex. pf., w.i. | 64 | 64 | 64 | + 1 |
| 65¼ | 63½ | 3,000 | *Am. Bosch Mag.. | 65 | 63½ | 63¾ | − ¼ |
| 24½ | 23½ | 500 | Br.-Am. Tob., reg. | 24½ | 24 | 24⅜ | + ⅝ |
| 25⅝ | 24 | 15,600 | B.-A. Tob., coupon | 25⅝ | 24½ | 24¾ | − ¼ |
| 168 | 149 | 1,500 | Chev. M. C. | 168 | 151 | 168 | +16 |
| 11½ | 8¼ | 15,600 | *Dictograph Prod. | 11½ | 9⅞ | 11½ | + 1⅝ |
| 2¼ | 2 | 2,600 | *Emerson Phon... | 2¼ | 2 | 2¼ | .. |
| 70½ | 39 | 11,000 | *Gen. Asphalt | 69½ | 63¼ | 64¼ | − 4⅞ |
| 106 | 87 | 3,200 | *Gen. Asphalt pf.. | 106 | 97 | 97 | − 6¾ |
| 85 | 78 | 8,700 | *Gen. Mtr. 6% deb. | 85 | 81 | 84 | + 2 |
| 136 | 109 | 5,220 | *Gill. S. Raz., w.i. | 136 | 121 | 133 | +12 |
| 3⅝ | 1½ | 652 | Havana Tob. | 2¾ | 2½ | 2¼ | − ¾ |
| 7 | 4⅝ | 39,500 | Hupp Motor Car.. | 7 | 6 | 6⅜ | − ¼ |
| 16½ | 14½ | 115 | *Imp. Tob., G.B.S. | 16½ | 14½ | 16½ | .. |
| 21 | 10¼ | 10,900 | Inter. Rubber | 19½ | 16 | 16½ | − 2½ |
| 62 | 43½ | 30,700 | Keystone T. & R.. | 62 | 57⅞ | 58⅜ | − 1⅞ |
| 27 | 22 | 600 | *Kirby Lumber | 25 | 23 | 25 | .. |
| 11½ | 10¾ | 5,800 | *Lack. Co. Coal | 11½ | 11 | 11½ | + ½ |
| 3 | 1½ | 2,400 | *Lake Torp. Boat. | 3 | 2 | 2½ | + ¾ |
| 23½ | 19½ | 1,100 | *Libby, McN. & L. | 21 | 20½ | 21 | + ½ |
| 29 | 29 | 100 | Lima Loco. | 29 | 29 | 29 | .. |
| 4½ | 4 | 3,600 | Marconi of Am... | 4⅛ | 4 | 4⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 58 | 47 | 1,300 | *Natl. Coal & Ice. | 55 | 53 | 53¾ | − 1¼ |
| 12 | 7½ | 1,300 | *Natl. Firepfg. | 8¾ | 8 | 8 | .. |
| 20¼ | 13½ | 525 | *Natl. Fpfg. pf... | 16 | 14¼ | 15½ | + ½ |
| 3⅞ | 2⅜ | 34,700 | Nor. A. P. & P... | 3⅞ | 3⅛ | 3½ | + ¼ |
| 3 | 2 | 4,000 | *Ohio C. Gas rts.. | 2¼ | 2⅛ | 2¼ | + ⅛ |
| 3¼ | 1¾ | 2,300 | *Pearson Coal | 3¼ | 2⅞ | 3¼ | + ⅛ |
| 40 | 37 | 300 | Penn. S. Stl. v.t.c. | 38 | 37 | 37 | − 2¼ |
| 20 | 18 | 400 | Peerless T. & M.. | 20 | 19 | 20 | + 1¼ |
| ¾ | ½ | 8,000 | Perfection Tire R. | ⅝ | ½ | ½ | − ⅛ |
| 375 | 330 | 25 | R. J. Reynolds | 375 | 330 | 375 | .. |
| ⅛ | 1/16 | 15,000 | *Smith Motor Tr.. | ⅛ | 3/32 | ⅛ | + 1/16 |
| 13¾ | 10 | 8,600 | Submarine Boat... | 11½ | 10 | 11¼ | + ¼ |
| 48 | 40½ | 7,000 | *Swift Int., w. i.. | 44 | 42½ | 43 | + ¾ |
| 40⅛ | 33¾ | 43,600 | United Motors | 40⅛ | 37 | 39 | + 2⅛ |
| 1⅝ | 7/16 | 148,000 | Un. Profit Shar'g. | 1⅝ | 1 1/16 | 1 7/16 | + 5/16 |
| 5⅜ | 3½ | 38,000 | U. S. S. S. Co.... | 4 | 3½ | 3¾ | + ⅛ |
| 4½ | 3½ | 8,500 | Wayne Coal | 4¼ | 3½ | 4 | + ½ |
| ⅝ | ⅛ | 1,500 | World Film | ⅜ | ⅛ | ⅛ | .. |
| 4½ | 3 | 9,000 | *Wright-M. Air. .. | 3¾ | 3 | 3½ | + ⅝ |

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES

| Range, 1919 High | Range, 1919 Low | Sales |  | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 555 | 500 | 125 | Continental Oil | 555 | 555 | 555 | +55 |
| 90 | 89 | 70 | Galena-Signal Oil.. | 90 | 90 | 90 | + 1 |
| 167 | 163 | 45 | Ill. Pipe Line | 165 | 164 | 165 | + 1 |
| 104 | 101 | 10 | Ind. Pipe Line | 101 | 101 | 101 | − 2 |
| 16¾ | 16¾ | 100 | National Transit.. | 16¾ | 16¾ | 16¾ | + ¼ |
| 113 | 107 | 20 | North Pipe Line. | 113 | 111 | 111 | .. |
| 335 | 316 | 116 | Ohio Oil | 325 | 322 | 323 | + 3 |
| 685 | 630 | 145 | Prairie O. & G. | 685 | 660 | 670 | +11 |
| 180 | 180 | 10 | Southern Pipe L.. | 180 | 180 | 180 | .. |
| 320 | 297 | 125 | South Penn. Oil | 308 | 297 | 302 | − 2 |
| 101 | 101 | 10 | Southw. Penn. P.L. | 101 | 101 | 101 | + 7 |
| 280 | 258 | 47 | Stand. Oil of Cal. | 273 | 270 | 273 | + 3 |
| 730 | 675 | 188 | Stand. Oil of N. J. | 700 | 692 | 698 | +18 |
| 331 | 306 | 340 | Stand. Oil of N. Y. | 331 | 323 | 323 | + 1 |
| 437 | 395 | 20 | Vacuum Oil | 418 | 412 | 418 | + 5 |

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS

| Range, 1919 High | Range, 1919 Low | Sales |  | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 1/16 | ⅝ | 18,000 | *Allen Oil | 1 1/16 | ⅞ | 1 1/16 | + ¾ |
| 3 | 2⅛ | 1,500 | *Atlantic Petrol... | 2¾ | 2½ | 2½ | − ⅜ |
| 5/16 | 3/16 | 6,400 | *Barnett Oil | ¼ | 3/16 | 3/16 | − 1/16 |
| 4½ | 3¼ | 58,600 | *Boone Oil | 4½ | 3⅞ | 4½ | + ⅝ |
| 29 | 18 | 105,000 | *Boston-Wyo. Oil.. | 29 | 18 | 26 | + 7 |
| 7½ | 6⅞ | 9,300 | *Cosden Oil | 7⅛ | 6⅞ | 7⅛ | .. |
| 4⅛ | 4 | 800 | *Cosden Oil pf. | 4⅛ | 4 | 4 | .. |
| 1½ | 1⅜ | 140 | *Crystal O. & R... | 1½ | 1⅜ | 1½ | .. |
|  |  | 300 | *Curman Petrol... | ¼ | 13/16 | 13/16 | .. |
| ¼ | 13/16 | 2,000 | *Crown Oil | 16 | 16 | 16 | + 1 |
| 6⅞ | 6 | 3,050 | *Elk Basin Pet... | 6¼ | 6 | 6⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 6 | 4 | 33,800 | *Esmeralda Oil | 5 | 4½ | 5 | + 1 |
| 3⅝ | 2 | 113,000 | *Federal Oil | 3⅝ | 2½ | 3⅛ | − ⅛ |
| 4¾ | 3½ | 12,700 | *Glenrock Oil | 3⅞ | 3½ | 3¾ | .. |
| 1 1/16 | 13/16 | 500 | *Globe Oil | 1 | 13/16 | 1 | .. |
| 83½ | 75 | 3,900 | *Houston Oil | 83 | 78½ | 80½ | + 2 |
| 98 | 55 | 12,710 | *Hudson Oil | 70 | 55 | 65 | + 4 |
| 22⅞ | 16¾ | 19,100 | *Inter. Pet | 22⅜ | 20 | 20¼ | − 1¼ |
| 8½ | 6⅜ | 34,500 | *Island O. & T... | 7¾ | 7⅜ | 7⅝ | .. |
| 16 | 10 | 15,400 | *Kenova Oil | 12 | 10 | 10 | − 1 |
| 75 | 72 | 2,600 | *Kinney Oil | 75 | †72 | 72 | +22 |
| 37 | 23 | 33,000 | *Louisiana O. & R. | 37 | 35⅝ | 36¼ | + ⅝ |
| 25 | 21 | 16,200 | *Merritt Oil | 25 | 21½ | 23 | + 2 |
| 3 3/16 | 2¼ | 11,200 | *Met. Petrol | 3⅜ | 2⅞ | 3¼ | + 1/16 |
| 3⅜ | 2⅝ | 100 | *Mex. Pet. f. p. c. | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | − ⅛ |
| 45 | 30 | 4,100 | *Mex. Gulf Oil | 35 | 30 | 30 | .. |
| 149 | 113 | 71,001 | *Midwest Oil | 149 | 133 | 138 | + 6 |
| 1¾ | 1⅜ | 6,800 | *Midwest Oil pf.. | 1¾ | 1½ | 1 7/16 | + 1/16 |
| 148 | 125 | 18,000 | *Midwest Ref. | 148 | 130 | 143 | +14 |
| 53 | 47 | 39,500 | *Northwest Oil | 53 | 47 | 50 | + 2 |
| ⅝ | ⅜ | 20,400 | *Okla. P. & R. rcts. | ⅝ | ⅜ | 3/16 | + ⅛ |
| 2¼ | 1¾ | 2,000 | Okmul. P. & R.... | 2 | 1¾ | 1¾ | − ½ |
| 35 | 16 | 38,000 | Omar O. & G. | 35 | 29 | 34 | + 4 |
| 15 | 11¼ | 9,900 | *Pennock Oil | 12¼ | 11¼ | 11⅞ | − ⅜ |
| 30 | 14 | 105,000 | *Queen Oil | 18 | 14 | 15 | − 4 |
| 75⅝ | 69 | 3,800 | *Roy. Dutch, new | 74½ | 72¼ | 73 | + 1½ |
| 7⅞ | 7 | 3,800 | *Sapulpa O. & R.. | 7⅝ | 7 | 7½ | .. |
| 9/16 | ½ | 7,100 | Seq. O. & R. | 9/16 | ½ | 9/16 | .. |
| 26 | 22 | 6,200 | *Sinclair Gulf | 25½ | 24 | 24 | − ⅝ |
| 3½ | 3½ | 292 | *Southern O. & T. | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | .. |
| 1⅝ | 1 | 16,200 | *Stanton Oil | 1½ | 1⅛ | 1⅝ | .. |
| 22 | 11 | 80,000 | *Texana O. & R.. | 15 | 11 | 13 | − 3 |
| 3¼ | 2 | 5,900 | *Tyopa Oil | 3¼ | 2 | 2½ | − ½ |
| 2¼ | 1 | 14,300 | *Un. W. Oil, new. | 1½ | 1 3/16 | 1 3/16 | − 1/16 |
| 2⅞ | 2¼ | 2,200 | *Victoria Oil, new | 2½ | 2¼ | 2⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 3¾ | 3¼ | 600 | Wayland O. & G.. | 3¾ | 3½ | 3¾ | .. |

MINING STOCKS

| Range, 1919 High | Range, 1919 Low | Sales |  | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 50 | 35 | 12,930 | Alaska-Br. Col. M. | †42 | 35 | 38 | − 4 |
| 1 | .88 | 1,500 | *American Mines.. | 1 | 15/16 | 1 | .. |
| 1¼ | 1 | 7,450 | Ariz. Bin. Cop. | 1 1/16 | 1 | 1 1/16 | .. |
| 49 | 45 | 1,400 | *Ariz. Butte | †49 | 46 | 49 | + 2 |
| 5½ | 4½ | 2,500 | *Atlanta | 5 | 5 | 5 | .. |
| 15/16 | 11/16 | 9,400 | Big Ledge Copper. | ¾ | 11/16 | ¾ | .. |
| 54 | 46 | 30,400 | Boston Montana... | 50 | 46 | 47 | − 2 |
| 33 | 27 | 18,650 | *Caledonia Min. | †31 | 28 | 29 | − 1 |
| ½ | ⅜ | 6,425 | *Calumet & Jerome | 7/16 | ⅜ | ⅜ | − 1/16 |
| 2⅛ | 1 15/16 | 2,200 | Canada Copper | 2⅛ | 2 | 2 1/16 | + 1/16 |
| 59 | 52 | 20,000 | *Candelaria Silver. | †59 | 56 | 58 | .. |
| 8½ | 6½ | 15,700 | Cashboy | †8½ | 7½ | 7½ | + 1 |
| 1¼ | 1 | 10,100 | *Cerbat S. M. & M. | 1¼ | 1⅛ | 1¼ | + ⅛ |
| 1 3/16 | 1 1/16 | 4,900 | Con. Ariz. Smelt.. | 1 3/16 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | .. |
| 6¾ | 5½ | 1,000 | Cons. Cop. Min. | 5⅞ | 5⅝ | 5¾ | − ⅛ |
| 5⅛ | 4¾ | 3,500 | Cresson Gold | 5 | 4¾ | 4¾ | − ⅛ |
| 1¾ | 1½ | 800 | El Salvador Silver. | 1¾ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | .. |
| 1⅝ | 1¼ | 3,100 | *Eureka Croe's M. | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ | .. |
| 2 | 1⅝ | 100 | First Natl. Copper | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | − ⅛ |
| 75 | 60 | 13,700 | *Florence Silver | †75 | 69 | 75 | + 4 |
| 40 | 35 | 2,200 | *Fortuna Cons. | †35 | 35 | 35 | .. |
| ⅞ | 7/16 | 8,900 | *Golden Rule Mine. | ⅝ | ½ | ⅝ | .. |
| 26 | 19 | 8,300 | *Goldfield Cons. | †20 | 19 | 20 | − 1 |
| 6½ | 3 | 5,100 | *Gadsden | 6½ | 3 | 4 | .. |
| 7 | 5½ | 7,800 | *Gold Merger | 6 | 5½ | 6 | .. |
| 6 | 3 | 2,500 | *Great Bend | †4 | 3 | 4 | + 1 |
| 62 | 55 | 9,850 | *Hamilton M. & S. | †62 | 55 | 62 | + 2 |
| 50 | 35 | 18,300 | *Hattie Gold Min. | 50 | 35 | 36 | −12 |
| 4⅞ | 4 1/16 | 1,675 | Hecla Mining | 4 9/16 | 4¼ | 4½ | + ⅛ |
| 44 | 33 | 16,700 | *Jim Butler | †44 | 39 | 42 | + 3 |
| 15 | 13 | 4,200 | Jumbo Ext. | †14 | 13 | 14 | .. |
| 8 | 5 | 6,000 | Kewanas | †5½ | 5 | 5½ | .. |
| 7/16 | 3/16 | 1,500 | La Rose Consol... | ¼ | ¼ | ¼ | .. |
| 9½ | 5 | 118,700 | Lone Star Con. | †6 | 5 | 5½ | − ⅛ |
| ¼ | ¼ | 1,200 | Louisiana Cons... | ¼ | ¼ | ¼ | − ⅛ |
| 49 | 46 | 400 | McKinley-Darragh. | †47 | 47 | 47 | − 1 |
| 25 | 22 | 7,000 | *Magma Chief | †25 | 22 | 25 | .. |
| 28 | 25 | 500 | Magma Copper | 26 | 25 | 25 | − 3 |
| 6⅜ | 4⅞ | 250 | *Mex. Lead | 6⅜ | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | + ⅜ |
| 35 | 30 | 2,000 | Mother Lode | †31 | 30 | 30 | .. |
| 48 | 37 | 6,000 | Nixon Nevada | †42 | 37 | 40 | .. |
| 3⅝ | 3 | 3,700 | *Onondaga Mine... | 3⅛ | 3 | 3⅛ | .. |
| 2⅝ | 2¼ | 7,075 | Pinar Cop. | 2⅝ | 2¼ | 2⅝ | + ⅜ |
| 3¼ | 1⅞ | 2,100 | *Ray Hercules | 2¼ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | .. |
| 30 | 25 | 10,800 | Rochester Mines | †30 | 26 | 30 | + 3 |
| 15½ | 14 | 200 | Seneca Cop. Corp. | 14 | 14 | 14 | − 1 |
| 84 | 60 | 1,500 | Silver Canon Min. | 84 | 83 | 84 | .. |
| 13/32 | 13/32 | 3,000 | Silver K. of Ariz. | 13/32 | 13/32 | 13/32 | .. |
| ⅜ | ⅛ | 2,700 | Stand. Sil. Lead. | 5/16 | ¼ | 5/16 | .. |
| 12 | 15 | 17,600 | Stewart | †17 | 16 | 16 | .. |
| 3¾ | 2¼ | 1,200 | *Tonopah Belmont. | 3¾ | 3½ | 3½ | + ¼ |
| 3 | 1¾ | 7,457 | Tonopah Ex. | 3 | 2 9/16 | 2⅝ | + ⅛ |
| ⅞ | 13/16 | 500 | Tuolumne Copper.. | ⅞ | ⅞ | ⅞ | .. |
| 98 | 30 | 12,200 | *Tuolumne R. P.. | †80 | 65 | 75 | − 5 |
| 4½ | 3 13/16 | 420 | United Eastern | 4⅝ | 4¼ | 4 5/16 | − ⅛ |
| ¼ | 3/16 | 19,200 | Un. M. of Ariz. | ¼ | ¼ | ¼ | .. |
| 10 | 7 | 15,400 | *U. S. Cont. M. | †9 | 8½ | 9 | − 1 |
| ⅞ | ⅝ | 14,200 | *Un. Sulphur Mines | ⅞ | ¾ | ⅞ | + 1/16 |
| 33 | 32¼ | 1,500 | *United Verde Ex. | 33 | 32¼ | 32⅝ | − 6⅝ |
| 32 | 24 | 20,900 | *Ward Min. & M. | †32 | 25 | 29 | + 2 |
| 93 | 89 | 2,500 | Wash. Gold Quar. | †92 | 90 | 90 | − 1 |
| 17 | 10 | 4,800 | *Western Utah Ex. | †13 | 11 | 12 | − 4 |
| 18½ | 10 | 28,650 | White Cap Min. | †17 | 13 | 15 | .. |

BONDS

| Range, 1919 High | Range, 1919 Low | Sales |  | High | Low | Last | Net Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 101½ | 101¼ | $1,000 | *Am. Tob. 7s, '19.. | 101½ | 101½ | 101½ | .. |
| 104⅜ | 102¾ | 39,000 | *Am. Tob. 7s, '23.. | 104⅜ | 104 | 104¼ | .. |
| 99½ | 98⅞ | 167,000 | *Am. Tel. & Tel. 1-year 6s, w. i... | 99½ | 99¼ | 99½ | + ⅛ |
| 98⅜ | 97¼ | 157,000 | *Anaconda 6s, w. i. | 97⅞ | 97⅝ | 97⅝ | .. |
| 100½ | 100½ | 2,000 | *Armour 6s. 1923. | 100½ | 100½ | 100½ | .. |
| 101¼ | 100⅞ | 20,000 | *Beth.S.7%,'19,w.i.. | 101¼ | 101 | 101 | + ⅛ |
| 101½ | 100¾ | 66,000 | *Beth.S.7%,'23,w.i.. | 101½ | 101⅛ | 101⅛ | − ⅛ |
| 96 | 93 | 25,000 | *Braden 6s,'31,w.i. | 94 | 94 | 94 | + 1 |
| 99¾ | 98⅜ | 226,000 | *Can. Govt. 5s.... | 99¾ | 99½ | 99⅝ | .. |
| 100¾ | 100⅝ | 7,000 | *Can. Pac. 6s | 100¾ | 100⅝ | 100⅝ | .. |
| 100¾ | 99⅜ | 75,000 | *C.&N.W.d.5s,w.i.. | 100 | 99⅝ | 100 | + ½ |
| 99½ | 99⅛ | 8,000 | *C., M. & St.P. 4½s | 99½ | 99⅛ | 99¼ | .. |
| 102⅝ | 102⅛ | 5,000 | *Cudahy 7s,'23,w.i. | 102⅝ | 102½ | 102⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 104 | 103 | 30,000 | *Fed. Fm. Ln. 5s. | 103 | 103 | 103 | .. |
| 100⅞ | 100½ | 6,000 | *Gen. El. 6% 2-yr. notes, 1920 | 100⅝ | 100⅝ | 100⅝ | .. |
| 110½ | 100½ | 6,000 | *Gen. El. 6% 1-yr notes, 1919 | 100½ | 100½ | 100½ | .. |
| 144 | 141 | 1,800,000 | *Ital. Lire G.6s,'18. | 144 | 141 | 141 | .. |
| 92 | 82⅝ | 26,700 | *I. R. T. 7s, w. i.. | 89 | 82⅝ | 89 | + 1 |
| 100½ | 100 | 37,000 | *Lacl. G. 7s, w. i.. | 100⅛ | 100⅜ | 100⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 100½ | 99⅜ | 82,000 | *Lig. & M. 6s, '21. | 100½ | 100¼ | 100⅜ | + ¼ |
| 101¼ | 99⅜ | 122,000 | *N.Y.Tel. d.6s, w.i. | 100¾ | 99⅜ | 100 | .. |
| 65 | 47 | 164,000 | *Russ. Govt. 5½s.. | 65 | 55 | 60 | + 2 |
| 72 | 52 | 427,000 | *Russ. Govt. 6½s. | 72 | 59 | 68 | + 8 |
| 99¼ | 99⅛ | 1132000 | *Sou. Ry. 6s, w. i. | 99¼ | 99⅛ | 99¼ | .. |
| 100⅛ | 100⅛ | 50,000 | *W.El. 1-yr.6s,w.i. | 100⅛ | 100⅛ | 100⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 94½ | 92⅛ | 125,000 | Wilson cv. 6s, w.i. | 93¾ | 93½ | 93½ | − ⅛ |

*Unlisted. †Cents per share.

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We advise the purchase and are making a specialty of

**U. S. Government Liberty Bonds**

and are prepared, at any time, to buy or sell large or small lots.

**Kidder, Peabody & Co.**
115 Devonshire St.
BOSTON
17 Wall St.
NEW YORK

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## Municipal Bonds Compared With Taxable Securities

Under the New Federal Income Tax Law taxable incomes must pay taxes varying in amount from 2% to 74%. In computing the yields from taxable securities it is necessary to deduct the taxes you will have to pay.

## Municipal Bonds Are Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes

No certificate of ownership is necessary in collecting the coupons. The net income received from them is in many cases larger than that received from other taxable investments not so strongly secured.

A wide selection of Municipal Bonds yielding from 4.20% to 6% is contained in our

**February List**
*Write for Circular G-17*

**William R. Compton Company**
Government and Municipal Bonds
*"Over a Quarter Century in this Business."*
14 Wall Street, New York
St. Louis Cincinnati Chicago New Orleans

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# THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

BOSTON, February 8, 1919.

## PROPOSALS FOR BONDS ($1,016,500)

### Exempt from Taxation in Massachusetts, Including the Federal Income Tax

Sealed proposals for the following issues of SERIAL bonds of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts amounting to $1,016,500, will be received at the office of the Treasurer and Receiver-General up to 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, February 20, 1919, at which time they will be publicly opened and read.

The bonds will be registered, bearing interest payable semi-annually at the rate of 4¼% per annum, principal and interest payable in gold coin or its equivalent, and are EXEMPT FROM TAXATION IN MASSACHUSETTS, INCLUDING THE FEDERAL INCOME TAX. They are duly authorized by Acts of the Massachusetts Legislature for account of the following loans:

| Amount | Maturity | Loan |
|---|---|---|
| $2,000 | September 1, 1919, to September 1, 1920, both inclusive, $1,000 each year. | Armory Loan |
| 350,000 | November 1, 1919, to November 1, 1928, both inclusive, $35,000 each year, | Massachusetts Emergency War Loan Act of 1918 |
| 1,500 | January 1, 1920. | Metropolitan Parks Loans |
| 2,000 | January 1, 1921, to January 1, 1922, both inclusive, $1,000 each year. |  |
| 161,000 | January 1, 1920, to January 1, 1930, both inclusive, $6,000 each year.<br>January 1, 1931, to January 1, 1949, both inclusive, $5,000 each year. | Metropolitan Water Loan |
| 500,000 | October 1, 1919, to October 1, 1928, both inclusive, $36,000 each year.<br>October 1, 1929, to October 1, 1932, both inclusive, $35,000 each year. | Western Massachusetts Highway Loan |
| $1,016,500 |  |  |

The purchasers of these bonds will be furnished with a copy of the opinion of the Attorney-General affirming the legality of the issue.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a certified check for two per cent. (2%) of the amount bid for, to the order of the Treasurer and Receiver-General of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, on a national bank or trust company doing business in this Commonwealth or in the City of New York. Proposals to be enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed to Charles L. Burrill, Treasurer and Receiver-General, and endorsed "Proposals for the purchase of bonds."

All bids will include accrued interest.

The Treasurer reserves the right to reject any or all bids which are not in his opinion advantageous to the interests of the Commonwealth.

**CHARLES L. BURRILL**
Treasurer and Receiver-General.

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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

ST. JOSEPH LEAD COMPANY,
61 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of St. Joseph Lead Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 61 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, February 17th, 1919, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing eleven trustees to serve until the next annual meeting, of electing two inspectors of election to serve at the next election of trustees of the company, of considering and approving the annual report and the acts of the directors and officers of the company as therein described and as reported at said meeting, and of considering and transacting such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

For the purpose of this meeting the transfer books of the company will be closed at the close of business on February 7th, 1919, and reopened on February 18th, 1919.

Dated, New York, January 27th, 1919.

LEONIDAS H. BESSON,
Secretary.

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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT CO.
**First and Refunding Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds due January 1, 1966.**

SINKING FUND NOTICE.

Pursuant to the provisions of Article Four of the First and Refunding Mortgage dated March 20, 1913, made by Interborough Rapid Transit Company to Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, the undersigned hereby invites tenders to be made to it at its office, 140 Broadway, New York, N. Y., for the sale to it as Trustee, on or before 3 o'clock P. M. Tuesday, April 1, 1919, of as many of the 5% Gold Bonds due January 1, 1966, issued under the said mortgage indenture, as may be purchased at the lowest prices possible, not exceeding 110% of face value of the principal thereof and accrued interest, with the sum of One Hundred Eighty-five Thousand Five Hundred Sixty-five Dollars ($185,565) now on deposit in the Sinking Fund.

Tenders should be addressed to the **TRUST DEPARTMENT** of the undersigned. The right is reserved to reject any or all tenders, or to accept any tender in part.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
Dated, New York, January 24, 1919.

$750,000

## Troy Laundry Machinery Company, Limited

### Serial 7% Sinking Fund Gold Notes

Dated January 1, 1919 Maturing serially January 1, 1920 to 1926

***Convertible at par on and after January 1, 1921, upon twenty days' notice, into 8% Cumulative Preferred Stock***

**Redeemable in whole or in part at the option of the Company upon thirty days' published notice, on any interest date prior to maturity, at 102½% and accrued interest. Coupon Notes of $1,000, registerable as to principal only. Interest payable January 1 and July 1. Principal and interest payable in gold at the office of the Central Trust Company of Illinois, Chicago, or Chandler & Company, Incorporated, 35 Pine Street, New York. Total authorized and to be issued, $750,000. Equitable Trust Company of New York, Trustee.**

**Principal and interest payable without deduction for any tax or governmental charge except Inheritance Tax.**

***The following information is summarized from a letter to the Bankers signed by H. S. Wilcox, Esq., Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company:***

**Business** The Troy Laundry Machinery Company, Limited, the second largest concern of its kind in the United States, was incorporated in New York State thirty-six years ago. It manufactures and sells laundry machinery and deals in laundry supplies.

**Security** The Notes are the direct obligation of the Company. The Trust Agreement provides that the Company's properties are free from any mortgage or other lien, and that as long as any of the Notes are outstanding it (a) will not mortgage or pledge any of its fixed assets or suffer any mortgage, lien or other charge to be imposed thereon; (b) will at all times maintain a balance of current assets over and above all current liabilities, as defined in the Trust Agreement, equal to at least 200% of the outstanding Notes; and (c) will annually set aside at least 25% of its net surplus, as defined in the Trust Agreement, to be applied to the purchase or redemption of Notes of the series last maturing, at not more than 102½% and accrued interest. The Company will not issue any other funded obligations until all these Notes have been paid in full.

After giving effect to its recent financing, the Company's *net quick assets*, based on the balance sheet as of November 30, 1918, *will exceed $2,250,000, or 300% of this Note issue.*

**Earnings** Net earnings available for taxes, interest and dividends, after proper reservation for depreciation, for the year ended November 30, 1918, as reported by Messrs. Marwick, Mitchell, Peat & Co., Chartered Accountants, were $410,854.64, or *more than seven and three-quarters times the maximum annual interest charges* of $52,500 on these Notes. The average net earnings before taxes for the three years 1916, 1917 and 1918 were $311,103.36, or *nearly six times the annual interest charges.*

Taxes for 1916 were $6,357.34, and for 1917, $57,156.36. The 1918 tax law has not yet been enacted.

Sales have increased from $2,068,995 in 1916 to $3,387,433 in 1918.

**Capitalization** The capitalization of the Company after the completion of its present financing will be as follows:

| | AUTHORIZED | ISSUED |
|---|---|---|
| Serial 7% Sinking Fund Gold Notes | $750,000 | $750,000 |
| 8% Cumulative Preferred Stock (par value $100) | 1,000,000 | 250,000* |
| Common Stock (par value $100) | 2,500,000 | 2,104,300 |

*$675,000 reserved to meet Note conversion.
$75,000 reserved for sale to Bankers in respect of January 1, 1920, maturity of Notes.

*We offer these Notes when, as and if issued and received by us, and subject to the approval of counsel, at the following prices:*

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $75,000 | due | January 1, 1920; | price 100.00 | and interest, to yield | 7.00% |
| 75,000 | " | January 1, 1921; | " 99.50 | " " " " | 7.25% |
| 75,000 | " | January 1, 1922; | " 99.30 | " " " " | 7.25% |
| 75,000 | " | January 1, 1923; | " 99.00 | " " " " | 7.30% |
| 75,000 | " | January 1, 1924; | " 98.50 | " " " " | 7.35% |
| 75,000 | " | January 1, 1925; | " 98.00 | " " " " | 7.40% |
| 75,000 | " | January 1, 1926; | " 97.30 | " " " " | 7.50% |

Temporary Notes deliverable on or about February 10, 1919, exchangeable for permanent engraved Notes as soon as prepared.

All legal matters pertaining to this issue will be passed upon by William Osgood Morgan, Esq., New York, for the Bankers, and by Messrs. Shearman & Sterling, New York, for the Company. The accounts of the Company from 1916 to date have been audited by Messrs. Marwick, Mitchell, Peat & Co., Chartered Accountants. Physical appraisals by Messrs. Ford, Bacon & Davis.

**Chandler & Company**
Incorporated
35 Pine Street, New York
Philadelphia Boston

**Central Trust Co. of Illinois**
Bond Department
125 West Monroe Street, Chicago

*This issue of Notes has been sold and this advertisement appears as a matter of record only.*

$8,000,000

## City of Philadelphia 4½% Loan

Dated March 1st, 1919 Interest Payable January 1 and July 1

### 30-Year Registered and Coupon Bonds, Due March 1, 1949

**Free of All Taxes in Pennsylvania**
**Free from Tax Under Income Tax Act of Congress**
**Legal Investment for Trust Funds**

Bonds of the City of Philadelphia enjoy a high investment standing. They are owned largely by savings funds, trust estates and conservative institutions.

Negotiable Interim Certificates will be issued if desired, pending engraving of permanent certificates.

Loan certificates interchangeable as to form from registered to coupon, or from coupon to registered, and re-exchangeable from one to the other from time to time at option of holder, and coupon form may be registered as to principal.

May be bought in denominations of $100 and its multiples. **Sealed proposals will be received at Mayor's Office until Monday, March 3, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon.** Bids must be on form which may be had on application to Mayor's Office, and must be accompanied by certified check for 5% of par value of the amount of loan bid for. The right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any or all bids, or to award any portion of the loan for which bids shall be received, as they may deem best for the interests o fthe City.

Full descriptive circular furnished on application to the Mayor's Office.

THOMAS B. SMITH, Mayor.
JOHN M. WALTON, City Controller.
JOHN P. CONNELLY, City Solicitor.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

### THE CONSOLIDATED COAL COMPANY OF ST. LOUIS

**TO HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE THIRTY YEAR SIX PER CENT. SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS ISSUED UNDER AND SECURED BY INDENTURE DATED THE FIRST DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1911:**

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of Article 7th of said Indenture dated the First day of September, 1911, First Mortgage Thirty Year Six Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, outstanding in coupon form bearing the following distinctive numbers, have been drawn by lot by Bankers Trust Company, Trustee under said indenture, for redemption on March 1st, 1919, out of moneys in the Sinking Fund, to-wit:

540 656 691
636 658 692
639 671 763
641 675 764
642 684 771
643 685 775
644 686 778
645 687 780
647 688 781
649 689 899
650 690 900

being all of the outstanding bonds.

Said coupon bonds so drawn for redemption will be paid on and after March 1st, 1919, at the office of the Bankers Trust Company, No. 16 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, upon presentation and surrender of said bonds with all coupons maturing on and subsequent to March 1st, 1919, at par, together with a premium of 5% of their par value, and the interest accrued to said March 1st, 1919; and after said date no interest shall accrue or be payable upon or in respect of any of the above numbered bonds, nor shall any coupons representing any such subsequently accrued interest be of any force or effect.

Dated, February 10, 1919.

**THE CONSOLIDATED COAL COMPANY OF ST. LOUIS,**
**By W. J. JENKINS, Vice President.**

FINANCIAL NOTICE.

### TO THE HOLDERS OF CITIES FUEL AND POWER COMPANY

**Two-Year 7% Secured Gold Notes**

**Dated, December 1st, 1917.**

Proposals are invited to be made to Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street, New York City, as Trustee under the Indenture between Cities Fuel and Power Company and said Trustee, securing the above notes, for the sale, on March 1st, 1919, to the Trustee, for the account of the sinking fund provided for in said Indenture, of notes of said issue at prices not to exceed 102½% of the principal of said notes, plus accrued interest thereon to March 1st, 1919. On or before March 1st, 1919, this Company will deposit, or there will be available, with the Trustee, the sum of Six Hundred Forty-five Thousand, Seven Hundred Ninety-two 89-100 Dollars, ($645,792.89,) and it is the intention of said Trustee, pursuant to the provisions of such Indenture, to apply the fund so to be received to the purchase or redemption of notes of said issue at not to exceed the price above mentioned.

All proposals should be securely sealed and marked "Proposals for sale of notes to sinking fund under Indenture of Cities Fuel and Power Company, dated December 1st, 1917," must be for all or any part of the notes offered, and must be received by said Trustee, at its Trust Department, at or prior to three o'clock P. M. on February 18th, 1919.

Advices as to notes accepted will be mailed on or before February 19th, 1919, by Bankers Trust Company, Trustee.

Federal Income Tax ownership certificates, covering accrued interest, should accompany all accepted notes.

**CITIES FUEL AND POWER COMPANY,**
**By FRANK W. FRUEAUFF,**
**Vice President.**

**Dated, February 7th, 1919.**

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

### ARGENTINE GOVERNMENT

**5% Internal Gold Loan 1909**

Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co. hereby give notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for the amortization, on or before March 31, 1919, of $313,100 Argentine gold pesos, say £62,620 nominal of the above loan.

Tenders for sale of Bonds, with coupon due 1st September, 1919, at a price to be stated in the Tender, must be lodged not later than 3 o'clock P. M. on 11th February, 1919, with Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street, New York.

Tenders will be received also in Paris by the Banque de Paris et des Pays Bas, in London by Messrs. Baring Brothers & Co., Ltd., and in Buenos Aires by the Credito Publico Nacional.

Each bond has a par value of $973 U. S. Gold Dollars, and Tenders must be made at a flat price under par expressed in dollars per bond.

Tenders must be made on a form obtainable on application, and must be securely enclosed in an envelope marked "Tender of Argentine Government 5 Per Cent. Internal Gold Loans 1909 Bonds for redemption."

The Tenders will be opened in London on February 14th, 1919, and the result will be notified as soon as possible thereafter.

H. M. Treasury certificates representing Bonds of the above Loan deposited with the Treasury will be accepted in London in lieu of the actual Bonds, and in considering Tenders, Bonds and Treasury certificates will be given equal treatment.

Forms of Tender may be obtained on application to Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street, New York, who reserve the right to reject all or any Tenders.

Dated, New York, February 8th, 1919.

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**THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.**

**A. W. HUDSON, President.**

**Dated December 31, 1918.**

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# CONCESSIONS SPUR BUILDING REVIVAL

### Sharp Readjustments Not Generally Considered Permanent, However.

### LOCKOUTS ARE DISCOUNTED

### What Owners and Architects May Expect in Basic Material Supply and Prices.

Building construction interests in New York and vicinity begin the week with more factors in their favor than they have had at any time since the country went to war.

More building operations were reported for estimates in New York last week than at any time in almost two years. There was a greater volume of basic building materials moved to actual construction work in the city than at any time since the Government demand sloughed off and readjustments in equipment and supplemental building materials were more numerous and more generously in favor of the prospective builder than had been anticipated earlier in the year. There are better prospects for adjustment of labor disputes and one strike was actually settled at or approximately near the former wage scales.

The week opens with a lockout by the Building Trades Employers' Association against the bricklayers and hoisting engineers on four or five jobs, these trades having struck in support of the carpenters, who have been out since Nov. 12. This lockout has been almost entirely discounted by building material manufacturers, distributors, owners, and architects and the volume of materials that has moved to actual construction operations in the last week has been far in excess of that in any week in more than two months.

There is little building construction work in progress, so that a disturbance of this sort is lost sight of in the much greater prospective movement of commodity prices favoring owners.

Leading concessions in the equipment and supplemental building material lines current this week will be found in insulated wire showing a half cent decline, making annunciator base 28½ cents and weatherproof 23 1-3 cent base. A new and lower price of bare copper wire is expected momentarily. Structural rivets are now $4.40 base for round head and $4.50 for cone, the price that has prevailed, but well informed interests expect further concessions.

The new level is expected to go as low as $3 at least. In the plumbing and supply department an important house has dropped brass fitting prices approximately 10 per cent. The recent drop in tubing prices is expected to have a still further lowering influence.

Plumbers' earthenware prices are subject to heavy sustaining pressure, although strong influences are at work to reduce these somewhat. All manufacturers need business, and in line with other supplemental building material interests a break by one firm will probably be followed by others.

Flush and supply pipe manufacturers have been offering concessions of from 10 to 15 per cent. below the recently printed schedule. Drops of from 15 to 20 per cent. below published lists are expected at any time. The prices in tubes are now 34 cents base on brass and 35 cents on copper I. P. size subject to the usual quantity rebate. Soil pipe manufacturers are as a rule holding firm at current price quotations, and in this department the bottom may be considered as having been reached until Summer.

In the paint and allied departments white and red leads are out of alignment with raw material costs. The manufacturers followed the upward trend of prices, but have taken little notice of the downward trend, answering queries by stating that the labor costs are responsible for present levels. Consumers are awaiting a drop. Linseed oil prices, which were headed downward a week ago, have about-faced for higher levels.

Supplemental building material price movements more closely follow the basic materials in their steadiness. Asbestos and mill board manufacturers are holding prices firmly with indications of a slight advance following the increase on asbestos cement and pipe covering. As a rule, stocks are low and shipments are not coming through as rapidly as desired. A price of 6 cents has been reported on actual offer on lot quantities and 6½ cents in lots not less than 500-pound shipments from Delaware points.

Heavy alteration work in the city and in outlying sections is developing a market for pipe covering that had not been looked for so early in the year.

Basic building material price movements are entirely out of harmony with equipment quotations, according to the Dow Service Daily Building Reports. Floor and wall tile, glazed and unglazed, is just recovering from the fuel embargo and manufacturers are now able to produce in quantities.

Tile quotations are only made on application to contractors but there does not seem to be any prospect for price reduction for some time to come. This is characteristic of most clay products entering into building construction. During the war they had little or no call and in consequence plant depreciation was great and organizations were dissipated.

The only way that recovery can be made is by keeping prices up during the coming year so as to meet the wage scales that cannot now be determined upon until the actual yard and kiln work begins.

For that reason the price of Hudson or Raritan common brick in this market, which was reported to be close to a drop to $13 a thousand instead of the present $15 wholesale level, will remain at the present level or very close to it. More Hudson common brick moved out last week to actual building construction than has been reported since the middle of last September.

Portland cement is most barometrical of the present building material market as to inquiries, shipments and production. Inquiries in December were twice those in November, but inquiries in January were three times those of December, which shows a healthy increase in the trend of all kinds of construction work, road, engineering, and building.

In this section of the country more mills ran in January than in January a year ago, when the country was at war, and some of the larger companies are piling up product for which they believe there will be a great demand later on. Competent judges believe that there was over 10 per cent. more business moved in January this year than in January a year ago despite the fact that there is no Government business now that would require shipments.

Stocks on hand the first of February were less than one week's shipments in normal times over what they were a year ago, while some of the larger companies have had demands upon them necessitating shipments as high as five thousand barrels a day.

In lumber leading dealers in the last few days have received advanced price lists on nearly all the lumber normally carried in stock here, particularly on flooring. There will be no drop in lumber prices before Summer at least.

## SHONTS TELLS OF TRAFFIC.

### Says Service and Wages Have Been Increased in the Last Year.

A new series of news bulletins, signed by Theodore P. Shonts, appeared yesterday in the subway, on the elevated trains, and in the surface cars. The Subway Sun said that today 80 per cent. more express trains were being run in the subways in rush hours than a year ago, although the travel has increased only 4.8 per cent. In rush hours 840 cars are run, against 530 a year ago, it was said, while in non-rush hours it was asserted that enough cars were being run to seat all passengers, providing they distributed themselves throughout the trains.

The Green Car Traveler said that the present wage rates on the green car lines were 62 per cent. higher than two years ago, amounting to a payroll increase of about 3,250,000 a year. Material and supplies have more than doubled in price, it was said. On the green cars, it was said, the women received the same wages as men.

## DROP IN NEW YORK TRADE.

### Year's Figures Also Show Smaller Percentage of Country's Total.

According to the annual report of the Chamber of Commerce, made public yesterday, the total foreign commerce for the District of New York during the fiscal year ended June 30 last, including gold and silver and foreign exports, amounted to $4,015,817,226, compared with $4,617,478,454 in 1917 and $3,804,313,452 in 1916. The total foreign commerce of the rest of the country in 1918 was $5,464,362,391, a decrease from the previous year of $249,943,488. The total foreign commerce for the country in the fiscal year 1918 was $9,480,179,617, a decrease of $851,604,707 from 1917. New York's per centum share was 12.36 last year, 44.68 in 1917, and 52.46 in 1916. For the entire country domestic exports exceeded imports by $3,103,632,203, compared with $1,914,568,758 in 1917.

The excess of exports outside the New York district reached $1,677,012,353, compared with $1,133,236,298 in 1917, while in the New York District domestic exports exceeded imports by $1,426,619,850 in 1918 and $1,792,594,134 the year before.

Excluding gold and silver and foreign exports and limiting the exhibit to foreign imports of merchandise and domestic exports of merchandise, the following comparisons appear:

Foreign imports at the District of New York amounted to $1,251,790,373, comparing with $1,694,269,030 at all other districts and with $2,946,159,403 in the United States as a whole. New York's share of the foreign imports of the country was 42.49 per cent., compared with 50.32 per cent. in 1917.

At the District of New York the exports of all articles of domestic merchandise amounted to $2,616,850,680, comparing with $3,311,434,961 at all other districts and with $5,928,285,691 in the whole country. The New York District's share of the domestic merchandise exports of the country was 44.17 per cent., compared with 48.68 per cent. in 1917.

## WEST SAVING IN WHEAT.

### 20,000,000 Bushels Netted by Improved Threshing Methods Last Year

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—More than 20,000,000 bushels of wheat was saved through more careful methods developed by the threshing division of the Federal Food Administration, according to the final report of that division by Captain Kenneth D. Hequembourg. This is the estimated saving in seventeen wheat States. It is contended in the report that this amount of grain would have been lost out of last year's harvests if former methods of threshing had been followed.

The Threshing Division was organized under Captain Hequembourg's direction last Spring. The loss of wheat through hurried and careless operation of threshing machines under old-time methods was estimated at about 3.25 per cent. of the entire crop.

"The Federal Food Administrators," says the document, "report cleaner and more careful threshing operations than ever before. Seventeen States estimate a saving by reason of these activities of over 20,000,000 bushels of wheat. Where shock rows were raked and threshed, an average of three-quarters of a bushel per acre was realized. Tight bottom bundle wagons saved from two to three bushels per team per day. Efficiency blanket machine operating tests indicated that 75 per cent. of the machines visited created a machine waste in the straw pile of less than three-quarters of 1 per cent., and that the threshing of the remaining 25 per cent. created a wasteage of about 2¼ per cent."

## PLANS FOR LOAN CAMPAIGN.

### Eight Publicity Directors Appointed in Second Reserve District.

Preparations for an energetic publicity campaign for the Fifth Liberty Loan in the eight subdistricts of the Second Federal Reserve District are being made. E. T. Tomlinson, Jr., is director of publicity for the eight districts. His staff will have 8,000 workers when the campaign is in full swing.

Eight Chairmen to direct the publicity campaign in each district have been appointed by Mr. Tomlinson, and they are already at work organizing their staffs. These men will work out plans with the Publicity and Feature Bureau of the Liberty Loan Committee in this city.

One of the new features decided upon is to have in each district from four to six Liberty Loan speakers, who will devote all their time to one district, instead of going from district to district, as has been the custom in previous campaigns. A plan also is proposed for the organization of a women's bureau, the duty of which will be to assign women speakers to the various districts. Among the men who will speak in each district will be returned soldiers. There will be the usual bands and parades.

## ASSAILS DRY LEGISLATION.

### Baltimore Congressman Calls It "a Monumental Mistake."

*Special to The New York Times.*

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Feb. 9.—Representative Charles P. Coady of Baltimore in an interview today called prohibition legislation "a monumental mistake that will be greatly regretted."

"The trouble in Congress is that many of the members do not vote the way they drink," Mr. Coady said. "They have yielded to the threats of a minority of narrow-gauged people who are intent on making other people do as they want them to. Many Congressmen who voted for prohibition like their liquor, but they lack the hardihood to stand up against abuse. I have respect for such persons as honestly believe in prohibition or in any other policy, but I deprecate the fact that many vote one way and drink another.

"Prohibition is an infringement upon the personal liberties of citizens foisted upon the great masses of people through the organized effort of a coterie who insist that they know best what other people should do. It is contrary to the best interests of the people at large and is calculated to work great mischief."

## COAL OUTPUT DROPS.

### Production of Bituminous Mines Continues to Decline.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The decrease in production of bituminous coal continued during the week ended Feb. 1, when the output declined to the lowest level during the last few years, with the exception of Christmas week of 1918, according to reports furnished to the United States Fuel Administration by the Geological Survey.

The production during the week, including lignite and coal made into coke, is estimated at 8,345,000 net tons, or 893,000 tons below the production of the week ended Jan. 25. The chief cause of decrease was lack of demand.

The production for the coal year to date now totals 404,081,000 net tons, as compared with 460,417,000 tons for the period April 1, 1917, to Feb. 2, 1918.

Anthracite production during the week ended Feb. 1 is estimated at 1,821,000 net tons, a decrease compared with the week preceding of 65,000 tons, but an increase over the production during the same week of last year of 57,000 tons. Total production for the coal year to date is estimated at 82,363,000 net tons, and falls behind production of last year by 1,311,000 tons, or 1.6 per cent.

### Laundry Machinery Notes All Sold.

Chandler & Co., Inc., of New York and Philadelphia, and the Central Trust Company of Illinois announce that the issue of $750,000 Troy Laundry Machinery Company, Ltd., serial 7 per cent. sinking fund gold notes recently purchased by them has all been sold. The notes were issued on an average 7.35 per cent. basis.

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## "Above Par" Advertising

THIS morning the head of a great business will scan the security quotations and wonder why the stock of his company sells below par.

We advise that man to analyze carefully his advertising. He may find, as he has sometimes suspected, that it lacks the interrupting idea, the spark of appeal—the desire-creating touch that means greater demand for his product and stronger good will for his business.

When this realization comes to him with full force, we invite him to consult Federal without obligation and learn how his advertising may be made to yield a return that will have great influence in putting the value of his stock "above par."

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Central Aguirre Sugar
Texas Pacific Coal & Oil
C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 6780 Rector

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

To the holders of Fifteen-Year Six Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of
**Braden Copper Mines Company**

The undersigned, as Trustee under the Collateral Trust Agreement dated February 1, 1916, securing the aforesaid bonds, pursuant to Section 2, of Article 111, of said Agreement, hereby calls for tenders for the sale to it, as such Trustee, of an amount of said bonds sufficient, as nearly as may be, to exhaust the sum of Six hundred sixty-seven thousand, two hundred ninety and fifty-one-hundredth dollars ($667,290.50) now in its hands for account of the Sinking Fund provided by said Agreement. All such tenders must be for all or any part of the bonds offered, must state the price at which the same are offered, not exceeding, however, 105% of the principal thereof, and accrued interest, and must be received at the Trust Department of the undersigned, No. 16 Wall Street, New York, on or before 12 o'clock noon on February 19, 1919. Each such tender should be securely sealed and marked "Tender of Bonds for Purchase for Sinking Fund under Collateral Trust Agreement of Braden Copper Mines Company, dated February 1, 1916." Notification of tenders accepted will be mailed on or before February 21, 1919, and will call for delivery of the bonds on or before February 26, 1919, with coupons maturing August 1, 1919, and subsequently.

Accepted bonds should be accompanied by Federal Income Tax Ownership Certificates covering accrued interest.

Dated at New York, this 4th day of February, 1919.

**BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.**
By H. F. WILSON, Jr., Vice President.

### FORT WORTH STOCK YARDS CO.

**First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds.**

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Trust Mortgage dated March 1st 1902, the following Fort Worth Stock Yards Company First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds, due March 1st, 1922, have been drawn for payment, viz.:

86 207 657 982 1058
100 326 788 985 1106
189 437 884 1001 1156

The bonds bearing the above numbers will be paid at the office of the undersigned at 105 per cent. and interest on the 1st day of March, 1919, from which date interest on said bonds will cease.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY
Successor to
Continental Trust Company of the City of New York, Trustee.
January 31, 1919.

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THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK of Cordele, located at Cordele, in the State of Georgia, is closing its affairs. All note-holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

J. W. CANNON, Cashier,
Liquidating Agent.
Dated Jan. 27, 1919.

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### THE COLORADO SPRINGS AND CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT RAILWAY COMPANY

**Five Per Cent. First Consolidated Forty-Year Gold Bonds**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a substantial majority of the above bonds have been deposited with the undersigned Committee.

The Committee has extended the time for deposit of additional bonds to and including FEBRUARY 21, 1919, after which date no bonds will be received except under such penalty as the Committee may impose.

Deposits should be made with THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Depositary, or The Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company of Baltimore, Agent for the Depositary.

Copies of the Bondholders' Protective Agreement may be obtained upon application to the Depositary or its Agent or from the Secretary of the Committee.

Dated, New York, February 7, 1919.

Alfred A. Cook,
I. H. Lehman,
Counsel.
Graham Adams, Secretary,
61 Broadway,
New York City.

**F. J. LISMAN, Chairman.**
**MORTIMER N. BUCKNER,**
**HERBERT H. DEAN,**
**A. H. S. POST,**
**RICHARD CUTTS SHANNON,**
**Committee.**

## ANNOUNCEMENT

We wish to announce that our New York clients can now call our Boston Office without extra charge.

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Ford Bldg. Detroit.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

To the Holders of Seven Per Cent. Five Year Convertible Secured Gold Notes, Series "B," of the
**Liberty Oil Company, Incorporated.**

The undersigned, as Trustee under Indenture dated September 1, 1916, securing the above notes, hereby invites proposals for the sale to it, as such Trustee, of notes of said Series in an amount sufficient to exhaust, as nearly as may be, the sum of $7,548.79, now in its hands for the account of the Sinking Fund provided by said Indenture. All offers must be for all or any part of the notes offered, must state the price at which the same are offered, not exceeding, however, 110% of the principal thereof, and must be received at the office of the undersigned at or before 12 o'clock noon on February 24, 1919. Notification of offers accepted will be mailed on or before February 25, 1919, and will call for delivery to the undersigned, at its office, 16 Wall Street, New York City, of notes so accepted, as of March 1, 1919, with June 1st, 1919, and subsequently maturing coupons attached.

Dated February 10, 1919.

**BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.**
By H. F. WILSON, Jr., Vice President.

Foreign Trade Expert

Large Commercial Bank in inland industrial city requires man experienced in international banking and commerce to head Foreign Trade Depratment. Address Box Z 315 Times Annex.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

**TO THE HOLDERS OF EASTERN PETROLEUM COMPANY PAYN ISSUE FIRST LIEN COLLATERAL TRUST 10-YEAR 7% SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS, DUE SEPTEMBER 1, 1928:**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in accordance with the provisions of the Mortgage and Deed of Trust given to secure the above described issue of bonds, the undersigned will receive on February 17th, 1919, sealed tenders or proposals of said bonds to be surrendered for redemption on March 1st, 1919, upon the best and most advantageous terms at which the same shall be obtained, at prices not exceeding one hundred and two percentum (102%) of par plus accrued interest, out of moneys in the Sinking Fund amounting to Thirty-seven thousand nine hundred eighty-six dollars and six cents ($37,986.06). The right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any and all offers.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.
By GEORGE E. WARREN,
Vice President.
Dated, February 8th, 1919.

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MIDWEST REFINING CO.
MERRITT OIL CORPORATION
ELK BASIN PETROLEUM CO.
INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM
IMPERIAL OIL CO., LTD.
SAPULPA REFINING CO.
HOUSTON OIL CO.
PORT LOBOS PETROLEUM
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NATIONAL FUEL GAS CO.
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CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities
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Portser, De La Montaigne & Nelson
Tel. Broad 1051. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

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Cities Service & Bonds
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43 Exchange Place, New York
Telephones 1960-5 Hanover.

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30 Broad St. New York City.
Phones Broad 233-234

Standard Gas & El. Com. & Pfd.
Commonwealth P., R. & L. Com.
Kiely & Horton
40 Wall St., N. Y. Phone John 6330

Nat. Fuel Gas
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Gt. North. Ry. Ref. 4¼s, 1961
Mississippi Val. Ry. & P. 5s, '45
New Or. Ry. & L. Gen. 4½s, '35
Western Power Corp. Pfd.
Hanson & Hanson
Investment Securities
74 B'way, N. Y. Tel. Rector 2721

Gillette Safety Razor
New Mexico & Arizona Land
Russian Ruble 5½s
Mexican Currency
F. V. Z. Didrichsen
Tel. Han. 7885-6-7-8—15 Broad St.

LOUISIANA OIL
PENNOK OIL
Significant developments are taking place in these two issues. Louisiana Oil Refining Company is carrying on negotiations for new properties. Pennok Oil Company is drilling a well of considerable importance.
Island Oil
Keystone Tire
Midwest Refining
Midwest Oil
National Ice
The above issues are treated comprehensively in our
WEEKLY REVIEW NO. 337.
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# QUOTATION LIST OF OUTSIDE SECURITIES

These quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request.

Dividend and Interest Periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. ‡†Sells flat. ¶Special. x Ex dividend.

## PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

| SECURITIES. | Rate | When Payable. | Quotation Feb. 8, 1919. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Albany Southern, '39 | 5 | Mar. & Sep. | 72 | 76 |
| A. W. W. & Elec., '34 | 5 | Apr. & Oct. | 68 | 70 |
| Anac. & Pot. River, '49 | 5 | Apr. & Oct. | 88 | 92 |
| Appalach. Pwr. 1st, '32 | .. | June & Dec. | 68 | 75 |
| Ariz. Power 1st, '33 | 6 | May & Nov. | 80 | 86 |
| Ashev. P. & L. 1st, '42 | 5 | Apr. & Oct. | 85 | 90 |
| Au.-Aiken R. & E., '35 | 5 | June & Dec. | 57 | 61 |
| B. Rouge El. 1st, '39 | 5 | Feb. & Aug. | 80 | 85 |
| Bell Tel., (Can.,) '25 | 5 | Apr. & Oct. | 92½ | 94½ |
| Buff. Gen. El., '39 | 5 | Feb. & Aug. | 89 | .. |
| Do deb., '22 | 6 | Feb. & Aug. | 103 | 103½ |
| Buff. & Niag. F. Elec. Ry. 1st, '35 | 5 | Jan. & July | .. | 89 |
| Do 1st, '48 | 5 | Jan. & July | 93½ | 96½ |
| Buff. & Lock. 1st, '33 | 5 | Jan. & July | .. | 98 |
| Buff. & Sus. I. 1st, '32 | 5 | June & Dec. | 95 | 96 |
| Buff. & S. Iron deb., '26 | 5 | Jan. & July | 86 | 89½ |
| Cape Breton El. 1st, '32 | 5 | Jan. & July | 77 | 86 |
| Capital Trac. 1st, '47 | 5 | June & Dec. | 97 | 97½ |
| C. & P. Tel. cons., '29 | 5 | Jan. & July | 95 | .. |
| Charleston Con. R., G. & Elec., '99 | 5 | Mar. & Sep. | .. | 90 |
| Citizens Gas, (Ind.,) '22 | 7 | .......... | 99 | 100 |
| Cit. Serv. deb., Ser. B. | 7 | Jan. & July | 126 | 127 |
| Cleve. Elec. Ill., '39 | 5 | Apr. & Oct. | 93¼ | 94¼ |
| Colo. Power 1st, '53 | 5 | May & Nov. | 86 | 90 |
| Columbia Ry., Gas & Elec. 1st, '36 | 5 | Jan. & July | 82 | 88 |
| Conn. Pr. 1st & Con., '63 | 5 | Apr. & Oct. | 85 | 90 |
| Conn. R. & Ltg., stpd., 1st, '51 | 4½ | Jan. & July | 88 | 91 |
| Do unstamped, '51 | 4½ | Jan. & July | 88 | 91 |
| Cons. Gas, (Balt.,) '54 | 4½ | Jan. & July | 87 | 89 |
| Do, 1939 | 5 | Jan. & July | 99 | 101 |
| Cons. Gas, Elec. Lt. & Pwr. (Balt.) gen., '35 | 4½ | Jan. & July | 85 | 85½ |
| Cons. G. of N. J., '36 | 5 | Jan. & July | 90 | .. |
| Do 1st, '65 | 5 | Apr. & Oct. | 85 | .. |
| Cons. T. of N.J. 1st, '33 | 5 | June & Dec. | 86½ | 91 |
| Cons. Water of Utica 1st, '30 | 5 | Jan. & July | 93 | 99 |
| Do deb., '30 | 5 | Jan. & July | 84 | .. |
| Crosstown Street Ry. (Buffalo) 1st, '32 | 5 | May & Nov. | 90 | 94 |
| Dallas Elec. 1st, '22 | 5 | Apr. & Oct. | 90 | 93 |
| Dallas Lt. & Pr., '20 | 7 | Feb. & Aug. | 99½ | 100½ |
| E. Texas Elec. 1st, '42 | 5 | May & Nov. | 85 | 88 |
| Econ. Lt. & P. 1st, '56 | 5 | June & Dec. | 90 | 96 |
| Eliz. & Trenton, '62 | 5 | Apr. & Oct. | .. | 82 |
| El Paso Elec. coll., '32 | 5 | Jan. & July | 82 | 90 |
| Ex. Springs Water, G. & Elec. 1st, '32 | 6 | June & Dec. | 90 | 95 |
| Fall River El. Lt., '20 | 7 | Jan. & July | 99½ | 100½ |
| Gal.-Hous. El. 1st, '54 | 5 | Apr. & Oct. | 77 | 82 |
| Gal. Elec. 1st 5s, '40 | 5 | May & Nov. | 78 | 85 |
| Gas & Elec. of Bergen County cons., '49 | 5 | June & Dec. | 90 | .. |
| Gen. Gas & El. 1st, '32 | 5 | Jan. & July | 45 | 55 |
| Gt. West. Pwr. 1st, '46 | 5 | Jan. & July | 84 | 87 |
| Harwood Elec. 1st, '39 | 5 | Jan. & July | 95 | .. |
| Houston Elec. 1st, '25 | 5 | Feb. & Aug. | 92 | 95 |
| Hudson Co. Gas, '49 | 5 | May & Nov. | 90 | 92½ |
| Jersey City, Hob. & P. St. Ry. 1st, '49 | 4 | May & Nov. | 59 | 63 |
| K. C. Long D. T., '25 | 5 | Jan. & July | 81 | 82 |
| K. C. Home T. 1st, '23 | 5 | Jan. & July | 87½ | 89 |
| Knoxville Trac., '38 | 5 | Apr. & Oct. | 90 | .. |
| Mahon. & She. 1st, '20 | 5 | May & Nov. | 95 | 96 |
| Middle West Util., '25 | 6 | Jan. & July | 88 | 93 |
| Miss. R. Power 1st, '51 | 5 | Jan. & July | 78 | 80 |
| Mobile Electric 1st, '46 | 5 | May & Nov. | 77 | 82 |
| Musk. G. & E. 1st & ref., '26 | 5 | June & Dec. | 90 | 95 |
| Nash. R. & L. 1st con., '53 | 5 | Jan. & July | 93 | 100 |
| Do ref., '58 | 5 | Jan. & July | 65 | 75 |
| Nev.-Cal. El. 1st 6s, '46 | 6 | Jan. & July | 90 | 95 |
| Newark Gas, '48 | 5 | June & Dec. | 90 | 95 |
| Newark Pass. Ry., '30 | 5 | Jan. & July | 92 | 95 |
| No. Jer. St. Ry. 1st, '43 | 4 | May & Nov. | 60 | 63¼ |
| N. Y. & Hob. Ferry, '46 | 5 | June & Dec. | 80 | .. |
| N. Y. & Westchester Lighting gen., 2004 | 4 | Jan. & July | 64 | 68 |
| Niag. F. Pwr. 1st, '32 | 5 | Jan. & July | 95 | 96 |
| Do ref., '32 | 6 | Apr. & Oct. | 100 | 101¾ |
| N. Ont. L. & P. 1st, '31 | 6 | Jan. & July | 75 | 80 |
| Norf. & Ports. Tr., '36 | 5 | June & Dec. | .. | 78 |
| Norf. Ry. & Lt., '49 | 5 | May & Nov. | 92½ | 95 |
| No. Hud. Co. Ry., '24 | 5 | May & Nov. | 85 | .. |
| N. St. Pwr. 1st ref., '41 | 5 | Apr. & Oct. | 88 | 91 |
| N. Tex. El. coll. tr., '40 | 5 | Jan. & July | 80 | 85 |
| Nova Scotia T. & P., '46 | 5 | June & Dec. | 75 | 82 |
| Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. cons., '28 | 5 | Jan. & July | 75 | 80 |
| Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. & Bridge con., '28 | 5 | Jan. & July | 74 | 79 |
| Ontario Power 1st, '43 | 5 | Feb. & Aug. | 89 | 91 |
| Do deb., '21 | 6 | Jan. & July | 96 | 98 |
| Ottum. R. & L. 1st, '24 | 5 | Jan. & July | 89 | 93 |
| Pacific Gas & Elec. (Ariz.) 1st, '31 | 6 | Jan. & July | 88 | 97½ |
| Paterson Ry. gen., '44 | 5 | Apr. & Oct. | 98 | .. |
| Pensacola Elec. 1st, '31 | 5 | Feb. & Aug. | 80 | 85 |
| Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st, '30 | 5 | May & Nov. | 74 | 78 |
| Portland R., L. & P., '42 | 5 | Aug. & Feb. | 67 | 72 |
| Pot. El. Power 1st, '29 | 5 | June & Dec. | 96 | .. |
| Do cons., '36 | 5 | Jan. & July | 92¾ | 93½ |
| Pub. Ser. N.J. gen., '59 | 5 | Apr. & Oct. | 78 | 79 |
| Pug. Sd. T., L. & P., '23 | 7 | June & Dec. | 98½ | 99½ |
| Riverside T., '60 | 5 | June & Dec. | .. | 82 |
| Rutland R. & L. 1st, '46 | 5 | Mar. & Sep. | 50 | 60 |
| St. Jos. (Mo.) R., L., H. & Power 1st, '37 | 5 | May & Nov. | 85 | 90 |
| Salmon Riv. Pwr., '52 | 5 | Feb. & Aug. | 88 | 90 |
| Seattle Elec. cons., '29 | 5 | Feb. & Aug. | 86 | 91 |
| Seattle Elec. 1st, '39 | 5 | Mar. & Sep. | 80 | 85 |
| So. Cal. Edison gen., '39 | 5 | Jan. & July | 88 | 92 |
| So. Jer. G. & E. 1st, '53 | 5 | Mar. & Sep. | 85 | 87 |
| S. W. Pr. & Lt. 1st, '43 | 5 | June & Dec. | 85 | 88 |
| Stand. Gas & El., '35 | 6 | Apr. & Oct. | 82½ | 86 |
| Sup. W., L. & P. 1st, '31 | 4 | May & Dec. | 71 | 80 |
| Syracuse Lt. & P., '54 | 5 | Jan. & July | 71 | 75 |
| Syracuse Light 1st, '51 | 5 | June & Dec. | 85 | 90 |
| Tampa Electric 1st, '33 | 5 | June & Dec. | 88 | 94 |
| United El. of N. J., '49 | 4 | June & Dec. | 71 | 74 |
| Un. Lt. & Rys. 1st, '32 | 5 | June & Dec. | 88 | 90 |
| Do deb., '26 | 6 | May & Nov. | 86 | 92 |
| Unit. R. & E. cons., '49 | 4 | Mar. & Sep. | 73 | 74 |
| Do income, '49 | 4 | June & Dec. | 53 | 54 |
| U. S. Pub. S. 1st, '27 | 6 | Feb. & Aug. | 86 | 94 |
| Unit. Util. conv., '43 | 6 | Jan. & July | 86 | 92 |
| Wash., B. & A., '41 | 5 | Mar. & Sep. | 82½ | 83½ |
| Washington Gas, '60 | 5 | May & Nov. | 98 | 99 |
| Wash. R. & E. con., '51 | 4 | Jan. & July | 70 | 71 |
| Wheel. Tr. 1st con., '31 | 5 | Jan. & July | 80 | 90 |

## INDUSTRIAL BONDS.

| SECURITIES. | Rate | When Payable. | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Int. Cotton Mills, '20 | 7 | Feb. & Aug. | 99½ | 100½ |
| Lima Locomotive, '32 | 6 | May & Nov. | 94 | 98 |
| Monon Coal 1st, '36 | 5 | June & Dec. | 60 | 65 |
| Poch. Con. Coll. 1st, '57 | 5 | Jan. & July | 86½ | 88½ |
| Rogers-Brown Iron 1st ref., '13-'40 | 5 | Jan. & July | 90 | 97 |
| Wickwire Steel 1st, '34 | 6 | May & Nov. | 97 | 100 |

## PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

| SECURITIES. | Per C't. | Period | Date. | Quotation Feb. 8, 1919. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Adirondack Elec. Pwr. | .. | .. | ....... | 12 | 14 |
| Do pf. | 1½ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 71 | 74 |
| Am. Gas & El. ($50) | 2½ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 100 | 102 |
| Do pf. ($50) | 1½ | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 43 | 44 |
| Am. Light & Trac. | †5 | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 230 | 235 |
| Do pf. | 1½ | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 98½ | 100 |
| Am. Power & Light | 1 | Q | Dec 2, 18 | 56 | 60 |
| Do pf. | 1½ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 75 | 79 |
| Am. Public Utilities | ¾ | .. | Jul 1, 14 | .. | 25 |
| Do pf. | 1½ | Q | Jan 1, 19 | 36 | 40 |
| Am. W. Wks. & Elec. | .. | .. | ....... | 4½ | 5 |
| Do 1st pf. | 1¾ | Q | Feb 15, 19 | 65 | 66 |
| Do participating pf. | .. | .. | ....... | 10 | 12 |
| Bat. Rouge El. cum. pf | 3 | S | Dec 2, 18 | 72 | 77 |
| Buffalo Gen. Electric | 2 | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 106 | .. |
| Cal. Electric Gen. pf. | 1½ | Q | Jan 1, 19 | 82 | 87 |
| Capital Traction | 1½ | Q | Jan 1, 19 | 84½ | 85½ |
| C. Miss. V. El. cum. pf | 1½ | Q | Dec 1, 18 | .. | 45 |
| Chas. Cons. Ry. ($50) | .. | .. | ....... | 42 | 46 |
| Cities Service | *½ | M | Feb 1, 19 | 317 | 320 |
| Do pf. | ½ | M | Feb 1, 19 | 80¾ | 81 |
| Colorado Power | ½ | Q | Jan 15, 19 | 24 | 27 |
| Do pf. | 1¾ | Q | Dec 15, 18 | 96 | 100 |
| Columbus Elec. pf. | 3 | S | Jan 15, 18 | 72 | 76 |
| Com. Pwr., Ry. & Lt. | 1 | .. | Nov 1, 18 | 19 | 21 |
| Do pf. | a1½ | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 41 | 43 |
| Conn. Power pf. | 1½ | Q | Dec 2, 18 | 73 | 78 |
| Con. Trac. of N. J. | 2 | S | Jan 15, 19 | 59 | 62 |
| Eastern Texas Elec. | 2½ | S | Jan 2, 19 | 52½ | 55 |
| Do pf. | 3 | S | Jan 2, 19 | 73 | 77 |
| Elec. Bond & Share pf | 1½ | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 92 | 95 |
| El Paso Electric | 2½ | Q | Dec 16, 18 | 82 | 86 |
| Essex & Hudson Gas | 4 | S | Dec 1, 18 | 110 | 120 |
| Federal Light & Trac. | .. | .. | ....... | 8 | 11 |
| Do pf. | 1½ | .. | Sep 1, 14 | 40 | 43 |
| Gal. & Hous. El. pf. | 3 | S | Sep 14, 18 | 60 | 65 |
| Gas & Elec. of Bergen | 2½ | S | Jan 1, 19 | 75 | .. |
| Illum. & Pr. Sec. | .. | .. | ....... | 15 | 25 |
| Do pf. | 1¾ | Q | Feb 15, 19 | 85 | 95 |
| Miss. River Pr. pf. | .. | S | J. & J. | 38 | 40 |
| Nashville R. & L. pf. | 1¼ | Q | Jan 15, 19 | 50 | 60 |
| Newark Con. Gas | 2 | S | J. & J. | 80 | 83 |
| Niagara Falls Pwr. pf. | 1¾ | Q | Jan 15, 19 | 98½ | 100 |
| No. Ont. Light & Pwr. | .. | .. | ....... | 11 | 15 |
| Do pf. | 3 | S | Jan 15, 19 | 51 | 55 |
| No. States Power | 1¾ | .. | Jan 20, 18 | 64 | 66 |
| Do pf. | 1¾ | Q | Jan 20, 19 | 90 | 91 |
| Nor. Texas Electric | 2 | Q | Dec 2, 18 | 51 | 56 |
| Do pf. | 3 | S | Sep 3, 18 | 70 | 75 |
| Pacific Gas & Electric | 1¼ | .. | Oct 15, 17 | 48 | 49 |
| Do pf. | 1½ | Q | Nov 15, 18 | 86½ | 88 |
| Pac. G. & E. (Ariz.) pf | 1¾ | Q | Jan 10, 19 | 80 | 90 |
| Pac. Pr. & Lt. pf. | 1¾ | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 90 | 98 |
| Republic Ry. & Light | 1 | .. | Jul 15, 18 | 17 | 18 |
| Do pf. | 1½ | Q | Jan 15, 19 | 53 | 55 |
| Southern Cal. Edison | 1¾ | Q | Feb 15, 19 | 82 | 84 |
| Do 1st pf. | 1¾ | Q | Jan 15, 19 | 98 | 102 |
| So. Jersey G. & E. Tr. | 4 | S | Dec 1, 18 | 100 | 105 |
| Standard Gas & Elec. | .. | .. | ....... | 16 | 19 |
| Do pf. | 1½ | Q | Dec 16, 18 | 35 | 37 |
| Tampa Electric | 2½ | Q | Nov 15, 18 | 109 | 112 |
| Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr. | .. | .. | ....... | 2½ | 3½ |
| Do pf. | .. | .. | ....... | 13 | 15 |
| Tri-City R. & L. pf. | 1½ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 78 | 82 |
| United Light & Rys. | 1 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 36 | 39 |
| Do 1st pf. | 1½ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 70 | 73 |
| Un. Rys. & El. (Balt.) | 50c | Q | Jan 22, 19 | 19 | 19½ |
| United Utilities | .. | .. | ....... | 19 | 20 |
| Do pf. | 1¾ | Q | Jan 1, 19 | 80 | 90 |
| Washington Gas | 90c | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 52½ | 53½ |
| Wash. Ry. & Electric | 1¼ | Q | Dec 1, 18 | 46 | 53 |
| Do pf. | 1¼ | Q | Dec 1, 18 | 65 | 69 |
| Western Power | .. | .. | ....... | 18¾ | 19 |
| Do pf. | 1 | Q | Jan 15, 19 | 66 | 67 |
| West. States Gas & E. | ½ | Q | Nov 15, 18 | 15 | 25 |
| Do pf. | 1¾ | Q | Jan 15, 19 | 70 | 76 |
| Wisconsin Edison | $1½ | .. | Dec 30, 17 | 29 | 34 |

*1% payable in com. stock. †Incl. 2½% payable in com. stock. ¶Incl. 3% extra. a—Payable in scrip.

## BANKS.

| SECURITIES. | Capital. | Per C't. | Period | Date. | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| America | $1,500,000 | 15 | S | Jan 2, 19 | 510 | .. |
| Am. Exc. N. | 5,000,000 | a7 | S | Nov 1, 18 | 222 | 230 |
| Atlantic ($100) | 1,000,000 | 2½ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 170 | .. |
| Bk. of Cuba | 100,000 | 6 | S | Jan 2, 19 | 180 | 190 |
| Batt'y Pk. N. | 1,500,000 | †3 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 205 | .. |
| Bowery | 250,000 | b6 | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 420 | .. |
| B'w'y Cent'l. | 100,000 | .. | .. | ....... | 140 | 150 |
| Bronx Nat. | 200,000 | 3 | S | Jan 2, 19 | 145 | 155 |
| Bronx Boro. | 150,000 | .. | .. | ....... | 100 | 130 |
| Bryant Park | 200,000 | 2 | S | Jan 1, 19 | 140 | 160 |
| Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25) | 300,000 | 3 | S | Jul 1, 18 | 23 | 27 |
| Chase Nat'l | 10,000,000 | 4 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 395 | 405 |
| Ch.-Ph. Nat. | 3,500,000 | 3 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 245 | .. |
| Chelsea Ex. | 400,000 | 3 | S | Apr 1, 17 | .. | 125 |
| Chemic. Nat. | 3,000,000 | 3½ | B | Jan 2, 19 | 490 | 515 |
| Citizens Nat. | 2,550,000 | c3½ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 222 | 227 |
| City (Nat'l) | 25,000,000 | 5 | Q | Nov 1, 18 | 460 | 470 |
| Coal & I. N. | 1,000,000 | c3 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 225 | 245 |
| Colonial | 500,000 | b6 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 400 | .. |
| Columbia | 1,000,000 | 4 | S | Dec 31, 18 | 165 | 175 |
| Comm. Exch. | 200,000 | 10 | S | Jan 2, 19 | 390 | .. |
| Commonw'th | 400,000 | 5 | S | Nov 1, 18 | 190 | 200 |
| Com. Nat. | 25,000,000 | 2½ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 210 | 215 |
| Contin'l ($75) | 1,000,000 | 3½ | S | Feb 1, 19 | 104 | 110 |
| Corn Exch. | 3,500,000 | 4 | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 305 | 315 |
| E.R. Nat. ($25) | 1,000,000 | 2 | S | Jun 1, 18 | 20 | 25 |
| Europe | 150,000 | 5 | Q | Jun 13, 17 | 110 | 130 |
| Fifth Av. | 250,000 | 12½ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 1800 | 2200 |
| Fifth Nat. | 250,000 | 3 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 200 | 225 |
| First Nat. | 10,000,000 | ¶10 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 945 | 965 |
| Garfield Nat. | 1,000,000 | 3 | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 180 | 190 |
| Gotham Nat. | 200,000 | 2 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 198 | 212 |
| Greenwich | 500,000 | b4 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 330 | .. |
| Hanover Nat | 3,000,000 | 8 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 735 | 745 |
| Harriman N. | 1,000,000 | 5 | S | Jan 3, 19 | 245 | 255 |
| Imp. & T. Nat | 1,500,000 | 12 | S | Jan 2, 19 | 540 | .. |
| Irving Nat. | 4,500,000 | 3 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | ††280 | 290 |
| Liberty Nat. | 1,000,000 | 4½ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 500 | 575 |
| Lincoln Nat. | 1,000,000 | 2½ | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 250 | 275 |
| Manh'n ($50) | 2,500,000 | †$2½ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 198 | 205 |
| Mech. & Met. | 6,000,000 | 4 | Q | Jan 15, 19 | 350 | 360 |
| Mer. Nat. ($50) | 2,000,000 | $2 | S | Jan 2, 19 | 148 | 155 |
| Metropolitan | 2,000,000 | 2½ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 180 | 190 |
| Mutual | 200,000 | 3 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 380 | 400 |
| N. Netherl'd. | 200,000 | 5 | S | Oct 1, 18 | 200 | 215 |
| N.Y. (N.B.A.) | 2,000,000 | 10 | S | Jan 2, 19 | 430 | .. |
| N.Y. Co. Nat. | 1,000,000 | 10 | S | Jan 2, 17 | .. | 145 |
| N.Y. Pro. Ex. | 1,000,000 | 4 | Q | Jan 15, 19 | 200 | .. |
| Pacific ($50) | 500,000 | d$2 | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 150 | .. |
| Public | 1,250,000 | 3 | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 200 | .. |
| Park Nat. | 5,000,000 | *15 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 580 | 585 |
| People's ($25) | 200,000 | 3 | Q | Jan 10, 19 | 135 | 140 |
| Seab'd Nat. | 1,000,000 | 3 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 465 | 485 |
| Second Nat. | 1,000,000 | 3 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 400 | 425 |
| Sherman Nat | 500,000 | 1½ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 125 | .. |
| State | 2,000,000 | 3 | S | Jan 2, 19 | 120 | .. |
| 23d Ward | 200,000 | 3 | S | Feb 1, 19 | 110 | 130 |
| Un. Ex. Nat. | 1,000,000 | 4 | S | Dec 31, 18 | 155 | 165 |
| Wash. Hgts. | 100,000 | 3 | Q | Jan 1, 19 | 275 | .. |
| Westch'r Av. | 100,000 | 2 | Q | Nov 1, 18 | 160 | 175 |
| Yorkville | 200,000 | 5 | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 300 | 325 |

*Incl. 10% special. †Incl. 1½% extra. ‡Incl. 50c extra. ††Includes one-third share Irving Trust Co. stock. ¶And 10% of First Security Co. a—Incl. 2% extra. b—And 3% extra. c—Incl. 1% extra. d—Incl. $1 extra.

## TRUST COMPANIES.

| SECURITIES. | Capital. | Per C't. | Period | Date. | Quotation Feb. 8, 1919. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bankers Tr. | 15,000,000 | 5 | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 385 | 390 |
| Brooklyn | 1,500,000 | a5 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 505 | 525 |
| Cent. Union | 12,500,000 | 5½ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 405 | 412 |
| Columbia | 5,000,000 | *4 | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 307 | 314 |
| Commercial | 500,000 | .. | .. | ....... | 90 | 96 |
| Empire | 2,000,000 | †3 | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 285 | .. |
| Equitable Tr. | 6,000,000 | ¶5 | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 415 | 425 |
| Far. L. & T. | 5,000,000 | 5 | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 425 | 435 |
| Fidelity | 1,000,000 | *2 | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 220 | 230 |
| Franklin | 1,000,000 | 3 | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 215 | 225 |
| Fulton | 500,000 | *5 | S | Jan 2, 19 | 240 | 255 |
| Guaranty | 25,000,000 | 5 | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 370 | 375 |
| Hamilton | 500,000 | 3 | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 255 | 265 |
| Hudson Tr. | 500,000 | 2 | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 135 | 145 |
| Irving Trust | 1,500,000 | 2 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | ‡ | .. |
| Kings Co. | 500,000 | 7 | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 625 | .. |
| Law. Title & Tr. Co. | 4,000,000 | 1¼ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 98 | 105 |
| Lincoln | 1,000,000 | 1 | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 175 | 185 |
| Manufact'rs | 1,000,000 | 2 | Q | Jan 1, 19 | 160 | .. |
| Metropolitan | 2,000,000 | 6 | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 345 | .. |
| New York | 3,000,000 | 8 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 605 | 615 |
| N.Y.L.I. & T. | 1,000,000 | 25 | S | Dec 10, 18 | 785 | 815 |
| People's Tr. | 1,000,000 | 4 | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 290 | .. |
| Q. Co., Jama. | 600,000 | .. | .. | ....... | 65 | 75 |
| Title G. & T. | 5,000,000 | 5 | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 330 | 338 |
| Transatlantic | 700,000 | 3 | Q | Jan 2, 18 | 160 | 175 |
| United States | 2,000,000 | 25 | S | Jan 2, 19 | 880 | .. |
| U. S. M. & T. | 2,000,000 | 6 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 420 | 430 |

*And 2% extra. †And 4% extra. ‡See Irving Nat. Bank. ¶And 5% extra, payable Jan. 10. a—And 10% extra.

## INSURANCE, REALTY, AND SURETY COMPANIES.

| SECURITIES. | Capital. | Per C't. | Period | Date. | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Alliance | $1,000,000 | 7½ | S | J. & J. | 215 | 225 |
| A. Sur'y ($50) | 5,000,000 | $1 | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 60 | 63 |
| Bd. & Mtg. G. | 5,000,000 | 4 | Q | Nov 15, 18 | 220 | 230 |
| City of N. Y. | 600,000 | 3 | S | Dec 31, 18 | 105 | 130 |
| Commonw'lth | 500,000 | 5 | S | Nov 1, 18 | 300 | 325 |
| Continental | 10,000,000 | $2½ | S | Jan 8, 19 | 61 | 63 |
| Fidel. Phenix | 2,500,000 | 15 | S | Jan 8, 19 | 395 | 410 |
| Globe & Rut. | 700,000 | ¶10 | Q | Jan 31, 19 | 850 | .. |
| Great Amer. | 5,000,000 | *7 | Q | Jan 15, 19 | 340 | 348 |
| Hanover ($50) | 1,000,000 | $1½ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 80 | 85 |
| Home Fire | 6,000,000 | 12½ | S | J. & J. | 450 | 460 |
| Lawyers Mtg | 6,000,000 | 2 | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 110 | 115 |
| Mtg. Bond Co | 2,000,000 | 1¾ | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 88 | 95 |
| Nat Lib. ($50) | 1,000,000 | 10 | S | J. & J. | 145 | 155 |
| Nat. Surety | 4,000,000 | 3 | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 214 | 219 |
| N. Y. T. & M. | 2,125,000 | 1¾ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 93 | 100 |
| Niagara ($50) | 1,000,000 | *15 | S | J. & J. | 170 | 175 |
| No. River ($25) | 600,000 | 5 | S | A. & O. | 35 | 40 |
| Pacific ($25) | 400,000 | $1½ | S | Jan 22, 19 | 35 | 45 |
| Realty Asso. | 4,000,000 | 3 | S | Jan 15, 19 | 78 | 83 |
| Stuyv't ($100) | 700,000 | 3 | .. | Jan 1, 17 | 50 | 60 |
| Westc'r ($10) | 1,000,000 | ‡50c | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 35 | .. |

*Incl. 5% extra. ‡And 15c extra. ¶And 5% extra. Incl. 1% extra.

## NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

| SECURITIES. | Capital. | Per C't. | Period | Date. | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Blkr. St. & F Ferry stock | $900,000 | ¾ | S | J. & J. | 21¼ | .. |
| B'way & 7th Av | 2,100,000 | 2½ | Q | Jan 1, 19 | 100 | 120 |
| Bn. C.R. ($10) | 12,000,000 | 25c | Q | Jan 15, 19 | 11 | 14 |
| Ch. & 10th St | 650,000 | 2 | Q | Jan 1, 19 | .. | 90 |
| 8th Av. R.R. | 1,000,000 | 4 | Q | Jan 15, 19 | 120 | 180 |
| 42d St & G. St | 748,000 | 4½ | Q | Nov 1, 18 | .. | 190 |
| Ninth Av. | 800,000 | 2 | Q | Jan 15, 19 | .. | 100 |
| 6th Av. stock | 2,000,000 | 1¾ | Q | Jan 10, 19 | .. | 95 |

## INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

| SECURITIES. | Per C't. | Period | Date. | Quotation Feb. 8, 1919. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| American Brass | *1½ | Q | Feb 15, 19 | 201 | 204 |
| American Chicle | 1 | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 79 | 80½ |
| Do pf. | 1½ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 76 | 78 |
| Amer. Typefounders | 1 | Q | Jan 15, 19 | 38 | 42 |
| Atlas Powder | d5 | Q | Dec 10, 18 | 154 | 157 |
| Do pf. | 1½ | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 90½ | 91½ |
| Babcock & Wilcox | 2 | Q | Jan 3, 19 | 107 | 108½ |
| Bord. Cond. Milk | 4 | S | Feb 15, 19 | 96 | 99 |
| Do pf. | 1½ | Q | Dec 14, 18 | 99 | 101 |
| By-Products Coke | 1¼ | Q | Feb 15, 19 | 110 | 115 |
| Cardenas Am. Sug. pf. | 1¾ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | .. | 80 |
| Celluloid | †4 | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 138 | 145 |
| Central Aguirre Sugar | 2½ | Q | Jan 1, 19 | 166 | 170 |
| Central Coal & Coke | 1½ | Q | Jan 15, 19 | 61½ | 67 |
| Certainteed Products | $4 | .. | Jan 28, 18 | 29 | 31 |
| Do 1st pf. | 1¾ | Q | Jan 1, 19 | 86 | 89 |
| Do 2d pf. | 1¾ | Q | Jan 1, 19 | 72 | 76 |
| Chi. Ry. Equipment | 1¾ | Q | Jan 1, 19 | 102¼ | 103¼ |
| Childs | ¾ | Q | Sep 10, 18 | 42½ | 45 |
| Do pf. | 1¾ | Q | Dec 10, 18 | 91½ | 93½ |
| Columbia Graphophone | 1¼ | Q | Jan 1, 19 | 137 | 139 |
| Do pf. | 1¾ | Q | Jan 1, 19 | 84 | 86 |
| Crocker-Wheeler | 2 | Q | Jan 15, 19 | 90 | 95 |
| Do pf. | 1¾ | Q | Jan 15, 19 | 96 | 100 |
| Del., Lack. & W. Coal | $1¼ | Q | Jan 15, 19 | 158 | 162 |
| Eastman Kodak | a2½ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 550 | 570 |
| Fajardo Sugar | 2½ | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 92 | 100 |
| Federal Sugar | 1½ | Q | Dec 17, 18 | 92 | 96 |
| Do pf. | 1¾ | Q | Feb 1, 19 | 91 | 95 |
| Gillette Safety Razor | h$2 | Q | Nov 30, 18 | 132 | 134 |
| Guantanamo Sugar | $1¼ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 49 | 52 |
| Hercules Powder | †4 | Q | Dec 24, 18 | 207 | 212 |
| Do pf. | 1½ | Q | Feb 15, 19 | 107 | 109 |
| Ingersoll-Rand pf. | 3 | S | Jan 1, 19 | 98 | 102 |
| Int. Silver | .. | .. | ....... | 43 | 50 |
| Do pf. | 1¾ | Q | Jan 1, 19 | 92 | 95 |
| Lanston Monotype | 1¼ | Q | Nov 30, 18 | 65½ | 67½ |
| Manati Sugar | 2½ | Q | Dec 2, 18 | 89 | 92 |
| Do pf. | 1¾ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 89 | 94 |
| Matanzas-Am. | .. | .. | ....... | 5 | 15 |
| Do pf. | .. | .. | ....... | 15 | 80 |
| Merg. Linotype | 2½ | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 130 | 131⅛ |
| Midwest Refining | $1 | Q | Nov 1, 18 | 141½ | 143 |
| Nat. Candy | 2½ | S | Sep 11, 18 | 71 | 72 |
| Do 1st pf. | 3½ | S | Sep 11, 18 | 109 | 112 |
| Do 2d pf. | 3½ | S | Sep 11, 18 | 94 | 99 |
| Nat. Sugar Refining | 2½ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 100 | 102 |
| New Jersey Zinc | 4 | Q | Feb 10, 19 | 246 | 252 |
| New Niquero Sugar | 3½ | S | Dec 2, 18 | 170 | 190 |
| Niles-Bement-Pond | 3 | Q | Dec 20, 18 | 105 | 107 |
| Do pf. | 1½ | Q | Nov 20, 18 | 95 | 103 |
| Otis Elevator | 1¼ | Q | Jan 15, 19 | 58 | 63 |
| Do pf. | 1½ | Q | Jan 15, 19 | 78 | 83 |
| Procter & Gamble | 5 | Q | Feb 15, 19 | 760 | 850 |
| Remington Typewriter | .. | .. | ....... | 30½ | 32 |
| Do 1st pf. | 1¾ | Q | ....... | 82 | 84 |
| Do 2d pf. | 2 | Q | Oct 1, 14 | 73½ | 77½ |
| Royal Baking Powder | †4 | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 130 | 140 |
| Do pf. | 1½ | Q | Dec 31, 18 | 93 | 96 |
| Safety Car H. & Ltg. | 1½ | Q | Dec 23, 18 | 56 | 58 |
| Santa Cecilia Sugar | .. | .. | ....... | 19½ | 21½ |
| Do pf. | 3½ | S | Feb 1, 19 | 55 | 58 |
| Semet Solvay | 2 | Q | Nov 20, 18 | 167 | 175 |
| Shredded Wheat | 2 | Q | Jan 1, 19 | 124 | 125 |
| Do pf. | 1½ | Q | Jan 1, 19 | .. | 90 |
| Singer Mfg. | 2½ | Q | Jan 1, 19 | 185 | 186 |
| Texas & Pacific Coal | b1½ | Q | Dec 30, 18 | 1450 | 1500 |
| Yale & Towne Mfg. | 2½ | Q | Jan 2, 19 | 215 | 225 |

*And 1½% extra. †Incl. 2% extra. ¶And $10 extra. a—And 7½% extra. b—And 5% extra. h—And $1 extra. d—Incl. 3% extra. g—Incl. 1% extra.

# FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

### LONDON.

| | Demand. High. | Low. | Last. | Cables. High. | Low. | Last |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3— | 4.7575 | 4.7575 | 4.7575 | 4.76 5/16 | 4.76 5/16 | 4.76 5/16 |
| Feb. 4— | 4.7575 | 4.7575 | 4.7575 | 4.76 5/16 | 4.76 5/16 | 4.76 5/16 |
| Feb. 5— | 4.7577½ | 4.7577½ | 4.7577½ | 4.76 5/16 | 4.75 5/16 | 4.76 5/16 |
| Feb. 6— | 4.7580 | 4.7580 | 4.7580 | 4.7655 | 4.7655 | 4.7655 |
| Feb. 7— | 4.7582½ | 4.7582½ | 4.7582½ | 4.7655 | 4.7655 | 4.7655 |
| Feb. 8— | 4.7581¼ | 4.7581¼ | 4.7581¼ | 4.7655 | 4.7655 | 4.7655 |

Week's range—
High ....................4.7582½ 4.76 5/16
Low ....................4.7575 4.7655
Same week last year—
High ....................4.7531¼ 4.76 7/16
Low ....................4.7530 4.76 7/16
Year to date—
High ....................4.7585 4.7656¾
Low ....................4.7570 4.7655
Corresponding period last year—
High ....................4.7535 4.76 7/16
Low ....................4.75½ 4.76 7/16

### PARIS.

| | Demand. High. | Low. | Last. | Cables. High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3 | 5.45¾ | 5.45¾ | 5.45¾ | 5.45½ | 5.45½ | 5.45½ |
| Feb. 4 | 5.45⅝ | 5.45⅝ | 5.45⅝ | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.45 |
| Feb. 5 | 5.45⅝ | 5.45⅝ | 5.45⅝ | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.45 |
| Feb. 6 | 5.45⅝ | 5.45⅝ | 5.45⅝ | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.45 |
| Feb. 7 | 5.45⅝ | 5.45⅝ | 5.45⅝ | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.45 |
| Feb. 8 | 5.45 11/16 | 5.45 11/16 | 5.45 11/16 | 5.45 1/16 | 5.45 1/16 | 5.45 1/16 |

Week's range—
High ....................5.45¾ 5.45
Low ....................5.45⅝ 5.45½
Same week last year—
High ....................5.71⅞ 5.69⅞
Low ....................5.72⅝ 5.70⅝
Year to date—
High ....................5.45⅝ 5.44 13/16
Low ....................5.45⅞ 5.45½
Corresponding period last year—
High ....................5.70⅞ 5.68¾
Low ....................5.73⅞ 5.71⅞

| | Switzerland. Dem. | Cables. | Holland. Dem. | Cables. | Italy. Dem. | Cables. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3 | 4.96 | 4.93 | 41.00 | 41.25 | 6.36¾ | 6.35 |
| Feb. 4 | 4.96 | 4.93 | 41.00 | 41.18¾ | 6.36½ | 6.35 |
| Feb. 5 | 4.93½ | 4.91 | 41.00 | 41.18¾ | 6.36¾ | 6.35 |
| Feb. 6 | 4.90½ | 4.86½ | 41.125 | 41.375 | 6.36¾ | 6.35 |
| Feb. 7 | 4.94 | 4.90½ | 41.25 | 41.50 | 6.36½ | 6.35 |
| Feb. 8 | 4.93 | 4.89½ | 41.125 | 41.375 | 6.36½ | 6.35 |
| Week's range— | | | | | | |
| High | 4.90½ | 4.86½ | 41.25 | 41.50 | 6.36¼ | 6.35 |
| Low | 4.96 | 4.93 | 41.00 | 41.18¾ | 6.36¾ | 6.35 |
| Same week last year— | | | | | | |
| High | 4.51½ | 4.49½ | 44.00 | 44.37½ | 8.51 | 8.50 |
| Low | 4.53 | 4.51¾ | 43.625 | 44.00 | 8.63¼ | 8.62 |
| Year to date— | | | | | | |
| High | 4.81 | 4.78 | 42.56¾ | 42.81¾ | 6.36 | 6.35 |
| Low | 4.96 | 4.93 | 41.00 | 41.18¾ | 6.37 | 6.35 |
| Corresponding period last year— | | | | | | |
| High | 4.36½ | 4.34½ | 44.00 | 44.37½ | 8.33 | 8.32 |
| Low | 4.53 | 4.51¾ | 42.75 | 43.25 | 8.63¼ | 8.62 |

### SCANDINAVIA.

| | Copenhagen. Dem. | Cables. | Stockholm. Dem. | Cables. | Christiania. Dem. | Cables. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3 | 25.70 | 25.95 | 27.90 | 28.10 | 27.00 | 27.20 |
| Feb. 4 | 25.75 | 26.00 | 28.00 | 28.20 | 27.15 | 27.35 |
| Feb. 5 | 25.80 | 26.05 | 28.00 | 28.20 | 27.20 | 27.40 |
| Feb. 6 | 25.875 | 26.15 | 28.10 | 28.30 | 27.20 | 27.45 |
| Feb. 7 | 25.80 | 26.05 | 28.05 | 28.30 | 27.20 | 27.45 |
| Feb. 8 | 25.875 | 26.10 | 28.00 | 28.25 | 27.25 | 27.50 |
| Week's range— | | | | | | |
| High | 25.875 | 26.15 | 28.10 | 28.30 | 27.25 | 27.50 |
| Low | 25.70 | 25.95 | 27.90 | 28.10 | 27.00 | 27.20 |
| Same week last year— | | | | | | |
| High | 31.00 | 31.50 | 33.25 | 33.75 | 32.12½ | 32.62½ |
| Low | 30.50 | 31.00 | 32.75 | 33.25 | 31.75 | 32.25 |
| Year to date— | | | | | | |
| High | 26.875 | 27.125 | 29.125 | 29.35 | 28.00 | 28.25 |
| Low | 25.70 | 25.95 | 27.87½ | 28.10 | 27.00 | 27.20 |
| Corresponding period last year— | | | | | | |
| High | 32.00 | 32.50 | 33.75 | 34.25 | 33.00 | 33.50 |
| Low | 30.00 | 30.50 | 32.00 | 32.50 | 31.25 | 31.75 |

| | Greece. Dem. | Cables. | Rubles. 100. Bid. | Ask. | Rubles. 500. Bid. | Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3 | 19.35 | 19.40 | 14.80 | 15.00 | 14.70 | 14.90 |
| Feb. 4 | 19.35 | 19.40 | 15.40 | 15.60 | 15.30 | 15.50 |
| Feb. 5 | 19.35 | 19.40 | 15.35 | 15.55 | 15.30 | 15.50 |
| Feb. 6 | 19.35 | 19.40 | 15.70 | 15.90 | 15.60 | 15.80 |
| Feb. 7 | 19.35 | 19.40 | 17.25 | 17.65 | 17.20 | 17.60 |
| Feb. 8 | 19.35 | 19.40 | 17.25 | 17.65 | 17.20 | 17.60 |
| Week's range— | | | | | | |
| High | 19.35 | 19.40 | 17.65 | 17.60 | | |
| Low | 19.35 | 19.40 | 14.80 | 14.70 | | |
| Same week last year— | | | | | | |
| High | 19.40 | 19.45 | 13.00 | 13.25 | | |
| Low | 19.40 | 19.45 | 13.00 | 13.25 | | |
| Year to date— | | | | | | |
| High | 19.35 | 19.40 | 17.65 | 17.60 | | |
| Low | 19.35 | 19.40 | 12.90 | 12.80 | | |
| Corresponding period last year— | | | | | | |
| High | 19.40 | 19.45 | 13.25 | 13.50 | | |
| Low | 19.40 | 19.45 | 12.75 | 13.50 | | |

### CHINA.

| | Hongkong. Dem. | Cables. | Peking. Dem. | Cables | Shanghai. Dem. | Cables. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Week's range— | | | | | | |
| High | 78.00 | 78.10 | 129.00 | 129.25 | 120.50 | 123.00 |
| Low | 77.00 | 77.25 | 129.00 | 129.25 | 120.50 | 123.00 |
| Same week last year— | | | | | | |
| High | 72.25 | 72.25 | 110.50 | 110.75 | 106.00 | 106.50 |
| Low | 72.00 | 72.25 | 110.50 | 110.75 | 103.50 | 103.75 |
| Year to date— | | | | | | |
| High | 81.00 | 81.25 | 131.50 | 131.75 | 123.00 | 123.25 |
| Low | 77.00 | 77.25 | 129.00 | 129.25 | 120.50 | 120.50 |
| Same period last year— | | | | | | |
| High | 77.00 | 77.25 | 115.00 | 115.25 | 108.00 | 108.25 |
| Low | 71.25 | 71.50 | 109.50 | 109.75 | 102.50 | 102.75 |

| | INDIA. Bombay. Dem. | Cab's. | Calcutta. Dem. | Cab's. | PHILIPPINE ISLANDS. Manila. Dem. | Cab's. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Week's range— | | | | | | |
| High | 35.43 | 35.73 | 35.43 | 35.73 | 49.65 | 49.75 |
| Low | 35.43 | 35.73 | 35.43 | 35.73 | 49.65 | 49.75 |
| Same week last year— | | | | | | |
| High | 35.00 | 35.50 | 35.00 | 35.50 | 49.875 | 50.00 |
| Low | 35.00 | 35.50 | 35.00 | 35.50 | 49.875 | 50.00 |
| Year to date— | | | | | | |
| High | 35.43 | 35.73 | 35.43 | 35.73 | 49.875 | 50.00 |
| Low | 35.43 | 35.73 | 35.43 | 35.73 | 49.65 | 49.75 |
| Corresponding period last year— | | | | | | |
| High | 35.00 | 35.50 | 35.00 | 35.50 | 50.00 | 50.125 |
| Low | 34.50 | 34.75 | 34.50 | 34.75 | 49.875 | 50.00 |

| | SPAIN. Dem. | Cables. | JAPAN. Kobe. Dem. | Cables. | Yokohama. Dem. | Cables. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Week's range— | | | | | | |
| High | 20.14 | 20.22 | 51.25 | 51.50 | 51.25 | 51.50 |
| Low | 20.10 | 20.18 | 51.25 | 51.50 | 51.25 | 51.50 |
| Same week last year— | | | | | | |
| High | 24.20 | 24.30 | 51.75 | 52.00 | 51.75 | 52.00 |
| Low | 24.00 | 24.10 | 51.50 | 51.65 | 51.50 | 51.65 |
| Year to date— | | | | | | |
| High | 20.15 | 20.22 | 53.25 | 53.50 | 53.25 | 53.50 |
| Low | 20.05 | 20.12 | 51.25 | 51.50 | 51.25 | 51.50 |
| Corresponding period last year— | | | | | | |
| High | 24.45 | 24.50 | 51.75 | 52.00 | 51.75 | 52.00 |
| Low | 24.10 | 24.20 | 51.75 | 52.00 | 51.75 | 52.00 |

### SOUTH AMERICA.

| | Buenos Aires. Dem. | Cables. | Rio. Dem. | Cables. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Week's range— | | | | |
| High | 44.85 | 45.00 | 25.85 | 26.00 |
| Low | 44.85 | 45.00 | 25.85 | 26.00 |
| Same week last year— | | | | |
| High | 44.00 | 44.10 | 26.50 | 26.60 |
| Low | 43.86 | 43.96 | 26.34 | 26.44 |
| Year to date— | | | | |
| High | 45.15 | 45.25 | 26.35 | 26.50 |
| Low | 44.50 | 44.75 | 25.10 | 25.25 |
| Corresponding period last year— | | | | |
| High | 46.21 | 46.31 | 27.04 | 27.14 |
| Low | 43.86 | 43.96 | 26.34 | 26.44 |

# MONEY RATES

| | On Call. High. | Low. | Last. | Renewals. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3 | 4½ | 3¾ | 4 | 4 |
| Feb. 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 |
| Feb. 5 | 5 | 4½ | 5 | 4½ |
| Feb. 6 | 5 | 4½ | 5 | 4½ |
| Feb. 7 | 5 | 4½ | 4½ | 5 |
| Feb. 8 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Week's range— | | | | |
| High | 5 | | | 5 |
| Low | 3¾ | | | 4 |
| Same week last year— | | | | |
| High | 5½ | | | 5 |
| Low | 3 | | | 3 |
| Year to date— | | | | |
| High | 6 | | | 6 |
| Low | 3¾ | | | 4 |
| Corresponding period last year— | | | | |
| High | 6 | | | 6 |
| Low | 1½ | | | 1¾ |

| | On Time. 60 Days. | 90 Days. | 6 Mos. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3 | 5¼ | 5¼ | 5¼@5½ |
| Feb. 4 | 5 | 5¼ | 5¼@5½ |
| Feb. 5 | 5¼@5½ | 5¼@5½ | 5¼@5½ |
| Feb. 6 | 5¼ | 5¼ | 5¼ |
| Feb. 7 | 5¼ | 5¼@5½ | 5¼ |
| Feb. 8 | 5¼ | 5¼@5½ | 5¼ |
| Week's range— | | | |
| High | 5½ | 5½ | 5½ |
| Low | 5¼ | 5¼ | 5¼ |
| Same week last year— | | | |
| High | 5¾ | 5¾ | 5¾ |
| Low | 5½ | 5¾ | 5¾ |
| Year to date— | | | |
| High | 5½ | 5½ | 5½ |
| Low | 5 | 5 | 5¼ |
| Corresponding period last year— | | | |
| High | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Low | 2½ | 2½ | 2¾ |

### Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days ....................4 3/16@4¼
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days ....................4⅜@4 7/16
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ....................5½@5

### Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days ....................5 @5¼
4 to 6 months ....................5 @5¼

Other Names.

4 to 6 months ....................5¼@5½

### DISCOUNT RATES—FEDERAL RESERVE BANK'S COMMERCIAL PAPER.

| | Within 15 Days, Incl. Member Banks' Collateral Notes. | 16 to 60 Days, Inclusive. | 61 to 90 Days, Inclusive. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Boston | 4 | 4¾ | 4¾ |
| New York | 4 | 4¾ | 4¾ |
| Philadelphia | 4 | 4¾ | 4¾ |
| Cleveland | 4¼ | 4¾ | 4¾ |
| Richmond | 4¼ | 4¾ | 4¾ |
| Atlanta | 4¼ | 4¾ | 4¾ |
| Chicago | 4 | 4¾ | 4¾ |
| St. Louis | 4 | 4¾ | 4¾ |
| Minneapolis | 4½ | 4¾ | 5 |
| Kansas City | 4½ | 5 | 5 |
| Dallas | 4½ | 4¾ | 5 |
| San Francisco | 4½ | 5 | 5 |

The rate of 3 to 4½ per cent. for one-day discounts, in connection with the loan operations of the Government, is approved in the case of the New York district.

Secured by United States certificates of indebtedness or Liberty Loan bonds:

| | Agricultural & Live Stock Paper, Over 90 Days. | Within 15 Days, Inc. Member Banks' Collateral Notes. | 16 to 60 Days, Inclusive. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Boston | 5 | 4 | 4¼ |
| New York | 5 | 4 | 4¼ |
| Philadelphia | 5 | 4 | 4¼ |
| Cleveland | 5¼ | 4 | 4¼ |
| Richmond | 5 | 4½ | 4¼ |
| Atlanta | 5 | 4 | 4¼ |
| Chicago | 5½ | 4 | 4¼ |
| St. Louis | 5½ | 4 | 4¼ |
| Minneapolis | 5½ | 4 | 4¼ |
| Kansas City | 5¼ | 4¼ | 4¼ |
| Dallas | 5¼ | 4 | 4¼ |
| San Francisco | 5½ | 4¼ | 4¼ |

Trade acceptances one to sixty days and sixty-one to ninety days at 4½ per cent.

Acceptances purchased in open market, minimum rate, 4 per cent.

Rates for commodity paper have been merged with those for commercial paper of corresponding maturities.

In case the sixty-day trade acceptance rate is higher than the fifteen-day discount rate, trade acceptances maturing within fifteen days will be taken at lower rate. Whenever application is made by member banks for renewal of fifteen-day paper, the Federal Reserve Banks may charge a rate not exceeding that for ninety-day paper of the same class.

### EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK DOMESTIC CENTRES.

| | Boston. | Chicago. | St. L. | San F. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3 | Par | Par | †25@15c | Par |
| Feb. 4 | Par | Par | †25@15c | Par |
| Feb. 5 | Par | Par | †25@15c | Par |
| Feb. 6 | Par | Par | †25@15c | Par |
| Feb. 7 | Par | Par | †25@15c | Par |
| Feb. 8 | Par | Par | †25@15c | Par |

†Discount.

### LONDON MONEY AND DISCOUNTS.

| | Money. | 3 Mos. | Short Bills. | Exch. on London. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3 | 3½ | 3 17/32 | 3 17/32 | 24f 98c |
| Feb. 4 | 3½ | 3 17/32 | 3 17/32 | 24f 98c |
| Feb. 5 | 3½ | 3 17/32 | 3 17/32 | 25f 98c |
| Feb. 6 | 3½ | 3 17/32 | 3 17/32 | 25f 98c |
| Feb. 7 | 3½ | 3 17/32 | 3 17/32 | 25f 98c |
| Feb. 8 | 3½ | 3 17/32 | 3 17/32 | 25f 98c |

### FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

| | British Consol 2½s | British 4½s | Paris Rentes. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3 | 59⅛ | 99¼ | 64f 75c |
| Feb. 4 | 59⅛ | 99¼ | 64f 75c |
| Feb. 5 | 59 | 99¼ | 65f |
| Feb. 6 | 59⅛ | 99¼ | 65f |
| Feb. 7 | 59 | 99¼ | 65f |
| Feb. 8 | 59 | 99¼ | .. |

### BAR SILVER.

| | London. | New York. |
|---|---|---|
| Feb. 3 | 48 7/16d | $1.01⅛ |
| Feb. 4 | 48 7/16d | 1.01⅛ |
| Feb. 5 | 48 7/16d | 1.01⅛ |
| Feb. 6 | 48 7/16d | 1.01⅛ |
| Feb. 7 | 48 7/16d | 1.01⅛ |
| Feb. 8 | 48 7/16d | 1.01⅛ |

## MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

### STOCKHOLDERS' NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of The Cemetery Beautiful, Incorporated, will be held at the office of Mr. Robert H. Laverie, President of the Company, at No. 17 State Street, New York City, New York, on the 19th day of February, 1919, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing fifteen directors for the ensuing year and two inspectors of election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. Polls will remain open one hour. Transfer books will be closed from February 8th, 1919, to February 20th, 1919.

New York City, New York, February 8th, 1919.
THOMAS C. GANNON,
Secretary of The Cemetery Beautiful, Incorporated.

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## MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

### AMERICAN GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

No. 30 Church Street, New York
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of AMERICAN GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 30 Church Street, in the City of New York, New York, on Tuesday, the 18th day of February, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the transaction of any and all business that may come before the meeting, including the election of five directors for the terms of three years, and considering and voting upon the approval and ratification of all contracts, acts, proceedings, elections and appointments of the Board of Directors, Executive Committee and Officers of this Company since the last Annual Meeting of the Company, shown by the Minutes of said Board of Directors and Executive Committee, which will be open for inspection of stockholders at said meeting.

FRANK B. BALL, Secretary.
New York, February 10, 1919.

### The Alliance Realty Co.

New York, February 5th, 1919.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of THE ALLIANCE REALTY COMPANY will be held at the office of the company, 115 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 20th day of February, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the annual election of Directors of said company and of two Inspectors of Election, to serve for the succeeding year, and for such other business as may properly come before such meeting.

HOWARD W. SMITH, Secretary.

### 195 Broadway Corporation,

15 DEY STREET.
New York, February 3rd, 1919.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS:

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the 195 Broadway Corporation will be held at the principal office of the Company, No. 195 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, the City of New York, N. Y., on Monday, the 17th day of February, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of seven directors and three inspectors of election and the transaction of such other business as may then properly come before the stockholders.

WALTER BROWN,
Secretary.

### NOTICE OF ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

To the Stockholders:

THE ANNUAL MEETING of stockholders of the National Aniline & Chemical Company, Inc., will be held pursuant to the by-laws at 11 A. M., on Monday, February 17, 1919, at the company's principal office, No. 21 Burling Slip, Manhattan Borough, New York City, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The stock and transfer books will be closed from noon, Tuesday, February 4, 1919, until 10 A. M., Tuesday, February 18, 1919.

WILLIAM T. MILLER, Secretary.

### PACIFIC COAST COAL COMPANY.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of PACIFIC COAST COAL COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 10 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, the 17th day of February, 1919, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated January 25, 1919.
H. M. WATKINS, Secretary.

### THE ORINOKA MILLS.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Orinoka Mills will be held at the principal office of the Company, No. 215 Fourth Avenue, New York, N. Y., on the 24th day of February, 1919, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, and passing upon the acts of the Board of Directors since the last Annual Meeting of the Stockholders, and for the transaction of such other and further business as may come before the meeting.

EDWARD H. GREEN, Secretary.

### EMPIRE STEEL & IRON COMPANY

Annual Stockholders Meeting.

The annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the EMPIRE STEEL & IRON COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J., on Wednesday, February 26th, 1919, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The Transfer Books of the Company will close February 3d and reopen February 27th, 1919.

JAMES S. STILLMAN,
Secretary.
Catasauqua, Pa., January 20, 1919.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an annual meeting of the Stockholders of ANDREW DAVEY, INC., will be held at the office of the Company, No. 5 East 134th Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 18th day of February, 1919, at 9 o'clock A. M., for the election of directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated, New York, February 3, 1919.
JAMES A. DAVEY, Secretary.

### ESTRELLA CUBANA
### COMPANIA NACIONAL INTEROCEANICA.
### (CUBAN STAR LINE)

Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Cuban Star Line will be held at the principal office of the Company at number 215 Manzana de Gomez Building, Havana, Cuba, on Monday, March 3rd, 1919, at ten o'clock A. M.

New York, February 10th, 1919.
CHARLES ANGULO,
Assistant Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the Stockholders of McLoughlin Bros., Inc., will be held at the office of the Company, 890 Broadway, New York City, on Tuesday, Feb. 17th, 1919, at 2 o'clock P. M.

MORGAN L. MERCER,
Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS OF G. W. FABER, INC., will be held at No. 36 West 37th Street, February 11, 1919, at 12 o'clock, noon.

W. O. FRECH, Secretary.

## DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF
LOCKWOOD, GREENE & CO., MANAGERS,
BOSTON, MASS.
—Common Stock—

The quarterly dividend of 2% ($1 per share) upon the common stock of the International Cotton Mills has been declared payable March 1, 1919, at the office of the transfer agents, the Old Colony Trust Company, Boston, Mass., to all stockholders of record at close of business February 20th, 1919.

INTERNATIONAL COTTON MILLS,
ALLAN B. GREENOUGH, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF
LOCKWOOD, GREENE & CO., MANAGERS,
BOSTON, MASS.
—Preferred Stock—

The regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% upon the preferred stock of the International Cotton Mills has been declared payable March 1, 1919, at the office of the transfer agents, the Old Colony Trust Company, Boston, to all stockholders of record at close of business February 20, 1919.

INTERNATIONAL COTTON MILLS,
ALLAN B. GREENOUGH, Treasurer.

### UNITED STATES CAST IRON PIPE AND FOUNDRY COMPANY.

New York, January 23, 1919.

The Board of Directors of this Company has this day declared a dividend of Five Per Cent. (5%) on the Preferred Stock of this Company out of the earnings for the fiscal year ended December 31st, 1918, payable One and One-quarter Per Cent. (1¼%) quarterly; the first quarterly dividend to be paid March 15th, 1919, to stockholders of record March 1st, 1919.

B. F. HAUGHTON, Secretary.

### The International Nickel Co.

Common Stock Dividend

A dividend of 50c (2%) on the common stock has been declared this day, payable March 1, 1919, to common stockholders of record at the close of business February 13, 1919.

JAMES L. ASHLEY,
February 3, 1919. Sec'y & Treas.

### NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

84th PREFERRED DIVIDEND

THE Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾) per cent on the Preferred Capital stock of the Company, payable February 28th, 1919 to stockholders of record at the close of business February 15th 1919 Transfer books will not be closed.

G P WELLS Treasurer

### BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH RAILWAY COMPANY

Dividends of Three Dollars per share on the preferred stock and Two Dollars per share on the common stock of this Company have been declared payable February 15, 1919, to stockholders of record February 13, 1919.

ERNEST ISELIN, Secretary.

A quarterly cash dividend of 1½%, payable from the Company's surplus earned during 1918, will be paid on March 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record February 15th, 1919, at close of business. Transfer books will not close.

THE NATIONAL ACME COMPANY,
N. S. RATHBURN, Sec'y.

## PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR CABLE, BOLTS, NUTS, bronze, conduit, condulets, indicator, rheostats, sockets, grommets, sash cord, pipe covering, rubber belting, zinc, license tags, note books, manila containers, paper, millwork, wheat bran and glass: Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the General Purchasing Officer, The Panama Canal, Washington, D. C., until 10:30 o'clock A. M. February 24, 1919, at which time they will be opened in public, for furnishing the abovementioned articles. Blanks and information relating to this circular (1256) may be obtained from this office or the offices of the Assistant Purchasing Agents, 24 State Street, New York; 606 Common Street, New Orleans, La., and Fort Mason, San Francisco, Cal.; also from the United States Engineer Offices in the principal cities throughout the United States. A. L. FLINT, General Purchasing Officer.

## FINANCIAL NOTICES.

### TO THE HOLDERS OF 6% 25-YEAR SINKING FUND GOLD FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS SERIES "B" OF UPPER HUDSON STONE COMPANY DUE JANUARY 1, 1937:

The undersigned, successor to Knickerbocker Trust Company, Trustee under the Mortgage given to secure the above described bonds, holds in the Sinking Fund the sum of Eight Thousand Seven Hundred Forty-nine Dollars and Ninety-four cents ($8,749.94) applicable to the redemption of bonds of said issue by the purchase of same at the lowest price obtainable, not to exceed par and interest.

Sealed offers of bonds may be sent to the office of the undersigned, Trust Department, 60 Broadway, New York City, not later than February 18th, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon. Bonds accepted must be delivered on February 19th, or security furnished that day, if required, that delivery will be made within ten days. The right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any and all offers.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,
GEORGE E. WARREN, Vice President.
Dated New York, February 7th, 1919.

## MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

### New Amsterdam Gas Company

130 East 15th St., N. Y., Feb. 10th, 1919.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the office of the Company, No. 130 East 15th Street, New York City, on Thursday, March 6th, 1919, at twelve o'clock Noon, for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

MALCOLM M. GRAHAM, Secretary.

## PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC FINANCES OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

CITY HALL.
New Orleans, Feb. 3rd, 1919.

The City of New Orleans, acting under authority of Act 179 of the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana for the year 1908, ratified by Constitutional Amendment, and now a part of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, will receive sealed proposals at the office of the Commissioner of Public Finances of the City of New Orleans up to twelve (12) o'clock noon on the 6th day of March, 1919, for the purchase of $600,000.00 in face value of Public Belt Railroad Bonds of the City of New Orleans, authorized by the Act aforementioned, and the constitutional amendment ratifying same, and of the numbers, denominations and maturities of the authorized issue of $2,000,000.00, and in the form of and in accordance with the bond schedule of the maturities of the entire authorized issue, as prescribed by an ordinance of the City of New Orleans, being No. 8628, N. C. S., approved May 14, 1912, and Ordinance No. 5316, Commission Council Series, approved January 28th, 1919, of said city, authorizing the present offering.

Said proposals shall be received under and subject to the following conditions, to-wit:

Proposals must be in writing, sealed, and marked on the outside of the envelope "Proposals for the purchase of $600,000.00 of Public Belt Railroad Bonds of the City of New Orleans," and shall be accompanied by a certified check on some chartered bank in the City of New Orleans, for an amount equal to one per cent. of the aggregate amount of the bid, which said check of the successful bidder or bidders shall be cashed and the proceeds retained by the City of New Orleans as a guarantee that the successful bidder or bidders will comply with its or their bids, and the said proceeds shall be applied to the payment of the bonds last delivered to the successful bidder or bidders, respectively. In case of the neglect or refusal to comply with any bid, the proceeds of said check shall be forfeited to the Public Belt Railroad Commission of the City of New Orleans.

No sale shall be made unless the aggregate of the bids received equals the full amount of the present offering of $600,000.00 in face value, and the adjudication shall be made to the highest bidder, provided, however, that no adjudication shall take place for less than par and accrued interest. All matured interest coupons shall be cut from said bonds and cancelled, and the successful bidder shall pay the interest which may have accrued on said bonds up to the date of delivery. The bonds shall be paid for in cash as fast as said bonds can be signed and delivered. All bonds will be delivered within thirty days from the opening of said bids. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

Further particulars and information will be furnished on application to the Public Belt Railroad Commission or the undersigned. The final opinion of Wood & Oakley, lawyers, Chicago, Ill., as to the legality of this issue will be furnished to the successful bidder if so desired.

A. G. RICKS,
Commissioner of Public Finances of the City of New Orleans.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS, District of Columbia, February 7, 1919.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Board of Commissioners, Room 511, District Building, Washington, D. C., until 2 o'clock P. M., February 21, 9119, for constructing a Head House and Sheds for the Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Company, located on Water Street, at the foot of Seventh Street, southwest. Blank forms of proposal, plans, specifications and all necessary information may be obtained from the Chief Clerk, Engineer Department, Room 427, District Building, Washington, D. C. A deposit of five dollars will be required from bidders to insure the return of the plans and specifications.

LOUIS BROWNLOW,
W. GWYNN GARDINER,
C. W. KUTZ,
Commissioners D. C.

## U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Sec. III., Par. H., Act of October 3, 1913, and Secs. 2865, 3082 and 2802 R. S. U. S., I have seized and hold twenty-five pictures. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 24th, 1919, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated February 4, 1919.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Sec. III., Par. H., Act of October 3, 1913, and Secs. 2865, 3082 and 2802 R. S. U. S., I have seized and hold one 1-strand pearl necklace, 1 lavalliere and 1 comb pin and 1 ring. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 24th, 1919, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated February 4th, 1919.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is given that OWEN McCAFFREY'S SONS, owner of the steamtug "Bulley," her engines, etc., has filed its petition for limitation of liability for any loss, destruction, damage or injury from said steamtug on December 12, 1917. Stipulated value of vessel $12,000. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury must prove their claims before Henry W. Goodrich, Esq., Commissioner, at his office, No. 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 12th day of May, 1919, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, or be defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Notice is hereby given that the Greenwood Lake Transportation Company, owner of the steamship "Arlington," has filed a petition for the limitation of its liability for any loss, damage or injury occasioned by an alleged storm occurring on September 8th, 1916. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury, must prove their claims before Edward L. Owen, Esq., Commissioner, at his office, Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 17th day of March, 1919, or be defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal. S. D. N. Y.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is given that THE NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY, owner of the lighter "Ilion," has filed its petition for limitation of liabilities for any loss, destruction, damage, or injury from said vessel on the 14th day of December, 1917. Stipulated value of vessel and freight, Thirty-one and 67-100 ($31.67) Dollars. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage, or injury must prove their claims before Edward L. Owen, Esq., Commissioner, at No. 69 Wall Street, New York City, on or before the 7th day of April, 1919, or be defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.

PROPOSALS FOR DREDGING.—U S. Engineer Office, Philadelphia, Pa.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 noon, March 11, 1919, and then opened, for dredging in Delaware River, in Philadelphia Harbor and on New Castle, Reedy Island, Baker and Liston Lighthouse Ranges. Further information on application.

## BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26330.—In Bankruptcy.—GEORGE W. FIELD, doing business as GEORGE W. FIELD & CO., Bankrupt.

George W. Field, doing business as George W. Field & Co., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on December 24, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at Room 323, in the U. S. Post Office Building, in the City of New York, on March 1, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims with the Referee at 31 Nassau Street, New York City, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

## LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—George Gilchrist, Frank E. Bliss and Edward B. Swinney, co-partners, doing business under the firm name and style of Gilchrist, Bliss & Company, Plaintiffs, against Joseph H. Godwin, Jr., Thomas Patten, Thomas G. Patten, Walter R. Patten, Annie S. Patten, William Lustgarten & Company, Inc., Realty Redemption Company of New York, William B. Wolffe, Thomas A. Lynch, James B. Patten, The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New York, The City of New York, The Tax Lien Company of New York, also all persons unknown to plaintiffs claiming or who may claim to have an interest in or general or specific lien upon the real property described in the complaint in this action through or under the above named defendants, such unknown persons being herein generally described and being intended to be included in the following designations, viz:—the wives, widows, husbands, descendants, heirs-at-law, administrators, devisees, legatees, creditors, trustees, committees, executors, grantees, lienors, assignees, or next of kin of the said named defendants or of any person or persons deriving any interest in or lien upon or title to the said real property, through or from them or any of them and their respective husbands, wives, widows and widowers, if any, and Charles O'Connor Hennessy, Trustee of the Tax Lien Company of New York, Bankrupt, Defendants.—Summons.—Lien No. 5305.

To the above named defendants and each of them: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorney within 20 days after the service of this summons exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, January 14th, 1918.
WILLIAM M. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Plaintiffs. Office & P. O. Address, No. 35 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To the defendants, Joseph H. Godwin, Jr., Thomas Patten, Walter R. Patten, Annie S. Patten, James B. Patten and William B. Wolffe, and all persons unknown to plaintiffs claiming or who may claim to have an interest in or general or specific lien upon the real property described in the complaint in this action through or under the above named defendants, such unknown persons being herein generally described and being intended to include in the following designations, viz:—the wives, widows, husbands, descendants, heirs-at-law, administrators, devisees, legatees, creditors, trustees, committees, executors, grantees, lienors, assignees, or next of kin of the said named defendants or of any person or persons deriving any interest in or lien upon or title to the said real property, through or from them or any of them and their respective husbands, wives, widows and widowers, if any: The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Eugene A. Philbin, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 14th day of December, 1918, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York.

Dated New York, December 20th, 1918.
WILLIAM M. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Plaintiffs. Office and P. O. Address, No. 35 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

### THE CINCINNATI, FINDLAY AND FORT WAYNE RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of the Final Decree entered on October 8, 1918, in the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Ohio, Western Division, in a Cause in Equity No. 116, wherein The New York Trust Company and another are plaintiffs and The Cincinnati, Findlay and Fort Wayne Railway Company and others are defendants, all holders of claims for unpaid debts, claims and charges, whether against the Receiver of said Railway Company or otherwise arising, and claiming priority over the lien of the First Mortgage of said Railway Company dated November 1, 1903, and the supplements thereto, are required forthwith to file with the undersigned as Master Commissioner, itemized and verified proofs in writing of such claims, and any such claims which shall not be so filed prior to May 1, 1919, shall not be paid out of the proceeds of sale nor if enforceable, be enforceable against the property described in said First Mortgage and the supplements thereto or any part thereof, or against the purchaser of said property or his successor or assigns, except that by leave of Court, claims so filed can be amended at any time prior to the distribution of the proceeds of sale. Notice of the allowance or disallowance of claims by the undersigned will be given in due course.

Dated: Cincinnati, January 17, 1919.
FRANK H. SHAFFER,
Master Commissioner.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is given that the New York Dock Company, owner of the float "New York Dock No. 3," has filed its petition for limitation of liability for any loss, destruction, damage, or injury from said vessel on or about the 14th day of December, 1917. Stipulated value of vessel and freight, Twenty-two thousand, seven hundred eighty-two and 42-100 ($22,782.42) Dollars. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage, or injury must prove their claims before HENRY E. MATTISON, Esq., Commissioner at No. 79 Wall Street, N. Y. C., on or before the 14th day of April, 1919, or be defaulted.

THOS. D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal.

## BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of VIBRO-SONO CO., INC., bankrupt.—No. 26331.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that certain personal property belonging to the estate of the above named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of Peter B. Olney, Jr., the Trustee herein, at public auction under the rules and practices of this Court, by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, at the premises of the auctioneer, No. 539 Broadway, New York City, this day, February 10th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M.

The property to be sold is as follows: All the right, title and interest of the bankrupt in and to certain tools, jigs, and dies, and patents and patent applications, etc., all as used by the bankrupt in its business as manufacturers and distributors of Sound Instruments.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from sale, unless it shall bring at least 75 per centum of its appraised value.

New York, January 24th, 1919.
PETER OLNEY, Jr., Trustee.
80 Broadway, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26,560.—In Bankruptcy.—ADOLPH EDELSON, Bankrupt.

Adolph Edelson was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 31st, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on February 20th, 1919, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York—No. 26336—In bankruptcy—LIBERTY LIGHTING SUPPLY CO., INC., bankrupt.

Liberty Lighting Supply Co., Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on January 28th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on February 20th, 1919, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26,476.—In Bankruptcy.—ARTCRAFT WAIST CO., Bankrupt.

Artcraft Waist Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 18th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on February 20th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26,567.—In Bankruptcy.—HERMAN BRAUCH, Bankrupt.

Herman Brauch was duly adjudicated bankrupt on February 4th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on February 20th, 1919, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York. No. 26562. In Bankruptcy.—ALICE J. MANN, Bankrupt.

Alice J. Mann was duly adjudicated bankrupt on February 1st, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on February 20th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

## BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALMA NEWTON ANDERSON, Bankrupt.—No. 26292.

Pursuant to an order of this Court, the undersigned Trustee of the above-named bankrupt, offers for sale the property, assets and effects of said estate.

The property to be sold consists of furniture, ornaments and satsuma and may be inspected at No. 539 Broadway, in the City of New York, on the 6th, 7th, and 8th days of February, 1919, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

The said property will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, at 539 Broadway, in the City of New York, on the 10th day of February, 1919, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale, unless it shall bring at least seventy-five (75%) per cent. of the appraised value.

Dated, New York, January 29, 1919.
JOHN L. LYTTLE, Trustee.
LEWIS M. ISAACS, Attorney for Trustee,
52 William Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

# SHIPPING AND MAILS

## Miniature Almanac for Today.

*[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]*

Sun rises........6:57 | Sun sets.........5:24

THE TIDES.

|  | High Water. A.M. | High Water. P.M. | Low Water. A.M. | Low Water. P.M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sandy Hook | 3:35 | 4:06 | 10:11 | 10:19 |
| Governors Island | 4:13 | 4:47 | 10:47 | 10:57 |
| Hell Gate | 6:09 | 6:58 | 0:11 | 1:01 |

## Arrived—Sunday, Feb. 9.

U. S. S. North Carolina, Brest, Jan. 28.
SS France, Brest, Feb. 2.
SS Rollo, Cardiff, Jan. 14.
SS Liege, Barry, Jan. 23.
SS Talabot, Rotterdam, Jan. 24.
SS Trump, Shields, Jan. 15.
SS Fagersand, Willemstad, Jan. 31.
SS Martensdijk, St. Nazaire, Jan. 23.

## Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

|  |  |  |
|---|---|---|
| U. S. S. Charleston | Brest | Jan. 30 |
| Woonsocket | Bordeaux | Jan. 27 |
| Manitowoc | Bordeaux | Jan. 16 |
| Western Ocean | La Rochelle | Jan. 19 |
| Arakan | Bordeaux | Jan. 22 |
| El Sol | Bordeaux | Jan. 22 |
| Bristol | La Pallice | Jan. 23 |
| Santa Barbara | St. Nazaire | Jan. 27 |

DUE TOMORROW.

|  |  |  |
|---|---|---|
| Carmania | Liverpool | Feb. 1 |
| Lancastrian | London | Jan. 28 |
| Leviathan | Brest | Feb. 4 |
| Metapan | Brest | Jan. 28 |

DUE WEDNESDAY.

|  |  |  |
|---|---|---|
| Stockholm | Brest | Feb. 2 |
| Pasadena | Bordeaux | Jan. 23 |
| Duca Degli Abruzzi | Gibraltar | Jan. 31 |
| Bergensfjord | Bergen | Feb. 1 |
| Finland | St. Nazaire | Feb. 1 |

DUE THURSDAY.

|  |  |  |
|---|---|---|
| U. S. S. Seattle | Brest | Jan. .. |
| Hickman | Bordeaux | Jan. 27 |
| Alloway | St. Nazaire | Jan. 25 |

DUE FRIDAY.

|  |  |  |
|---|---|---|
| Dante Alighieri | Marseilles | Jan. 30 |
| Coronado | Brest | Jan. 21 |

## Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

|  | Mails Close. | Vessels Sail. |
|---|---|---|
| Great Northern, Brest | ——— | 10:00 A.M. |
| Arizonian, Brest | ——— | 10:00 A.M. |
| Carib, Turks Island | 12:00 M. | 2:00 P.M. |
| San Jose, Costa Rica | 9:30 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| SAIL TOMORROW. |  |  |
| H. R. Mallory, Brest | ——— | 10:00 A.M. |
| Celtic, Liverpool | 8:00 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Rijnland, B. Aires | 10:00 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Charlton Hall, Santos | 11:00 A.M. | 2:00 P.M. |
| Veendijk, B'nos Aires | 9:00 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| SAIL WEDNESDAY. |  |  |
| Saxonia, Liverpool | 8:00 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Dakotan, Brest | ——— | 10:00 A.M. |
| Santa Anna, Brest | ——— | 10:00 A.M. |
| Galileo, Hull | 12:00 M. | ——— |
| Maracaibo, Porto Rico | 9:30 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Samaragda, Kingston | 10:30 A.M. | 1:00 P.M. |
| Com. Rollins, Kingston | 7:00 A.M. | 10:00 A.M. |
| SAIL THURSDAY. |  |  |
| Allianca, Cristobal | 12:30 P.M. | 3:30 P.M. |
| SAIL FRIDAY. |  |  |
| Huron, Turks Island | 8:30 A.M. | 11:00 A.M. |
| Vauban, Buenos Aires | 8:30 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Dominic, Para | 8:30 A.M. | 11:00 A.M. |
| Taunton, Kingston | 10:00 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Colon, Haiti | 12:30 P.M. | 6:30 P.M. |
| SAIL SATURDAY. |  |  |
| Baltic, Liverpool | 8:00 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Duca d'Aosta, Genoa | 8:00 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Espagne, Havre | 8:30 A.M. | ——— |
| Oranje Nassau, Haiti | 7:00 A.M. | 10:00 A.M. |
| Esperanza, Havana | 8:00 A.M. | 11:00 A.M. |
| Fagersand, Cayenne | 10:00 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Korona, Demerara | 12:00 M. | 2:00 P.M. |

## Foreign Ports.

### Arrived.

SS Caronia, at Liverpool, Feb. 8.

### Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 10 A. M., Feb. 11, SS Celtic; 7 A. M., Feb. 12, SS Saxonia; 12 M., Feb. 14, SS Cedric, and 7 A. M., Feb. 15, SS Baltic.

France—Close at 7:30 A. M., Feb. 12, SS Espagne.

Italy—Close at 7 A. M., Feb. 15, SS Duca d'Aosta.

Gibraltar—Close at 7 A. M., Feb. 15, SS Duca d'Aosta.

Belgium—Close at 10 A. M., Feb. 10, SS Auburn

Portugal—Close at 9 A. M., Feb. 15, SS Goa.

Greece—Sailings uncertain.

Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain; Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Netherlands, Germany, Austria, and Hungary, service suspended.

### Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. daily.

Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—SS Nanking ........Feb. 10

Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via San Francisco)—SS Niagara ........Feb. 14

Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination by the best opportunity.

# STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD
ANCHOR

NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL

| | |
|---|---|
| Saxonia | Feb. 14 |
| Carmania | Feb. 17 |
| Royal George | Feb. 22 |
| AQUITANIA | Mar. 1 |
| Caronia | Mar. 10 |
| Orduna | Mar. 18 |
| Saxonia | Mar. 18 |
| Carmania | Mar. 24 |
| AQUITANIA | Mar. 29 |
| BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL | |
| Prinses Juliana | Feb. 17 |
| NEW YORK TO LONDON | |
| Pannonia | Feb. 18 |

21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK

AMERICAN LINE
PHILADELPHIA—LIVERPOOL
Northland. Mar. 3 | Haverford. Mar. 25

WHITE STAR LINE
NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON
OLYMPIC - - Feb. 28
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Baltic....Feb. 15 Adriatic..Mar. 15
Lapland...Mar. 3 Baltic....Mar. 22
Lapland........April 5
And Regularly Thereafter.
N. Y.—AZORES—GIBRALTAR—ITALY
Canopic........................Feb. 27
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

Holland-America
LINE
T. S. S. ROTTERDAM
WILL SAIL FROM
New York to Rotterdam
VIA FALMOUTH
on or about February 19
Passengers for England and France Will Be Landed at Falmouth.
For Rates and Further Information, Apply General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—FRANCE
WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
Company's Office, 19 State St., New York
Phone Bowling Green 7500.

COMMERCIAL SOUTH AMERICAN LINE
WEST INDIES AND
SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS
Sailing March 15, 1919.
Frank Tourist Co., Passenger Agents, 398 Broadway. Phone Franklin 4530.
Moore & McCormack Co., Inc., Frt. Agts., 29 Broadway. Phone Whitehall 690.

PASSPORT PHOTOS
Made while you wait, 50c. and $1 per set.
U. S. PHOTO CO., 33 Broadway, N. Y.

# STEAMBOATS.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS. $1.10 to $3.30
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M.
Phone Spring 9491.

# THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—There were light local snows yesterday in the Ohio Valley, the lake region, Eastern New York, and New England, with very little change in temperature.

Fair weather will prevail Monday east of the Mississippi River and on Tuesday in the Atlantic and Gulf States and lower lake region, while in the Ohio Valley and upper lake region cloudy weather will set in Tuesday, with snow or rain over the northern upper lake region.

It will be colder Monday in the South Atlantic States and warmer Tuesday in the upper lake and western lower lake regions, the Ohio Valley, Tennessee, the East Gulf, and South Atlantic States.

Winds for Monday and Tuesday: North Atlantic, increasing north, becoming strong some distance at sea, with sonw by Monday night.

FORECAST TODAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey. — Fair Monday, except cloudy near the coast; Tuesday fair, little change in temperature.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Probably fair Monday and Tuesday.

Southern New England—Fair Monday, possibly followed by snow by night in extreme southeast portion; Tuesday fair.

Northern New England—Fair Monday, possible snow at night extreme east portion; Tuesday fair.

Western New York—Fair Monday, except local snows near the lakes; Tuesday fair, warmer west portion.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

|  | 1918. | 1919. |  | 1918. | 1919. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 A. M. | 26 | 32 | 4 P. M. | 34 | 33 |
| 6 A. M. | 27 | 27 | 6 P. M. | 35 | 31 |
| 9 A. M. | 30 | 27 | 9 P. M. | 37 | 29 |
| 12 M. | 32 | 31 | 11 P. M. | 33 | 28 |

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 31; for the corresponding date last year it was 32; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 28, at 8 P. M. it was 31. Maximum temperature 35 degrees at 2:30 P. M., minimum 27 degrees at 6:00 A. M. Humidity 54 per cent. at 8 A. M., 39 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.03 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.98 inches.

## Fire Record.

| A.M. | Loss. |
|---|---|
| 1:15—161 W. 188 St., Bronx; J. Osserton | Slight |
| 1:15—602 W. 55 St.; J. Schultz | Not given |
| 1:35—238 William St.; N. Y. American Publishing Co. | None |
| 2:30—326 E. 112 St.; Cohen & Elhof | Slight |
| 2:45—130 Lexington Av.; C. Libby | Slight |
| 5:40—473 Washington St.; T. McGoldrick | Not given |
| 10:55—251 W. 14 St.; Sisters of Charity | Not given |
| 11:10—67 E. 99 St.; L. Weissman | Slight |
| P.M. | |
| 12:10—192 Henry St.; M. Rabinowitz | None |
| 3:35—412 E. 168 St., Bronx; C. Kramer | Slight |
| 3:45—325 E. 72 St.; M. Costello | Slight |
| 4:20—212 E. 123 St.; J. Messina | Slight |
| 5:10—331 E. 105 St.; M. Getri | Slight |
| 9:10—40th & 6 Av., (auto;) not given | Slight |
| 10:05—371 8 Av.; T. Quinn | Not given |

## Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Forecast:

N. C.—Fair, continued cold Mon.; Tues. fair, not quite so cold.

S. C.—Fair, colder Mon.; Tues. fair, not quite so cold.

Ga.—Fair Mon., colder in s. e.; Tues. fair, not quite so cold.

Ala. and Miss.—Fair, continued cold Mon.; Tues. fair, warmer.

Fla.—Fair Mon., colder on peninsula; Tues. fair, warmer.

Tenn.—Mon. slightly warmer in n.; Tues. fair in e., increasing cloudiness in w., warmer.

Ky.—Fair Mon., slightly warmer in w.; Tues. increasing cloudiness and warmer.

Ind.—Fair, slightly warmer Mon.; Tues. increasing cloudiness and warmer.

Mich.—Fair Mon., warmer in s.; Tues. increasing cloudiness and warmer, probably snow or rain in s.

Ohio—Fair Mon.; Tues. increasing cloudiness and warmer.

## U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of Sec. III., Par. II., Act of October 3, 1913, and Secs. 2865, 3082 and 2802 R. S. U. S., I have seized and hold one 2-strand pearl necklace, one lavalliere, one 2-stone ring, one solitaire diamond ring, one silk shawl, one ring, one pair earrings, one lace spread, seven pieces lace, one cigarette case, four pearl studs, one solitaire diamond ring. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 24th, 1919, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated February 4th, 1919.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

# RESORTS.

## NEW YORK.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up. Cap. 150. Booklet. Phone 1165 Wh. Plains.

## NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Marlborough-Blenheim
THE LEADING RESORT HOUSE OF THE WORLD
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
"THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP"
HEALTH IS EFFICIENCY
A Germicide Climate and Clean Streets.
No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments
Ownership Management JOSIAH WHITE & SONS CO.

The Breakers
ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST FIREPROOF HOTEL
Ocean Front. Unusually attractive during Winter and early Spring Seasons. Luxurious lobbies and beautifully furnished Sun Parlors thoroughly heated. Charming afternoon musicales and evening concerts. Garage
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS

ROYAL PALACE
HOTEL AND COTTAGES
on the beach ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Concerts Afternoons and Evenings
NEAR ALL PIERS AND AMUSEMENTS
Capacity 600. Diet Kitchen.
Open All Year S. Hanstein. Prop.

Hotel STRAND
FIREPROOF
On the ocean front
Capacity 600. Always open
Seawater in all baths. Orchestra
THE IDEAL FAMILY RESORT HOTEL

PIERREPONT
Family Hotel Mrs Gerson L. Kahn

THE WILTSHIRE
Virginia Ave. and Beach. Ocean view. Capacity 350. Private baths, running water in rooms, elevator, etc. Amer. plan—$3.50 up daily, special weekly. Reopens Feb. 15. Booklet. SAMUEL ELLIS.

## PENNSYLVANIA.

WALTERS PARK Inn
Wernersville, Pa.
"Just the Place"
for rest, recreation and health. Fine all-year-round climate. Splendid mountain roads. Free Garage. Electric and movement treatment when desired. Resident physician and nurses. 4 hours from New York. Express service. Always open. Ownership management. Est. 45 years.

## SOUTHERN STATES.

MIAMI, FLA.
Tropical; surf bathing at 75 degrees; fine hotels. Write Chamber of Commerce for booklet.

## WASHINGTON, D. C.

Burlington Hotel
431 Rooms with Bath, $2.50 to $5.00
WASHINGTON, D. C.

HISTORY IN THE MAKING.

*January, 1919, was as important in history as any month during the entire war. The events affected world history profoundly. The facts, the records, the truth, without comment, bias, or suppression, are in* Current History *for February, published by The New York Times Company. News stands, 25 cents.—Advt.*

# BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

*Fifty cents an agate line.*

An established, rapidly growing concern, handling high-grade line of motor trucks in rich territory, needs the active service of a capable business man in a sales or financial capacity; an investment of $25,000 to $50,000 is required; only those men having the qualifications necessary to be of genuine assistance in the development of this business need apply; preference given men released from service; all replies confidential. Address Y 379 Times Annex.

An active expressman's chance, trucking business for sale, business at present $600 a month; in business center, near 34th St. and 5th Av.; clients, and modern motor truck cost $2,600 of 2 tons; 1 Ranier, cost $2,200, of 1½ tons, and 1 cost $1,275; ¾-ton in new condition, $4,000; investigate. Enterprise Exchange Bureau, J. Hamilton, 23 West 31st St.

Hotel, not more than 100 rooms, wanted, or roadside inn, near motor road, between New York State and Conn., in good condition; state particulars; no agents. J. Hamilton, Enterprise Exchange Bureau, 23 West 31st St.

Export and Import.—Are you interested in developing trade relations between U. S. A. and the British West Indies? If so, write A 1048 Times Harlem.

Will rent or lease apartment house or hotel; would consider Summer hotel or partnership; anywhere. K 56 Times.

Money loaned reliable concerns; active or silent partners procured. Polansky, Cortlandt 490.

## CAPITAL WANTED.

Big opportunity for young man who can invest from $5,000 to $10,000 into established jobbing business in silks and woolens. F. G., 276 Times Downtown.

Partner with $3,000 to take active half interest in a splendid New England city hotel; fullest investigation allowed. Address Z 322 Times Annex.

## BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Ideas developed, inventions perfected and negotiated; automatic and electrical machinery designed, improved and produced by an engineer with special experience and facilities. The Herrick Research Laboratory, 130 Manhattan St., city.

Young Baltimore man, familiar with grocery and provision trade, will consider representation of an A1 concern for that territory. Address J. L. Duncan, 2,521 North Calvert St., Baltimore, Md.

Leaving shortly for England, desirous of connecting with high-class firm wishing representation in Europe. G 575 Times Downtown.

Manufacturers requiring part services of well known advertising writer and sales promoter of wide experience. Address L 320 Times.

## FOR SALE.

Butcher's chance; a fine up to date meat, poultry, sea food and provision market, 22 years' standing; doing $35,000 to $40,000 yearly; fine location, good customers, new fixtures, all for $2,000. J. Hamilton, 23 West 31st St., near Broadway.

Garage and machine shop, finest in the State, business established, fully equipped, and stocked; car agency combined; low rent; price $5,000; best reason for selling. Phone Mr. Rand, New Rochelle 3003. Standard Garage, 361-365 North Av.

$3,500 buys lease, supplies, and good will of 75-room Connecticut hotel; bar and dining room connected and well patronized; possession given at once. Address Z 321 Times Annex.

Lunch Room.—Self-serving restaurant; luxurious equipment; $65-$450 daily received; trials, terms arranged; bargains. Glassl's, 220 East 42d St.

Caterer's chance; a small table d'hote restaurant, just started, and 15 furnished rooms, near Columbus Circle, $2,000. J. Hamilton, 23 West 31st St., near Broadway.

A good paying, well established infant, children store, good location, for sale. Write C. S., 3,557 Broadway. No agents.

## BUSINESS NOTICES.

ALL KINDS OF BUSINESS BOUGHT AND sold with quick result; must stand investigation through. Enterprise Exchange Bureau. J. Hamilton, 23 West 31st St.

# FOR SALE.

*Fifty cents an agate line.*

FOR SALE.

Complete Lamson pneumatic tube system, with cashier's central station and four receiving and sending stations; has been installed less than 3 years and is in perfect operating condition; it may be inspected in operation at any time and full particulars will be given by applying at the information desk, 21 West 62d St., New York.

DICTAPHONES.—Corporation wishing to dispose of six dictating, two transcribing, one shaving machine and accessories, all practically new and in perfect order, offers unusual opportunity to firm contemplating the installation of dictaphones to purchase these machines at 60 per cent. of their new value. K 729 Times Downtown.

## Furniture.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

## Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted—Comptometers, Burroughs, Monroes, calculating and adding machines. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., Room 101, ground fl.

Wanted, a power boiling machine; state kind, price, how long in use, and other particulars. G. L., 802 Times Downtown.

Will buy 6 Willcox-Gibbs sewing machines. Vanity Dress, 143 West 20th.

## Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Non-visible, three months, $6.
Visible, three months, $7.50 and up.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4738.

## U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold 400 cases, each containing 48 Cans Kippered Sardines. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 17, 1919, at the opening of Court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated February 8, 1919.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold 147 cases, each containing 48 Cans of Sweetened Condensed Skimmed Milk. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 17, 1919, at the opening of Court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated February 8, 1919.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

## BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26220.—In Bankruptcy.—IRVING I. GURFINKEL and SAMUEL S. MEISTER, individually and as co-partners trading under the firm name of GURFINKEL & MEISTER, Bankrupts.

Irving I. Gurfinkel and Samuel S. Meister, individually and as co-partners trading under the firm name of Gurfinkel & Meister, were duly adjudicated bankrupts on January 8, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on February 20, 1919, at 3 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

Please take further notice that all of the assets belonging to the bankrupts herein have been sold pursuant to an order of this Court to one Michael Genodman, the creditors herein whose claims are proved and allowed to receive the sum of twenty-five per cent. in cash, and the said purchaser paying, in addition, all administration expenses, and priority claims in full.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York—No. 26335—In bankruptcy—ISAAC SCHWARTZ, bankrupt.

Isaac Schwartz was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on November 23rd, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on February 20th, 1919, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York—No. 26228—In bankruptcy—SEGER & GROSS CO., bankrupt.

Seger & Gross Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt on October 18th, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on February 20th, 1919, at 12 M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

# THE BUSINESS WORLD

## Buyers' Wants

*Ten cents per word each insertion.*

AMOSKEAG, Chambray, and Ginghams Wanted.—Open to buy. David Harris Sons, 38 West 21st.

APRONS Wanted.—Jobber open for all kinds ladies' aprons. 45 East 20th St., 9th floor.

BELDINGS Wanted.—All silk satins in all shades; quantity no object. 220 5th Av. Room 1618.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Eick Mills 221, shades 91, 88, 72, 93, or any other mill. H. Markowitz Sons, Tel. 6890 Madison Square.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Tan, reindeer, and other light shades. H. Elson, 11 West 25th. Farragut 9688.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Taupe, burgundy brown. Shapiro, 11th floor, 244 5th Av.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Light tan, rose. 3d floor, 244 5th Av.

CAPES, DOLMANS and Sport Coats Wanted.—Placing orders on better grade; call with samples, mornings. 9 West 25th, 4th floor.

CAPES and DOLMANS Wanted.—Prominent jobber placing orders; call with samples. 29 West 35th, 1st floor.

CAPES and SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at snappy styles. 40 West 25th, 3d floor.

CHALLIS Wanted.—Botany's print or similar; large or small lots. K 85 Times.

CHECKS Wanted.—All wool, also all worsted; mail samples immediately. Z 307 Times Annex.

CLOTHS wanted suitable girls' Winter coats; solid colors; plushes, corduroys; quantities. Kommel, 27 West 20th. Chelsea 9749.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber will place orders on Spring suits; only better kind wanted; bring samples. 3d floor, 30 West 32d St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Placing stock orders on better grade. Apply in afternoon, 7th floor, 8 West 30th.

COATS Wanted.—Looking at juniors' and children's Spring coats; bring sample. 1,140 Broadway, Room 1506.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders. 6th floor, 6 West 32d St.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Amoskeag, Universal, Defiance, Bluebell, Ideal and Myra chambray; Lonsdale and Hill jeans; Renfrew, Treffan and Bates plaid gingham; 16-48, 61-60 cambric; dark blue, 32-inch, gingham checks. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 6227.

COTTON Gabardines and Wash Satins wanted, of fine qualities. Room 1,210, 200 5th Av., after 10 o'clock.

COTTONS Wanted.—Large quantity ginghams, percales for cash. Stuyvesant 1784.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—4-thread, navy, taupe and brown. Casper-Davis & Sons, 33 West 34th.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Large quantity; spot cash. Pansy, 145 West 30th.

DELHI Wanted.—American 037, quantity; also American 0609 serge. Haber, Greeley 4695.

DELHI Wanted.—In tan and copen, also sol-satin or similar in black. Chelsea 9535.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber looking at samples of georgette and taffeta dresses, placing large orders. Call with samples all week, 25 West 31st St., 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Model Dress and Costume Co., 1,199 Broadway, looking silk and cotton dresses, for Spring; large stock orders placed.

DRESSES Wanted.—Serges, taffetas, satins, cash, any quantity; jobs only. Farragut 5154.

DRESSES, Suits, Coats, Waists Wanted.—In jobs for cash; highest grades. Phone Madison Square 3135.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobbers placing orders better-grade georgettes, taffetas. Baron, 1,160 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing large stock orders; submit samples in all materials. 3d Floor, 25 West 32d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing orders all week taffeta, georgette, silk and cotton poplin and other silks. 1st floor, 48 West 22d.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists, Silk Underwear (finest) Wanted. — Cash. Phone Canal 1121.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at snappy styles, placing orders; also jobs for cash. Chic Dress, 39 West 34th.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted. — F. & H. shades 803, 526. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

GABARDINES Wanted.—Gera Mills 10764, navy; must be low price for cash; goods to be paid for same day received by express, which takes two days from New York. Selzer Garment Co., 14th and Locust Sts., St. Louis, Mo.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—All shades; quantity; spot cash. Pansy, 145 West 30th.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Plaids, dress patterns; quantities at low price for cash. Subin, Chelsea 7008.

GINGHAMS and Percales Wanted.—Must be cheap. Madison Square 8671.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—All kinds for cash. Solomon & Co., 160 5th Av.

GROS DE LONDRES Wanted.—All colors for immediate delivery. Phone Spring 3493.

GROS GRAINS Wanted.—24 inches wide, all colors. 3d floor, 244 5th Av.

HOSIERY and UNDERWEAR Wanted.—Will buy jobs or regular goods for immediate delivery. Franklin 3629.

LINING Wanted. — Paisley; must be under 40c.; large quantities for cash. Madison Square 5617.

LININGS Wanted.—Fancy; jobs or regular. Rothblin Co., 6 West 52d St.

MIDDY BLOUSES and Smocks Wanted.—Jobber open to buy large quantity and place order on snappy styles; call with samples. Henry Cohen & Co., 36 West 24th.

MILL ENDS Wanted.—Bleached or unbleached muslin or soft cotton 36 inches wide; case of 2,000 yards; submit samples and prices. Balch, Price & Co., Fulton and Smith Streets, Brooklyn.

PEAU DE CYGNES Wanted.—Henna, up to $1.12½. 3d floor, 244 5th Av.

POIRET TWILLS AND TRICOTINES Wanted.—Open for quantity. Silver & Co., 6 East 32d.

POIRET TWILL Wanted.—Good quality, all colors. Call with samples. Hemlein & Greentree, 1,333 Broadway, 36th St. entrance.

POIRET TWILLS, Tricotines, and Gaberdines Wanted.—All colors. Mad. Sq. 5825.

POIRET TWILL Wanted.—In shades; also serge, Witman's 9. Farragut 4245.

POIRET TWILL Wanted.—Garfields 4976 navy, rookie, tan. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

POPLINS Wanted.—American clay shade 976 or similar. Goldstein & Falk, 144 West 27th; Farragut 9323.

POPLINS Wanted.—American Woolen Co. poplins, high shades, for cash. Mad. Sq. 8160.

POPLIN Wanted.—Will exchange Joseph Greer poplin rookie for copen. Farragut 554.

POPLINS Wanted.—American black; also black serges. Philip Klein Bro., 11 West 32d.

POPLINS Wanted.—American 90610, all colors, including blacks, navies. Farr. 2616.

POPLIN Wanted.—Rookie, for cash. D. Zimmerman, 127 West 26th.

POPLIN Wanted.—Copenhagen, any make; cheap for cash. Chelsea 4616.

POPLIN Wanted.—High shades and navy. Knobel & Bloom, 145 West 30th.

SATIN BARONETTEN Wanted.—Open to buy satin Baronetten, for cash, all shades. Madison Square 6926.

SATINS Wanted.—White, 40 inches. Call afternoon. 87 5th Av., 3d floor.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 9, Clifton 4014, Cleveland's 9058; cheap for cash. Madison Square 3691.

SERGE Wanted.—09070 and 519, in black and navy. Leibman & Hurwitz, 133 West 21st.

SERGES Wanted.—1464, 11433, 104 and 0936, United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 4356.

SERGES Wanted.—0936 rookie; will pay cash 100 pieces 1464 at right price. Farragut 5759.

SERGES Wanted.—1464, 104, 11433, 809, 09070, W. F. X., 3850. Daviddoff Co. Madison Square 4622.

SERGES Wanted.—Cleveland 9058, navy and black; quality for cash. Haft, Farragut 9752.

SERGES Wanted. — Open to buy tan and copen double-warp storm serges. Call Farragut 4325.

SERGES, Velours, Broadcloths Wanted.—Open for large quantities, 838, 235, 9058, 9, 104, 99, 0360, 4281, high shades. Farr. 2961.

SERGES Wanted.—Plush silvertones, pile fabrics, fur effects; all kinds; must be cheap; cash. Farragut 9386.

SERGES Wanted. — Mannish; about $1.50 yard. Call with swatches, Lefkowitz, 43 West 27th.

SERGES Wanted. — Navy serges, Andrews 1464, Whitman 9 or similar. I. M. Phillips, 2 West 33d. Madison Square 9446.

SERGES Wanted.—Amoskeag, 6002, navy, low price, spot cash. Tel. Madison Sq. 1868.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for olive drab; spot cash; price must be right. J. C. Platt Clothing Co., 87 5th Av.

SERGES Wanted.—0936, tan and gray, or similar; also all-wool mixtures, tweeds, up to $1.75. Farragut 332.

SERGES Wanted. — 0036, 0970, shade 966; also 0609, navy. Phone Farragut 2570.

SERGES Wanted.—99, 0696, 0936, black and navy. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st St.

SERGES Wanted.—99, 104, 1464, 0609, 9070, 11433, 838, 235, for cash. Gramercy 3840.

SERGE Wanted.—Navy, rookie and gray. Knobel & Bloom, 145 West 30th.

SERGES Wanted.—Botany 780. Call Madison Sq. 1793.

## Buyers' Wants

*Ten cents per word each insertion.*

SERGE Wanted.—54289, or Lorraines 4215, in black; also other mannish serges, blue and black, 16 to 20 ounces; mail samples, with cash prices. Write W. M., 1619, St. James Building.

SERGE Wanted.—11433, navy, 100 pieces, spot cash, $1.50; no phone calls. Hemlein & Greentree, 1,333 Broadway, 36th St. entrance.

SERGES Wanted.—Mannish up to $1.50; also poiret twill. 44 East 25th St., 6th floor.

SERGES Wanted.—780 or 11433; Botany, for cash. Call Chelsea 2557.

SERGE Wanted.—104 cash or exchange for 11433, 519. Farragut 613.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235 navy; pay cash. Farragut 2616.

SERGES Wanted.—Rookie serge 104 or 09070. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SERGES Wanted.—Navy, black, 09070, 0936, 99, also men's wear. Greeley 1156.

SERGES Wanted.—0609, 54289, 7120, 1464. Gramercy 4941.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235, black, navy and 106 black. Madison Square 1969.

SERGES Wanted.—09070, 0936, 99, 9; no phone calls. 1,140 Broadway, 10th Floor.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, W. F. X., 16 East 33d, 4th floor. Murray Hill 5562.

SERGES Wanted.—Navy 838, 09070, 9. Farragut 3865.

SERGES Wanted.—American 0936 navy, botany 11433; quantity; cash. Greeley 2030.

SERGES Wanted.—99, 104, 09070, 9, 235, 1464, 0936, 8200. Gramercy 4475-6.

SERGE Wanted.—0609, black, $1.45, spot cash. Invincible Cloak, 124 West 24th.

SERGES Wanted.—0696, or will exchange navies for blacks. Mad. Sq. 7987.

SERGES Wanted.—10 pieces U. S. serge, navy, 235, for cash. Mad. Sq. 2180.

SERGES Wanted.—838, 104, 6234, 3850, cash. Grossman Bros., Madison Square 4620.

SERGES Wanted.—Men's wear and poplins. Farragut 3088.

SILKS Wanted.—Tub silk, satin stripes; lowest spot cash prices. Pansy, 145 West 30th.

SILKS Wanted.—Fancy and plain, peau de cygne at a price. Bernstein, 118 West 27th.

SILKS Wanted.—Job of fancy linings at price. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st St.

SILKS Wanted.—Fancy printed; about $1 yard. Lefkowitz, 43 West 27th.

SILVERTIP Wanted.—Bolivia Spring shades. Farragut 3885.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Reindeer, Holden & Leonard only. Louis Horowitz Co. Chelsea 1911.

SILVERTONES Wanted. — Open for large quantity of During and Milliken, all colors, for cash. Madison Square 1080.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Holden, Leonard's copen, gray, victory. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, Farragut 3757.

SILVERTONES Wanted. — All colors; also tricotines. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SKIRTS Wanted.—Jobber looking at snappy models; call with samples. Chicago Bargain House, 272 Canal St.

SUITS AND CAPES Wanted.—Jobbers placing stock orders on suits and capes of the better grade. 23 and 25 East 26th St., 5th floor.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Samples and close-outs, any quantity, for cash. Albert Terrakin Co., 38 West 32d St., Mad. Sq. 9049.

SUITS and Dolmans Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on new Spring suits and Dolmans. Call, rear elevator, 151 West 26th.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on blouse and box suits, better grade only. 11 East 31st St., 3d floor.

SUITS Wanted.—$14 to $20; exclusive jobber placing orders. 11 East 31st, 4th floor.

TAFFETA Wanted.—Beaver shade only; open for quantity. 320 5th Av., Room 1,104.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Botany 5889, navy; 284 and 167; also Garfield 4718, navy; 451 and 447; must be low price for cash; goods to be paid for same day received by express, which takes two days from New York. Selzer Garment Co., 14th and Locust Sts., St. Louis, Mo.

TRICOTINES and SERGES Wanted.—Saxonia 962, Joels, Garfield, and Lorraines, U. S., 235, 838. B. Hirschhorn Co., 39 West 29th St. Mad. Sq. 9066. Sol.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Tan 4718, 5782 or similar; 1464 navy, 0936 black, 644 Folwell's stripe, B. and W. worsted checks. Madison Square 10170.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Will exchange 4718 shade 451 and grey for rookie shade 423. Farragut 554.

TRICOTINE, NAVY and ROOKIE Wanted.—Also silvertones shade 453 H. & L. and other light shades. Madison Square 8777.

TRICOLETTE Wanted.—Can use a quantity at a price for cash. I. Rabinowitz Apparel Co., 37 West 28th; Farragut 3905.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Reade 5800, Garfields 4718, Lorraine 3683 similar, also Poiret twills cash. Farragut 5759.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield's 4718 navy, tan, rookie; also U. S. 235. M. Schiff & Bro., 14 West 32d.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—All colors; Reald's, Forstman & Huffman; also Garfield. Rosenberg Bros., 8 West 30th.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—4718 or similar, navy and black. Madison Square 6196.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—3683 Lorraine or 1417 Garfield; will pay $3.80. Madison Sq. 7233.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield's or Lorraines all colors. Chelsea 590.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield's 4718, all colors; will pay cash. Farragut 2616.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Poiret twill gabardines, 0360, for cash. Gramercy 1074.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Tan and rookie, Madison Square 9415.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield's 4718, navy, tan, and chinchilla. Madison Square 5406.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Botany 5934. 2 West 33d, Room 1220. Madison Square 1254.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield's 4718 or similar, all shades. Greeley 4376.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Cleveland or Garfield, all colors. B. Lasker, 122 West 26th.

UNDERWEAR Wanted.—Philippine embroidered, from direct importers. A 1052 Times Harlem.

VELOURS Wanted.—Spring shades; all makes. Farragut 3885.

VELOURS Wanted.—Stevens 4281, color 546, tan. Madison Square 8935.

VELOURS Wanted.—In high shades for spot cash. Farragut 4089.

VELOURS Wanted.—American heavyweight; must be cheap, for cash. Chelsea 6549.

VELOURS Wanted.—F. & H., 848, 526, 803. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

VELOURS Wanted.—Good quality, Spring shades. Karp Bros., 45 West 27th.

VELOUR Wanted.—Botany 5935, shade 309; cash. Gramercy 6174.

WAISTS Wanted.—Georgette, for spot cash; immediate delivery. Call or telephone S. Solomon, 470 4th Av.

WOOLENS Wanted.—All kinds, odds-ends; quantities, at a price. Oscar Kirsch, 56 West 22d.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—Open for 100 pieces assorted colors. Biltwell, 142 West 24th.

YALAMA Wanted.—Reindeer, Poilu; don't phone. Einhorn, 112 Madison Av.

## Offerings to Buyers

*Ten cents per word each insertion.*

BATHROBES.—Men's terry cloth, Government standard; will sell cheap. Room 518, 1,270 Broadway.

BEDSPREADS. — Turkish towels, pillow cases, napkins, huck towels, sheets, tablecloths, tops, Renfrew and union damask, crash toweling; will be offered for sale Tuesday, Feb. 11, 10:30 A. M. at 39 Lispenard St. D. S. Bellows.

BOYS' BLOUSES, Washable Suits.—Special lots. Lewis & Maisel, 110 Grand St.

BROADCLOTH. — High shades. Farragut 9386.

CASSIMERES.—30-inch, all-wool, 57½ cents. Room 213, 1,123 Broadway.

CHECKS.—Cotton and worsted checks; also all wool fancy mixture; below market price. Greeley 4376.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES.—Silk only; wonderful value and models; sizes 6 to 14; price $3.75 up. Greater N. Y. Silk, 44 East 23d.

COATS.—500 fur-trimmed cloth coats, 300 coatees, beaver, mole, and Baffin seal, 200 fur-trimmed plush coats; must be closed out regardless of cost. Harry Greenberg Co., 29 West 35th St.

COATS.—Dolmans and capes, in novelties; smart styles; also suits. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS.—Children's Spring coats, big values, all wool materials, at $3.25 up; pays to call. A. Bender & Son, 24 East 22d St.

COATS.—Winter, ladies', misses', juniors', at great sacrifice. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st St.

COATS, SUITS, DOLMANS, at attractive prices. Plotkin Bros., 110 West 25th St.

COATS.—2-14 Spring serges, poplins, checks. Kommel, 27 West 20th. Chelsea 9749.

COATS AND SUITS of the better kind to close out. Plager, 1,161 Broadway.

COATS, CAPES, $7.75 up; suits, $9.75 up. Schoen Weissman, 43 West 27th.

COATS.—Velours fur trimmed, to close out. Potter & Schattman, 31 West 31st.

## Offerings to Buyers

*Ten cents per word each insertion.*

COATS.—Fall cloth coats, fur and plush trimmed, half and full lined; willing to close out at a sacrifice. Kaplan-Weinstein, 150 West 22d.

COATS.—Winter heavy velours, silvertones, broadcloth, lightweight, velours, Thibets, fur trimmed; mixtures; high grade; cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS, SPRING SUITS.—Last season's stock; highest grades; 50c on the dollar. 7th Floor, 48 West 25th.

COATINGS.—Serges, mixtures, at reasonable prices. Oscar Kirsch, Gramercy 6648.

COTTON BUNTING.—Fine quality, fast colors; special price to close out. B 172 Times.

COTTON GOODS.—Annual inventory clearance sale at remarkably low prices of odd lots; second-remnants and regular goods; call at once for choice selection. Calbro Mills, 546-548 Broadway. Spring 814.

COTTON GOODS.—Black pongee, mercerized; very cheap. Solomon & Co., 160 5th.

COTTON POPLIN, 1,000 pieces 28-inch, and 1,000 pieces 36-inch Susquehanna chiffon; faille at 5c under market; all colors; immediate delivery. Z 318 Times Annex.

CRETONNES.—Large variety of good patterns, to close out, cheap. Morris Lhowe, 911 Broadway.

CRYSTAL CORDS.—Holden Leonard, Spring shades. Rosenberg Bros., 8 West 30th.

DAMASK.—Highest cases, 5 style, 600 A cable damask, 37½c per yard. B 177 Times.

DRESSES.—All wool Jersai dresses at $6.75 net; we also make satins, taffetas, and serges at prices cheaper than elsewhere; in spite of the strike we have large quantities for immediate delivery. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

DRESSES. — Immediate delivery, taffetas, satins, georgettes, $6.75-$16.50 special; Bahnsen's all-wool Jersey silk, braided, $8.90; all-wool French serge, braided, $5.50-$13.50; don't believe, come convince yourself. Felfer, 30 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—Below cost, for removal; serges, Gorgettes, taffetas; wonderful values; latest styles; greatly reduced prices; don't miss the opportunity to make a good buy. Casino Dress, 368 6th Av., at 23d.

DRESSES.—Jobs 700 serge dresses; newest Spring models; close out at a price; silk and georgette for immediate delivery. Wonder Dress Co., 152 West 25th.

DRESS LININGS.—Make dresses instead linings; we have thousands of ready-made linings, lingerie, and seco, cheaper, better than you make them. Farragut 8890.

DRESSES.—Children's dresses, 6-14, $7.50 dozen up; big values. Levi Bros., 55 West 3d.

DRESSES.—100 serge dresses and 200 party dresses, nifty styles, to close out at sacrifice prices. S. R. Kahn, 1,125 Broadway, N.Y.

DRESSES.—2000 serge and taffeta; snappy styles; $6.75 up; big values; immediate delivery. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES.—Serge, satin, georgette, taffeta; charming advanced models; specially priced. Annetta, 111 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Better grade silk, georgette, tricolet, serges; immediate delivery. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—5,000 silk and serges, assorted styles, at popular prices, for immediate delivery. Pan-American Dress, 12 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Susquehanna poplin dresses to close out at $3.75. L. Wiesen & Co., 1,123 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

DRESSES. — Jerseys, velveteens, serges, satins, taffetas; 50c on the dollar. 7th Floor, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES.—Taffetas and serges, on the racks; be sure and see these wonderful values. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

DRESSES.—Serge, satin, georgette, taffeta; charming advanced models; specially priced. Annetta, 111 West 27th.

DRESSES, all wool and silk, to close out at $6. Chatham Dress Co., 27 East 22d St.

DRESSES.—Susquehanna silk poplin dresses, $3.75. Queen, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Serges; 50 per cent. off; good styles. Fifth floor, 15 East 26th St.

DRESSES.—Job all wool serges and silks, $5. Queen, 114 West 26th.

DUVET DE LAINE.—Black, navy, 849, and other shades. Madison Square 6590.

GARBARDINES.—Tan, Pekin, gray, copen, navy, black, for immediate delivery. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

GEORGETTE.—Gray or finished; manufactured by Knickerbocker Ribbon Co. Madison Square 1034.

GINGHAMS.—Have 10,000 yards, immediate delivery, close out at price, account removal; no reasonable offer refused. Room 1514, 114 5th Av.

GINGHAMS and PERCALES, all kinds, big sacrifice. N. Y. Textile Exchange, 1,152 Broadway. Madison Square 8670.

GINGHAMS.—Amoskeag 19000, new spring plaids and stripes, 21c; 2-10, 60. Telephone 2153 Stuyvesant.

GEORGENS.—Heavy three-thread in all colors; very reasonable. Farragut 9501.

JEANS.—Blue Milton indigo, 4,000 yards for sale, cheap. Room 638, 200 5th Av.

LADIES' WAISTS, $9 goods for $6 doz. Louis Friedman, 713 Broadway.

LINENE, white, 20,000 yards; French finish; fine quality. Himivald, 115 West 27th.

LINING.—Clothing, 50 pieces, striped satin, suitable for clothing purposes; very cheap. Madison Square 1682.

LONGCLOTH.—300 pieces Burleigh longcloth, suitable underwear purpose, at 25c per yard. B 176 Times.

OVERALLS.—Women's khaki and blue chambray 2-piece suits; will close out cheap. Room 517, 1,270 Broadway.

PANAMAS.—Also high shades and black all-wool and cotton warp Pacifics and Whitmans in big variety. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

POIRET TWILL, 50,236 lot, navy, gray, and rookie; 50,003, shades black, navy, taupe, gray, and tan. Madison Square 6590.

POIRET TWILL.—Loraine 3667, seventy-two pieces, navy, five black. Cortland 6482, Ext. 2.

POIRET TWILLS.—Gera 50236 navy and colors. Madison Square 5466.

POPLINS AND PANAMAS.—P. P. L., 774, 767, 777, B. P. N. L., N. T. A., H. W. P., 228, 230, also shepherd checks; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d St.

POPLINS AND SERGES. — Pacific PPL, MFL, VSL, CFL, WFX; Juilliard's 54289, 4061; Cleveland 9288, 1209, 87; low prices; no phone calls. A. Agress & Son, 27 West 26th.

POPLINS.—06077, 90610, Saxonia 549, 8124, Metcalf 605, Jolesch 1100, Saldens 1095, Brightwood 4916, Dobson 503. Stuyvesant 735.

POPLINS.—06077, Jolesch, Dobson, Selden, Saxonia, Lorraine 3668, Folwell, 6709½, 6609½; closing out cheap. Greeley 1122.

POPLINS.—American, Selden, Dobson, Saxonia, Brightwood, Folwell, navy and black; below market price. Greeley 4876.

POPLINS—4860 15 Navy, cheap. Phone Farragut 5668 at 10 A. M.

POPLINS. — American 6709½, navy and black, $1.12½ net. Madison Square 5825.

POPLINS.—American 06077, Brightwood 4768 navy and black. Madison Square 5466.

POPLIN.—774 Whitman's navy, black, $1.75; Pekin velour botany, $2.75. Greeley 1156.

POPLINS.—Navy 774, botany 315, 6 green, very cheap. Gramercy 5037.

POPLIN.—774 Whitman's navy and black. Chelsea 2210.

RED FLANNEL.—12 pieces all wool Claflin's 27s. H. Markowitz Sons, 6890 Madison Square.

SATEENS.—300 pieces assorted sateens, colors, teco sateens; immediate delivery; 22c. B 175 Times.

SECO SILK, nainsook, cambrics, voiles, burgundies; big sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8670.

SECO SILK, white and colors, 23½c. Standard Textile Exchange, 1,123 Broadway. Farragut 4506.

SERGES and POPLINS.—235, 838, 1464, Botany 809, 11433, Garfields 519, 528, Gera 787, 10707, Jamestown 9302, 7120, 54289, 7008, W. F. X., M. F. L., 7301, 7614, Whitman's 774 black and navy, 228, P. P. L., B. P. N. L., American poplins 90610, 06077, also big variety fancy skirtings Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES.—On terms, low prices; 3, 235, 7512, 9058, 9958, 774, 9288, 9302, 90610, 09070, 6609½, 06077, 6709½, 7614, 7301, 2109, 1855, 94, 925, 528, 519, 805, 10388, 2892, Amesbury, 1051, XX, 3020, 6400, 5866, 3850, 0302, 87. Telephone Gramercy 2196.

SERGES.—9288, 7713, 3643, 3702, 10453, M. F. L., V. S. L., 54289, 4061, W. F. X., F. S. G., C. S., C S G., W. S. G., S. B. G. L., T. P. S., 1717, K. S., 1209, 1210; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—0936, 925, 809, 11433, 3395, 113, 838, 3, 54289, 780, 9056, 7120, 6614, 7801, 6301, 6122, 4061, 87, 1209, 1210, 90610, 767. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Tel. Spring 6311, Spring 6312.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—528, 104, 809, 11433, 7120, 6120, 3850, 09070, 2205 VSL, 1209, 1210 MFL, 3665, 4860, 774, 227, 4002; also tricotines in high colors. Shainberg & Schoenfeld, 257 4th Av. Gramercy 1989.

SERGES.—09070, 787, 0936, 41, 9302, 99, 1464, 809, 519, 11433, 528, 7301, W. F. X.; other popular numbers; quantity very cheap. Grossman Bros. Madison Square 4620.

SERGE DRESSES.—1,000 all wool serge dresses at $5. Meyer Bosniak, 20 West 27th St.

SERGES.—7120 black and navy 54289 tans, poplin, navy 774, 6009, 503, and 639 gera. Herman Bruner, Gramercy 4264.

SERGES.—1464, $1.82½; 11433, $1.77½; 7120, $1.50; 54280, $1.45; W. F. X., $1.30; 54292, $1.60; 528, $1.75; net 70 days. Mad. Sq. 5669.

## Offerings to Buyers

*Ten cents per word each insertion.*

SERGES.—54289, 764, 9056, 7008, 7512, 7120, 11433, 7713, 9288, 0609, 4002, 774 poplin, 2137 Fram; also Loraine taffeta. Utopia Mills, 29 East 21st St. Gramercy 4475-6.

SERGES.—0936, 838, 1464, 3850, W. F. X., 7120, S. B. G. L., velours and broadcloths; Spring and Fall shades below market prices. 3633 Madison Square.

SERGES.—6002, Amoskeag 90c.; 809 Botany $1.80; K. S. W. Pacific $1.62½; 774 Whitman $1.75; 3667 Lorraine $2.25. R. Smith & Co., Chelsea 5557.

SERGES.—11433 navy, tan 6120, 7120, 3665, black, navy, copen, fastolite, navy, Greer, Poiret twill, navy and black, tartan plaid. Ask for Joe. Greeley 824.

SERGES.—Call us up to submit you our prices on serges, poplins, and velours. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 1337-4356.

SERGES.—Will sell 35 pieces tan 1210 single cuts, or exchange for black or navy with blue warp or CSG. Barash, 36 West 20th. Chelsea 7903.

SERGES.—6 pieces, light weight, black, storm serge, exchange for blue or sell cheap. Spring 4148.

SERGES.—09070, 519, 11433, 7120, 7614, 8200 L. W. F.; very cheap. Weinstein Co., Mad. Sq. 2639.

SERGES.—Jamestown, 2039; Gera, 925, 7008; Broadhead, 8000; Juilliards, 54, 274; others. 7 West 30th St., 8th floor.

SERGES.—54289, 7 navy, 1 plum, 2 tan, $1.37½; style 4061, 7 navy, 2 burg., 1 plum, 80c.; all or none. Agress, 27 W. 26th.

SERGES, Poplins, Velours.—Cutting-up trade; quick delivery. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

SERGES and POPLINS.—9070, 936, 0609, 8200, 11433, 9, 6234, very cheap. Gram. 3840.

SERGES.—1464, $1.82½; 11433, $1.77½; 4632, $1.92½; 54289, $1.45; W. F. X., $1.30; 54292, $1.60; 528, $1.75; net 70 days. Mad. Sq. 5669.

SERGES.—Heubschman's 41-134, Stevens 3850, also Lorraine 4215, for reasonable offer. Stuyvesant 4542.

SERGES.—7301, 6614, 4084, cotton warp, 0936, also 6709½, 6609½; cheap to close. Greeley 1121.

SERGE.—S. B. G. L., all colors, cheap; 767. Phone Chelsea 7897.

SERGES.—Poplins, velours, all kinds; low prices. Barnett, Farragut 3148.

SERGES and Poplins.—838, 0936, 0310, 9, very reasonable. Murray Hill 1791.

SERGES.—519, 11433, will sell cheap. Call Madison Square 2639. Extension 15.

SERGE.—09070 Americans, 0609, 719 Clevelands, black, poiret twill. Chelsea 9529.

SERGE.—Tan, 15 pieces Lorraine 3665. Madison Square 882.

SERGES.—7002, 63 navy, 58 black, 90 cents. David Esterson, Stuy. 7440.

SERGES.—Amoskeag 7614, navys; large quantity cheap. Call Stuyvesant 2153.

SERGE.—3850 navy. Telephone Gramercy 3445.

SERGES.—American 0696 navy, right price. Farragut 332.

SERGES.—235, 0936, 09070, Gilbert's 8200, 0609, 7512, poplins. Madison Square 9837.

SERGE.—7120 navy, $1.40. Jacob Kaplan, 213 Clinton St. Orchard 7533.

SERGES.—54289 navy, 30 pieces, $1.35 net cash. Gramercy 5721.

SERGE.—Botany 70, navy and black, $1.50. Madison Sq. 3029.

SERGE.—54289, 28 pieces; 528, 10 pieces, to close out cheap for cash. Farragut 2883.

SERGES.—235 U. S., $2.35 net; 838 U. S., $2.25 net. Tel. Stuyvesant 2515.

SHEPHERD CHECKS.—36-inch, immediate delivery; very good cloth. Middleton Mills, 236 4th Av. Gramercy 2058.

SILKS. — Immediate delivery; georgettes, Georgines, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, files, charmeuse, satins, taffets, tussahs, domestic; all grades and colors; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery; crepe meteors, fancy silks, radiums, wash satins, crepe de chines, peau de cygnes, georgettes. Berwick Silk Mfg. Co., Madison Square 7189.

SILK POPLIN, Susquehanna, very reasonable. United, 12 West 21st. Chelsea 2210.

SILVERTONES, all colors, including tan, rookie, and reindeer. Madison Square 1520.

SKIRTS. — Susquehanna high-lustre poplin, $2; fancy silk novelty, $2.25 up; biggest value; Spring models; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk, 44 East 23d.

SKIRTS. — Susquehanna poplin, $1.62½; serges, wool poplins, satin skirts, checks, stripes, plaids; 50c on the dollar. 7th floor, 48 West 25th St.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna silk poplins, $2. Ford, 114 West 26th.

SKIRTS.—All wool poplins, all wool serge, job, $2.25. Nivel, 114 West 26th.

SUITS, DOLMANS AND CAPES in a variety of styles and cloths, for immediate delivery, $6.75 to $27.50. F. J. Gelfond & Co., 141-143 West 28th St.

SUITS, with Vestees; Dolman Coats Wanted. —Placing stock orders. Call all week, 9th floor, 11 West 32d.

SUITS.—High-class Spring coats, Dolmans, capes; the best; immediate delivery. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

SUITS.—Exceptional values manish serge box suits, $10.75. Excello, 142 West 24th.

SUITS.—All wool, light weight poplins, $10.75. Supreme Mfg., 19 West 24th.

SWEATER COATS.—Fiber and mercerized sweater coats in large varieties; perfect merchandise in good assortments; big opportunity for large operators. Spring 6197.

TAFFETA.—All changeable colors and black, $1 up; tub silk in colors; low prices. Eagle Skirt. 44 West 28th.

TAFFETAS.—Navy, Japan blue, dust, gray; at a price. Room 801, 381 4th Av.

TAPE.—Extra superfine two-ply bleached, all widths, bulk or box put up, immediate or future delivery, also unbleached, mill prices. Murray Hill 5500.

TRICOLETTE. — Perfect merchandise in colors, low prices. Address A. 407 Times Downtown.

TRICOTINE.—Navy Saxonias 962, also Andrews 5782, all colors. Gramercy 1899-6726.

TRICOLETTE.—Pure fibre silk, 45 inches wide, all desirable colors, $3.75 per yard. Madison Square 5373.

TRICOTINES.—Also 09070 and men's wear serge; also Whitman's 774. Chelsea 6018.

TRICOTINE.—4718, navy, black, tan, 367, net, $3.85; no brokers. R 199 Times.

TRICOTINES.—All colors, $3.20; Poiret twill; also Dunmore 0310 serge. Farragut 5759.

TRICOTINE.—Garfields 5002 tan, Copen, gray and navy. Murray Hill 4318.

TUSSAH.—Silk and cotton; big assortment; beautiful patterns; special; 42½c. Standard Textile Exchange, 1,123 Broadway. Farragut 4506.

VENETIAN.—Marquise de Luxe, black, quantity, cheap. Stuyvesant 482.

VELOUR.—F. & H., shades 849. Madison Square 6590.

VELOURS.—At close out prices; also poiret twills. Mad. Sq. 8434.

VELVETEENS.—For immediate delivery, 22, 27, and 36, black and colors. Riverside Textile Co., Gramercy 6480.

VENETIANS. — 32-inch domestic venetians, 150 pieces, 26½c.; 32-inch imported twill venetians, 200 pieces, 40c.; 32-inch imported venetians, 200 pieces, 42½c. Box D. S., 104 East 14th St.

VOILES.—Fancy voiles, 17½c; plain white, 16c. upward; colored voiles, good quality, 23½c. Standard Textile Exchange, 1,123 Broadway. Farragut 4506.

WAISTS.—Exceptional values, staple sellers, immediate deliveries; Voile, $9@10.50 a dozen. Princess Waist Co., 20 West 22d St., City.

WAISTS.—New styles; voile and organdy, $8.50 dozen; hand-embroidered georgine, $21.50 dozen. Belmore Waist Co., 27 W. 24th.

WAISTS.—Voiles, $6.50 per dozen; Georgette, Georgeene, crepe de chine, highest grade, 50c on the dollar; 7th floor. 48 West 25th St.

WAISTS.—1,500 dozen cotton and silk to close out. Reading Waist Co., 28 West 22d St.

WAISTS.—Big job in georgette, crepe waists, to close out. Schwartz Bros., 38 West 26th St.

WASH SKIRTS.—300 dozen, to close out at a price. Manhattan Mfg. Co., 87 5th Av.

WOOL JERSEY.—Dress weight, all Spring shades, $2.25. Madison Square 3029.

WOOL JERSEY.—12-ounce, low price. A. Orently, 7 West 22d.

22 KHAKI KOOL, Mallinson's white, natural, and grey; will sell cheap. Call Madison Square 2639. Extension 15.

### Allied Industries.

BUTTONHOLE MACHINE to work buttonholes up to 3 inches in length; send sample of work and quote lowest cash price. Chattanooga Button and Badge Mfg Co.

CANVAS.—2720, 20c; 1620, 22½c; B 3 X, 19c; terms 3% 10. Imported twill venetians, 32-inch marquise finish, 45c; imported plain venetian, 32-inch, marquise finish, 47½c; imported plain, 54-inch, marquise finish, 87½c; double warp black serge, 32-inch, 47½c; 2%. 10. Spring 9579-8170.

CHEVRONS.—Red and blue felt, $2.50 a gr. immediate delivery. Clinton Novelty Co., 21 East 14th. Telephone 2153 Stuyvesant.

CHEVRONS.—To close out, gold and silver tinsel braid, $5 per gross. Spring 9573 Military Headgear, 55 West 3d St.

JOBBER looking at taffeta suits and cape coats, Monday and Tuesday. A. Jacobs, 30 West 32d.

## Offerings to Buyers

*Ten cents per word each insertion.*

### Allied Industries.

SCISSORS.—800 pairs of Wiss 10-inch blade, guaranteed perfect all or parts; also 400 Vaughan & Sutton A1 cross-cut and rip saws, 28-inch; bargain. Walden-Butler Co., 281 Butler St., Brooklyn.

TENNIS SHOES.—Several hundred cases, at half price for cash. Berlow, 110 Duane St.

### Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTOR on fine silk dresses; only settled shop; no samples required. 9 West 35th, 6th floor.

CONTRACTORS on georgette waists, out of town factory; state where plant is located. B 54 Times.

CONTRACTORS on silk dresses. 450 4th Av. Lauretta Skirt Co.

CONTRACTOR wanted on ladies' cotton waists. L. S., 217 Times.

### Help Wanted.

SALESMEN, prominent coat house, specializing on pile fabric coats, want salesmen for Iowa, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Michigan, North and South Dakota, Kansas, Nebraska; will consider men who can produce large volume business; commission basis; line ready March 1; answers confidential. Box S., 614, 1,265 Broadway.

SALESMAN for best line of flapper coats and girls' coats in the market; commission or salary. Julius L. Goldstein, 153 West 23d. Phone Farragut 596.

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| Watts | Edison's Price | Our Price |
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| 60 | .40 | .28 |
| 100 | .85 | .60 |

NITROGEN LAMPS

| Watts | Edison's Price | Our Price |
|---|---|---|
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| 100 | 1.10 | .77 |
| 150 | 1.65 | 1.15 |
| 200 | 2.20 | 1.54 |

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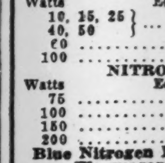

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## Auctions.

PUBLIC SALE.

The assets of Newark Bay Smelting and Refining Company, foot of Plum Point Lane and Avenue R, Newark, N. J., (meadows,) will be offered at public sale to the highest bidder on Friday, February 14, 1919, at 2:00 P. M., at the plant of the Company, located as above.

The assets consist of 13 acres of land with buildings, machinery, and personal property used in the smelting and refining of base metals.

The assets will be sold in whole or in parcels as may seem best on the day of sale.

The sale will be subject to confirmation by the Chancellor at the Chancery Chambers, (Prudential Building,) Newark, N. J., on Monday, February 17, 1919, at 10 A. M.

In the meantime the Receivers, at their office, 790 Broad Street, Newark, N. J., will receive private bids for the whole or part of the said assets as may be deemed best. These bids are also subject to the confirmation by the Chancellor at the Chancery Chambers in Newark on Tuesday, February 11, 1919, at 10 A. M., or later, if the hearing be adjourned. They shall remain acceptable by the receivers until Monday, Feb. 17, 1919, the time when bids at public sale will be subject to confirmation, as before stated.

Creditors and stockholders and others interested shall have the right to submit bids to the receivers either on February 11th or February 17, 1919, or at any time before the court shall have ordered the receivers to transfer the property to be sold. The property may be inspected at 10 A. M. on the day of sale.

CHARLES C. PILGRIM,
THOMAS C. MOFFATT,
Receivers,
790 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.
SAMUEL VAN POZNACK, Auctioneer.
Newark, N. J., February 6, 1919.

NOTICE OF SALE.

The undersigned will sell at public sale, to highest bidder, at twelve o'clock noon on February 21, 1919, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, at Real Estate Exchange Rooms, 14 Vesey Street, Manhattan, N. Y. City, 46,440 shares of capital stock of Mineral Milling Company and promissory notes of Mineral Milling Company, bearing interest 5% per annum, payable semi-annually, the principal of all of said notes being payable on or before August 10, 1919, four of said notes dated November 21, 1917, three for $10,000 each and one for $3,614.60; one dated March 12, 1918, for $11,074.98; one dated June 10, 1918, for $690.99; and one dated October 28, 1918, for $1,827.34, all reciting security by mortgage between the maker and Hazel Arizona Silver Mining Company, dated November 5, 1917, and all endorsed by Hazel Arizona Silver Mining Company, said stock and notes belonging to and being held for the account of Hazel Arizona Silver Mining Company, of Phoenix, Arizona, and deposited by it as collateral under pledge agreement with the undersigned dated November 20th, 1917, to secure bonds issued for advancements and secured by mortgage dated November 20th, 1917, defaults on which have occurred.

Dated February 3, 1919.
BEER, SONDHEIMER & CO., INC.,
61 Broadway, New York City.

Wilmerding, Morris & Mitchell,
Auctioneers, 470 BROOME ST.
THURSDAY, FEB. 13TH,
promptly at 10 o'clock
WOOLENS AND WORSTEDS
for Men's and Women's Wear,
SILK GOODS
Plain and Fancy Cotton Fabrics,
including, for account of whom it may concern, an attractive offering of
CRASH TOWELINGS,
Damasks, Table Covers, Napkins, Sheets, all samples. Will be sold without reserve.

## Auctioneers.

Chas. Shongood, Auct'r, 539 B'way
Will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.

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Van Praag & Co., 537 Broadway. Spring 2242.

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Tel. Farragut 9660-9662.

## U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York. Notice is given that the Lehigh Valley Transportation Company, owner of the steamtug "Mahanoy," has filed its petition for limitation of liability for any loss, destruction, damage or injury from said vessel on the 26th day of February, 1918. Stipulated value of vessel and freight, $80,592.19. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury must prove their claims before Henry W. Goodrich, Commissioner, at 49 Wall Street, New York City, on or before February 24 1919, or be defaulted. THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.

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And you can bank on Rosebud in more than one sense—your profits will testify to the wonderful value of the Rosebud line—Dresses at $2.75 to $10.00—Wash Skirts at $12.00 to $60.00 a dozen. Pay us a first visit today!

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*Quality Merchandise at Lowest Prices.*
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Feature *Strikingly Different* Summer Dresses in every available, smart material. Models of Ramie Linen & French Linen a specialty

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WAISTS *of* COTTON

Plain or fancy
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You can buy Stout Dresses embracing style, quality, and workmanship anywhere. But it is not enough. To possess merchandising possibilities you must have also the RIGHT PRICE.

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129 WEST 27th ST.

ETKIN BROS.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE OUR BEAUTIFULLY TAILORED SUITS AT $16.75.

106 WEST 32D STREET

# TRUCKS HOLD STAGE AT SHOW THIS WEEK

### Will Be Greatest Exhibit of Commercial Motor Cars Ever Brought Together.

### FARM TRACTORS ALSO THERE

### Figures Tell Growth of Use and Greatly Increased Production Last Year Despite the War.

Automobile interest this week will be centred chiefly in the value of the motor car as a freight transportation medium. The second stage of New York's automobile show will be opened this evening at 8 o'clock in Madison Square Garden and the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory, but instead of richly upholstered passenger cars, there will be seen the greatest exhibit, both in number and variety, of commercial motor vehicles that has ever been shown together in the United States.

More than sixty different manufacturers will show their particular products, each one presenting from two to half a dozen models, including everything usable in motor trucks from one to six-ton carrying machines, besides a large variety of lighter delivery wagons, ranging from the half-ton to the one-ton type.

In addition to the trucks a number of trailers will be shown, and several farm tractors, including the Fordson tractor, designed by Henry Ford over a year ago to help food production here and abroad. Several thousand of them are now in use in some parts of the United States and in England and France. This will be the first public exhibit of the Fordson tractor in the East. Most of them in use in this country are on the farms of the Middle West, but Mr. Ford is making plans to build them in large quantities in a factory in New Jersey and one near Albany.

**Many New Makes Shown.**

While no absolutely new models or makes outside of the Essex car were seen in the passenger show last week, the truck show will contain more than a dozen newcomers into the commercial motor car field. Among these will be a ton Oldsmobile delivery wagon made in the same factory as the passenger car of the same name; the Shaw truck, made in Chicago; the Traffic truck, made in St. Louis; the West, a new electric truck, made in this city; the Fulton truck, made at Farmingdale, L. I.; the new Paige truck, made by the builders of the Paige-Detroit car at Detroit, while the builders of the Rainier and the Stewart trucks will display two new models added this season.

The war has shown the importance and value of the motor truck for quick transportation such as was never realized before. American makers sent to the allied countries during the four years of war more than 53,000 motor trucks of various sizes of an aggregate wholesale value of $152,670,000. The United States Army and Navy ordered large quantities. From the time the United States entered the war in April, 1917, to Nov. 11, 1918, when the armistice was signed, these two departments placed orders and contracts for 204,760 motor trucks, of which 90,727 were produced by Dec. 1, 1918, and more than 36,000 were due on uncanceled orders.

The Statistics Branch of the Army General Staff showed on Nov. 11 there had been produced on War Department contracts a total of 83,330 motor trucks, including 55,563 two-wheel drive trucks, 16,934 four-wheel-drive trucks, and 10,893 ambulances. Of these there had been shipped overseas 30,417 two-wheel-drive and 9,420 four-wheel-drive trucks and 6,981 ambulances, a total of 46,818.

What the motor truck industry accomplished for the army will be better appreciated by stating that the whole production of commercial motor vehicles in 1914—the last ante-bellum year—was reported by the Bureau of Census as only 25,375, valued at $45,098,464, or less than half the production of war trucks alone during the year just closed—56,410.

**Use Greatly Increased.**

In addition to the military trucks there were produced last year 162,646 commercial vehicles for essential civilian use, the majority required by plants engaged on war orders; by farmers, commission merchants, wholesale grocers, and others for hauling farm produce and manufactured foods; by textile mills and clothing factories; by contractors and other industrial and commercial enterprises necessary to the successful conduct of the war or the welfare of the people.

Notwithstanding the curtailed production in 1918, due to the war restrictions, the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce reported that the commercial production of the year was 227,250 cars, an increase of practically 100,000 over the preceding year, when the total production was only 128,157. In New York State the use of motor trucks for necessary highway transportation increased by nearly 20,000 in 1918 over 1917, while the gain in New York City was 7,000.

The total number of commercial motor vehicles registered in New York State at the close of 1918 was 75,268, while New York City has about 32,000. The total estimated national production for 1918 is placed at 327,930 by C. C. Hauch, Chief of the Automobile Products Section of the War Industries Board and one of the Directors of the National Chamber of Commerce.

During the show week several meetings of interest to the industry and users of commercial vehicles will be held. The most important will be a convention of motor truck manufacturers opening tomorrow in the rooms of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce at 7 East Forty-second Street. Addresses on different uses of commercial cars and motor truck transportation possibilities will be made by Fourth Assistant Postmaster General James I. Blakeslee, Windsor T. White, Colonel Fred Glover of the Quartermaster's Department, U. S. A.; C. A. Wales, E. J. Mehren, George M. Graham, David C. Fenner, E. J. Herbig, and David Beecroft.

On Thursday night the Motor Truck Association of America will hold a dinner and conference at the Automobile Club of America in West Fifty-fourth Street. The truck show this week will continue through Saturday night, being open every day after tonight in both the Garden and the Armory from 10 o'clock in the morning.

# OPPOSE CHANGE IN NAME.

### Business Men Protest Against Ypres Square Proposal.

Merchants and business men in the vicinity of Broadway and Thirty-fourth Street oppose the proposal made to the Board of Aldermen a few days ago that the name of Greeley Square be changed to Ypres Square. At the next meeting of the Aldermanic Committee on Public Thoroughfares, which has the matter under consideration, the Broadway Association will oppose any attempt to change the name of the square.

Broadway business men declare that they have suffered for years from a torn-up and wrecked condition of their thoroughfare and that Greeley Square up to quite recently has been a fair sample of what has happened in the war zone, but they say they do not want to be unnecessarily reminded of their recent past.

In opposing the changing of the name of Greeley Square the Broadway Association takes the position that the old and well-established names of streets and public places in Manhattan Island, as well as throughout the city, should not be changed.

# ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALBERT LEA, Minn.—Skinner, Chamberlain & Co.; Miss S. Frysile, house dresses, waists; Wallick.

ANGOLA, Ind.—Stifel Bros.; L. C. Stifel, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

AUSTIN, Texas—E. M. Scarbrough & Sons; J. H. Bohlender, basement, cut glass, silverware; J. W. Scarbrough, J. J. Yeates, G. V. Landrum, dry goods; 116 W. 32d.

ATLANTA, Ga.—M. Rich & Bros Co.; J. McNair, domestics; 1,150 B'way; Latham.

BALTIMORE—H. Sonneborn & Co.; B. Makover, woolens; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—The Hut; Mrs. H. Sloman, ready to wear; 53 West 14th.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss A. Brower, millinery; 2 West 37th.

BALTIMORE—Mirvis & Small; B. Mirvis, general merchandise; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; F. Quelimalz, cotton piece goods; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Cahn-Coblens Co.; S. H. Blum, toys; Pennsylvania.

BANGOR, Me.—Besse-Ashworth Co.; G. C. Dorr, ladies' suits, coats, dresses, waists, millinery; Brotzell.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Sisson Bros. & Welden Co.; Miss A. M. Reardon, ladies' wear; Breslin.

BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; A. G. Sanborn, silks; S. A. Campbell, handkerchiefs; C. H. Berry, notions; E. A. Pitman, books; C. C. Ferrers, children's shoes; G. H. Hitchcock, men's clothing; W. G. Lewis, women's shoes; D. W. Edwards, millinery; W. G. Myers, waists, sweaters; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss M. M. Healy, Miss L. M. Sweeney, Miss K. McDugal, corsets; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—"Butler's"; Mr. Fernold, domestics, linens, toys; 1,150 B'way.

BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; T. P. Watson, hosiery; 230 5th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; O. C. Lynch, laces, trimmings, ribbons, handkerchiefs; 2 West 37th.

CANTON, Ohio—The Kenny Bros. Co.; J. H. Kenny, suits, silks, wash, dress goods; Miss Frank, Miss Kenny, waists, dresses, sweaters; Penn.

CHICAGO—Hillman & Co.; H. M. Hillman, jobs silk waists; 277 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Boston Store; J. Capinsky, jewelry, leather goods; L. Koritsky, linens; Miss O'Connor, corsets; Miss K. O'Leary, laces, embroideries; Miss Kaufman, h'dk'fs; K. Trilling, Mr. Degan, men's, boys' clothing; Miss R. Lambert, gloves; B. J. Ryan, domestics, white goods, blankets; Miss Bogin, waists; B. P. Nolan, dress goods; Mrs. Eisendrath, cloaks, suits; 44 E. 23d.

CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward & Co.; E. B. Alcombrack, notions, art needlework; 309 6th Av.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Mrs. C. Christianson, infants' wear; 1,107 B'way.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; A. W. Van Buren, notions; 13 East 22d St., Flanders.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Mrs. E. A. O'Connell, misses' waists, dresses; Mrs. F. E. Skinner, waists; 1,107 B'way.

CHICAGO—The Fair; C. W. Knoepfel, sporting goods, cameras, auto supplies; 225 4th Av; Commodore.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; K. C. Johnstone, millinery; 1,107 B'way.

CHICAGO—S. P. Platt, furs; McAlpin.

CINCINNATI—John Shillito Co.; C. C. Vosburgh, upholstery goods; 432 4th Av.; Navarre.

CINCINNATI—Alms & Doepke Co.; Miss Kiefer, shirtwaists; 350 B'way.

CINCINNATI, Ohio—Alms & Doepke Co.; Miss C. Kavanaugh, ladies' muslin underwear; 350 B'way; Waldorf.

CLEVELAND—Hart & Co.; J. W. Mason, silk, ribbons, laces; 37 West 32d, Bristol.

CLEVELAND—Hirsch Co.; Miss E. Cohen, waists, skirts; 470 4th Av.

CLEVELAND—W. J. Harkness, toys; Park Av.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—Hirsch Co.; Mrs. D. Cohn, Spring dresses; 470 4th Av.

CLEVELAND—Wm. Taylor Son & Co.; W. W. Wentworth, toys, house furn. goods, china, glass; 470 4th Av.

CLEVELAND—Printz, Biederman Co.; W. A. Badger, J. R. Printz, piece goods; Room 1210, 200 5th Av.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Graves Cloak House; Mrs. E. R. Graves, Miss J. E. Nessmith, coats, suits; Breslin.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Z. L. White Co.; T. E. N. Taylor, domestics, dress goods, silks, laces; W. G. Burton, dry goods; 1,270 B'way; Imperial.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Morehouse-Martens Co.; Miss Ayers, waists; 6 W. 32d.

DALLAS—Sanger Bros.; H. H. Calvert, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 19 East 24th.

DANVILLE, Ill.—Weiss Bros.; O. Weiss, house dresses, muslin underwear; 116 West 32d.

DAYTON, Ohio—Rike-Kumler Co.; H. P. Dickey, representing; H. S. Ames, general merchandise; Miss M. Garlock, misses', children's ready-to-wear; Miss T. Bohlender, ribbons; Miss K. A. Rowland, notions; F. F. Ditman, representing; 225 5th Av.

DAYTON, Ohio—Rike, Kumler Co.; J. H. Rike, J. G. Kumler, M. G. Linderman, dry goods; 225 5th Av.

DECATUR, Ill.—Wm. Gushard, dyes; H. C. Hill, notions, furnishing goods; R. Frisch, dry goods; 44 East 23d, Woodward.

DECATUR, Ill.—Linn & Scruggs D. G. Co.; C. W. Poole, laces, neckwear, veilings; 1,133 Broadway; Longacre.

DENVER, Col.—The Denver D. G. Co.; Mr. Wyatt, talking machines; 200 5th Av.

DES MOINES, Iowa—Younker Bros.; A. Younker, gloves, ribbons, handkerchiefs; 303 5th Av.

DES MOINES, Iowa—Harris-Emery Co.; J. F. Nichols, jewelry, gloves, leather goods; Miss L. Byerly, jewelry; 1,150 B'way.

DETROIT—Newcomb-Endicott Co.; F. T. Buchanan, F. L. Black, carpets; 500 5th Av.

DETROIT—Crowley Bros.; E. A. Burkhardt, notions; 43 Leonard.

DETROIT, Mich.—Newcomb-Endicott Co.; H. J. Adler, lamps, housefurn. goods, furniture; 200 5th Av.

EASTON, Penn.—Ross Millinery Co.; G. Gross, flowers, fancies; 621 B'way.

FALL RIVER, Mass.—E. S. Brown Co.; A. F. O'Malley, jobs women's Spring coats, suits, dresses, skirts, waists, children's wear; Penn.

FRESNO, Cal.—E. Gottschalk & Co.; H. Davison, cotton piece goods, linens, draperies, bedding; 116 West 32d.

GRAND RAPIDS—Stein Co.; H. Stein, Spring suits, capes; 470 4th Av.

GRAND RAPIDS—Chas. Franklin & Co.; Miss V. Monroe, laces; Mrs. Holmes, ribbons; 432 4th Av.

GRAND RAPIDS—Wurtzburg D. G. Co.; J. L. Sommer, Miss Vass, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.

GREENVILLE, S. C.—Hobbs-Henderson Co.; C. O. Hobbs, ready-to-wear; 23 East 26th.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Kaufmann's Underselling Stores; Mr. Kaufmann, waists, children's Winter coats; 37 W. 26th.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Bowman & Co.; R. H. Yarwood, toys; 1,270 Broadway.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Bowman Co.; Miss Krause, ribbons, laces, neckwear; 1,270 Broadway; Cumberland.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Bowman & Co.; H. H. Bowman, dry goods; 1,270 Broadway.

HAZLETON, Penn.—P. Delsroth Sons; A. G. Delsroth, coats, suits; 404 4th Av.

HERKIMER, N. Y.—H. G. Munger Co.; E. L. Jackson, coats, suits; 404 4th Av.; Park Av.

HOLYOKE, Mass.—McAnslan & Wakelin Co.; J. H. Wakelin, Miss H. Croy, ladies' suits, laces, gloves, millinery; Cumberland.

HUNTSVILLE, Ala.—The Famous; T. T. Terry, ready-to-wear; 1,123 Broadway; Park Av.

INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; Miss B. Fishman, waists; Miss P. McKamey, millinery; 116 W. 32d.

INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; Mrs. A. G. Patterson, Miss J. McEvoy, art needlework; 225 5th Av.

INDIANAPOLIS—Traugott Bros.; E. Traugott, men's clothing, furn. goods, hats, caps, boys' clothing; Penn.

INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; Miss C. M. Mansfield, women's, misses', children's wear; 225 5th Av.

JACKSON, Miss.—R. E. Kennington Co.; R. E. Kennington, notions, hosiery, jewelry; 141 Madison Av.

JOHNSTOWN, Penn.—M. Nathan & Bro.; M. Segel, men's, women's furnishing goods; 37 West 26th; Latham.

JOHNSTOWN, Penn.—M. Nathan & Bro.; Miss Melanophy, millinery; Mr. Jacobs, coats, suits, skirts, dresses; 37 W. 26th.

KANSAS CITY—Emery, Bird, Thayer D. G. Co.; Mr. Rossner, toys; Miss Richcreek, laces; Mrs. Ellis, art embroideries; 25 Madison Av.

KANSAS CITY—Woolf Bros.; Mrs. M. L. Carter, ready-to-wear; Penn.

KENTON, Ohio—D. B. Nourse, Son & Co.; B. B. Nourse, Miss Bauman, Miss Harod, ready-to-wear; Latham.

KNOXVILLE—S. H. George & Sons; W. J. Tonkin, notions, hosiery, gloves, hdkfs, neckwear; 1,150 B'way.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Cloos Co.; Mrs. S. Galvin, dresses; 15 East 26th.

LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Sons; O. S. Balzer, jewelry, leather goods; 225 5th Av.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Falk Otterheimer Hat Co.; D. Y. Falk, millinery, silks, ribbons, parasols; Endicott.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—H. G. Metzger, notions, laces; 1,150 Broadway, Cumberland.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—J. Dolfinger; E. Dolfinger, house furnishing goods; Cumberland.

LYNCHBURG, Va.—C. H. Almond D. G. Co.; Miss H. V. Coffman, Mis White, millinery; 220 5th Av.

MACON, Ga.—Donnerberg Co.; L. Irvine, general ware; 1,133 Broadway, Wallick's.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—J. Goldsmith & Son; L. C. Baum, laces, neckwear, trimmings, leather goods; Penn.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—"Kaufman;" A. H. Kaufman, motion pictures, films; Penn.

MEMPHIS—B. Lowenstein & Bros.; T. L. Currie, rugs; 225 5th Av.; Park Av.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—J. Goldsmith & Sons' Co.; L. P. James, notions, toilet goods; 1,150 B'way.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Espenhain D. G. Co.; J. J. Blumenfield, merchandise manager; J. Peck, domestics, linens, white goods, blankets; S. Loeb, furnishing goods, leather goods; A. C. Fahsel, clothing; L. A. North, dress goods, silks, linings; C. A. Neidhoeffer, upholstery, curtains, draperies, carpets; Miss C. Bauer, Miss L. Teits, representing; Cumberland.

MILWAUKEE—Paris Fashion Co.; Miss J. Block, children's clothing; 114 5th Av.; Commodore.

MINNEAPOLIS—Jackson-Lowell Co.; Miss P. Jackson, millinery; Commodore.

MILWAUKEE—Herzfeld, Phillipson Co.; F. W. McLean, hosiery, underwear; 1,133 B'way.

MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; G. V. Dayton, dry goods; Mrs. F. H. Kenne, muslin underwear; Miss Curran, infants' wear; G. H. Draper, Miss A. Swengstrom, A. Vogel, representing; 225 5th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; W. J. McGovern, leather goods; J. J. Smith, toys; 230 5th Av.; Marie Antoinette.

MOBILE, Ala.—C. J. Gayfer Co.; H. B. Gayfer, notions, rugs; Collingwood.

MONTREAL—O'Gilby's "Ltd."; J. Atkinson, waists, muslin underwear, infants', children's wear; 116 West 32d, R. 1303.

NASHVILLE—Loveman, Berger & Teitlebaum; J. M. Henry, millinery; 1,150 B'way.

NEW ORLEANS—D. H. Holmes Co.; G. A. Barnum, upholstery goods; 15 East 26th; Flanders.

NEW ORLEANS—L. Feibleman & Co.; J. Levy, clothing, furn. goods; 43 Leonard.

NORWICH, Conn.—Porteous & Mitchell Co.; J. Quinn, men's clothing; 404 4th Av.; Wallick.

OGDEN, Utah—W. H. Wright & Sons Co.; P. A. Faris, notions, hosiery; 105 Grand; Longacre.

OGDEN, Utah—Last & Thomas; J. H. Last, coats, suits; Great Northern.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y.—John B. Tyo & Sons Co.; H. C. Tyo, house furnishing goods; J. B. Tyo, furnishing goods, notions; Imperial.

OMAHA, Neb.—Burgess-Nash Co.; Miss E. A. Christian, waists; J. F. Bannon, linens, white goods; T. D. Reagan, jewelry, leather goods, notions, stationery; P. Schaye, Miss Little, millinery; 200 5th Av.

PEORIA, Ill.—Clarke & Co.; Mr. Martin, bargain basement; 1,133 B'way.

PHOENIX, Ariz.—S. Korrick; C. Korrick, dry goods; 116 W. 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—L. W. Hirsch Co.; Miss Solomon, silk waists; 37 W. 26th.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Gross & Co.; M. Gross, ladies' suitings; Breslin.

PHILADELPHIA—J. B. Gillies; B. Davis, coats, suits, dresses, waists, skirts; McAlpin.

PHILADELPHIA—Lit Bros.; M. Feldman, jobs dresses; 1,261 B'way.

PITTSBURGH—J. Horne Co.; Miss M. E. Kauntz, ladies' neckwear; 470 4th Av.; Walcott.

PITTSBURGH—Lewin-Neiman Co.; H. A. Koch, georgette waists; Miss Loeb, jobs silk waists; 470 4th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Lewin, Neiman Co.; Miss Killen, Miss Addelman, Spring coats, dolmans, suits; 470 4th Av.

PITTSBURG—Boggs & Buhl; F. W. Graham, upholstery goods; Miss M. F. Roe, art embroideries; Miss E. Doerge, leather, toilet goods; Miss M. M. Adair, notions; 1,140 Broadway.

PITTSBURGH.—Kaufman & Baer Co.; M. M. Dunn, dress goods, silks; 404 4th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann-Baer Co.; M. M. Dunn, silks; Mrs. C. E. Henry, waists; Mrs. Moffit, Miss Esby, millinery; Miss Clements, women's neckwear; 404 4th Av.

PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; J. D. Burnett, general mdse.; 23 E. 26th.

PITTSTON, Penn.—Waldman & Co.; H. Waldman, coats, suits; 404 4th Av.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.; G. Ruff, notions, stationery, perfumery; 1,123 B'way.

PORTLAND, Ore.—M. Seller & Co.; J. Low, toys; 43 Leonard.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Olds, Wortman & King; Miss N. Hammond, corsets, muslin underwear; 432 4th Av.

PORTSMOUTH, Ohio—Marting Bros. Co.; P. P. Davidson, coats, suits; Miss R. Craigmiles, waists; 141 Madison Av.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—C. Misch; C. E. Cohen, ready-to-wear; 1,261 B'way.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Schloss Millinery Co.; W. Schloss, Miss J. Walsh, Miss A. Healey, millinery; Collingwood.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—J. P. Mourin, jobs Fall coats; 277 5th Av.

READING, Penn.—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; Miss Whitman, Miss Seltzer, Miss Seligman, representing; 230 5th Av.; Park Av.

READING, Penn.—Cloos Co.; Mrs. N. F. Mackin, suits; 15 East 26th.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy, Powers Co.; Miss Morriarty, skirts; Miss McWilliams, children's dresses; T. F. Ranck, Spring dresses; 470 4th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—R. Isaacs, woolens; Wellington.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—McCurdy-Robinson Co.; E. E. Swarthout, dress goods, silks; 141 Madison Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—E. W. Edwards & Son; D. B. Coon, upholstery goods; Wallick's.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—McCurdy, Robinson Co.; Miss M. Rowland, infants' housedresses, petticoats, ladies' underwear; E. N. Noel, notions, fancy goods; 141 Madison Av.

ROCKFORD, Ill.—Ashton D. G. Co.; L. E. Legge, mdse. mgr.; N. Cinnamon, silks, wash goods, linens; 1,150 B'way.

ROME, Ga.—Lenham Sons & Co.; J. H. Lanham, coats, suits, waists; Bristol.

SAN ANTONIO—Emil Blum & Co.; Miss H. Ludwig, underwear; 1,140 Broadway.

SAN FRANCISCO—O'Connor, Moffatt & Co.; Mrs. Fall, waists, skirts; 114 5th Av.

SAGINAW, Mich.—M. W. Tanner Co.; M. W. Tanner, general merchandise; 1,170 Broadway; Breslin.

SAN FRANCISCO—R. Weill & Co.; F. X. Smith, men's furn. goods; 15 East 26th.

SAN FRANCISCO—O'Connor, Moffatt & Co.; Miss N. J. Burke, sweaters, corsets, underwear; 432 4th Av.

SALEM, Mass.—Alney Bigelow & Washburn; H. C. Annable, dry goods; 280 5th Av.

SALESBURY, Md.—R. E. Powell Co.; W. J. Powell, dry goods; A. Toadvine, ready-to-wear; Collingwood.

SALT LAKE CITY—Siegal Bros.; H. Siegal, coats, suits, dresses; 100 West 32d.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Cowan & Hunt; W. R. Cowan, ready-to-wear, hosiery, gloves, silks, dress goods, laces, men's furn. goods; 1,133 B'way.

SEATTLE, Wash.—McDougall & Southwick Co.; O. C. Walfinger, domestics, blankets; 23 East 26th.

SEATTLE, Wash.—The Bon Marche; S. Aharen, hosiery, underwear, gloves, umbrellas; 225 5th Av.

SEATTLE, Wash.—M. Seller & Co.; H. B. Morris, general buyer, crockery, electric supplies, hardware, wood, willowware; 43 Leonard.

SPRINGFIELD, Ohio—Edward Wren Co.; M. F. Dowley, general manager; M. F. Tucker, Miss O'Brien, ready to wear; M. G. Dowling, laces, gloves, ribbons, toilet goods; C. C. Shaw, silks, dress goods; W. C. Strine, shoes; Miss W. Higgins, infants' wear, muslin underwear; E. J. Meyer, men's, boys' clothing; Miss M. Oelschlager, notions; J. M. Ashcroft, carpet, rugs; 141 Madison Av.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill.—McCourtney D. G. Co.; M. M. McCourtney, ready-to-wear; 1,133 B'way.

ST. LOUIS—Hirshfield Skirt Co.; E. Hirshfield, woolens, silks; McAlpin.

ST. LOUIS—Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney D. G. Co.; Miss G. Brisolari, skirts; Miss A. Hall, misses' apparel; 225 5th Av.

ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; J. W. Boston, house furnishing goods; E. A. Marks, notions; 37 West 26th.

ST. LOUIS—Sonnefeld; M. Rosenthal, children's hats; 364 5th Av.

ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; Miss C. Hamm, Miss K. Walker, ready to wear basement; I. Halpern, house furnishing goods; Miss Z. Boyer, misses' department; 116 West 32d.

ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr, D. G. Co.; J. Oberdorfer, laces, gloves, handkerchiefs, umbrellas, embroideries; 37 West 26th.

ST. LOUIS—L. Herzog & Bro. D. G. Co.; F. J. Herzog, children's Fall coats; 874 Broadway.

ST. LOUIS—Kline's; M. Michel, millinery; 404 4th Av.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Schuneman & Evans; M. M. Shuffelbarger, coats, suits; 220 5th Av.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Chappell-Dyer Co.; C. E. Teeple, coats, suits; 6 W. 32d; Park Avenue.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—E. W. Edwards & Sons; C. A. David, upholstery goods; Wallick's.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—S. Petersdorf, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.

TOLEDO—Lamson Bros. Co.; Miss M. Broker, laces; Miss M. Birch, ribbons; Miss J. Williams, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 220 5th Av., Latham.

TRENTON, N. J.—"Yard's;" L. H. Cohen, J. P. Whalen, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.

TRENTON, N. J.—Ross Millinery Co.; H. Gross, millinery; 621 B'way.

TRINIDAD, Col.—Hamerslough Merc. Co.; W. Freirich, skirts; 15 East 26th

TROY, N. Y.—Stanley McGibbons Co.; Mrs. J. Greenburg, suits; 1 West 36th.

TROY, N. Y.—Weinstein Bros.; J. Weinstein, Spring dresses; 1,133 B'way.

TROY, N. Y.—M. Lurie & Co.; A. L. Fiskind, dresses; 37 West 26th.

McNulty, Miss Machloch, ready-to-wear; Collingwood.

UTICA, N. Y.—McNulty & Joham; Miss E.

UTICA, N. Y.—Rathbun & Co.; F. B. Rathbpn, domestics, dress goods; H. J. McVoy, notions; 60 Worth.

WACO, Texas—Goldstein-Migel Co.; L. Migel, men's clothing, furnishing goods; 1,150 Broadway.

WACO, Texas—Goldstein, Migel Co.; Mr. Cohen, fancy goods; 1,150 B'way.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; H. Grunebaum, dress goods, silks, wash goods; Wallick.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Kings Palace; H. King, ready-to-wear; Miss M. Kinder, muslin underwear, corsets, infants', children's wear; Cumberland.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Wells Corset Store; Miss E. B. Wells, corsets, silk underwear, negligees; Bush Building.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann Sons & Co.; A. Sinsheimer, candies; 432 4th Av.

WILMINGTON, N. C.—G. Dannenbaum, Spring coats, capes, dolmans; 470 4th Av.

WILKES-BARRE—Fowler, Dick & Walker; B. T. Shuman, ready-to-wear; 6 W. 32d; Holland.

WILMINGTON, Del.—Kennard Co.; J. R. Lambson, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Barnard, Sumner, Putnam Co.; Mrs. M. S. Martin, Miss K. Landers, Miss A. Cote, Miss G. Watson, millinery; 404 4th Av.; Somerset.

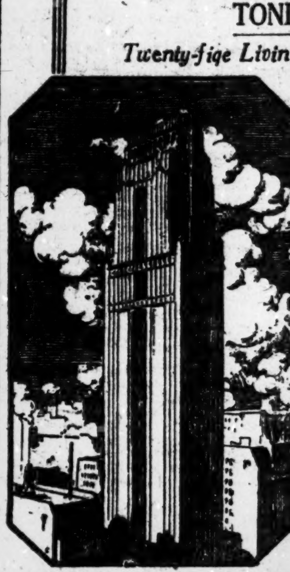
WORCESTER, Mass.—Barnard-Sumner-Putnam Co.; W. J. McGrath, prints; A. W. Hawes, muslin underwear, infants' wear; Miss Walsh, Miss Cloutier, infants' wear; 404 4th Av.

WORCESTER, Mass.—R. J. Healy Co.; A. J. McGrail, ready-to-wear; Commodore.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Freed & Co.; I. Freed, jobs serge dresses; 277 5th Av.

YORK, Penn.—P. Wiest's Sons; L. S. Hydeman, Mrs. N. Sprague, Miss L. Culbertson, Miss M. Little, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—G. M. McKelvey Co.; O. D. Sheets, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.



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An unique event which brings to every one interested in the merchandising of Infants' and Children's Wear a fuller grasp on the present buying situation—a program with profit-making ideas, that will forecast your market's possibilities. Don't miss this helpful, entertaining occasion. You'll go away with a new point of view.

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For the convenience of visiting buyers we have inaugurated a special *Club Breakfast Service* in the Old English Grill of the Buyers' Club. Breakfast served from 8 A. M. to 10 A. M.

Prices 45c and 75c

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OF BOSTON
*Announce the Opening of Their New York Store*
54 & 56 WHITE STREET
*Where they will buy or sell Dry Goods*

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SUITS AND COATS
For Misses

Supremely smart in cut, beautifully made from the newest and best materials, SPRAY MARK Suits and Coats will gain the best misses' trade for your store, as they have for other leading stores the country over.

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158 West 29th Street, N. Y.
*"Garments of Quality and Distinction"*

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OUR factories have been working full swing since January 28, 1919, hence our deliveries will be a week sooner than all our competitors, who only settled the strike this week. 5,000 dresses in

JERSEYS
Georgettes — Foulard
Crepe-de-Chine — Taffetas
Crepe-de-Meteor — Satins

Princess Dress House
OUR NEW LOCATION
25-29 West 31st St.

Puritan

Undermuslins
Silk Underwear.

New styles for Spring in silk and nainsook ready.

Puritan Underwear Manufacturing Co.,
352 Fourth Avenue, New York.

SILK SHIRT NOTES
FOR BUYERS

Silk Shirt Satisfaction Is Real Satisfaction In Quality, Make, Design And Price.

Are You Giving It?
—Think It Over!

*Silk Shirts Underwear & Pajamas exclusively*

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SEE ROSNER FIRST
*Stout & Utility Dresses*
from $7.50 to $16.50

ROSNER DRESS HOUSE
106-108 WEST 32nd ST.
NEW YORK
SAM ROSNER
LOUIS COHEN

SERGE DRESSES
Half Wool To close out $3.00 NET.
POPLINS From $3.75 up
TAFFETAS From $4.75 up
QUICK DELIVERY.
ISAAC IPP, 118 W. 22d St.

Corset Buyers

La Resista Corset Co. announce a live model demonstration of Spring styles

**February 10th to 21st inclusive.**
**Mornings 10:30 to 12.**
**Afternoons 2:30 to 4.**

The many special features of the new models and the advantages of Spirabone will be explained by our designer. You are cordially invited to attend.

La Resista Corset Co.
431 Fifth Ave., N. Y.
Near 38th St.

**Sale of Government Owned Groceries.** Proposals will be opened at 2 P. M., February 25, 1919, for all or part of grocery supplies F. O. B. cars, located in the following Zone Supply Offices: New York City, Canned Chicken, Sardines, Cracker Meal, Lima Beans, Split Peas, Dried Green Peas, Pie Fruit Peaches, Jam Desiccated Cocoanut, Flavoring Extract, Capers, Bay Leaves, Curry Powder, Cream of Tartar, Citron, Pearl Barley; refer to S. P. D. No. 465-Sub. New Orleans, La., Lasses Tayters, refer to S. P. D. No. 326-Sub. San Francisco, Cal., Dried Codfish, refer to S. P. D. No. 477-Sub. Newport News, Philadelphia and Chicago, Canned Pumpkin, refer to S. P. D. No. 409-Sub. Bids to be on special forms which, with particulars, will be furnished on application to War Department, Surplus Property Division, Munitions Bldg., Washington.

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For Sale or Rent
TWO COMPLETE PLANTS
Suitable for manufacturing anything in
LADIES' or MEN'S CLOTHING
All modern improvements.
Best Location Brooklyn.
Address R 125 Times.

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BUILD UP GOOD-WILL THROUGH YOUR LETTERS.
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of manufacturers and jobbers by advances on accounts and on merchandise.
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*The* NEW HOME *of*
BIJOU-SYLVIA-HALPERN-ESSKAY-MIBELLE
WAISTS
BIJOU
DRESSES
303 *Fifth Avenue*
*Corner 31st. Street, New York*

Waists and dresses of every description—at all prices—in all fabrics—in variety so comprehensive and complete that every possible requirement of the modern waist and dress department can be met with a minimum effort and a maximum of satisfaction.

BAHNSEN'S
FINE
JERSEY CLOTHS
*In New Spring Shades Now Ready.*

C. Bahnsen & Co.
*257 4th Ave., Cor. 21st St.*

5,500 DRESSES $20
of
Crepe Meteor — Georgette Crepe
Serge — Wool Jersey
Crepe de Chine — Taffeta
in work and on the racks for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
$7.50 to $22.50.
WORKING FULL FORCE
now assures you of prompt shipment of the rightly priced, rightly styled dresses, EXACTLY when you need them.

PIONEER
LADIES GARMENT CO. Inc.
6-8 West 32nd St. N.Y.C.

HIGH CLASS *TAILORED TRICOTINE* DRESSES
HIGH CLASS *FANCY & TAILORED* SUITS
*Styles That Are Money Makers*
*To Retail at* $25.00
CAPES AND DOLMANS FROM $7.75 up
JOSEPH SEDWITZ CO., Inc., 1107 Broadway.

*Announcement*
PHONE YOUR FRIEND 9352-3 CHELSEA
Hydol Plush Mfg. Co.
Paragon Textile Mills
ARE NOW LOCATED AT THEIR NEW QUARTERS
28-32 WEST 27th ST., N. Y. C.
*FORMERLY AT 74 MADISON AVE.*

Abundant Working Capital
for any
Sound Manufacturing or Mercantile Enterprise
on
Accounts Receivable Without Notification—
Acceptances—Drafts With Documents—
Letters of Credit—Warehouse Receipts.
The Finance Trust
*Representative will call on request*
26 Exchange Place. Phone Hanover 6590.

# COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

## FEDERAL.

### Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—In Room 3, 12th floor, Woolworth Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.

Frederick<SS St Louis
Conklin & Foss<Tug W J Dailey.
Burns Bros<Tug Mutual.
Fields<Tug Huntington.
Merritt & C D & W Co<Tug Trenton.
Fields<Tug P RR No 35.
Sargent<Port Reading RR (2.)
Canada SS Line<SS Daisai Maru.
Weidner<Hughes.

DISTRICT COURT—Woodbrough, J.—In Room 227, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Holden<Penn RR.
Re Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Co.
Anderson<NY C FF.
US<26 Miniature Bird Cages.
Penn Worsted Co<Sudbury.
Miller<Lee's Towing Line.
Holt<Wabash Ry.
Re Liphitz.
Burns<Erie RR.
Nolan<NY C RR.
Comision Reguladora<Battery Park N Bk.
White Sulphur Sup Co<Women's Wear Co.
Same<Daily Trade Record Co.
Alderman<Sarasohn.
Kirchstein<Moross.
Dickinson<Pullman Co
Bell<Int Mer Mar.
Kesselman<CNY.
McCormick<Int M Mar

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—In Room 401, P. O. Bldg., 4th floor, at 10:30 A. M. Equity.

Keystone Type Fdy<Fastpress Co.
Alluan<Dwyer.
US<Von Tilig.
Weber Elec Co<Cutler-Hammer Mfg Co.
Army & Navy Stores Co, Inc<Levy.

DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—In Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Bankruptcy discharges.

Edward M Gallagher,
Henry Christie,
Julies Kiprais,
Julias Hiprais,
Abraham Behrman,
Anton Verlegh,
Gussie Behrman,
Jacob Block,
Max Labran,
Summer W Steele,
Newman Barotz,
Nathan Pachen,
Louis Delemarre,
John W. Gibson,
Clarzanow & Adelman,
Edward Greger,
Sidney Ottenheimer,
Frank Goldman,
Louis Cohen,
Gaetano Riccio,
Alfred R Jordan,
Louis Daniels,
Sig Dreyfuss,
Herman Droge,
Adolph Bennett.
Under objections:
J & L Polansky,
Jacob M Spar.
Adjourned cases:
Nathan Sugarman,
Eugene Schleip,
J & R Freeman,
Israel I Wolf,
Bellport Novelty Wks.
Motions:
Razook & Co,
Tina Teplitz,
Modern Grocery Co,
Jewett Bros,
Hygrade Furniture,
Stein & Schonceit,
Razook & Co,
McCahill Soda Foun,
Abraham Natkin,
Frederick Wilson,
Cullen Motor Transp,
Premier Costume Co, (2.)
Sirota & Lieb,
Herman Groening,
Rosenbaum & Yasser,
Jacob Stzyowitz,
Henry Malkan,
Sheldon Lasher,
Ebeling & Guest,
D J Theophilatos,
Hamilton Import Co,
Atwater, Foote & S.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—In Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal calendar. Trials:

John H Craven, (2.)
Strong Machinery Co.
Motions:
John Gill,
Edward Henry.
Pleading:
Harry M Radinsky.
Last day to file demurrer:
Auto Lake Mfg, (2.)
Herman Wessels.

### Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M.
US<Rosenwasser Bros, (2,) (for trial.)
Admiralty:
Robins D D & R Co<SS Flush, &c.
Bulk Oil Transports, Inc<Robins D D & R.
Reichert Towing Line, Inc<CNY.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M.
Re Camille Weidenfeld, Bankrupt.
12:30 P. M.—Equity:
540 Broadway Music Corp<Enright Amusement Co, (on trial.)

## NEW YORK COUNTY.

### Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM.—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Bijur, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

McNeil<Shellito.
James McCreery Rty<Sadowsky, (2.)
Regan<Regan.
Unevida Gold Mining Co<Ralston.
Blue Ribbon Garage<Rundle.
Shiman<Wilder.
Roth<Roth.
Cuban Telephone Co<Conklin.
Rotary Club<Rotary Shirt Co.
Jarmulowsky<Jarmulowsky.
Brailowsky<Brailowsky.
Cuban Telephone Co<Conklin.
Levitt<Goldberg.
Re Einfeld.
Place<Siskind.
Roth<Misericordi Hospital.
Church of the Holy Com<Oppenheim.
Nitrate Agencies Co<J A Blanchard Co.
O'Connor<Hatch.
De Witt<HSeigel.
Diamond<Oriental Dye Works.
Goldstein<Goldberg.
CNY<Korowitz.
Hartley<Jennings.
NY Rys<Walker.
Haley-Hammond Co<Kingsport Ext Co.
Curtis<Curtis.
Terranova<Terranova.
Donnelly<O'Rourke Eng, &c, Co.
Re New Eng Equit Ins Co.
Wallack<Nat Surety.
Kirk<Metropolitan Tob Co.
Re Chorush, (Marks.)
Kirk<Metropolitan Tob Co.
Saphirstein<Saphirstein.
Freehof<Emporium Cloak, &c, Co.
Scura<Fid & Cas Co.
Roberts<NY Life Ins.
Re Rothman.
Minuth<Claflins, Inc.
Blum<Marx.
Trussell<Trussell.
NY Rys<Walker, (2.)
Smith<Int RT.
Davies<Collie.
Howard<Howard.
Witlin<NY Rys.
Unger<same.
Newman<same.
Sica<same.
Miller<same.
Shapiro<same.
Scheiner<same.
Pomerantz<same.
Glynn<same.
Cronnelly<same.
Gardillo<same.
Greenberg<same.
Williams<same.
Cohen<same.
De Gallo<same.
Bracken<same.
Bleich<same.
Mitse<same.
Levine<same.
Locasio<same.
Lessner<same.
Howell<same.
Kaufman<same.
Schnell<same.
Witlin<same.
Babitch<same.
Barth<same.
Ellis<same.
Sullivan<CNY.
Rosenblatt<Hechtkopf.
Re Rosenblatt<Hechtkopf.
Wood<CNY.
Vogel<same.
Casagrabde<Griffin.
Molino<CNY.
NY Trust Co<Cunningham.
Re Fallon.
Mehlman<Gordon.
People &c<Gaffney.
Cavallaro<Frank B Hall & Co.
Lennan<Lennan.
Comoss<Gautier.
Zalud<Herzog Cloak, &c, Co.
Re Woolworth.
Ford<Flammer.
Cohen<Cohen.
Herzfield<Saron.
Finsilver<Goldman.
Quinn<Peets.
Amel<Amel.
Re Transatlantic Trust Co.
Smith<Smith.
Kingsland<Realty & Commercial Co.
Sternlieb<Palmer Herring Motor Co.
Brandstein<Belmont.
Von Hagen<Schumacher.
Aronowitz<Pricht.
Liebross<NY Cons RR.
Re Cassidy.
Sandler<Continental Aircraft Co.
Meagher<Meagher.
People, &c<Leber.
Clarkine<Clarkine.
Tansley<Tansley.
Francesconi & Co<Shongood.
Brown & Bros<same.
Levine<Levine.
Held<Sier.
Hoboken Ribbon Co<Atl Coast Line RR.
Weitzl<Weitzl.
NY Tel Co<Johns.
Hartnett<Runkel Bros.
Hilliard<Hilliard.
Connors<Memorial Hosp, &c.
Re Walker (Shaine.)
Schnall<NY Rys.
Morgan<Hoyt.
Gleich<Gleich.
Re Falk, (Jost.)
Scherer<Nembach.
Eisen<Holbrook C & R Co.
Moscowitz<Lefall.
O'Conor<Clark.
People ex rel Davidson<Brennan.
Bernstein<Bernstein (2.)
Kaplan<Kaplan.
Re Heilbroner
L & H Pokress, Inc<Stavin..
Interocean Forwarding<McCormick & Co.
Knox<Avkerman.
Levy<McCreery & Co
Morgenstern<Holzwasser (2.)
Mears<Mears.
Erdman<Neiman.
Re Greenhut.
Park Av Operat Co<Carroll.
Re CNY<Pier Old No 149, East River.
Moolten<Berman.
Durst<Smith.
Re Almy.
Holloway<Guile, Jr.
Goldberg<Steinberg.
Bunt<Grosner.
Ratigan<Martine.
NY Mfg R E Co<A W Hillebrand Co.
Cohen<Levine.
Same<Loeb.
Re Kaplan (Well Made Cloak Co.)
O'Connell<O'Connell.
Portman<Central Union Trust Co.
Blumberg<Markels.
Seligman<Cogut.
Watts<Watts.
Eisenberg<Wolvin.
Re Ragura (Waterbury Av.)
Averett<Averett.
Gillett<Gillett.
Gittelman<Casino Waist Co.
Stanton<Allan Auto Specialty Co.
Schwartz<Paul Gerli & Co.
Metropolitan Pet Co<Levering.
Same<same.
Dunn<Int R T.
Sheingold<Haber.
Maurice O'Mara Co<Cont Fldg Box Co.
Beneseh<Beneseh.
Bass & Bass, Inc<Neumark.

PART II.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.
PART III.—Delehanty, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Motions.

Jackman<Schubert (2)
Holmes<Camp (3)
Chapin<Leonard.
McLaughlin<Rohrs.
Blauner<Nathan Vladinger Lodge, &c.
Smith<Smith.
Kostoff<Kostoff.
Powley<Powley.
Demurrers.
Doctor<Tumble-Inn Co
Preferred Causes:
Ratkowsky<Ratkowsky.
N Y Title Ins Co<White.
Mount<Mount.
Yockelson<Yockelson
General Calendar:
Rochler<Walsh.
Weidman<Weidman (2)
Donahue<Loumoustos.
Tag<Zarin.
Lebrot<Tschopp.
Jacobs<Jacobs.
Keane<Keane.
Haims<Haims.
Brandon<Brandon.
Yost<Bangor Rty Co.
Craig<Kemprecht.
Zalinsky<Zalinsky.
Weiss<Markowitz.
Schammel-Water Garage Co<Greene.
Pan-Am Trading Co<De Souza.
Fornasero<Fornasero.
Richman<Miller.
Solomon<Solomon.
McCreery Rty Corp<Sadowsky.
Condon<Condon.
Dorf<Simon.
Gunn & Borgo<95th St & Broadway Corp
Blanchard<Am Film Laboratories, Inc.
Smith<Smith.
Sunshine Furniture<Blumberg.
Gumprich<Haberman.
Gordon<Seaich.
Carroll<Kenny.
Fischer<Zimmerman
Stein<Stein.
Blankstein<Blankstein.
Park Av Operating Co<Carroll.
Rosenbaum<Kornbluth.
Roxton Rty Co<Joseph
Ashley<Ashley.
Shiedler<Shiedler.
Nom<Nom.
Scott & Co, Inc<Scott
Lukach<Reigart.
Greenblatt<Greenblatt.
De Vide<De Vide.
Rosenberg<Rosenberg.
Anixter<Bangor Rty.
Green<Green.
Whitehead<Whitehead.
Case on.

PART IV.—Philbin, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART IV., (October Term Continued)—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
Kings Co Lighting Co<Lewis.
PART V.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.
PART VI.—Guy, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PARTS VII and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M.

Reid<Steinhardt Bros.
Nathan Bloom, Inc<Witty.
Boderman<Demarest.
Kipps<Dwyer.
Poliiakoff<Russian Volunteer Fleet.
Nitre Power Co<Agcy Canadian Car Co.
Kasnowitz<Rosenwasser Bros, Inc.
Salzberg<Spero, (2.)
Loucheim<Amberg.
Breslow<Winberg.
Same<Altman.
Weinberg<Rest, Inc.
Davis<Bestmaid Garment Co.
L Hammer, Inc<Einhorn.
Cent Mach & Sup Co<Elec Pheno Co.
Jansen<Otto.
Brown & Bros<Coccaro.
Lewis<Slade (2.)
Betts<Johnson.
Hershon<Kirsch.
Greenhut Co, Inc<Cooper (2.)
Fleck & Hillman<Webster Live P M Co.
Finsilver, Still & Mass, Inc<Goldman.
Love<Clinedinst.
Lynch<Eiseman Magneto Co.
Zweifler<Brim.
Case on.

PART III.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M.

Walsh<NY Rys.
Simpson<Atl Coast Shipping Co.
Rose<Union Ry, (2.)
Soskel<NY Rys, (2.)
L W Maier<Maze Realty Co.
E. Maier<same.
Spielman<Gaffron.
McCoy<Riva.
Kelly<Int R T.
Wittenberg<Burtis.
A Schachter<Ward Baking Co.
H Schachter<same.
Abell<Strauss.
Koebler<Int R T.
Greenberg<NY Rys.
Kaiser<Rothstein.
Wilder<Tarr.
Linskey<NY Rys.
Wadler<Koenig.
Gilbert<Cohen.
Lehman<B'klyn Imp Co.
Garelick<Gellis.
English<Taylor, (2.)
Himelstein<N Y Cons RR.
Austin<Murray.
Reid<5th Av Coach.
Higgins<R. Fitzpatrick, Inc.
Comottor<De Groot.
Black<N Y Rys.
Ranhofer<N Y Rys.
Dages<same.
Rodinsky<Mason & Hanger-McArthur Brothers, Inc.
Marks<Met Distributors, Inc.
Ray<B H RR.
Siegel<Drivas.
Cohen<Paturzo.
Tesler<Pearce.
Rappaport<3d Av Rys.
Sullivan<Int R T.
Grand-Delancey Co<CNY, (2.)
Allen<Watt.
Bartendok<Shulman, (2.)
Wilson<Overseas Shipping Co.
Rafter<Weil.
Pankin<Kremer, (2.)
Camera<Fitzpatrick.
Krepela<Oldham, (3.)
Schweib<Doubleday.
Viscono<Union Rys.
German Nat Bk of Allegheny<Bond.
Boehing<Loeb.
Greenbaum<Amdur.
Gerard<Rosenbaum, (2.)
Armstrong<Strain.
Flahive<NY Cons RR
Rabinowitz<same.
Bila<Bloomingdale.
Scharffer<Ind Consumers Ice Co.
Diamond<NY Rys.
Dorfman<Nrmolter.
Miller<Remus.
Rudolph Saebger Co<Taylor.
Benanato<Fabian Light, (2.)
Goldman<Ewert.
Jackson<Int Mer Mar Co.
Knauer<Sullivan.
Hahn<Int R T, (2.)
Mack<3d Av RR.
Speiden<Billy the Oysterman, (2.)
Donsker<NY Cons RR.
Van Buren<Trustees Columbia Univ.
White<Reutling.
Finn<McKinley & Cont Co.
Schroeder<Webb, (2.)
Hamburger<NY Rys.
Keller<same.
Ottman<Emerson.
Rice<Patterson.
Herzfeld<Saron.
Herman<Halpern.
Dunlap<Weil.
Langron<Salzberg.
Gilligan<Perlman.
Strachen<Int R T.
Fox<O'Brien.
Faletetsky<Electo Co.
Lavoie<NY Rys.
Caruso<Pollack.
Brown<West 40th St, &c, Rty Co.
Finegan<H C & A I. Piercy Cont Co.
McConnell<NY Rys.
Lauris<City Isl Motor Bus Co.
Dimino<Maggh.
Cobb<N Y Rys.
Nimerowsky<Boudouine.

PART XIV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M.

Gradley Cont Co<CNY
Assets & Liabilities Assn, Inc<NY Lodge 1, B P O Elks.
Collins<McWilliams.
Lesher<Mfg Jewelers Export Co.
Schwartz<Paul Gerli & Co.
Conti<Legend Rlty Co.
Howlett & Hockmeyer Co<Brady.
CNY<Malatesta.
O'Hanlon<McCreery & Co.
Weingarten & Jenks, Inc<Rhinock.
Corcoran<Rogers.
Equitable Trust Co<Sala.
McCoy<Banks.
Rundback<Amer Bur of Foreign Trade.
Roberts<N Y Life Ins.
Hooflin<Halle.
Eldridge<Wayte.
Irwin<Edison.
Campbell<Bianchi.
Cleveland<Leahy.
Rose<Feinstein.
Sulzberger<Carroll.
Altkrug<Wm Whitman Co.
Steneck<Harris, (2.)
Fink<Bachrach.
Kahn<Ownby.
Fishbein<Weinstein & Nacher, Inc.
Schwartz<Schulsky.
Tootle Theatre Co<Schubert Theatrical Co, (2.)

TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term Rules.
PART III.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IV.—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.
PART VI.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M
Rogers<Nola.
PART VIII.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IX.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M.
Drimmer<N Y Rys. Capra<same.
PART X.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XII.—Erlanger J.—At 10 A. M.
Price<Rossman.
PART XIII.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XVIII.—Sears, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

### Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 11 A. M.

Estates:
Thomas F Usher,
Haskell Rosenbaum,
Antoinette Finch.
At 10:30 A. M.
Wills for probate:
Emily G Corbiene,
Bella Morzwroff,
Elise Schumacher,
Susan A Dunham,
Nathaniel Whitman,
George Conway,
Henry Leopold,
Charles R McCready,
Samuel L Trilling,
Moses Packard,
Thomas P White,
Denis Colaghan,
Benjamin Weiland,
William J Beard,
Celina Dutrich,
Thomas L Riley,
Teresina Vavasa.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Contested wills:
Henry Koch,
Max M Fladen,
Edward Alcott.
James Gilmartin,
Helen F Monahan,
Estate—Caroline H Dillon.

### City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Litigated motions.

Thompson<Thompson.
Menzin<Chasin.
Dittrich<R L Engs, Inc.
Snyder<Lechitzky.
Bigelman<Weinstock
Canes<Third Av Ry.
Brogan<same.
Rochester<same.
Twomey<same.
Success Waist Co, Inc<Boston Store of Chicago.
Victor Halfer Drug Corp<A & F Brown.
Schultz<Moller.
Kirsch<Mittenthal.
Nash<Rhinelander
Harris Co, Inc<Weintraub.
Mooney<Street Coal.
Myers<McCann.
Title Guar & Surety Co<Dewey.
Henschel<Scheuer.
Goldthwaite<Whittlessey.
Bamberger Stern Co<Sherri.
Bonwit Teller & Co<O'Donohue.
Frank<Behlert.
Car Owners Service Corp<Gooding.
Hageville Rty Co<Hynes.
Mendelson<Jacobson
Roskin<Lenhill Rty Co
Landesman & Gross<Casino Waist Co.
Leibovici<McGonigle.
Pinochel<Stand Oil Co
Landau<Union Ry.
Hercules Elec Steel Corp<Premier Snap Fastener Co.
Cohen<Arthur Walker
Mather<Kindler & Collins, Inc.
Success Waist Co, Inc<Boston Store of Chicago.
Bonagur Bldg Co<Pomper Const Co.
Braski<Kalisch.
Kenny<Jenkins.
Cox<Rudolph Wurlitzer Co.
Schwartz<McIntosh
Israelson<Ismay.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Allen, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Schoonmaker-Conners Co<Penn RR.
Esterine<5th Av Coach Co.
Floredeliser<U S Tr.
Hirschhorn<Klein.
Katz<Bernstein.
Gittelman<Goodman, (2.)
Brandwein<N Y Rys.
Foster<Waverly Auto Exp Co.
Fehrstman<NY Rys.
Weiant<NY Cent RR.
Gluck<Hotchner.
Urivetzky<Greenberg.
Cohen<Int R T.
Pogriosky<Rosedale Dairy Co.
Appel<NY Rys.
Marcus<same.
Whelton<same.
Weinrib<same.
Room<same.
Sobel<Goldman.
Von Herrlich<Sydow.
Wiener<Barnett.
Goltsos<US Rty &c Co
Silverstein<Int R T.
Sarica<Union Ry.
Fisher<Int R T.
Zwickelberg<NY Cent RR.
Knaster<Int R T.
Chrisp<Compagnie Genl Trans.
Epstein<Big Store Rty Corp.
Antonacci<Chiarello.
Barsky<Wolf.
Lake<White.
Merz<Ratkowsky.
Wiener<520-522 E 13th St Rty Co.
Winkler<Alperstein.
Ruff<Lehman, (2.)
Resht<Brookman.
Rosen<Druss.
MacMonnies<Phillippi
Lack<Holzner.
Ehrlich<NY Rys.
Beller<Schulman.
Brustein<Daniels.
Goldberg<Kline.
Herlich<Freiser.
Cohen<Arthur Walker & Co.
Tartikoff<Calef.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases to be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Freiman<Amer Rys.
Booth & Flinn<Berger Mfg Co.
Colonial Mantle & Ref Co<Kingsland Av Holding Co.
Lafayette Drug & Chemical Mfg Co<Kalish.
Case on.

PART III.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Schafuss<Ford Co.
Oliver<Bronston, (3.)
Gordon<N Y & Mineral Flooring Co.
Feinstein<Sidney Blumenthal Co.
Noschkes<Stone.
Penn Milk Prod<Harrison H G Ice Cream
Normandy Waist Co<Ins Co of No Am.
Harris Co<Greenberg.
Newfield Silver Mfg Co<Wooster.
Hicks<Arch Eng Co.
M O'Neil Co<Sylvester
Botoshansky<Wilson.
Semple Rieger Co<Kamber.
Furst<Jacobs.
Kupferman<Mirsky.
Howlett & Hockmeyer Co<Uditsky.
Kamenetzky<Libow.
Wolff<Koenigsberger.
Freitag<Brecher.
Baron<Goff & Son.
Hopewell<Ritchey.
Karp<Karp.
Farmers' Bag, &c, Co<Knick Bag Co.
Schwartz<Ind Order B'rith Sholom.
Silverman<Star Dial Light Co.
Bloom<Abr Bloom Co.
Brummer<F & G Leggings, &c, Co.
Huebshman<Dolinsky
York Bldg Co<Albert Fixture Co.
Pfeffer<Sklar.
Platt<Anten Eng, &c, Co.
Schirbner<Theatre Realty Co.
Klorman<Britsch.
Duboff<Wolff.
Siracuso<Hauer.
Frost Veneer Seating<Atlantic Cabinet Co.
Pelligrino<Atlantic Loading Co.
Doctor<Travelers Indemnity Co.
Goetz<Rosenberg.
Jeffy Life Belt Mfg Co<Van Gutenbeck.
Gladstone<C D Wood Electric Co.
Diamond<U S Reduction Co.
Indian Refining Co<Richards.
Case on.

PART II.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IV.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Volente, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VI.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VI.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VIII.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Masonic Board of Relief<Clarence J. Luce et al.—Ludwig Marx.

## BRONX COUNTY.

### Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar.

Re CNY.
Farmers Loan & Trust Co<Ronner.
Alexander<CNY.
Turnbull<Estates Development Co (2.)
NY Title & Mtg Co<Clegg.
Masiello<Masiello.
Wald<Adams Flanigan Co.
Re Lorillard Bldg Co.
Eve Piano Co, Inc<Ludwig & Co.
Storey<Acme Packing Box Co.
Re Pfaff.
People ex rel Ludwig & Co<Purdy.
Grodinger<Grodinger.
Weinstein<Weinstein.
Hirschkowitz<Hirschkowitz.
People ex rel Solfio<Burr (3.)
People ex rel Retta<same (6.)
People ex rel Sant<same (6.)

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J.

Cahill<Cahill.
Kaufman<Kline Rlty & Impv Co.
Franke<Franke.
Hornkohl<Hornkohl.
Nelson Tool Co<Stokes Carburetor Co.
Knapp<Cannon Place Const Co, Inc.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—McAvoy, J.

Metropolitan Elec Mfg Co<Woods Const Co.
Dragnoetty<Callan Bros, Inc.
Jacobson<Brody.
Vernora<same.
Palitz<Duempleman, (3.)
D'Avola<Waites Motor Van & Storage Co.
Marks<Lewandowski.
Guastavino<Rock.
S Fox<Brunor.
L Fox<same.
Friedman<NY Rys.
Weisgal<NY City Interborough Ry.
L Zelenko<Union Ry.
W Zelenko<same.
King<same.
Fusco<Bisceglia.
Weiser<J. W. Cornish Const Co, (2.)
White<N Y Rys Co.
Pedersen<City of Yonkers.
Sisson, as Comm<Romano.
Kossover<So Blvd RR.
Phillips-Jones Co, Inc<Relling & Schoen.

The following causes will be added to the ready calendar as required:

Abbenante<Union Ry.
McCarthy<Int R T.
Barchan<Grossman.
F Skupinsky<NY City Interborough Ry.
J Skupinsky<same.
Hultgren<Union Ry.
Brilles<same.
Beatty<Peace.
Carey<NY C RR.
Rall<Neuman.
Rosenthal<Waites Mot Van & Storage Co.
Liebenstein<Brown Adv Agency.
L Rosenthal<Waites Mot Van & Storage.
S Rosenthal<same.
Weber<Holsten.
Uszpalewicz<A J Foreman Coal Co.
Verro<Union Ry.
Wolf<same.
Heit<Walworth Bros, Inc.
Farrow<Harlem Card Paper Co, Inc.
Tuccitto<Union Ry.
Grace<same.
Nacheman<Hoolahan.
F Frey<Heyne.
M Frey<same.
O'Sullivan<same.
Goldstein<Union Ry.
Kruger<Goldberg.
Weingold<Wulfhop.
Silverblatt<Int R T.
Gasdia<Man Eye, Ear & Throat Hospital.
Kallman<Sanwick.
Brinn<Samuels.
O'Shea<Hobby.
Busch<B H RR.
Phillips<Jacobs.
Buschi<B H RR.
Winkler<Union Ry.
Cotter<Burns Bros.
Ross<So Blvd Ry.
Beyrodt<Lyon.
McGuire<C A Sigmond Realty Co.
Bastone<CNY.
Toots<Segal.
Eisler<So Blvd RR.
Lopota<Int R T.
Greenblatt<same.
Stringlo<Crimmins Oper Co, Inc.
J Fanelli<Ferguson.
N Fanelli<same.
Maurer<Gimbel Bros.
Schoenfelder<NY Rys

Highest number reached in regular order, 2183.
PART II.—Tierney, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

### Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

Wills for probate:
Maria Antonia Jaeger,
Adam Woell,
Jane M Henry,
Nathan Herskovitz,
Charles Miller,
Wilhelm Eorgstedt,
James E Wood,
Louise W Cochran,
James J Daly,
Josephine Kolman.
Motions:
Estates of—
Walter Sonmieder,
Herman Baer,
Ada M Churchill,
Bessie Sweeney,
Rebecca Johnson,
Hannah O'Connor,
Ambrose J Noble,
Mark K Garlick,
Ruben Anderson,
Elizabeth Maguire,
George A Batten,
Josef Raida.
Vincenza Laporta,
Joe Raiz,
Tommaso Milani,
George J Fay,
Peter Dolan,
William Yancey,
Elli Arola,
John Benesch,
Susie Smith,
Eva Kakvin.
Accountings:
Estates of—
Jane E White,
Wm J McGough, (2.)
Frank J Leonard,
Samuel G Dayton,
Martin Baugh,
William Beaman,
Martha J Burt,
Robert Koch,
John Smoker,
Samuel G Day,
Nannie Regensburg,
Donato Ciovallela,
Eliza C Mercer.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

### County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Mitchell, J.—Municipal Liens Co<James Ranahan et al—William Peters.
SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Edgar S Appleby<John T L Doughty et al—William Peters. Mary L Cole<Francis Woolley—Alfred J Madden. Mary A. Robitzek & ano<Dossie Greenberg et al—Wm Sherwood.

## KINGS COUNTY.

### Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Cropsey, J.—At 10 A. M. Motions.

Nichols<Haller.
Karelson<Hesse.
Stevenson<Martin (2.)
Buolo<Buolo.
Quinn<Hamilton.
Kushner<Nagel.
Anderson<Anderson.
Re Jersey St.
Gussie Gottlieb Co<Illions.
Pell<Pell.
Re Landes, (Kraut,) (2.)
Dumarest<Dumarest.
Floridia<Lupis.
Freund<CNY.
Cutler<B H RR (2.)
Lamb<same.
Olschewsky<Goodman
Re Martin, (Hoye.)
Re E 21st St (Knoke.)
Re Rosenberg (Licht.)
Flori<CNY.
M L O'Neill<Nassau Elec RR.
W J O'Neill<same.
Lange<Lange.
People State NY<Saul
Wool<Simons.
Rosenberg<Normandie Shirt Co.
Keit<Keit.
Baker<Doherty.
Gallagher<McClurg.
M Schneider<Wise.
M Schneider<Wise.
Re CNY (Otsego, &c.)
Flori<CNY, (6.)
Eagan<Bklyn Coal Co
Seitz<Johnson.
Byron<Lamura Const.
People State NY<Weiner.
Hurwitz<Pope Trad Corp.
Kranzler<O'Donnell.
Samisch<Lazarus.
Freese<Lichton.
E Greenfield<Nelkin.
S Greenfield<same.
Salerno<Hannel.
Keresey<Keresey, (2.)
Goldenberg<Goldenberg.
Re Ford (Gibson Iron Works.)
Same, (Acme Fdry.)
Halsted<Halsted, (3.)
Newgass<Clifford.
Miller<Rose.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Lazansky, J.—At 10 A. M. Undefended divorce calendar.

Hardey<Hardey.
Poole<Poole.
King<King.
Gallagher<Gallagher.
Waldman<Waldman.
Velez<Velez.
Ginsberg<Ginsberg.
Monti<Monti.
Calm<Calm.
Andrade<Andrade.
Stewart<Stewart.
Holmes<Holmes.
Bellino<Bellino.
Bloomer<Bloomer.
Humphreys<Humphreys.
Brindze<Brindze.
Post<Post.
Brenner<Brenner.
Logan<Logan.

SPECIAL TERM, TRIALS—Part III.—Benedict, J. At 10 A. M.

Cozine (foreclosure)<Weiner.
Guilliano<Volpe.
Davis<Schulman.
Reedy Elevator Co<Monok Co.
Kuhler<Kuhler.
Schwartz<Golden.
Winskowski<Winskowsik.
Padowitz<Fisher.
Cherspinski<Cherspinski.
Wandell<Haff.
Grossmutz<Schonfeld.
Neulist<Neulist.
Gray<Breckheimer.
Katz<Katz.
Levy<Jacobsen.
Mitchell<Mitchell.
Freeman<Martin Rty.
Robertello<De Lorenzo.

The remaining cases marked ready on the previous call of Feb. 6, 1919, will be added to this day calendar for trial from day to day as the above cases are disposed of.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Manning, J.; Part II., Young, J.; Part III., Kapper, J.; Part IV., Aspinall, J.; Part V., Clark, J.; Part VI., Van Siclen, J.; Part VIII., Kelby, J.

Beck<Bernstein.
Crastataro<Brodie & another.
Zaia<Barbuto.
Folsey<Nas RR.
Mazo<Lafrenniere.
Marx<Tuttle and ano.
Roberts<Nas RR.
Vitale<Schirmer.
Furno<Barbuto and another.
Marston<Westinghouse El & Mfg Co.
Frankel<B H R R.
Mitchell<Callahan.
Goldsmith<B H RR.
Messina<same.
Cavallieri<Brenack.
Puzzo<Holland Co.
Federal SS Co<Bischoff.
Bayard Products Co<Jarvis Warehouse.
Beck and ano<Gretz.
Rapp<Taylor.
Kruse<Drake.
Frangipane<Nas RR.
Wool<Simons.
Zatzman<Isaacson.
Robinson<Naisler.
Radin<Smith.
Grassca<Staats.
Central Bronze Co<Slotter & Cook Co.
Stern<Mardi Gras Theatre Co.
Iwan<Jung.
Bayer<Paczlga.
Dryer & ano<Lockwood.
Hellen<Newman & Carey Sub Const'n.
Leaycraft<Realty Circle.
Moshier<City of N Y and another.
Grottman<N Y Rys.
Larkin<Tasher.
Mammarella<Tedesco.
Ellowitz<Lawyers Mortgage Co.
Ostrander<Nas RR.
Morgensen<Robins Dry Dock Co.
Johnson<same.
Prentz<McAllister Towing Co.
Buckley<Beach-Russ Co.
Behrens<B H RR.
McFalls<Nicholl.
Crispo<CNY.
Green<B'klyn & North River RR.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call.

McAssey<Bauer and another.
Montagnino<Minoefi.
Goldberg<Rosenbaum.
Nielsen<Coastwise Trading Co.
Silverstein & Co<Stutzky.
Dalland<Erdmann.
Romanovitch<Ames Contracting Co.
Strump<Lurie.
Hickman<Hempstead Terrace Co.
Balter<Nas RR.
Bergman<same.
Mylnarczyk<Kruger.
Jamison et al<Lineaweaver.
Stern<Acme Malting.
Zurich<B H RR.
Brooks<C I & Gravesend RR.
Ryan<Remmer.
Same<Kramer.
Stenger and another<Stenger.
Halsted<Halsted.
McGarry<O'Connell and another.
Creighton<South Brooklyn Ry.
Clarke<Hughes.
Harris<Adrem Const'n
Mazanowski<Tisdale.
Beards<Benjamin-Washington Co.
Cugno<Holland Laundry.
Ferlazzo<Nat Pumice Stone Co.
Bowman<Nas RR.
Silverman<Moss et al.
Lodders<Cent RR of N J.
Lausen<Howland Co.
Behrens<B H RR.
Webman<Parshelsky Brothers.
Wohlschegel<Testa.
Cross<Nas RR.
Dildy<same.
Metal Package Co<Kennedy Const Co.
Fleming<Makowsky.
Osborn<B H RR.
Sagal<So B'klyn Ry.
Madden<Int R T.
Bottitta<N Y Cons RR
Walker<Stuart.
Kramer<Dock Const.
Mannson<Voshaw.
Hillery<Flower Lighterage Co.
Gillen<Wiarda.
Bonacci Cont'g Co<C NY.
Gautier<London and Lancashire Guar Co.
Whittier<Dalsell & Co.
Meckenberg<Zinn.
Radice<Nas RR.
Dunne<Ruckert.
Cameron<B'klyn Un Pub Co.
Rourke<Ball.
Craig<Machinery and Metal Sales Co.
Coffey<Brennan.
Tracy<Flannery and another.
Foppiani<N Y Rys.

Highest number reached on regular call, 7081.

### County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—May, J.—At 10 A. M.

Inq—Rand<Bernstein.
Crew, Levick Co<Bklyn Packard Auto Supply Co.
Weisberg<Kenney.
Barseki<Wolf.
Cumberland<B H RR.
Lombardi<same.
Mitchell<Nassau RR.
Calandrello<B H RR.
Maore<C I & B RR.
Mullin<Nassau RR.
Hill<O'Connor.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:

Commack<Kiffe.
Binder<Barino.
Ahearn<Wheeler Shipyard.
Wyckoff<Bashwiner.
Brucker<Gokey.
De Rosa<Atlantic Stevedoring Co.

Highest number reached, 1321.

### Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Wills of:
Giuseppe Salatino,
Stephen Loines,
Julia Derschuch,
Bertha Vollmer,
James Shea,
Simon Gross,
Abraham Kotler,
Maria Thompson,
William Jacques,
Mary Secor,
John Kenney,
Fannie Bechelder,
Joseph Scully,
Rosalie Cohen,
Leon Kronfeld,
Joseph McSweeney,
Michael Albonza,
Marie Rollbush,
Emma Darrow,
Anna McCauley,
William Brasch,
Baltros Bucokas,
Pincus Reichenthaler,
Catherine Ward.
Accountings of:
William Oivens,
David Davis,
Arthur Selinger,
Marinus Emerins,
Mary Larsen,
Luca Provenzana,
Hugh Kenny,
David Ross,
George Hornblow,
Jennie Harrison,
Lena Muller,
Administration of:
Rose Colby.
Estates of:
Catherine Johnson.
Hannah Merritt,
Edw Robinson,
Arthur Selinger,
Noah Katz,
Mary Gallagher.
Contested will of:
Mary Hambell.

## QUEENS COUNTY.

### Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Faber, J. At 10 A. M.

O'Beirne<B H RR et al.
Fullam<NY Con RR.
Sechko<Muller et al.
Hedin<NY Cent RR.
Peckham<C RR, N J.
Peterson<Cohn.
Gaffney<Barrett, as Pres, &c.
Linnen, Jr, an infant<Iringer.
Flynn<NY Con RR.
Rourke<same.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day on this call:

Johanson<C I & B RR
Sexton<Schultz Bread.
Consalvo, an infant<Mansfield et al.
Johnson<Daily et al.
Cuppinger<Borden's Farm P Co, Inc.
McKenna, as admx<Sherman.
Josias<Sugar Prod Co.
Locicero<Cortinas.
Schonberger, as adm<Frisse.
Karelsen<Lorraine Hotel Co.
Holub<Private Auto Rent Serv, Inc.
Delahanty<Raven.

Cases will be added to the calendar from day to day from the day calendar of Jan. 29.
Highest number reached on general calendar is 2715.

## WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

### Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Platt, J.; Part III., no Justice.—At 10 A. M.

Horton<Rollins.
Treadwell<City of Yonkers.
Moto<Brundage.
Wagemann<Von Hagen.
Camph<Shipman.
Bird<Herdtfelder.
Geno<Funk.
Earl<Coyne.
Finley<Roemer.
Stock<Lord & Taylor.
Souther<Union Ry Co, (2.)
Intermaggio<City of Yonkers.
Turner<Northwestern Mutual Life Ins Co.
Ugovitch<Ohio Farmers Ins Co.
Biber<Karnen.
Reynolds<N Y Rys Co.
Brundage<I R T Co.
Irvine<Lambiasi.

The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:

Greeke<Yonkers RR.
Gerardi<I R T Co.
Cohen<Fetherolf.
Dixon<Village of Tuckahoe.
Delaney<City of Yonkers.
Smith<Title Guar and Trust Co.
Cianfaglioni<City of Yonkers.
McKay<Nichols.
Grant<N Y C RR Co.
Myers<Kaufman.
Scheif<I R T Co.
Voccaro<McKee.
McCord<Penfield.
Hupfels Sons<Wagner.
Turner<Bristol.
Simpson<Chase.
Finch<Rosenzweig.
Williams<Westchester-Dutchess Corp.
Fearon<I R T Co.
Seaman<Larchmont Nat Bank.
Creavey<Landgrabe, (2.)
Bergin<West Elec RR.
Youmans<Picone.
Kelly<Realmuto.
Quaretz<Yonkers RR.
Haines<Lion Brewery.
Ray<Weil.
Scharfglass<Friedman.
Fibell<Treuer.
Cullen<Liginger.
Ziemianski<Livman Contracting Co.

Highest number reached on call, 854.

SPECIAL TERM—Seeger, J.—At 10 A. M.

Halstead<Angell.
Rogers<Cohen.
Reynolds<Malcolm, (3)
Vought<Cornwall.
Di Peppo<Raffo.
N Y Life Ins Co<Tur.
Parsons<Parsons.
Bowes<Bowes.

Also for the hearing of motions.

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## Machine Shop For Sale

The property of the undersigned, who has been engaged in the manufacture of 155 Millimeter Common Steel Shell. Offers will be received for the entire property on which there is no mortgage or encumbrance.

This consists of a machine shop and about seven and one-half acres of land located on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, on Clyde Avenue, Buffalo, having a spur track on each side of the building. The land is fenced. The main building is single story, well lighted and in good condition, of stone construction, 80 feet x 300 feet, a stone addition thereto, 30 feet x 200 feet and a frame addition, 88 feet x 304 feet, together with other outbuildings, among which are a restaurant and time and employment office.

This is a modern plant with a low tax rate and cheap electric power. The equipment consists of electric motors and transformers, air compressors, boilers and heating system, high class tool room equipment, office fixtures and furnishings, belting, shafting and hangers, furnaces, lathes, boring mills, drill presses, grinders, pumping and conveyor systems, benches, special machinery, etc., all being in good operating condition.

The property is open to inspection and may be seen by applying at the premises. Any offer made must have the approval of the Ordnance Department before acceptance.

**J. J. CARRICK, INC.,**
**Clyde Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.**
Telephone—Crescent 176.

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## WONDERFUL BARGAIN, $5,000, EASY TERMS

AND $7,000 FIRST MORTGAGE BUYS THIS BEAUTIFUL JERSEY HOME.

Easy Commutation to N. Y. C. Express Service.

10 big rooms, three tiled baths, porte cochere entrance, sleeping balcony, big open fireplaces, wide concrete verandas; beautifully finished throughout; parquet floors, hardwood trimmed; fine tree covered grounds and lawn; exclusive residential neighborhood; convenient to railroad station; high in the mountains, overlooking beautiful lake and near golf and country clubs, schools, churches and markets; corner plot, 191x200 ft. Write or phone.

G. C. BLACKWELL, Sherman Square Hotel, W. 71st St., N. Y. C. Tel. 8400 Columbus.

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### REAL ESTATE.

*Office Space*

$1.25 to $2.50 per square foot in high-class buildings

*in the Pennsylvania-Grand Central Section*

Apply to
Loton H. Slawson Company
171 Madison Avenue

### BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Look Everywhere But don't buy until you have seen our California Comfort Homes. Garage, sleeping porch, etc. Beautiful street; two minutes west of Kings Highway Station, Sea Beach Subway from Times Square. (Pamphlet.) JOHN F. CHURLO, 1,778 West 11th St., Brooklyn.

**DO YOU WANT A HOME?**

Send for list of Handsome 7-room Brick Houses, ready to occupy, on Brooklyn Subway, 30 minutes from Times Square; easy terms.
Silsby, 217 Broadway, N. Y. Barclay 4585.

### GEORGIA—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

**Packing Plant For Sale**

New four-story concrete building, fully equipped with new and modern machinery complete every respect. Located hustling town; best farming section Georgia. Attractive proposition to buyer or lessee.
Address CHAS. E. CONE, Hotel Martinique, New York, until Feb. 15th.

### REAL ESTATE WANTED.

GARAGE WANTED
SOUTH OF 34TH STREET
EAST OR WEST
One or more stories, at least 100x100. Full particulars.
B 180 TIMES.

### TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICES
For Rent.
Possession May 1st.
Park Row Bldg.
Carstein & Linnekin, Inc.,
15 Park Row.

Store and Basement
at 36-38 EAST 20TH ST.
46x96; fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators; immediate possession. Low rental.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

## HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

*Forty-five cents an agate line.*

**Manhattan.**

To Let.—One of the finest, best equipped and furnished houses; Riverside section; rare opportunity for couple who prefer home to hotel life; trusted servant, excellent housekeeper and cook, can be retained. R 192 Times.

**Brooklyn.**

7 rooms, up to date stucco house; steam heat, electric light, latest plumbing, parquet floors, tiled bath room, cement block, garage, and is in beautiful location; price $7,550; will also sell furniture. Harris, 8,731 Bay 16th St., Brooklyn. Phone Bath Beach 5941.

**Long Island.**

Bayside and Broadway, Flushing.—For sale, attractive houses, 7 and 8 rooms, near station; immediate possession. Bayside Homes Co., 47 West 34th St. Greeley 6896.

**Westchester County.**

9-room house, plot 125 feet front; high ground; modern; Hastings-on-Hudson; easy terms. Owner, Rose, 7 West 45th St. Tel. Bryant 2728.

House and two-car garage; corner; reasonable; easy terms; White Plains; best commuting service. 103 Park Av., Room 306.

**Queens.**

Must be sold, 2-family brick; modern improvements; rent of floor pays expenses, leaving profit; one block to subway; 15 minutes to Grand Central; healthy, refined section; $500 cash, balance on terms; selling at $1,000 below value; act quick. Biedenkapp, 36 East 23d St.

**New Jersey.**

Seven-room modern houses to let, furnished, $75; garden; garage; convenient to New York. Box 350 Grantwood, N. J.

**Houses Wanted.**

Wanted, furnished cottage, either in Westchester County or Long Island, from April 1 to Sept. 30; state particulars. Broker, Box 7, 1,335 3d Av.

Attention.—Nice house wanted, unfurnished, between 58th and 90th Sts., Central Park West. J. Hamilton, 23 West 31st St.

## MORTGAGE LOANS.

*Fifty cents an agate line.*

First mortgage wanted, $17,500, on unimproved property at 238th St. and Broadway; value $30,000. Telephone Worth 3245, or write H. F. Rawll, Room 511, 51 Chambers St., New York City.

Guaranteed first mortgages for sale ranging from $1,600 to $3,500, yielding 5½% and 6%; principal doubly secured. For particulars address Real Estate Department, 26 S. New Street, Bethlehem, Penn.

## REAL ESTATE.

*Forty-five cents an agate line.*

**Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.**

Dwelling, also good for business; Madison Square section; big bargain. A 463 Times Downtown.

**Bronx—For Sale or To Let.**

Brick house, with spacious garage, for sale; 2,015 Grand Concourse, Tremont section Bronx; 11 large rooms and 2 baths. Apply R. Moller, 316 East 65th. Phone Plaza 526 for particulars.

Modern 5-story corner apartment; sacrifice; rents about $5,000; mortgage $23,000; make offer. Apfel, 292 5th Av. Attorney.

**Long Island—For Sale or To Let.**

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.
Seven room, two baths, house; four sleeping rooms; corner plot; $13,000. Box 12, Forest Hills. Tel. F. H. 6524.

BIG SACRIFICE.
Ten acres, Hollis L. I.; 10 minutes' walk to station; $3,000 per acre; accept bonds in payment. L. Jensen, Hollis, L. I.

**Real Estate for Exchange.**

Modern hotel apartment in operation and earning over $15,000 clear yearly; subject to small first mortgage; owner will exchange equity of $100,000 for good N. Y. realty; great opportunity; state what you have to offer, giving full particulars. A. J. Sanders, Land Title Bldg., Philadelphia.

## FARMS.

*Forty-five cents an agate line.*

**Massachusetts—For Sale or To Let.**

For Sale—150-acre dairy farm, near City of Fall River; can be divided. Address Box 184, Fall River, Mass.

## TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

*Forty-five cents an agate line.*

8,500 SQ. FT. OFFICE SPACE.
SUB-LEASE.
GRAND CENTRAL SECTION; HIGH CLASS BUILDING;
UNDER $2 SQ. FT.; LONG LEASE.
POSSESSION NOW OR 2 MONTHS.
Address Principal, Box 118 Times.

Office to sublet; large, bright, 2 rooms, fully furnished; unfurnished if desired; by month or year; reasonable; location on 4th Av., 25th St. Henry Anderson, 568 Broadway. Phone Spring 76.

Furnished offices and desk room, with telephone and stenographic service; high-class office building, directly connected with subway express station. Room 212, 51 E. 42d.

4,000 SQ. FT.—AUTOMOBILE SECTION. FIRST CLASS BUILDING; REASONABLE. POSSESSION MAY. ADDRESS TENANT, BOX 192 TIMES.

509 5th Av., at 42d St.—1,500 square feet, suitable for showrooms and offices; possession. F. J. Gullfoyle & Co., 165 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt—7475.

A new garage, tire or auto service building, to lease, near Columbus Circle, all latest improvements; 50,000 to 100,000 square feet. Earle & Calhoun, 200 West 72d Street.

FACTORY, FIVE MINUTES FROM GRAND CENTRAL; WILL ERECT TO SUIT. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

FOR STORES, BUSINESS BUILDINGS, AND OFFICES, APPLY CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

Mail privilege, $3; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

109 Broad.—Large and small light offices; low rent. Apply on premises.

Desk room, light and cheerful; also half office. Room 1906, 303 5th Av. W 214 Times.

Good chiropodist could have fine office with Newman, The Bootman, 17 West 45th.

**Brooklyn.**

FACTORY LOFT
to let, space 25x85; excellent light, high ceiling; heat and power furnished. Strohbeck, 325 Johnson St., Brooklyn.

**Wanted for Business Purposes.**

Good lease of store in business centre, Broadway or nearby, 23d to 59th. J. Hamilton, 23 West 31st.

Office Wanted, one room preferably, in suite with attorney. G 647 Times Downtown.

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

*Forty-five cents an agate line.*

**Furnished—East Side.**

35TH, 17 EAST.—5th Av. block; 3-room apartment, two bedrooms, one living room, bath; exceptionally large rooms, elegantly and newly furnished; suitable for two gentlemen; lease to October or longer; $200 monthly. Call after 11 A. M., Gunther. Phone Vanderbilt 7258.

40S, EAST.—Handsomely furnished apartment; three rooms, kitchenette, bath, grand piano; $140 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d St.

50S, (near 5th.)—Handsomely furnished studio apartment, (non-elevator;) two large rooms, kitchenette, bath; $110. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1480.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS, EAST OR WEST SIDE; EXCLUSIVE LIST. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., TELEPHONE VAND. 4998.

PARK AV. corner, near Metropolitan Museum.—Artistically furnished sitting room and bedroom with private wash closet, for refined lady only; bath and kitchen privileges; gas, electricity, phone; $50. Phone Lenox 8081 or write G 350 Times.

SEVERAL HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
Modern buildings; 1, 2, and 3 master bedrooms; ranging from $200 to $700 monthly; long or short leases; choice locations; best hotel service; one unusually attractive large housekeeping apartment, including 3 large bedrooms, $900 monthly to October; immediate possession; unexcelled restaurant in building. For permit to inspect apply to
RAFAEL DE FLOREZ,
CARLTON CHAMBERS, 402 MADISON AV.

**Furnished—West Side.**

10TH ST., 44 WEST, (Washington Square.)—6 rooms, 2 baths; 8th floor; southern exposure; open fireplace; handsomely furnished; $275; separate maid's room available. Wm. A. White & Sons, Tel. John 5700. 46 Cedar St.

12TH, (Washington Square.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, two rooms, kitchen, bath; $115 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

32D, 9 WEST.—2 rooms, bath, service; period furniture. Steigelman.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

51ST ST., 34 WEST.—Foyer, parlor, bedroom, kitchenette, bath; handsomely furnished; open fireplace; sunny, bay and English windows; southern exposure; the beautiful apartment formerly occupied by Cyril Harcourt; immediate possession. 3769 Circle. Prescott.

52D ST., 43 WEST.
Large room and bath room; steam heat.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Thorndyke Apartment Hotel.)—Attractive suite, 2 rooms and bath, full hotel service, low weekly, monthly rates.

59TH ST., 150 WEST.—Duplex apartment to sublet, furnished or unfurnished, consisting of parlor, library and dining room, five masters, two servants' bedrooms, three bathrooms, kitchen, and laundry. Apply at office, 175 West 58th St.

70S, WEST SIDE.—THREE SPLENDID SUITES, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED; EXCELLENT SERVICE; $325, $225, $125 PER MONTH. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 8055.

70S, WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths; grand piano; $185 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

72D, 166 WEST.—Apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, and fine bathroom; exceptionally large rooms; handsomely furnished; $125; all appointments are of highest standard; maid service if desired. Apply to manager on premises. Tel. Columbus 7640.

77TH, 66 WEST.—Two large, sunny rooms, bath, kitchenette, high-class elevator apartment, 7th floor, facing south and west.

81ST, 204 WEST.—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; $75 monthly; mornings. Schuyler 6558.

82D ST., 54 WEST.—1, 2, 4 rooms, kitchenette; also doctor's or dentist's suite. 1,790 Broadway, Room 514. Circle 2135.

86TH, 204 WEST.—Eight rooms, attractively furnished; sublet to adults until Oct. 1; call afternoons only. Apartment 4E.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.
Choice furnished apartment, east, west sides; season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Col. 3974.

Attractive Apartments. Hotel Conveniences At Apartment Rates. Inspection Invited.
THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
110th St., between Amsterdam & Columbus Av.
Fully furnished Apartment rented monthly.
2 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $50 up.
3 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $70 up.
Telephone Academy 613 for further information. Linen and maid service if desired. Two blocks east of Broadway Subway, near 6th and 9th Av. "L." Reference essential.

BROADWAY, 2,333, (85th.)—Three-four room kitchenette apartment; adults, preferably men. Apartment 2.

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

*Forty-five cents an agate line.*

**Furnished—West Side.**

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, INC.,
12 East 44th St. Murray Hill 1100.

GAINSBOROUGH STUDIOS,
229 WEST 59TH ST.
Apartment of three rooms and bath to rent from Feb. 15 to May 15; ideal for bachelor or couple. J. E. Ball, Manager.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST

MANHATTAN AV., 400, (117th.)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; rent $55 month. Inquire Miss Carroll, after 12 noon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 264.—Apt. 7, South; 8 rooms, 2 baths, handsomely furnished in mahogany, self player piano, Victrola, fine library books; immediate possession; rent $325 month. Phone River 2449.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790.—157th St. subway station, handsomely furnished apartments; 6 rooms, 2 baths; piano. Odell. Audubon 5400.

TO SUBLET.—Tastefully furnished apartment four rooms and bath, until October; $150. L. B. Ball, 82 West 12th St.

WEST END AV., 817.—Will sublet six rooms, two baths, from March 1 till Sept. 30, or any period therein, for $1,000. S. B. Friedman.

**Unfurnished—East Side.**

33D, 141 EAST, (Near Lexington Av.)—Five-room apartment, private; latest improvements; steam heat, hot water supply, electricity, bath; rent $55. Ring basement bell.

49TH ST., EAST.—High-class elevator apartment, six rooms, two baths, $160, (sublease.) Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

50S, (Just off 5th Av.)—Will lease two-room furnished apartment, nonelevator building. Phone Plaza 1241.

50S.—In the 50s, near Park Av., two rooms and bath; $70 to $80; large living rooms. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th.

**Unfurnished—West Side.**

23D ST., 216 WEST.—Very sunny, elegant four rooms, bath. Apartment 94. The Chelsea.

81ST, 29 WEST.—Elegant apartments, 3-5 rooms, two baths, shower, steam heat, electricity, maid service, $200-$400 monthly.

94TH ST., 276, (nr. West End Av.)—Two spacious rooms and bath, just completed; $1,100 and $1,200. Tel. Morning. 1114.

AMSTERDAM AV., 307, (74th,) elegant large room with adjoining bath; bachelor; $40 monthly; every modern convenience. R 195 Times.

## APARTMENTS WANTED.

*Forty-five cents an agate line.*

**Furnished.**

Two business ladies desire small furnished apartment, west side, two rooms, bath, and kitchenette, or similar accommodation with small respectable family, no further north than 125th St.; state terms, full particulars. Box 95, City Hall P. O., New York City.

Apartments Wanted, Furnished.—Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

Two business women desire small apartment; furnished, unfurnished; particulars. C 875 Times Annex.

Gentleman wishes small apartment; furnished, unfurnished; price; transportation. C 876 Times Annex.

## FURNISHED ROOMS.

*Thirty-five cents an agate line.*

**East Side.**

49TH, 26 EAST.—Charmingly furnished two rooms and bath; $100. Apply superintendent.

68TH, 232 EAST.—Comfortably furnished rooms; very private; all conveniences; gentlemen; references.

86TH, 58 EAST.—2 very desirable medium-sized rooms.

MADISON AV., 253.—Large, small room, floor with bath, steam, electricity; references.

**West Side.**

69TH, 50 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished, sunny room; running water; electricity; adjoining bath.

72D, 120 WEST.—Beautiful furnished, clean, light rooms; entire new management.

73D ST., 100 WEST.—Large sunny room (cor. apt.,) electricity; business woman preferred; $10 week; references essential. Winter.

75TH, 134 WEST.—Newly furnished bedroom, sitting room; also large room.

76TH, 147 WEST.—Double sunny basement, bath adjoining; artistic home; electricity, parquetry.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Small room, adjoining bath; gentlemen preferred; references.

81ST, 27 WEST, (facing Parks.)—Exceptional room, southern exposure, porch, private bath, shower, electricity, steam heat; also small room.

86TH and Drive.—Beautiful large room, southern exposure, telephone in room, adjoining exceptional bath in high-class apartment, for married couple only. Schuyler 4341.

87TH, 23 WEST.—Exquisitely furnished suite, suitable married couple or bachelors; every convenience; also delightful single room; private family; good references positively required.

88TH, 68 WEST.—An attractive 3-room suite for 2 or 3 gentlemen only; twin beds, piano, telephone, electricity, steam heat, bath; reference. Falisse.

88TH ST., 315 WEST.
Handsome rooms, in modern residence; references.

91ST, 56 WEST.—Well appointed house, room; twin beds; 2 business men; $20.

93D, 115 WEST.—2d floor, front room, southern exposure; alcove, running water.

97TH, 316 WEST.—Light room, running water; next Riverside; family; $6.50. Brown.

97TH, 209 WEST.—Large outside room, running water, for gentleman; all conveniences. Apt. 5C. 1952 Riverside.

111TH, 605 WEST.—Sunny front room; Riverside; refinement; gentleman; $11. Apartment 32.

119TH ST., 124 WEST.—Desirable small room, private house; electricity, telephone, bath; references.

152D, 590 WEST.—Beautiful, large room, suitable one, two; private; congenial surroundings.

152D, 588 WEST.—Select rooms, suitable one, two; private house. Phone, shower bath.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 46, (THE GEYMORE.)—ATTRACTIVE ROOMS WITH BOARD; EXCEPTIONAL TABLE. SCHUYLER 4306.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (Near 115th.)—Large rooms, overlooking Hudson; suitable for two gentlemen; refined private family; moderate; telephone bet. 4-6, Morningside 1330.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 64, 78th St.—Two beautifully furnished rooms, bath; select house.

WEST END AV., 354 (77th.)—Nicely furnished room, bath at door.

WEST END AV., 806.—Large front room, adjoining bath; $12. Phone 2697 Academy.

## ROOMS WANTED.

*Thirty-five cents an agate line.*

**Furnished.**

Wanted—By gentleman, a sunny, warm, well-furnished room; running water, closet; use of telephone; one flight up; near west side elevated or subway, between 50th St. and 100th St.; preferably with meals; price moderate; give full particulars and telephone number. H 707 Times Downtown.

Business woman wishes furnished room with refined private family, with private bath, if possible; below 90th St. K 83 Times.

Furnished room wanted by Hebrew gentleman, with private family. A 1082 Times Harlem.

American, Christian gentleman, desires furnished room with refined American family. R 198 Times.

## BOARDERS WANTED.

*Thirty-five cents an agate line.*

**West Side.**

54TH, 54 WEST.—Back parlor, two rooms, private bath; southern exposure; references.

58TH, 44 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms with private bath, steam heat; table unexcelled.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

87TH, 352 WEST.—Lady owning handsome home offers second floor with private bath.

107TH, 322 WEST (Riverside, Broadway).—Luxurious private residence, three spacious rooms, bath; single room; exceptional table; modern.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large, double room, private bath; meals; one flight; singles, facing park; electricity; all conveniences

WEST END AV., 315.—Private family; beautiful room; bath; unexcelled table; gentlemen.

## BOARD WANTED.

*Thirty-five cents an agate line.*

LADY ENGAGED THROUGHOUT DAY IN RED CROSS WORK DESIRES ROOM WITH BREAKFAST AND DINNER, IN PRIVATE, REFINED HOME; WEST SIDE, BELOW 110TH ST. PHONE SCHUYLER 2139.

Board and care of three-year-old child in refined family. K 78 Times.

## COUNTRY BOARD.

*Forty-five cents an agate line.*

**Richmond.**

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter House of High Standard;
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service.
Social Parlor; Comforts; Cleanliness.
Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals.
10 Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

**Westchester County.**

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1165 White Plains.

ROCKLEDGE MANOR FAMILY HOTEL,
124 Bruce Av. Tel. 3344 Yonkers.

**New Jersey.**

THE MARLBOROUGH,
45 North Arlington Av.,
East Orange, N. J.
"30 Minutes from Broadway."

A parlor, bedroom, and private bath in a delightful family hotel, together with excellent meals for two persons, from $30 to $60 per week; situated in beautiful East Orange; 150 trains a day. Take Lackawanna at Hoboken; hotel one block from East Orange station. Write for Booklet.
W. T. READE, Resident Prop.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

*Thirty cents an agate line.*

ADDRESSOGRAPH - GRAPHOTYPE OPERATOR; Christian, four yars' experience; good reference. S. F., 114 Times.

ASSISTANT.—Efficient young lady desires position in office; long practical experience in general office, complaint, and adjusting work. C 842 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER or assistant, refined American young lady wishes good position; four years' experience, thoroughly competent, rapid and accurate, neat penman, expert typist; can take full charge; start $18. A 1083 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER.—Energetic, capable young woman, (25,) wants position where responsible person is needed; thoroughly familiar with controlling accounts, able to handle considerable detail; salary $25. W 41 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly competent; capable taking charge; trial balance, controlling accounts; best references; excellent penmanship; $25. Rosenblatt, 1,890 Crotona Parkway.

BOOKKEEPER, familiar with double entry, trial balance, controlling account, financial statements, balance sheet and working sheet; ambitious; $18. B 183 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Experienced competent young lady desires permanent position; accurate and willing. Write Box 67, 1,515 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER. — High school graduate; experienced; $16. Box T. A. 91 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, ledger clerk, experienced trial balance; reference; salary $18. R 189 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Seven years' practical experience, controlling accounts, trial balance; full charge; $25. R 187 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Office details; 5 years 'experience; efficient, reliable; $20. A 1054 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, 24, high school graduate, 8 years' experience, competent; $22. R. F., 475 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Beginner, high school graduate, desires position with good future. B 427 Times Downtown.

COMPANION.—Lady, middle aged, (son army officer,) educated, sociable, also experienced, good manager, giving up home, being lonesome, offers her services to refined party as companion or managing housekeeper; good home and treatment preferred to high wages. Address Box 46, 1,515 3d Av.

COMPANION, mother's helper, practical nurse; middle-aged lady, well bred, wide experience, pleasing personality; best references. Phone Williamsbridge 151.

COOK, first-class, wishes position in small private family; excellent manager, economical; references. Write, Advertiser, care Lindemann, 1,928 University Av., city.

FILE CLERK.
Refined Christian, familiar with various systems of filing, desires position; 4 years' experience; excellent references; salary, $20. A 767 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER, AGENT.—Refined, intelligent married woman, age 35, wishes position first-class apartment house; best references. R 102 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, intelligent, excellent cook, economical; no laundry; small family; references; $35. American, K 81 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, (working,) wants position with little girl; good references. 363 Edgecomb Av., Supt. Tel. Aud. 2337.

HOUSEWORK, neat colored girl, apt. Emma Woodside, 151 West 140th, care Stewart.

MASSAGE, licensed graduate; facial, general. Richmond, 120 New St., Newark, opposite tubes.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

MOTHER'S HELPER.—Experienced woman will supervise household and motherless children. W 350 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, year's experience, high school graduate, industrious, competent; $12. B 407 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young lady, experienced; knowledge stenography. A., 72 West 71st St. Telephone Columbus 4137.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—To surgeon, specialist, dentist, physician; position by graduate nurse; two years' commercial experience of real value. Please give name and telephone, otherwise no attention. W 348 Times.

REFINED YOUNG LADY, with high school education and experience in office, wishes a position, in lawyer's or broker's office preferred; references. R 191 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER.—7 years' mercantile experience; possesses initiative and executive ability; not afraid of responsibility; A1 references. M., 112 Riverside Drive.

SECRETARY.—Young lady, 7 years' experience, expert stenographer, legal experience, desires position, possesses tact, initiative. Expert. B 182 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, experienced, executive ability, desires connection reliable concern; references; $20. M., 210 East 112th St.

SECRETARY. — Young woman of education and refinement; knowledge of stenography; $25 week; Grand Central District preferred. G 363 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, good speed in shorthand and on the typewriter; familiar with card systems and office devices, neat in appearance, hard worker, $10 per week. Miss B, 36 West 123d St. Phone 518 Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, six years' experience, thoroughly competent, possessing initiative, tact, personality, wishes high-class position. Unusual, G 660 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, age 20, thoroughly experienced, rapid, efficient; complete knowledge office routine; high school graduate; best references; ambitious. 104 West 94th. Telephone Riverside 9727-R.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Thoroughly competent; 6 years' mercantile experience; references; $22. G 627 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Accurate, reliable, five years' experience, executive ability; high school graduate; unqualified record; minimum salary, $20. K 730 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate, high school graduate, able to take dictation verbatim; salary $22. L. I., 30 West 112th St.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—First-class stenographer; 5 years' experience; A1 references; $22. Seldin, 2,154 Dean St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, willing to do any clerical or office work; ambitious, references; moderate salary. M. S., 110 Rivington St.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; 2 years' experience; references; American; $15. K 796 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, 2 years' experience, desires position downtown. G 635 Times Dowkntown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience, high school education; highest references; $20. W 413 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER.—6 years' experience; efficient; $20. R. L., 1,701 Lexington Av.

STENOGRAPHER. — High school graduate; experienced; $12. Sarah Newfield, 62 Delmonico Place, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, efficient, wants good position; moderate salary. Lewis, 334 East 100th.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST, 19 years, high school graduate, competent and fast worker, desires position. K 53 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced, would take part time position. Room 803, 17 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' experience; reference former employer; $18. L 569 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, Wall Street experience, thoroughly familiar with office routine. G 639 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desires position; excellent references. S. Silver, 208 East 6th St.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, high school graduate, experienced. Forma, 145 West 117th. Morningside 1948.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, Christian, of good address; excellent credentials; $25. L. H., 137 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, reliable, accurate; 8 years' experience; $22. K 642 Times Downtown.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

*Thirty cents on agate line.*

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, file clerk, wishes position. S., 75 Dupont St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

TYPIST, dictaphone operator, experienced, accurate, Christian; A1 references. B 422 Times Downtown.

TYPIST-BILLING, Christian, high school education; rapid, accurate; $18. L. S., 117 Times.

WOMEN.—Two educated women, experienced in cooking, would do the buying, cooking and slight household duties in home; small salary if position suitable. Z 328 Times Annex.

WOMAN.—Refined woman wishes evening employment as cashier in hotel or restaurant or at anything where character and ability are appreciated. Phone Rhinelander 2881.

WOMAN of fine executive ability wishes position as manager of small hotel, club, or home; also working housekeeper. B 178 Times.

WOMAN, refined Swiss, wants position; able take charge of home, single or business couple. Nieder, 501 Brook Av.

WOMAN wants position as practical nurse or companion to elderly lady; out of town preferred; references. W 349 Times.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER.—Widow, refined, wishes position, good manager; excellent cook, wages $60 monthly; references. Write, Advertiser, care Lindemann, 1,928 University Av., city.

YOUNG LADY experienced in fine hand embroidery, initialing, desires work for private families. Phone Broad 5659.

### Employment Agencies.

*Fifty cents an agate line.*

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

L[illegible] CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (89th.) Riverside 9463.

CO[illegible] L[illegible] city, country, references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

*Thirty cents on agate line.*

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER, 37; EXECUTIVE ABILITY; THOROUGHLY CONVERSANT CONTROL ACCOUNTS, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CORRESPONDENCE, CREDITS, &c.; COMPENSATION, $40. L 349 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT, income tax consultant, corporations, partnerships, audits, systems, bookkeeping arrangements. Expert Public Accountant, 4601 Woolworth Building. Barclay 7811.

ACCOUNTING STUDENT, (20,) college graduate, thorough bookkeeping experience; ex-soldier; ambitious. G 668 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, office manager; 26; 8 years' experience; excellent references; had public accounting experience; salary $40. L 359 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, tax reports, bookkeeping, arrangements, $2.50 weekly; services not fat fees. Albert Barst. Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., high grade executive, record of achievement, seeks position, controller or executive large corporation. H 726 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, semi-senior, 25, 2 years' practical experience, knowledge income tax, seeks certified connection. K 70 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau Beekman 998.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, N. Y. U. graduate, competent, reliable, desires permanent C. P. A. connection. O 32 Times.

ADVERTISING EXECUTIVE, with selling experience, just out of service, wants connection with progressive manufacturing organization; capable in directing salesmen and developing business by advertising methods. E. S., 310 Times.

ADVERTISING.—Young man with excellent record and telling samples of work on national accounts; particularly strong as service man; honorably discharged; immediately available. S 49 Times.

ASSISTANT SALES MANAGER, aggressive, (28,) 6 years' experience, salesmanship, stenography, office management, desires responsible position offering advancement; salary $25. L 325 Times.

ASSISTANT.—Young man, 20, possessing education, personality, seeks position; convincing talker, capable relieving executive, correspondent, stenographer. K 87 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, (36,) executive ability, take charge; modern methods, controlling accounts, financial statements, corporation accounting; $35. G 352 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly efficient, accurate, temperate, and reliable; can take full charge, controlling, cost, manufacturing, and commercial experience; trial balances, financial statements; salary $25; excellent references. B 178 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (21;) 5 years' experience; customers and purchase ledgers; general office assistant; trial balance; A1 references. G 554 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, experienced, six years controlling accounts, credits, detailed bookkeeping work, correspondent on accounts, claims, etc. B 56 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, thorough knowledge of controlling accounts, capable of taking charge; first-class references. L 430 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, accountancy student, desires position with advancement; liberal salary. L 582 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (28,) married, thoroughly experienced double entry, trial balances; $30. K 728 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, four years' experience sales purchase ledgers, also payroll. A 1058 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced trial balance, auditing, desires position; moderate. Ottinger, 134 East 101st.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Young man, typist, good penman, general clerical worker. R 198 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, knowledge of control accounts; references; interview appreciated. L 342 Times.

BOY, 16, high school education, desires position in office; references. L 571 Times Downtown.

BOY, (16,) desires position as office boy. Anthony, 1,476 1st Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 24, married, private, 8 years' experience; A1 references; $35 a week. H. K., 340 East 84th.

CHAUFFEUR.—I wish a place; excellent man; thoroughly reliable. Phone Schuyler 6085.

CHAUFFEUR, good mechanic, position. Belz, P. O. Box 441, White Plains, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, any car; good references. Smith, 2454 Harlem.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER, graduate from Rensselaer, desires position with any chemistry firm; salary to start reasonable. G 574 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE MAN will rent for business or educational purposes his mind, trained in philosophy and the arts, practiced in general advertising; moderate rental. Alv., 145 West 76th St., New York.

COOK-VALET.—Two Japanese young men, first-class cook and experienced butler-valet, desire positions; both have very best references. Harry, 624 Lexington Av. Plaza 6255.

COST CLERK, 24, distribution labor, and material. A 1055 Times Harlem.

COUPLE, Japanese, man chauffeur, butler; wife good cook; city or country. W 285 Times.

COUPLE wants engagement, both cooks, 1st and 2d, or cook and baker; first-class references. S 5 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, 21, experience drafting, surveying, bookkeeping, desires position; anything; sales ability, technical education; salary moderate. K 687 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, tool and die designer, jig and fixture work; 4 years' experience. B. Meltzer, 1,820 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMAN, electrical, 7 years' designing, checking, inspecting, desires position. G 347 Times.

DRESS GOODS.—Mill man, 25 years' experience with largest manufacturers, wishes suitable position. W 415 Times Downtown.

EDITOR, CORRESPONDENT AND TRANSLATOR.—Spanish-American gentleman desires connection with publishing house; experienced in editorial and commercial work; highest references. L 302 Times.

EDITOR'S ASSISTANT, general newspaper writing, editorial experience, seeks connection with newspaper, periodical, or publishing house. G 595 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICAL APPRENTICE, student at N. Y. E. school evenings, willing worker, seeking employment with a future. W 782 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE AND ACCOUNTANT, six years' experience office manager, systematizer, desires to make a change; textile house preferred; highest credentials. A 1079 Times Harlem.

EXECUTIVE WITH TWENTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE AS SECRETARY, TREASURER, OFFICE AND CREDIT MANAGER; AMERICAN; 40; BEST REFERENCES. Z 316 TIMES ANNEX.

EXPORT MAN, experienced in the Spanish-American trade, perfect knowledge of Spanish, wants to connect with reliable concern to take full charge; best references. R. Navarro, 314 East 84th.

FARMER-GARDENER, married, (36;) take charge of private estate for April or May. Box 714, Monroe, N. Y.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

*Thirty cents an agate line.*

INVOICE CLERK.—Spanish-English consular and commercial invoice clerk and correspondent, familiar with standard telegraphic codes, desires position with reliable concern; references. G 621 Times Downtown.

JIU-JITSU.—Expert Japanese instructor visits pupils to give private lessons. Appointment only. Also jiu-jitsu massage. S 19 Times.

MANAGER OR ASSISTANT MANAGER.—Young man, 33 years of age, who by taste, training, and 18 years' business experience is an office manager, accountant, credit man, and executive, desires connection with real active house. Write H. B., 125 East 34th.

MAN, young, 23, intelligent, industrious, good penman, accurate figurer, accountancy student, desires clerical position bank or office; salary $22-$25. McDonough, 1,688 3d Av.

MAN, 37, executive ability, solicits position, office manager, bookkeeper, salesman. G 573 Times Downtown.

MASSEUR.—Graduated Swedish masseur would like to have care of private patient. Kellin, 727 Lexington Av.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, 21 years; stenographer, assistant bookkeeper; can see customers; four years' experience; references; $20. K 682 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, interested in accountancy, excellent penman, mathematician, experienced, references. L 524 Times Downtown.

OFFICE CLERK, 29, desires position at anything. A 1063 Times Harlem.

OFFICE MAN, experienced bookkeeping, credit, accounting departments, detail work, import and export merchandise. H 302 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Experienced, tactful, energetic, knowledge accountancy and costs; before war in luxury line since discontinued; recently discharged from army, commissioned officer. K 77 Times.

OFFICE OR EXPORT department; a young Spanish man would like to find a position. L 523 Times Downtown.

POSITION WANTED WITH FUTURE, discharged army officer, pilot air service, age 24; good education; previous business experience; salary secondary. H 719 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, just discharged from navy, desires position with exporter or concern with opportunity for advancement; able to take dictation, keep office systematized, handle correspondence; best references. Box 312, Times. 2 Rector St.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT has spare evenings; make arrangements with firms having no bookkeepers; open, close, audit books; financial statements, tax reports; reasonable. Box 441, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

PURCHASING AGENT.—Thoroughly experienced machinery, tools, hardware, and factory supplies, wishes position; best references. K 82 Times.

SALESMAN AND BUYER, has 13 years' experience in handling Chinese and Japanese fine art; is also an interior decorator; desires to be placed with a reliable house; has excellent record and references. R 197 Times.

SALESMAN, (27,) married, wishes to connect with manufacturing concern or wholesale house; best references. C. R., 104 East 14th.

SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED IN LEATHER GOODS AND HOLIDAY NOVELTIES; CITY AND OUT OF TOWN. A 1077 TIMES HARLEM.

SALESMAN.—College man, (22,) three years' business experience, desires position. G 577 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experience desires position with reliable concern as to travel the New England States or elsewhere. G 362 Times.

SALESMAN, young man, 22, two years' selling experience; best references. G 590 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, American, 34, married, twelve years' city, road, wishes position where hustler can earn good income. L 318 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, good personality, connection with large concern; best references. A 1081 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER for stenographical department of large publishing house; must be steady worker and have at least four years of business experience, preferably along advertising or editorial lines; Underwood machine. Address S. Schloss, P. O. Box 30, Station D, New York.

STOCK CLERK, 6 years' experience, wishes permanent position. Abrahams, 445 East 83d St.

TECHNICAL MAN, five years' engineering experience, seeks position as salesman or assistant to executive; references. G 375 Times.

UPHOLSTERER, at residence or hotel; city or country; mattresses renovated, furniture repaired; satisfaction guaranteed; reasonable prices. Kimmel, 360 East 121st. Phone Harlem 7492.

WRITER, former university instructor, attorney, returned from war work, desires literary or journalistic work. W 346 Times.

WANTED—A CHANCE.

Am good bookkeeper and correspondent, have been in Government work till January, am willing to do any work at a living wage, am bound to make good. Vancleef, 71 West 127th St.

YOUNG MAN of persistence, push and personality, with successful record as paymaster in the navy, seeks a connection along managerial lines with a house offering good opportunities for advancement and a business interest upon making good. Address Z 225 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position as salesman with jobbing or manufracturing concern; good correspondent; A1 references; two years' experience. Address Box H 756 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) honorably discharged, high school graduate, two years' general office experience, knowledge of stenography, desires position offering opportunity for advancement. M. F., 246 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) cadet aviator, formerly a draftsman, desires an opening in a commercial field where attentive, energetic services will obtain advancement. H 689 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, aggressive, possessing tact and initiative, desires connection with manufacturing concern, to learn business; six years' geenral business experience. R 157 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (17,) ambitious and honest, neat appearance, desires position where advancement assured; experience as stock and clerical worker; unquestionable references; $15. A 1080 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 20, conscientious and willing, desires positon with commercial house; salary secondary consideration. K 715 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, live wire, ability and personality, nine years' business experience, desires an opportunity at anything. K 621 Times Downtown.

YOUNG business man (knit goods) experienced buyer, salesman ,executive; just discharged from navy, wants good connection and line; college graduate. C. H., 63 Times.

YOUNG MAN, honorable army discharge, high school graduate, 3 years' business experience, position with advancement. K 75 Times.

YOUNG MAN, talented, to assist in art department of newspaper, also secretarial ability; best references. Saul Ritter, 2 West 94th St.

YOUNG MAN, 21, capable, executive ability, grit to make good, desires position, mercantile, manufacturing, export house. G 365 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, married, desires outside position, with a reliable house; no commission job accepted. McKenna, 315 Pulaski St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 23, energetic, adaptable, thoroughly acquainted with modern business methods; college training. Tactful, 925 Prospect Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 24, ex-Lieutenant, good education, desires position offering possibility of advancement. Y. M., 1,775 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, 23, 6½ years with last concern, to take charge or assist stock department; reference. K 73 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 28, 8 years with well-known wholesale house, all round useful and reliable; A1 references. A 1062 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, knowledge Spanish bookkeeping. Grau, 62 East 96th.

YOUNG MAN, 22, seeks position in auto repair shop or factory; willing to learn. Dupuch, 231 Madison Av.

YOUNG MAN, 21, stock and clerical experience, desires position; advancement. Box 78, 1,921 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN, 20, high school training, honest, reliable, seeks employment offering future. Emanuel Cassell, 237 Madison St.

YOUNG MAN, experienced office, stockroom, salesfloor, desires position. Fuchs, 68 East 107th St.

## HELP WANTED—Female.

*Thirty-five cents an agate line.*

AUDITOR.—Experienced young lady to audit restaurant checks. Call Lussier Restaurant, 147 West 43d St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; must be capable of taking entire charge of books and a rapid typist; only those with experience need apply; interview by appointment; a good position for the right party. P. J. Durham Co., Inc., 244 West 49th St. Telephone Bryant 4263.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Must be competent double entry bookkeeper, able to open books; also A1 stenographer; must have personality and initiative. Apply after 10 A. M. Room 201, 229 West 42d St.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER; must be thoroughly competent and understand controlling accounts and trial balance; state experience and salary desired. Address Box K. P., 807 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, able to take complete charge set of books; rapid and accurate at figures; Christian firm. B 88 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, typist; experienced, neat appearance; good advancement. J. Luchs, 11 West 31st St.

## HELP WANTED—Female.

*Thirty-five cents an agate line.*

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly competent; one familiar with dress manufacturing preferred; state former employer and salary expected. W 347 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, thoroughly experienced, take complete charge of office and correspondence; splendid opportunity. Kibel, 28 West 38th.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of stenography and typewriting; neckwear manufacturing concern; state experience and salary. B 118 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, educated and fully experienced, double entry. Call 4 to 6 o'clock or phone for appointment. Copeland Co., 38 West 26th.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady for general factory work; good position to right party; reference. B 152 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; salary $15. Belwin, Inc., 701 7th Av., Columbia Theatre Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST, experienced; $15 start. R. A., 515 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT.—CLOAK AND SUIT EXPERIENCE. K 79 TIMES.

BUYER AND MANAGER FOR NOTION DEPARTMENT.

A large department store has a vacancy for a competent woman as buyer and manager for their notion and art goods department. Applications treated strictly confidential; state age, experience, and salary expected. R. A., 307 Times Downtown.

CAFETERIA POSITIONS in large corporation for several young women who desire opportunity for practical training to fit them for supervisory work; high school graduates preferred; salary $16 to start. H 797 Times Downtown.

CLERKS, between the ages of 16 and 18, in the office of a large corporation. Experience unnecessary; hours 9 to 5, half-day Saturday throughout the year; vacations with pay; salary $10 per week to start; rapid advancement to higher paid positions. Write, stating age, education, experience, if any, &c. H 796 Times Downtown.

CORSET OPERATORS and alteration hands. Mme. L. Brown, 45 West 37th St.

DENTAL Hygienist Wanted.—Write, giving salary expected, experience, and reference. B 142 Times.

DRESSMAKERS AND FINISHERS on waists and skirts; high-class retail gown shop; positions all the year round. The Green Shop, 11 East 47th.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK GIRL, plain cooking, washing, ironing. Apt. 19, 541 West 113th St.

GIRLS OVER 20,
for cutting and examining paper patterns; steady work; half day Saturday; salary $10-$11 to start. Apply to
BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO.,
34 Hubert St., (4th floor.)
3 blocks north Franklin St. on 7th Av. Subway or 9th Av. L.

GIRL, bright, to assist in office; must write good hand. Apply by letter only, Jacob Bros. Piano Factory office, 589 W. 39th St.

GIRLS wanted to help in showroom; light, clean work. A. Portfolia & Co., 1,333 Broadway.

GOVERNESS.—Well educated; must speak French and English; music; two children, 8 and 11; references. Apt. 7A, 590 West End Av.

GOVERNESS for child of 2½ years; references required; excellent wages. Call Monday until 1 P. M. Car fare paid. Levy, 740 West End Av., (96th.)

GOVERNESS wanted, refined and educated, to act as companion to three girls, from ages 12-15. Apply B 111 Times.

GOWN BUYER.

Specialty shop in large Eastern city has a most exceptional opening for woman gown buyer; preferably one who has had considerable experience with best class of trade and who has already handled a business of at least $250,000 a year. Z 297 Times Annex.

KINDERGARTENER, experienced with large groups. Write K. A., 1,515 3d Av.

LIBRARIAN.—Active, trained woman, with newspaper knowledge, by large concern; state qualifications and salary expected. L 563 Times Downtown.

MAID, French, for girl 10 years; must be young, competent, have city references. Call Monday, 9-12, Mrs. E. J. Steiner, 400 Park Av.

MAID.—Refined person as visiting maid for child, 8 years, living in hotel. Call 10-12, Suite 805, Hotel Lucerne, 201 West 79th St.

MILLINERY.
PREPARERS
AND
COPYISTS.
LONG SEASON; GOOD PAY;
DAYLIGHT WORKROOMS;
BEST CONDITIONS POSSIBLE.
APPLY ALL WEEK.
VASSAR HAT CO.,
5-7-9 WEST 37TH ST.,
12TH FLOOR.

MILLINERY.—Thoroughly experienced copyist and also a learner. Rhoda Shop, 2,451 Broadway.

MODELS—SIZE 16.
Attractive young ladies
for showrooms.
M. ALTMAN & CO.,
29 West 30th St.

MODEL.—Attractive young woman, size 16, for dresses and suits; salary $25-$30. Room 408, 1,270 Broadway.

MODELS.—16 and 36 size, experienced in cloak and suit house; good salary. Karl Light, 129 West 27th St.

MODELS WANTED.—SIZES 16 AND 36, FOR COAT AND SUIT HOUSE. HUTNER, 48 WEST 25TH.

MODELS.
Size 16 for suits; long season; best wages. Knobel & Bloom, 145 West 30th.

MOTHER'S HELPER, French, speaking English, preferred, for little girl 4½ years; English, Scotch, or American may apply; references required. Friday and Saturday morning, 10:30 to 12:30. 162 East 71st St.

MOTHER'S HELPER, with nursing experience, to live with family and assist care baby, household. 189 Claremont Av., Apt. 24.

NURSE, experienced, to care for 2 children in Rochester, N. Y.; personal references required; English descent preferred. Apply on Sunday, H. P. L., Hotel Langdon, 2 East 56th St., or write for appointment.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, resident, for girl, 11 years old; physical care; must speak English correctly; references. Telephone 3977 Columbus.

NURSE GIRL, experienced, for infant; good wages; must give personal references. Call from 10 to 1, carfare paid, Goldsmith, 312 West 93d.

NURSE, not over 35 years, for 20 months' old baby; must be competent; good wages. 138th St., Belle Harbor, L. I. Phone Hammels 2184.

NURSE, to take care of 2 children, 3 to 6 years. Mrs. Lipshitz, 307 West 59th St. Phone Schuyler 168.

NURSE, graduate, needed for regular ward duty. Tarrytown Hospital, Tarrytown, N. Y.

NURSE for child, 18 months. Call between 12 and 2 and after 5; references. Thurlow, 15 East 10th St.

NURSE for baby two months old; references required. Call between 10 and 12. 27 West 85th.

NURSE, infant's, colored, experience and reference required. Apply 3 to 5, Mrs. Lambert, 106 Morningside Drive.

NURSE, experienced, 2 children; $50 per month. Telephone Forest Hills 6506.

NURSE or mother's helper, refined, for children over two. 62 West 87th.

NURSE to four-months baby; furnish references. A 1078 Times Harlem.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, 2 boys, good home, good salary. Gluck, 526 West 111th.

OPERATORS, experienced on children's dresses. B. W. Co., 73 5th Av.

PRINCIPAL.

Applications now considered, vacancy to be filled next season; a girls' private day school—primary through college preparatory; school location Southern city; only such candidates need apply as feel certain that their education, experience, and natural ability qualify them to conduct a school of the highest standards. Z 303 Times Annex.

REDFERN REQUIRES

waist finisher, waist helper, waist apprentices; also skirt finshers, skirt helpers, skirt apprentices. Apply 3 East 48th. Trade entrance.

SALESLADIES,
experienced in corsets, hosiery, underwear, and infants' wear; only competent help need apply. I. Berger, 2 Clinton St. and 120 West 125th St.

## HELP WANTED—Female.

*Thirty-five cents an agate line.*

SECRETARY and bookkeeper, well educated, for highest dental office; assist generally. State qualifications, references, and salary expected. Z 319 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, IN OFFICE OF LARGE BROOKLYN MANUFACTURING CONCERN; MUST POSSESS TACT, INITIATIVE AND SEVERAL YEARS COMMERCIAL TRAINING; GOOD EDUCATION ESSENTIAL; IN REPLY GIVE FULL PARTICULARS, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED. Z 263 TIMES ANNEX.

STENOGRAPHER — ASSISTANT STENOGRAPHER AND GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANT; GOOD FUTURE WITH HIGH SALARY FOR A BRIGHT WOMAN OF PLEASING PERSONALITY; $18 TO START. APPLY MARCEAU STUDIO, 624 5TH AV., 3D FLOOR.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady to work in office of large oil corporation; must be of neat appearance and capable of taking dictation rapidly and transcribing same accurately; state age, experience, references, and religion; salary, $85 per month. H 752 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANT, EXPERIENCED; HOURS 8:30 TO 6. CALL, OR APPLY BY LETTER, STATING AGE AND SALARY, ZADEK BROS., 6 WEST 38D.

STENOGRAPHER, competent; one who has had several years' experience with public accountants, accustomed to tabulating work. State experience, references, and salary desired in application. B 174 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, experienced, in large export and import concern; splendid opportunity for competent party. Address, stating salary and full particulars, G 665 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced; those having waited on buyers preferred; excellent opportunity for the right party. Write fully particulars, B 169 Times.

STENOGRAPHER with knowledge of general office details; one who has initiative and confidence in her ability. Hollander, 3 Howard St.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper, experienced in office of manufacturing agents; permanent position; salary $18-$25. B. B. B., 333 Times.

SPANISH STENOGRAPHER; MUST BE EXPERT TRANSLATOR AND SPEAKER; ONE OF SPANISH BIRTH PREFERRED. PAUL WENGER CO., 56 LIBERTY ST.

STENOGRAPHER, KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING IN LARGE OFFICE; GOOD OPPORTUNITY. MERIT CO., 1,538 BROADWAY.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for position in Hoboken; give age, reference, and salary expected. Z 279 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, 25 years old; $17, with advancement; knowledge bookkeeping. Cortlandt 3667.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, $10 to $18 per week according to proficiency. Independent Reporter Co., Skowhegan, Me.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; permanent position; salary to start $12. Daisy Waist Co., 3 West 30th St.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid and accurate, wanted. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

STENOGRAPHER, part time. Hart, Room 606, 85 Nassau St. 6838 Rector.

TRIMMERS. TRIMMERS,
experienced children's caps and hats; steady work, good pay; learners taken. L. Steinthal & Bro., 906 Broadway.

TYPISTS, piece work; experienced can earn $15 to $20 weekly. Apply 9 A. M., Boyd's, 19 Beekman.

WAITRESS.—Experienced; reference; sleep out. Woman's Club, 133 East 40th St.

YOUNG LADY having a knowledge of all grades and kinds of knitted underwear to take charge of stock and filling orders; steady position. Apply in own handwriting, giving age, experience, and salary expected, Box 22, 163 East 125th.

YOUNG LADY, rapid worker, alert, stenographic, dictaphone work in doctor's office; assist in laboratory; experience unnecessary; high school graduate preferred; salary $14 to $15. Apply Monday or Tuesday, 5:30 to 6:30 P. M., Apt. B, 1,000 Park Av., N. Y.

YOUNG LADY, bright and snappy at figuring, for position as price clerk; state age, salary, and full particulars. Box E. P., 104 East 14th.

YOUNG LADY to assist dentist and make herself generally useful; salary $10. Dentist, 1,123 Lexington Av.

YOUNG WOMEN TO LEARN FINISHING PHOTOGRAPHS; GENTEEL BUSINESS AND GOOD FUTURE; SALARY WHILE LEARNING $10, INCREASED AS YOU PROGRESS. APPLY OTTO SARONY CO., 1,177 BROADWAY.

### Instruction.

*Forty-two cents an agate line.*

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.

The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented. Why not qualify, when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words a minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, New York, and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

WOMEN ARE NEEDED

in modern business as bookkeepers, accountants, and office executives. Lucrative positions await the trained woman. Proper training is discussed in our free booklet "Opportunities for Women." Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for complimentary copy of this booklet and for details of training classes now forming.

PACE & PACE, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

FRENCH AND SPANISH

beginners' classes in CONVERSATIONAL French and Spanish taught by native instructors; everyday vocabulary, business terms, and correspondence featured; registrations now being received for 6 o'clock classes forming this week. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for Bulletin 92. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

SECRETARIAL OPPORTUNITIES AND HOW TO TRAIN FOR THEM will be explained in a lecture by E. J. McNamara at Pace Institute, Hudson Terminal, 30 Church St., on Thursday, Feb. 13, at 6 P. M. Write or telephone Cortlandt 1465 for complimentary admission ticket to lecture and for Booklet 51. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained women; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 70, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

For Commercial or Professional Life—
THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' individual instruction; graduates registered. V. M. Wheat, Director. 35 West 42d St. Phone V-4039 for catalogue.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required.

FIFTEEN DOLLARS
Monday, Feb. term, pays for complete course in stenography, typewriting, telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 5 East 35th St., near 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS! Join our Speed Club—dictation from 80 to 175 words. Any time after 5 P. M. DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOL, Tribune Bldg. Phone Beekman 2723.

BECOME expert telephone operators, complete course; $10; day, evening. Chief School, 5 Beekman St., cor. Nassau.

FOREIGNERS taught fluent English by cultured young lady. Vanderbilt 3639. 40th St.

### Employment Agencies.

*Fifty cents an agate line.*

STENOGRAPHERS, various lines, legal and commercial, $18-$25; several beginners, $12-$15; bookkeepers, typists, clerical, &c.; registration free. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway. Est. 1897.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
99 NASSAU; FREE REGISTRATION.
STENOGRAPHERS, TYPISTS,
CLERKS, BOOKKEEPERS.
Excellent positions for high-class applicants.

FULTON STENOGRAPHIC AGENCY,
489 5th Av., 93 Nassau St.
STENOGRAPHERS, (25,) $12-$22.
BOOKKEEPERS, ETC.
FREE REGISTRATION.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers; numerous positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

*Thirty-five cents an agate line.*

ACCOUNTANT WANTED

BY LARGE BALTIMORE CLOTHING CORPORATION; MUST BE THOROUGH IN ALL FORMS OF ACCOUNTING; STATE IN LETTER SALARY DESIRED, REFERENCE, AND WHEN CHANGE CAN BE MADE; FIRST CLASS OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN. APPLY BY LETTER TO J. SCHOENEMAN, ROOM 1118, 200 FIFTH AV., NEW YORK CITY, AND INTERVIEW WILL BE ARRANGED.

ACCOUNTANT, senior wanted, certified or chartered, for permanent work; salary commensurate with ability. Write, stating experience, education and qualifications, B 49 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS, semi-seniors, wanted; permanent positions for qualified accountants. Write, stating age, experience, education and salary expected. B 50 Times.

ADVERTISING SALESMAN, signs, displays, and service; permanent position, unlimited opportunity; commission. Binger Co., 55 West 23d.

ARTIST DESIGNERS on label, carton and booklet lettering; only those experienced need apply. Robert Gair Co., foot of Washington St., Brooklyn.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

*Thirty-five cents an agate line.*

ASSISTANT BUYER WANTED
in large export house; permanent position with every chance of advancement; must have working knowledge of Spanish; knowledge of paper not essential. G 667 Times Downtown.

AUDITOR for hotel, night; hours 11 P. M. to 7 A. M.; 7 days a week; work consists of checking daily entries into accounts receivable and taking off monthly trial balance; applicant between 25 and 45 years of age; must be thorough bookkeeper; salary $35 a week to right man. Address K 84 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT by Gentile cotton goods house; young man having acquired by experience good working knowledge of accounting, who writes good hand and is neat, quick worker; $20-$25; state age, experience. K 725 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man to fill position as junior clerk on customers' ledger; must write well, be accurate, and have knowledge of double-entry system; large manufacturing plant in Brooklyn; state salary and qualifications. L 329 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, young man, double entry, good at figures, insurance experience; state details in own handwriting; honorably discharged soldier preferred. H 1298 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, educated and fully experienced double entry. Call 4 to 6 o'clock or telephone appointment, Copeland Co., 38 West 26th.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, thoroughly experienced; state age, detailed qualifications, references, and salary required. R 188 Times.

BOOKKEEPER; experienced in plumbing supplies. A 476 Times Downtown.

BOYS OVER 16
for general work in subscription department; half day Saturday. Apply to
MISS CARLOCK,
Butterick Publishing Co.,
326 Hudson St., N. Y.
Take 7th Av. subway to Houston St.

BOY in office of large advertising agency; opportunity to learn the advertising business; unusual chance for advancement. Call or write Room 712, 381 4th Av.

BOYS, BRIGHT, WANTED
for stock departments by large wholesale cotton converting house; excellent opportunity to become salesmen; permanent positions; state age, references, and salary expected. Converter, Box 1, Station A, N. Y. C.

BOY for Christian export firm make himself generally useful; school graduate residing with parents preferred; splendid opportunity for bright boy; apply in own handwriting, stating salary desired and training. A 475 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in office of woolen commission house. Address, giving age and references, B 20 Times.

BOY for office and errands; $8; no experience required; bring references. Goers Optical Co., 317 East 34th St.

BOY wanted, to make himself useful in dress manufacturing concern. Biltwell, 143 West 24th St.

BOY, 17, for general office work; no experience necessary; salary $40 month. O'Connor-Mossatt Co., 432 4th Av.

BUTLER-VALET, unmarried, who can cook and take charge of a bachelor's apartment; state by whom last employed and for what length of time; city references required. Z 283 Times Annex.

BUTLER.—High class, select boarding house; also useful man. 142 West 73d.

BUYER FOR LADIES' SUITS.
MUST HAVE KNOWLEDGE OF
THE JOBBING LINE AND HELD
SIMILAR POSITION.
RITTER BROS.,
1,383 BROADWAY.

CARPENTERS WANTED, (300.)
CONCRETE FORM WORK
WAGES, $5.50 FOR 8 HOURS.
Report with tools on Monday morning, Feb. 10th.
Apply at
UNITED STATES ARMY SUPPLY BASE,
59th St. and Second Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, married, reliable, mechanic, Pierce-Arrow experience; state age and references; private family; $100 monthly; temperate. B 181 Times.

CHEMIST; analytical college graduate; preferably one having broad experience in general analytical work. Fraser Laboratories 50 East 41st.

COST CLERK.—One having thorough experience in printing costs; also knowledge of payroll essential; none without experience in color printing need apply; large manufacturing plant in Brooklyn; state salary and qualifications. R 115 Times.

ENGINEER, experienced on fuel oil engines; only first-class mechanic. G K, 802 Times Downtown.

EXPORT—COTTON GOODS.

A large cotton goods converter desires a manager to open up and take complete charge of an export department; one understanding cotton textiles and thoroughly familiar with the requirements of foreign countries; capable of getting up sample lines and catalogues, placing lines through commission houses, and establishing agencies; none but those having experience and capable of handling this position in its entirety need apply. K. 727 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN.—High-grade punch press department foreman, thoroughly capable of producing small, accurate work with combination gang blanking, forming and drawing dies, as used on small foot and double-action power presses; state salary and experience in detail. Z 282 Times Annex.

GLASS BLOWER on vacuum bottles. Simplex Vacuum Mfg. Co., Philadelphia, Penn.

LABORATORY HELPER wanted; young man having analytical laboratory experience; preferably one studying chemistry; salary $12 per week to start. Fraser Laboratories, 50 East 41st St.

LITHOGRAPHIC stone engaver wanted; first class; script lettering or vignettes; also lithographic letter artist. Z 287 Times Annex.

MACHINIST.—First class, all-round. Apply Compressed Cork Co., 38 Congress St., Brooklyn.

MAN WANTED. — THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SILK HOSIERY AND SILK UNDERWEAR; MUST KNOW THE MANUFACTURING END FROM A TO Z; THIS INQUIRY IS MADE BY A MANUFACTURING CONCERN ALREADY ESTABLISHED IN ANOTHER LINE; A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; GIVE SOME PARTICULARS REGARDING SELF AND EXPERIENCE IN ANSWERING THIS AD. Z 368 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN.—Wanted, a man familiar with all forms of insurance in a broker's office to take charge and produce and increase business; state salary, reference, and experience. Z 261 Times Annex.

MAN.—All around man on handkerchiefs, hemstitching, &c.; one who has or can control some hemstitch trade; good opportunity. K 726 Times Downtown.

MANUFACTURER TO MANAGE FACTORY IN HIGH CLASS WAIST HOUSE; KNOWLEDGE OF PATTERN MAKING NECESSARY; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; WRITE IMMEDIATELY. B 69 TIMES.

OFFICE BOYS.—Large insurance company; advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y. City.

SALESMAN.—Unusual opportunity for energetic man, (27-35 years,) to connect with large manufacturer entering knit goods field; do not apply unless you understand manufacturing and selling all kinds of sweaters, &c.; good salary; replies strictly confidential; state experience, references, telephone number, name of present employer. Address "Manufacturer," care George Slater, 220 5th Av., New York.

SALESMEN MOTOR TRUCKS.

Complete line 1 to 5 ton worm drive trucks; old-established company, but new truck in this territory; will be at the show; fine support; leads furnished; commission basis; only high-grade men considered; give past records in full with remuneration expected, with references, which will be treated confidentially and no inquiries made until after interview. Box W 230 Times.

SALESMAN.—TEPPER BROS., PLAINFIELD, N. J., DESIRE AN EXPERIENCED DRESS GOODS SALESMAN, CAPABLE, TO TAKE CHARGE OF DEPARTMENT CATERING TO THE BETTER TRADE. APPLICATIONS BY MAIL OR INTERVIEW MONDAY, CARE SCHOOLHERR, 440 4TH AV.

SALESMEN, prominent coat house, specializing on pile fabric coats, want salesmen for Iowa, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Michigan, North and South Dakota, Kansas, Nebraska, will consider men who can produce large volume business; commission basis; line ready March 1; answers confidential. Box S., 614, 1,265 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted to represent us in the Middle West, Chicago to Denver, for retail trade only; Klosfit petticoats and allied lines; only one that is well known; to the right party satisfactory arrangements can be made on commission; write full particulars; confidential. Greenwald Bros. 33 West 34th St.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

*Thirty-five cents an agate line.*

SALESMEN
FOR THE
COMPTOMETER.

Felt & Tarrant Mfg. Company has 3 openings in their Sales Organization for men 25 to 35 years old who can qualify to sell Comptometers.

Bookkeeping, clerical, or accounting experience should help.

We will consider not only the energetic, reliable salesman with ability, but also the reliable, energetic, forceful man who wants a chance to get on the sales end.

We thoroughly train our salesmen before placing them in a territory and pay a salary during training period.

Salary and commission proposition after training period.

Answer by letter only for appointment.

M. E. O'BRIEN,
221 Broadway, New York.

SALESMANAGER WANTED, FOR A LARGE PAINT AND CEMENT MANUFACTURER IN EASTERN NEW YORK. A HIGH-CLASS EXECUTIVE, FULLY CAPABLE OF HANDLING AND DIRECTING A SALES FORCE; ONE WHO CAN WRITE STRONG, FORCEFUL SALES LETTERS; HE MUST HAVE A THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF CONDITIONS IN THE DEALERS, JOBBERS AND MILL TRADE AND MODERN METHOD OF MARKETING MERCHANDISE; SALARY WILL BE PAID UP TO THE LIMITS OF YOUR CAPABILITY; ONLY PAINT EXECUTIVE WILL BE CONSIDERED. Z 320 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMAN.—One having experience in accounting and office routine to sell a low price, meritorious time-saving device; every office, store, and manufacturing plant can use one or more; to one who can qualify an unusual opportunity is offered on an attractive commission basis. Monday or Tuesday morning, Room 14, 156 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, several intelligent men to represent the Jewish Publication Society of America in New York and vicinity to solicit membership and sell its publications, on a commission basis; only those with first-class references need apply. Write S. A. Dobsevage, 110 West 40th St.

SALESMAN. — Investment securities salesman wanted; Westerner preferred; under 30; pleasing personality, serious minded; financial experience not necessary, but ability to see and sell business men essential; salary $30 weekly. R. P., P. O. Box 107, Times Square Station.

SALESMEN.—We are open for two live-wire salesmen with full experience for department stores, to handle a full line of ladies' handbags; commission basis; drawing account; strictly confidential; state experience. Reply A 446 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Thoroughly experienced, wholesale hosiery and underwear, with personal following for city or suburbs or both; permanent connection and good salary; splendid opportunity for right man. Spieglitz, 475 Broadway.

SALESMEN and agent wanted to sell our tea, coffee, spices, and extracts to our old customers on established routes on commission and salary; write for our proposition and samples. C. L. Staples & Co., Dept. 19, Clinton, Iowa.

SALESMAN WANTED,
ONE WELL ACQUAINTED WITH THE FLANNEL SHIRT MANUFACTURING TRADE; COMMISSION AND DRAWING ACCOUNT. K 656 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN.
One well known among resident buyers and retail stores in New York to handle high-class line of middies and middy dresses; commission basis. Z 312 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—Real live proposition to those who can sell association membership to food merchants; commission. Apply Mr. Carpenter, Room 1316, Sun Building, 150 Nassau St.

SALESMEN to carry side line of petticoats for well-known house in South Atlantic States, Dakotas and Wyoming, and South Western States; commission. Address E. K., 803 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN for motor trucks, Bronx and Westchester Counties, 2½, 3½, and 5 ton capacity; we pay commission on all trucks sold in zone allotted to salesman. Phone Melrose 67 for appointment.

SALESMAN.—Western, also Eastern territories; prominent line, women's neckwear and rufflings; only big men wanted with following in this line; salary. R. B., 808 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—3, with necessary references, to sell motor trucks; direct factory connection; commission basis, with exceptional opportunity. Apply Room 902, 1,457 Broadway, N. Y.

SALESMAN.—Sales engineer, one familiar with designing and estimating of elevating and conveying machinery, for New York territory; salary. Address A 425 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN Wanted; experienced commercial auto bodies; salary and commission. Biltwell Auto Body Co., 59 Jackson St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN.—Inside counter salesman in wholesale house; one experienced in photographic supply house; state age, salary, and experience. Box J. N., 104 East 14th.

SALESMAN.—Housekeeping, dry goods, linens; territory within 600 miles of New York; age, under 40; salary, commission, drawing account. Bushing, 57 Leonard St., N. Y.

SALESMAN, experienced, wanted to sell city and office trade on ladies' and misses' coats on a commission basis. Call up Gram. 6775 for an appointment.

SALESMAN.—If you can sell rubber tires, a future is assured you with a progressive tire company; drawing account against commission. B 141 Times.

SALESMAN for best line of flapper coats and girls' coats in the market; commission or salary. Julius L. Goldstein, 153 West 23d. Phone Farragut 596.

SALESMAN.—Hosiery and underwear; suburban or out-of-town experience and personal following only considered; commission. J. Robinson, 33 Orchard St.

SALESMEN.—Established lithographing and printing firm will pay commission or salary to experienced salesmen. A 424 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced shirt man for New York, Pennsylvania, and New England States; commission basis. Drew & Lipke, 602 Broadway.

SALESMAN for collar and shirt line, experienced in N. J. and N. Y. territory; commission basis and drawing account; good opportunity. Box B 145 Times.

SALESMAN WANTED; STRICTLY COMMISSION BASIS; WIDELY KNOWN OFFICE DEVISE. APPLY BY LETTER ONLY. MULTIPOST, 32 BROADWAY.

SECURITY SALESMEN.

A New York corporation requires high-class security salesmen. This company, whose Directorate is composed of reputable New York business men, will sell some of its treasury stock to equip a plant on Long Island to meet the demands for its product. Liberal commissions to the right salesmen. Apply Room 742, 47 West 34th St.

SPANISH-ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER, in old-established firm; splendid opportunity for competent party; good salary. Address, stating full particulars, G 666 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, who is now employed as stenographer with at least two years' continued experience, to act ast stenographer, and perhaps Secretary to the head of an advertising business; state age, salary you are now receiving, and what you expect at start; applications which do not comply with the requirements of this advertisement will be consigned to the waste-basket. Address, in own handwriting, A 433 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretarial; one knowing all about the life insurance business; aggressive; willing to go to Washington; permanent; good opportunity for right man. Write, stating age, experience, salary expected, Insur., P. O. Box 50, Wall Street Branch.

STENOGRAPHER, secretarial; age 26-27; college bred; capable of doing research work; must be alert, rapid, neat; big company; easy hours; quick advancement. Write, stating experience, salary expected, &c., Restip, P. O. Box 50, Wall Street Branch.

STENOGRAPHER. — One with shipping department experience preferred. M. W. Kellogg Co., 117 West Side Av., Jersey City.

STENOGRAPHER; experienced automobile industry. Apply 221-223 West 64th St.

STOCK SALESMAN.
WE WISH TO SELL $100,000 OF THE TREASURY STOCK OF A GOING CORPORATION MANUFACTURING THE BEST SOFT DRINK IN THE COUNTRY TODAY, MONEY TO BE USED TO ENLARGE THE BUSINESS; ATTRACTIVE COMMISSIONS TO PRODUCERS. A 416 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STOCK CLERK ASSISTANT; MUST HAVE HAD EXPERIENCE IN MILLINERY LINE; FLOWER AND FEATHER KNOWLEDGE PREFERRED. ADDRESS IN WRITING ONLY, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE, WAGES. ALFRED L. SIMON & CO., 725 BROADWAY.

STOCK CLERK.—Young man wanted for large button house who is acquainted with the picking out of orders for the retail trade; good chance for advancement. B 170 Times.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

*Thirty-five cents an agate line.*

STOCK SALESMEN WANTED;
Two high-class telephone salesmen, to sell an exceptional, high-grade, dividend-paying security; good salary, liberal commission and bonus to producers only. Apply Investment Broker, 1,845 Broadway.

TAILOR wanted for work in mining camp in South America; must be capable cutter and fitter as well as having all other requirements; submit record in full detail. A 477 Times Downtown.

TELEGRAPH OPERATOR in stock brokers' office; state salary and references. W 412 Times Downtown.

WINDOW TRIMMER and card writer wanted for retail ready-to-wear store in a nearby New York town. Apply Monday, between 10-12 A. M., Young Sex, 38 East 33d St.

YOUNG MAN,
competent of taking charge and managing store; one who has had full experience in ladies' retail underwear and infants' wear; answer by mail only, state salary and references, past and present employment, married or single. I. Berger, 120 West 125th St.

YOUNG MAN, bright, with energy and ability for an importing house; must have A1 references; splendid chance for advancement. In answering state full particulars regarding age, nationality, experience, &c. Box G 824 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to operate switchboard and do typewriting; must be experienced and very rapid, accurate, and neat at machine; exceptional opportunity for advancement. Write fully and state salary, R 194 Times.

YOUNG MAN as assistant in shipping department; must be reliable, punctual, and ambitious. Apply in own handwriting, giving age and salary expected. Box 10, 163 East 125th St.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in purchase and sale of photographic supplies; state full age, past experience, and salary expected. A 422 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted for stock and shipping in woolen house. Mr. Shapiro, 11th floor, 244 5th Av.

### Instruction.

*Forty-two cents an agate line.*

IF YOU ARE mechanically inclined "break into the engineering game." There is no field today richer in opportunity; we offer an intensely practical course in drafting and shop mathematics; individual attention; rapid progress; classes now forming. Call write, or phone today, Y. M. C. A., New York Branch, 157 East 86th St. Telephone Lenox 6051. Brooklyn Branch, Marcy Av., near Broadway. Telephone Williamsburg 3800.

AN IMMEDIATE OUTDOOR JOB at $25 to $60 per week for trained tractor mechanics; 300 men wanted by April 1; a live profession with a wonderful future. We can train you in five weeks for these jobs. For full particulars write, call, or phone today. East Side Branch Y. M. C. A., 157 East 86th St., New York. Phone Lenox 6051.

SECRETARIAL OPPORTUNITIES AND HOW TO TRAIN FOR THEM will be explained in a lecture by E. J. McNamara at Pace Institute, Hudson Terminal, 30 Church St., on Thursday, Feb. 13, at 6 P. M. Write or telephone Cortlandt 1465 for complimentary admission tickets to lecture, and for Booklet 50. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

FRENCH AND SPANISH.

Beginners' classes in CONVERSATIONAL French and Spanish taught by native instructors. Every-day vocabulary, business terms, and correspondence featured. Registrations now being received for 6 o'clock classes forming this week. Write or telephone Cortlandt 1465 for Bulletin 91. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

BUSINESS EXPANSION
YOUR OPPORTUNITY.
Salesmanship and advertising open the way to unlimited possibilities in many fields. Training groups, under guidance of experts, now forming—evenings. It will pay you to investigate. Write for Bulletin T, Brooklyn Central Y. M. C. A., 55 Hanson Place.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained men; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 73, "Your English," will enable you to determine; write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

SALESMEN.—We can increase your income; what we have done for others we can do for you; many highest paid sales managers among our graduates; investigate; new group forming Feb. 13; a postcard will bring you complete details. Ask for Booklet T, 23d St. Y. M. C. A., 215 West 23d St., N. Y.

For Commercial or Professional Life—
THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' individual instruction; graduates registered. V. M. Wheat, Director. 35 West 42d St. Phone V-4039 for catalogue.

EARN $5,000 YEARLY
As a Doctor of Chiropractic; day and evening sessions, co-educational; class now forming. Write for booklet B.
CHIROPRACTIC UNIVERSITY OF N. Y.
1,416 Broadway, New York. Bryant 6956.

ELECTRICAL and mechanical engineering drawing, electrical and mechanical design, problems and theory taught by technical trained active engineer of 25 years' experience. The Herrick Research Laboratory, 130 Manhattan St.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

MEN.—Learn photography; good paying positions in art, commercial, or motion picture studios; experts instruct by actual practice in E. Brunel's 20 modern studios; enroll now. E. Brunel Training School of Photography, 1,2[illegible] Broadway, at 32d St.

FIFTEEN DOLLARS
Monday, Feb. term, pays for complete course in stenography, typewriting, telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 5 East 35th St., near 5th Av.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

MOVING PICTURE operating taught; positions free; day or evening. 644 8th Av.

## AGENTS WANTED.

*Fifty cents an agate line.*

AGENTS wanted for honorable discharge frame for soldiers with special designed mat illustrating battle scenes from the war, with removable back; made in Circassian walnut and dark oak; both are big sellers; send for prices to agents. A 474 Times Downtown.

## AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

*Fifty cents an agate line.*

ALEXANDER G. HARRIS
ANNOUNCES
CLOSED CAR SALE.
End of Season Prices in Mid-Winter.
SEDANS
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
1917 HUDSON SUPER-SIX SEDAN.
1918 CADILLAC SEDAN.
1918 DODGE SEDAN.
1915 4-PASS. CADILLAC SEDAN.
1917 CADILLAC VICTORIA COUPE.
1917 HUDSON TOWN CAR.
ALSO MANY OTHERS.
BE SURE IT'S HARRIS,
1,700 BROADWAY.

ATTENTION! CAREFUL BUYERS!
PACKARD, 1918, LIMOUSINE, 3-35.
PIERCE, 1918, LANDAULET, 38.
PACKARD, 1917, ROADSTER, 2-25.
CADILLAC, 1917, LIMOUSINE.
CADILLAC, 1917, SEDAN.
CADILLAC, 1917, TOURING.
HUDSON, 1917, LIMOUSINE.
LOCOMOBILE, 1917, TOURING, 38.
MARMON, 1917, CHUMMY ROADSTER.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE CO.,
10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
CADILLAC 1918 7-pass. Touring.
CUNNINGHAM 1918 6-passenger.
CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
DANIELS 1917 4-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1916 Roadster and Speedster.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood 4-passenger.
PIERCE 1917 "66" Chummy Roadster.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE WAREHOUSE CO., INC.,
1,778 Broadway, (one flight.) Circle 1417.
1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN, $900.
1917 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN, $1,050.
1917 BUICK SEDAN, $1,350.
1917 HUDSON SEDAN, Model J, $1,650.
1916 CADILLAC SEDAN, $1,500.
1917 CHANDLER SEDAN, $850.
1915 CADILLAC LIMOUSINE, $750.
YOU MUST ACT TODAY!!!

A MID-SEASON OPPORTUNITY.
1918 BUICK 7-Pass. Touring.
1917 CADILLAC 7-Pass. Touring.
1917 FRANKLIN 5-Pass Touring.
1918 HUDSON 4-Pass. Sport.
1917 HUDSON 4-Pass. Sport.
1916 LANCIA Sport Roadster.
1917 STUTZ 6-Pass. Touring.
1917 PACKARD 7-Pass. Touring.
1918 PIERCE-ARROW Vestibule Subur.
1915 LANCIA 4-Passenger Sport.
FIAT Foreign Fleetwood Landau.
HERMAN N. KARP, INC., Est. 1902,
1,676 Broadway. Circle 65.
Open evenings. Time payments.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUICK, 1917, little-6, with Winter top. 1,778 Broadway, (57th.) one flight.

CADILLAC 1918 Victoria Coupe, 1917 Sedan, touring; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

## PUBLIC NOTICES.

*Fifty cents an agate line.*

CARPENTERS!—ALL MEMBERS OF THE Brotherhood of Carpenters who have been discharged from the army or navy are urgently requested to attend meeting in Beethoven Hall, 210 East 5th St., Manhattan, 8 o'clock Monday morning, Feb. 10, upon matters vitally important to themselves. By order District Council, Brotherhood of Carpenters.
ALEX. KELSO, Secretary.

THE MEMBERS AND PATRONS OF THE Lebanon Hospital Association are hereby invited to attend the annual meeting of the Lebanon Hospital Association of the City of New York to be held at the Hospital on Sunday, February 16, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. for the election of officers and directors and such other business as may legally be brought before said meeting. LEWIS COON,
Honorary Secretary.

## AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

*Fifty cents an agate line.*

*Fifty cents an agate line.*

CADILLAC 1918 SPECIAL SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1918 TOURING, 7-PASS.
CADILLAC 1917 SPORTING—4.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER, seating 4.
CADILLAC 1918 Amesbury Suburban Sedan.
MERCER 1917 SPEEDSTER, like new.
OWEN MAGNETIC 1917 LANDAULET.
MURRAY "8" 1917 TOURING.
STUTZ 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1917 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
ROAMER 1918 SPORTING—4.
Practically new; 40 per cent. off list.
ROAMER 1918 SPORTING—4.
Special Herzman & Spielman, 90 H P Motor.
HUPMOBILE 1917 LANDAULET Brougham.
Snappiest Hupmobile ever built.
ISOTTA FRASCHINI SEDAN.
Latest importation; steel demountable wheels, starter, lights, generator.
D. C. BURRELLE,
1,700 Broadway, 4th floor. Circle 163.

CADILLAC, 1918, Victoria; latest model.
MERCER, 1918, Sport; almost new.
Auto Electric Service, 245 West 55th.

CADILLAC, 1917, 4-passenger touring, special model; extras, 2 shoes, slip covers; excellent shape. Oberweger, 136 West 52d.

CADILLAC 1916 Sedan; price attractive. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight, Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1917 4-PASS TOURING.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

CADILLAC, 1915, 8-cylinder touring; condition perfect. Phone Circle 5692.

DETROIT ELECTRIC 1918 model, new battery, car in perfect shape; must sacrifice for $1,500; ask to see Mr. C.'s car at the Anderson Electric Car Company, 20 Central Park West, N. Y.

HUDSON 1918 Cabriolet, 1917 Sedan, touring, speedster; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan; real opportunity. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1917 Limousine; town car. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON, 1917, four-passenger speedster. Phone 2626 Vanderbilt.

HUDSON Speedster, 1917, excellent shape; wire wheels. Oberweger, 136 West 52d St.

HUDSON, 1917, sedan and touring; both bargains. 305 West 59th St. Columbus 9862.

HUPP 1917, seven passenger touring car, in excellent condition. Marmon Automobile Co., 1,880 Broadway.

LANCIA Cabriolet, special body; lady going away; can be seen at 236 West 59th St.

LOBELL ABORN CO.,
HIGH-CLASS USED MOTOR CARS.
1917 CADILLAC Sedan; equal to new.
1917 MERCER Suburban.
1918 KISSEL Sedan; C. T. Silver model.
1917 STUTZ Tr. very special.
1916 WHITE 30, Lim. Land.
1917 HUDSON Sedan; very attractive.
1917 CHALMERS Sedan.
Many other cars on display.
Every car here will stand a severe mechanical test. Our success is due to the confidence that buyers place in us.
LOBELL ABORN CO.,
230 West 56th St.,
one door west of Broadway.

LOCOMOBILE LIMOUSINE, 38, 1919 MODEL, USED TWO MONTHS; OWNER GOING ABROAD; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ANY ONE THAT WANTS TO HAVE CAR OF COMFORT AND ELEGANCE; REASONABLE. 270 PARK AV., APT. 7-H. PHONE MURRAY HILL 1319.

MAXWELL touring, 1917; tires like new; car in very good condition. Mr. Davies, Fordham 4301.

MERCER 1918 Sport, 1918 Touring, 1918 Speedster; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

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| OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS. | Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND CO., Broadway and 50th St. |

PACKARD 3-ton truck, model 3-3½ E; run less than 2,500 miles, has hydraulic hoist and dump body; cannot be told from new truck; a chance to save $1,000. Address Z 317 Times Annex.

PACKARD 1918 Fleetwood brougham-limousine; practically new; fully equipped and guaranteed; big sacrifice. J. Tymoff, 918 Union St., Brooklyn.

PACKARD, 1911, 30, limousine body; $400. Petty, 103 West 51st.

PACKARD, 1918 twin 6 7-passenger touring; condition new. Phone Circle 5692.

PIERCE-ARROW coupe-sedan, four-passenger, 38, 1917; exclusive model; perfect; extra tires, equipment; value $6,700, sell $4,200. Robert Rosenthal, Majestic Hotel. Columbus 1900.

PIERCE-ARROW (1918) Landaulet, 38 H. P.
Pierce-Arrow (1918) Touring, 48 H. P.
Packard (1918) Limousine, 3-35; like new.
F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

PIERCE ARROW 1917 limousine, 48 H. P., elegant condition; must sacrifice. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St.

PREMIER touring car, late 1917, 9,500 miles, for sale. Apply Room 612, 103 Park Av.

ROLLS ROYCE Landaulet, Bosch starting and lighting. 2626 Vanderbilt. Mr. Underhill.

ROLLS ROYCE smart touring car, also brougham; bargain. Cook MacConnell, 1,790 Broadway.

SCRIPPS 1916 runabout, in excellent condition. Marmon Automobile Co., 1,880 Broadway.

SELECT USED CARS.
1918 WHITE 7-PASS. TOURING.
1918 HUDSON 7-PASS. TOURING.
1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE,
150 WEST 53TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 18[illegible].

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| STEARNS KNIGHTS<br>—<br>Overhauled<br>Guaranteed | Closed and Open Models.<br>4 and 8 cyl. | Prices very reasonable. |

STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.,
415 West 55th St. Columbus—7600.

STEARNS landaulet, late model, classy car; newly painted; perfect condition. Ask for Mr. Smith, 129th St. Garage, 527 West 129th St.

STEARNS-KNIGHT touring 1917, excellent mechanical condition; special paint. Stuyvesant 5821. Dr. M., 193 2d Av.

STEARNS 1917 touring car, in excellent condition. Marmon Automobile Co., 1,880 Broadway.

STEARNS LIMOUSINE, 1917, four cylinder, Fleetwood body. Mr. Best, 2626 Vanderbilt.

STUDEBAKER 1913, in excellent condition. Brady-Murray Motors Corp., Broadway and 62d St.

STUTZ 1917, A1 condition. Marmon Automobile Co., 1,880 Broadway.

STUTZ 1917 four-passenger; bargain. 1,778 Broadway, one flight. Circle 1417.

WINTON, Model 33, light six convertible sedan; overhauled and repainted; fully guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

### Motor Trucks.

GARAGE SPACE.—CAN ACCOMMODATE FEW TRUCKS. LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORP., 136 W. 52D. CIRCLE 190.

D. E. TRUCK, 1 ton; worm drive. Brady-Murray Motors Corp., Broadway and 62d St.

### Automobiles for Rent.

New 5-ton dumpers for hire by day or long contract. Yankee Motor Trucking Corporation. Phone Columbus 8776.

PACKARD twin 6s, limousines and landaulets, for hire by the hour, day, week, or month; rates very reasonable. Champion, 171 West 89th St. Riverside 5818.

PACKARD Twin Sixes to hire; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 W. 43d. Phones 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARDS, late models; private appearance; hourly calling; $300 monthly, preferred. Circle 447.

CADILLAC.—Attractive limousine; hour, week, month. Telephone Wedge, 5174 Riverside; very reasonable.

PACKARDS.—Sixes and twin sixes; hour or season. Muldoon, Columbus 2151.

PACKARD touring, latest twin six. Andrews, 157 West 68th. Tel. Col. 8785.

### Automobiles Wanted.

FRANKLIN 1917 5-passenger, from private owner. K 724 Times Downtown.

STEARNS 4-cylinder limousine or landaulet, 1915 or 1916. Phone Rhinelander 3581.

STUTZ.—Wanted, 1917-18 Stutz, any model; spot cash; no dealers. K 74 Times.

### Automobile Instruction.

20 REASONS 20

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| STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. | Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue 1. |
| ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50 St. | Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes. |
| Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St. | Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies. |

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $50.50.
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.,
1,121 BEDFORD AVENUE, DEPARTMENT.

# CITY'S NEGRO TROOPS BACK FROM FRANCE

### Part of Old Fighting 15th Regiment Among 4,780 Here on Transport France.

## WON MANY DECORATIONS

### Major L'Esperance Tells of 3d Battalion Getting Two D. S. C.'s and 100 War Crosses.

The steamboat Correction, carrying 800 negroes from Harlem, wen down the bay yesterday morning with the police boat Patrol to welcome the French liner France, which had on board 495 officers and 4,285 men who, with the exception of 578 officers and men, were all negro troops. They comprised the 370th Regiment complete, the Machine Gun Company of the 368th and the 3d Battalion and Machine Gun Company of the 369th Regiment, which was New York's famous fighting 15th.

When the France started from Quarantine the Correction steamed close to the France, and the enthusiastic welcomers on her deck cheered lustily and waved their hats and handkerchiefs to the returning fighters, under the direction of Ferdinand Q. Morton, Third Assistant District Attorney. The Patrol's band greeted the soldiers with "Home, Sweet Home" and popular negro melodies as the happy soldiers of the 369th and 370th Regiments on the deck of the France gave vent to their joy at getting back by dancing cakewalks and so vigorously jumping that the liner seemed to rock from starboard to port with their weight.

As the liner moved into the pier the happy soldiers still wearing their trench helmets leaned over the rail and again cheered their welcomers. The American Red Cross workers were waiting to serve them with hot coffee, cakes, and sandwiches, and the Y. M. C. A. and Salvation Army men and women were there with cigarettes, chocolate, and candies, and bundles of Sunday newspapers. The band played "My Old Kentucky Home," as the first group of the old 15th came down the gangway and lined up on the pier.

**Praise for 370th.**

The senior officer on the France was Colonel T. A. Roberts, a cavalry officer of the regular army, of Springfield, Ill., who has commanded the 370th Regiment since July. He spoke in the highest terms of his soldiers and officers. "The discipline of the 370th Regiment was excellent," the Colonel continued. "I have been commended for the fighting qualities and general bearing of the men who were actually over the Belgian border when the armistice was signed. One of my battalions was the most advanced unit of the French Army with which we were co-operating at the time." He added that out of 123 officers in the regiment only three were white.

The 3d Battalion of the 369th Regiment was commanded by Major David A. L'Esperance, who has been with the battalion since 1916. He lives at Pelham Manor, N. Y. Major L'Esperance said that the battalion consisted of 986 officers and men, and had won 100 French War Crosses and two Distinguished Service Crosses. He wore the Legion of Honor, in addition to the Croix de Guerre with two palms. In one day's fighting, Sept. 26, his men captured two 77-millimeter guns, twenty-five machine guns, and 125 prisoners. The flag of the regiment was decorated by General le Bouc on Oct 26, who also pinned the decorations on Colonel William Hayward, the commander of the 369th, and five of his officers, including Major L'Esperance.

"Colonel Hayward was perhaps the most popular regimental commander among the American armies in France," Major L'Esperance said, "and shared all the hardships of the campaign with his men. When he was wounded in the ankle last June he insisted on staying with the regiment until the surgeon made him go to one of the base hospitals for rest and treatment. He returned to us in July."

**Fought 191 Days Without Letup.**

After being two months in a training camp near St. Nazaire the 369th Regiment joined the 161st Division of the French Army, under General Gouraud, and went into action on April 8, 1918, at Main de Massiges, Champagne, and had 191 days' continuous fighting.

"The heaviest fighting," the Major continued, "was on Sept. 26, when we went into action with 20 officers and 700 men in our battalion in the morning, and at the close we had 7 officers and 150 men left. Our boys advanced steadily like seasoned veterans and never lost a foot of ground they had taken or let a prisoner escape. The Germans became so frightened at the appearance of the negro troops toward the finish that as soon as they saw them coming at them with the cold steel they would throw up their hands and yell 'Kamerad.'

"After the fighting on Sept. 26 the regiment went back for five days' rest and was then transferred to the Vosges front with the 7th French Army, where it remained until the armistice was signed. These troops took part in two of the biggest operations of the war, and it was chiefly their efforts that stopped the Germans in July when they found that they could not make any headway against the Americans. In seven days' fighting in the Vosges the old 15th took 4 77-millimeter guns, 250 machine guns, and 400 prisoners.

**Adopted French Methods.**

"The soldiers fell into the French methods of attacking the enemy as if they had been moulded for it. The French Generals and officers were enthusiastic in their praise of the negroes in action, and at rest camps with their jazz bands, cake walks, and other forms of entertainment they were the riot of the countryside. The 369th Regiment were the first American troops to reach the Rhine at Blodelsheim on Nov. 18 after a hurried march from Thann in Alsace."

Major L'Esperance said that two of his battalion, Private Elmer McCowan of 669 Lenox Avenue and Corporal Elmer Earl, also of New York, had been awarded the D. S. C. for bravery while doing liaison duty on Sept. 26 on the Champagne front. Private McCowan, when told by the Major to relate the incidents of the day replied diffidently that he was just carrying messages from one platoon to another, that was all.

"Were there many bullets flying about?" he was asked.

"Yes, all kinds of them, big and little ones, but the machine-gun bullets were the worst."

"Did any of them hit you?"

"Sure," the soldier replied with a grin.

"How many?"

**Gas Mask Shot Away.**

"Just three. The first passed through my coat pocket and never touched me, the second one went through the can of coffee I had slung around my neck, and the third just knocked off the gas mask I was carrying on my chest, and that was the worst, because I got a dose of the most powerful stuff I ever smelled in my life just a minute after."

Major L'Esperance said that McCowan's coat was riddled with machine-gun bullets that day, and it seemed as if he had had a charmed life to escape practically unhurt. Corporal Earl was with him in the trenches, and also carried messages under fire, and together they aided wounded men back to the lines under fire.

Corporal Earl, telling how he won the D. S. C. on Sept. 26, said: "We had taken the first line and come to the edge of a swamp, when the enemy machine guns opened a terrific fire. Of fifty-eight men in our platoon only eight were left after the machine-gun attack. Our fellows lay around the field, and I made a number of trips and got about a dozen of them to safety. I then made my way back to the rear, and got a number of first-aid men and took them back with me. All this took about a couple of hours. I am an automatic gun man myself."

The other officers of the old 15th who returned on the France were Captains John R. Outwater, Cummerford McLaughlin, L. E. Shaw, and E. A. Walter, and Lieutenant W. R. Lockhart.

Major Lorillard Spencer, who formerly commanded the 3d Battalion of the 369th, met them at the pier yesterday on crutches. He was severely wounded on Sept. 26, three hours after the fighting commenced, and turned over the command to Major L'Esperance.

**North Carolina Brings 1,382.**

The United States cruiser North Carolina docked at Pier 1, Hoboken, yesterday morning with 1,382 troops from France, including the 12th Battalion of the 20th United States Engineers, 11th Battalion of the 20th Engineers, Casual Company 469, mostly from Georgia, an air service casual company made up from Camps Kearny and Meade, Casual Company 333 from Pennsylvania, one officer and thirty-nine men of the United States Marines, eighteen casual officers, and twenty casual civilians.

The 850 officers and men of the 20th Engineers, chiefly from the Pacific Coast, were under heavy and continuous shellfire while building a bridge in the Vosges section, and were cited in general orders. Captain William A. Duckham of Pittsburgh, who was in charge of the Marines, told of the fighting they had done at Château-Thierry, Belleau Wood, Soissons, and Champagne, and added that the Marines were now with the Third American Army in Germany. Captain Duckham wears a wound stripe for his injusies at Soissons and the French War Cross with one star. He said the 5th and 6th Regiments of Marines have been decorated three times with the ribbon of the Croix de Guerre for three citations by the French General Staff.

Three American aviators who had recently been released from German prisons returned on the North Carolina. They were Lieut. William H. Pyler of Kersaw, S. C.; Lieut. Clifford McElvain of Albany, N. Y., and Lieut. Zenos Miller of Evanston, Ill.

Another passenger on the North Carolina was Sergeant G. Gallopy, of the Fifth Marines, of 115 Bridge Street, Spring City, Penn. He wears the Croix de Guerre and has been recommended for the Distinguished Service Cross. He won the French War Cross and his citation for leading a battalion against a strong German machine gun nest, capturing twenty-five machine guns and hand grenades.

At the Naval Radio Station last night it was said that these transports were in communication and would arrive in this port in the next forty-eight hours, Duca Degli Abruzzi, El Oriente, Santa Barbara, Woonsocket, Metapan, Peerless, and Ancon.

### Negro Troops Reach Camp Upton.

CAMP UPTON, N. Y., Feb. 9.—Six heavily laden trains brought 4,088 negro infantrymen and officers into camp tonight. There were six officers and 143 men of the 368th Infantry; the 3d Battalion of the 369th Infantry, which was the old 15th New York, and the medical detachment and machine gun company of the same unit, and 114 officers and 2,843 men of the 370th Infantry. The troops were lined up at the station long enough to be supplied with hot coffee and doughnuts by the welfare workers, and were then marched up to the area formerly occupied by the 367th Infantry, which was trained here and went abroad last June. The work of putting the men through the sanitary process was begun shortly after they had been assigned to their barracks.

### Wounded Sailors Arrive at Newport.

*Special to The New York Times.*

NEWPORT, R. I., Feb. 9.—One hundred and forty-one patients, of which three were marines, the remainder bluejackets coming from many ships which were overseas, naval bases and elsewhere, were landed at the Newport Naval Hospital this morning from the hospital ship Mercy. Twelve of these were stretcher cases, and all came from the Naval Hospital at Brooklyn.

The Mercy sailed for Brest this afternoon.

# CALLS BOLSHEVISM INSANE.

### Dr. George C. Cox Attacks Doctrine in Y. M. C. A. Address.

Dr. George Clarke Cox, formerly of the faculty of Harvard University and of Dartmouth College, speaking yesterday before the West Side Y. M. C. A. on "Anti-American Influence," attacked Bolshevism, which, he said, was sweeping over the world, "and has led to the insane proposal that the railroad operatives of the country want to get the United States to buy the railroads, pay their wages, and then pay the interest on the bonds if there is any money left.

"The rotten thing about Bolshevism is that it proposes to take one class, not the best but the lowest, and have that class rule. It is the tyranny of the worst. Such insanity this country will not suffer so long as there are Ole Hansons to hit these Bolshevists on the head."

Dr. Cox said that the danger today, greater than Germany ever was, is that a doctrine would be disseminated that would foster the belief that the proper government is the government by the lowest and the least competent class. What he desired was the rule of the "real aristocrats, the men of power."

# DR. EATON ATTACKS HERRON

### Declares in Pulpit That Country Is in the Hands of a Set of Fools.

Dr. Charles A. Eaton, who preached yesterday at the Madison Avenue Baptist Church, paused in his eulogy of Colonel Roosevelt to attack the appointment of George Herron, the exponent of free love, as a representative of this country on a mission to treat with the Bolsheviki.

"Today the country is in the hands of a set of fools," he said. "When I think of George Herron as the representative of this country on a great mission I bow my head in shame."

Speaking of the strike in Seattle, he said:

"I know Ole Hanson. He realized at once that this strike was not a labor strike based on grievances. He knew it for what it was intended to be, and he acted. He warned those people that they were still in America. It remains to be seen if the Government is made of mollycoddlers or men."

Asserting that the Government was without program or policy of reconstruction, he said:

"Thirty years ago we were ruled by money bags. Today we are ruled by wind bags."

## LOST AND FOUND.

*Fifty cents an agate line.*

LOST—Sunday noon on street or 5th Av bus, between 76th and 57th Sts., lady's small bead bag with bunch of keys; memorandum, and single key. Please return to G., 70 West 55th St. Circle 290. Suitable reward.

LOST—Diamond emerald bracelet, Saturday afternoon, Feb. 8, in Bonwit Teller, Lord & Taylor, Gunther's or 5th Av. or taxi; $100 reward if returned to Rieppel, 12 East 95th St.

LOST—On 4th Av. subway train to Brooklyn, Feb. 5, two black leather covered books, containing engineering data and photographs; suitable reward. Return to or advise Room 1608, 90 West St., Rector 9640.

LOST—Friday, between New Rochelle and New York on the N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., or in the Hotel Plaza, solitaire diamond ring. Please address B 171 Times.

LOST—Wednesday, 5:30 P. M., Macy's or Fourth Av. subway; gold-filled monogram watchfob; monogram R. H. S. Return H. R., 432 3d St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Saturday evening, going from 161 West 103d St. to Broadway car, gold link bracelet, set with 4 amethysts; reward. Crane, 703 West 178th.

LOST—On Saturday evening, lady's purse, containing Plainfield commutation ticket and cash.—Reward for return to Apt. 82, 39 West 27th St.

LOST.—Liberal reward, no questions, gold chain with diamonds; also diamond pendent brooch. Return to Cashier, Biltmore Hotel.

LOST—¼ carat, detached from lavalliere, platinum setting; liberal reward. Telephone Greeley 2400. Superintendent.

LOST—Ship pontoon, 25 feet long, 5 feet wide, reinforced; liberal reward. Victory Steamship Corp., 90 West St., New York.

LOST—Platinum diamond brooch, evening Feb. 6, vicinity Morosco Theatre, 45th St., or Park Av. and 62d St.; $25 reward for return. K 707 Times Downtown.

LOST—Liberal reward, no questions, diamond horse pin. Return to Cashier, Biltmore Hotel.

LOST—Green leather wallet, bills and $20, American travelers' chequo; owners' name on same; reward. Knickerbocker Hotel.

$100 REWARD
return diamond pin, about 3 inches long, platinum setting, form of twig, with 3 leaf designs, a pearl in centre of each design, lost Feb. 7, between Lawrence, L. I., and theatre district. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$25 REWARD.—Lost, SABLE NECKPIECE, Saturday evening in taxi from 142 West Houston St. to Vanderbilt Hotel; maker's name Revillon. Mrs. J. R. Drake, Vanderbilt Hotel.

**Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.**

LOST, POLICE DOG.
Reward, answers to name of "Polo." Frederick Housman, 755 Park Av.

LOST—Black Pomeranian dog. Reward if returned to R. L. Wheelock, 331 West 101st St.

LOST—Black collie dog, white collar and breast; $25 reward. Frank, 318 West 22d St. Phone Chelsea 4600.

LOST—Black and tan dog. Return 617 West 141st. Apt. 6. Reward.

*We are not advertising Life Insurance*

Both the merit and necessity are beyond discussion. *We are, however, advertising a Life Insurance Service*—the broadest, most complete and thorough Service a group of Specialists have been able to devise. It saves cost, and discriminates scientifically in the selection of policies.

This Service is worth a phone call, or letter, to have us advise and supervise your Life Insurance.

**M. E. FOOTE**
AND ASSOCIATES
*Life Insurance Experts*
Phone Barclay 7667
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**We Will Loan You MORE MONEY**
on Your Diamonds and Jewelry than any other loan concern.
ONLY 1% PER MONTH.
**MAX BERNSTEIN**
278 West 125th Street

*Have you tried one lately?*

Advertising Club and "full Havana filler"!

DOWN at the Advertising Club, on East 25th Street, Robt. Burns is in his element, as it were!

Advertising men are unusually loyal to advertised products—but even so, it is not altogether his "advertising" that makes Robt. Burns so popular at the Advertising Club. For advertising men demand real quality.

That being the case, it isn't at all surprising that mild Robt. Burns, his *full Havana filler*, "sits in" at most of the luncheon "conferences" held at the Club.

Robt. Burns is sold at leading New York hotels, clubs, cafes and cigar-stands.

ROBT. BURNS
*Bouquet*
10c
A new, convenient size. Has exactly the same quality as the larger sizes

*Robt. Burns*

3 National Sizes—10c to 15c

GENERAL CIGAR CO., Inc.
*Distributing Branch*
54th Street and 2nd Avenue

TO BE SOLD BY THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

**BECKER STEEL COMPANY of AMERICA**
CHARLESTON, WEST VIRGINIA

**2,500 shares of capital stock**
**U. S. Patents Numbered 953,883, 1,032,682, 1,019,564, and 1,071,317.**

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale to the highest bidder, at public sale, at the main office of the plant of the Becker Steel Company of America, at Charleston, West Virginia, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the 20th day of February, 1919, 2500 shares of stock, of the par value of $100 per share, of the Becker Steel Company of America, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the Laws of the State of West Virginia; and U. S. Patents designated by the following numbers: 953,883, 1,032,682, 1,019,564, and 1,071,317.

**Full description of and information concerning the Becker Steel Company of America, the said stock and the said Patents, and the terms and conditions of inspection and sale, may be obtained by application to**

JOSEPH F. GUFFEY, DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF SALES,
110 West 42nd Street, New York City.

A. MITCHELL PALMER,
*Alien Property Custodian.*

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Newly Styled
Newly Tailored
Newly Arrived

There's an air of exclusive newness pervading the Wallach stores these last few days. The new styles you have been hearing about are in.

There are new ideas in double-breasters, that were *verboten* while the war was on. Also trim waist-seam models in single-breasted suits.

All of them are styled and tailored right up to the hour, in new fabrics, with new pocket ideas, and many likable new style touches.

And best of all is the $35 price—a clean saving of $10, $15, or even $20 per suit. Lots of the Suits are ½ or ¼ silk-lined, with silk sleeves.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Waist-Seam Suits

$35

A saving of $10, $15, and $20 per Suit

The World's Finest Overcoats

This remarkable offering includes luxurious Scotch Fleeces, English Kerseys and Meltons—from such famous weavers as Crombie, Carr, and Brooks—besides the finest domestic fabrics.

$49.50

Wallach Bros.

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Suits and overcoats made to order at a saving to you of 5, 10, 15, or 20 dollars.

$50 and $60 suitings now $40
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OVERCOATS TOO.

*New Spring Suitings Are Now Ready*

Arnheim
TWO STORES
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*P. S. No man is competent to give orders until he has learned to obey orders.*
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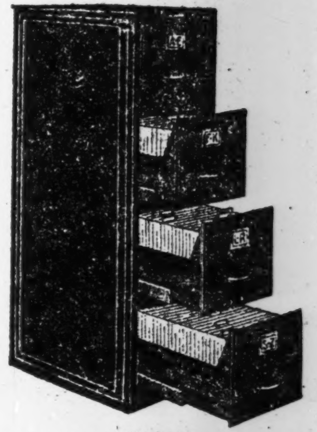

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JUST how large a sum would tempt you? When you think of them in that way, teeth rank as pretty valuable possessions.

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Washing your face is merely etiquette, but cleaning your teeth is absolutely essential to health—and yet not over 20% of people ever clean teeth properly—and suffer accordingly.

Ask any doctor about the menace of bad teeth to general health.

A great many people, Dentists particularly, think that Mennen's Cream Dentifrice is the safest, the most scientific, the most efficient and the most antiseptic dentifrice ever compounded.

It is safe because it is non-alkaline. An alkaline dentifrice is always harmful and often dangerous, because it checks the flow of saliva, Nature's only agent for destroying the acids of food decay.

Mennen's is scientific and efficient because it cleans and polishes the teeth, and breaks down tartar formations, without scouring and grinding the enamel. It is antiseptic and refreshing because it has a 20% content of alcohol.

It costs 35 cents and the tube is smaller than many dentifrices selling for 25 cents, but Mennen's was made to deliver a result and not to fit a price.

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